Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Aditya Infotech Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiary (the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as 'the Group') and its joint venture, as listed in Annexure 1, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiary and joint venture, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its joint venture, as at 31 March 2024, and their consolidated profit (including other comprehensive income), consolidated cash flows and the consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its joint venture in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained together with the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their report referred to in paragraph 12 and 13 of the Other Matters section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

4. We draw attention to note 52 of the consolidated financial statements which describes Group's share of loss of ₹ 294.50 million in respect of loss incurred due to fire by its joint venture, AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited, as per the principles of Ind AS 28, basis assessment of related insurance and other claim receivables by the Group management. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

- The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Holding Company's Board of Directors. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its joint venture in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are also responsible for ensuring accuracy of records including financial information considered necessary for the preparation of consolidated Ind AS financial statements. Further, in terms of the provisions of the Act the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its joint venture company covered under the Act are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. These financial statements have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.
- 7. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its joint venture are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its joint venture to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the companies included in the Group and of its joint venture.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 9. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.
- As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also
 responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal
 financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in place and the operating
 effectiveness of such controls;
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists
 related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its
 joint venture to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we
 are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated
 financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions
 are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future
 events or conditions may cause the Group and its joint venture to cease to continue as a going
 concern;
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation; and
 - Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information/ financial statements of the entities or business activities within the Group and its joint venture, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements, of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by the other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- 11. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Other Matters

12. We did not audit the financial statements of the subsidiary incorporated outside India, whose financial statements reflect total assets of ₹ 20.37 million and net assets of ₹ 18.13 million as at 31 March 2024, total revenues of ₹ 20.14 million and net cash outflows amounting to ₹ 2.78 million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements.

Further, the subsidiary is located outside India whose financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in its country and which have been audited by other auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in its country. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial statements of such subsidiary located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in its country to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's management. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of such subsidiary located outside India, is based on the report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and audited by us.

13. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit (including other comprehensive income) of ₹ 42.73 million for the year ended 31 March 2024 before further adjustments as explained in note 52, in respect of the joint venture, whose financial statements has not been audited by us. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of such joint venture, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary and joint venture, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, are not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done by and the reports of the other auditors.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 14. As required by section 197(16) of the Act based on our audit, we report that the Holding Company incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have paid remuneration to their respective directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act. Further, we report that the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act are not applicable to the subsidiary company located outside India and joint venture company incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, since none of such companies is a public company as defined under section 2(71) of the Act.
- 15. As required by clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 of Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act based on the consideration of the Order reports issued till date by us and by the respective other auditors as mentioned in paragraph 13 above, of companies included in the consolidated financial statements and covered under the Act, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks reported in the respective Order reports of such companies.
- 16. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and other financial information of the joint venture incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;



- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors except for the matters stated in paragraph 16(h)(v) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
- The consolidated financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
- In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015;
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company, and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, and the reports of the statutory auditor of its joint venture company, covered under the Act, none of the directors of the Holding Company and its joint venture company, are disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) The modification relating to maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith with respect to the consolidated financial statements are as stated in paragraph 16(b) above and paragraph 16(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its joint venture company covered under the Act, and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure A' wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statement and other financial information of the joint venture incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act:
 - The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group and its joint venture as detailed in Note 46 to the consolidated financial statements;
 - The Holding Company and its joint venture company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2024;
- There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its joint venture company covered under the Act, during the year ended 31 March 2024;
- iv. a. The respective managements of the Holding Company and its joint venture company incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditor of such joint venture that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 54(h) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or its joint venture company to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company, or its joint venture company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- b. The respective managements of the Holding Company and its joint venture company have represented to us and the other auditor of such joint venture that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 54(i) to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or its joint venture company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company, or its joint venture company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- c. Based on such audit procedures performed by us and that performed by the auditor of the joint venture, as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our or other auditor notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- d. (i) The final dividend paid by the Holding Company during the year ended 31 March 2024 in respect of such dividend declared for the previous year, is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend;
 - (ii) As stated in note 47 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company have proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2024 which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.
- v. Based on our examination which included test checks, performed by us on the Holding Company and by the respective auditors of the joint venture of the Holding Company which are companies incorporated in India and audited under the Act, the Holding Company and its joint venture, in respect of financial year commencing on 1 April 2023, have used accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same have been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that, the audit trail feature was not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes by the Holding Company, as described in note 56 to the consolidated financial statements. Further, during the course of our audit, we and respective auditors of the joint venture did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, where such feature are enabled.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

UDIN: 24503843BKFAQR8866

Place: Gurugram Date: 02 August 2024

Annexure 1

List of entities included in consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Aditya Infotech Limited, Holding Company, India

Wholly owned subsidiary

2. Shenzhen CP Plus International Limited, Shenzhen, China

Joint venture

3. AlL Dixon Technologies Private Limited, India



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

 In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiary (the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as 'the Group') and its joint venture as at and for the year ended 31 March 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its joint venture, which are companies covered under the Act, as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

2. The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its joint venture, which are companies covered under the Act, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Group's business, including adherence to the Group's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its joint venture company, as aforesaid, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by other auditor in terms of their report referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its joint venture company as aforesaid.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditor on internal controls with reference to financial statements of its joint venture company, the Holding Company and its joint venture company, which are companies covered under the Act, have, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Other Matter

9. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit (including other comprehensive income) of ₹ 42.73 million for the year ended 31 March 2024 before further adjustments as explained in note 52, in respect of the joint venture, which is a company covered under the Act, whose internal financial controls with reference to financial statements has not been audited by us. The internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in so far as it relates to such joint venture company have been audited by other auditor whose report has been furnished to us by the management and our report on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements for the Holding Company and its joint venture company, as aforesaid, under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act in so far as it relates to such joint venture company is based solely on the report of the auditor of such company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done by and on the reports of the other auditor.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

UDIN: 24503843BKFAQR8866

Place: Gurugram Date: 02 August 2024

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
ASSETS	- N		
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	214.82	264.2
Right of use assets	5	476.69	368.5
Capital work in progress	6	2.36	1.8
nvestment property	7	3.79	4.0
Other intangible assets	8A	7.75	11.3
ntangible assets under development	8B	152.64	63.7
investment accounted for using the equity method	9A		294.5
Financial assets			
Investments	9B	6.08	5.1
Others financial assets	10	46.59	179.1
Deferred tax assets (net)	11	79.58	66.5
ncome tax assets (net)	12	8.03	8.0
Other non current assets	13	111.25	41.6
		1,109.58	1,308.8
Current assets	-		-,
nventories	14	5,092.05	5,110.5
inancial assets	578	aprende	
Trade receivables	15	7,342.70	6,149.5
Cash and cash equivalents	16	394.67	1,476.4
Other bank balances	17	311.69	2,238.2
Loans	18	82.52	
Other financial assets	19	1,814.48	632.6
Other current assets	20	294.07	
	20 _		171.3
Cotal current assets	<u> </u>	15,332,18	15,778.8
LOCAL MESCES	_	16,441.76	17,087.62
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Bquity			
Squity Squity share capital	21	20.50	
Equity Equity share capital Other equity	21 22	4,221.59	3,095.4
Equity Equity share capital Other equity Equity attributable to owners of Holding Company			3,095.4
Equity Equity share capital Other equity		4,221.59	3,095.4
Equity Equity share capital Other equity Equity attributable to owners of Holding Company		4,221.59	20.5i 3,095.4 3,115.9 3,115.9
Equity Equity share capital Other equity Equity attributable to owners of Holding Company Non-controlling interests		4,221.59 4,242.09	3,095.4 3,115.9
Equity share capital Other equity Equity attributable to owners of Holding Company Non-controlling interests Fotal equity		4,221.59 4,242.09	3,095.4 3,115.9
Equity share capital Other equity Equity attributable to owners of Holding Company Non-controlling interests Fotal equity Non current liabilities		4,221.59 4,242.09	3,095.4 3,115.9 3,115.9
Equity share capital Other equity Equity attributable to owners of Holding Company Non-controlling interests Fotal equity Non current liabilities Financial liabilities	22 _	4,221.59 4,242.09 - - - - - - - - -	3,095.4 3,115.9 3,115.9
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Equity share capital Other equity Squity attributable to owners of Holding Company Non-controlling interests Potal equity Non current liabilities Financial liabilities Enorwings Lease liabilities Total on current liabilities Total on current liabilities Total on current liabilities Total on current liabilities Current liabilities	23 5 24	4,221.59 4,242.09 4,242.09 280.16 179.13 89.44 548.73	3,095.4 3,115.9 3,115.9 427.8 96.8 72.6 597.2
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Equity share capital Other equity Equity attributable to owners of Holding Company Forecontrolling interests Foral equity Non current liabilities Financial liabilities Foral mon current liabilities Foral non current liabilities Foral non current liabilities Foral liabilities Foral liabilities Foral liabilities Foral liabilities Foral non current liabilities Foral non current liabilities Foral liabilities Foral liabilities Foral nontal liabilities	22 — 23 5 24 — 25 5 5 26 26 26	4,221.59 4,242.09 4,242.09 280.16 179.13 89.44 548.73 3,774.36 129.11 79.99 5,922.31	3,095.4 3,115.9 3,115.9 427.8 96.8 72.6 597.2 3,668.1 75.8 115.0 8,974.9
Equity share capital Other equity Squity attributable to owners of Holding Company Out-controlling interests Oral equity Non current liabilities inaucial liabilities Borrowings Lease liabilities rovisions Oral non current liabilities inaucial liabilities Current liabilities Trade payables Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises Other financial liabilities	23 5 24 ——————————————————————————————————	4,221.59 4,242.09 4,242.09 280.16 179.13 89.44 548.73 3,774.36 129.11 79.99 5,922.31 1,359.96	3,095.4 3,115.9 3,115.9 427.8 96.8 72.6 597.2 3,668.1 75.8 115.0 8,974.9 247.5
Equity share capital Other equity Squity attributable to owners of Holding Company Con-controlling interests Cotal equity Non current liabilities Inancial liabilities Inancial liabilities Cotal non current liabilities Courrent liabilities Courrent liabilities Courrent liabilities Courrent liabilities Courrent liabilities Total non current liabilities Trade payables Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises Other financial liabilities Cother financial liabilities	22 — 23 5 24 — 25 5 26 26 27 28	4,221.59 4,242.09 4,242.09 280.16 179.13 89.44 548.73 3,774.36 129.11 79.99 5,922.31 1,359.96 84.73	3,095.4 3,115.9 3,115.9 427.8 96.8 72.6 597.2 3,668.1 75.8 115.0 8,974.9 247.5 64.7
Equity share capital Other equity Squity attributable to owners of Holding Company Con-controlling interests Cotal equity Non current liabilities Inancial liabilities Inancial liabilities Cotal non current liabilities Courrent liabilities Courrent liabilities Courrent liabilities Courrent liabilities Courrent liabilities Total non current liabilities Cotal non current liabilities Courrent liabilities Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises Other financial liabilities covisions current tax liabilities (net)	22 — 23 5 24 — 25 5 5 26 26 27 28 29	4,221.59 4,242.09 4,242.09 280.16 179.13 89.44 548.73 3,774.36 129.11 79.99 5,922.31 1,359.96 84.73 26.07	3,095.4 3,115.9 3,115.9 427.8 96.8 72.6 597.2 3,668.1 75.8 115.0 8,974.9 247.5 64.7 33.5
Equity share capital Other equity Squity attributable to owners of Holding Company Fore-controlling interests Foral equity Non current flabilities Formwings Lease liabilities Trade payables Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises Other financial liabilities Formwings Foral outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises Foral outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises Foral outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises Foral outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises Foral outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises Foral outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises Foral outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises Foral outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises Foral outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	22 — 23 5 24 — 25 5 26 26 27 28	4,221.59 4,242.09 4,242.09 280.16 179.13 89.44 548.73 3,774.36 129.11 79.99 5,922.31 1,359.96 84.73 26.07 274.41	3,095.4 3,115.9 3,115.9 427.8 96.8 72.6 597.2 3,668.1 75.8 115.0 8,974.9 247.5 64.7 33.5
Equity share capital Other equity Equity attributable to owners of Holding Company Fore-controlling interests Foral equity Fore-controlling interests Foral liabilities Foral industries Foral non current liabilities Foral industries Foral liabilities Foral equity Foral equi	22 — 23 5 24 — 25 5 5 26 26 27 28 29	4,221.59 4,242.09 4,242.09 280.16 179.13 89.44 548.73 3,774.36 129.11 79.99 5,922.31 1,359.96 84.73 26.07	3,095.4 3,115.9 3,115.9 427.8 96.8 72.6 597.2

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

This is the Consolidated Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner Membership No.: 503843

ANDIO PED ACCO

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

ker Khemka Chairn

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida Date: 02 August 2024

shin Tandon mpany Secretary

Place: Gurugram Date: 02 August 2024

CIN: U74899131.1995PLC066784

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Income:	1000	12007/06/40000	:1129-0-102-0-0-0
Revenue from operations	31	27,824.26	22,845.47
Other income	32	135.34	110.09
Total income	-	27,959.60	22,955.56
Expenses:			
Purchases of stock-in-trade	33	22,698.63	21,083.83
Changes in inventories of stock in trade	34	20.77	(2,093.31)
Employee benefits expensu	35	1,338.57	1,032.46
Finance costs	.36	309.09	232.23
Depreciation and amortization expenses	37	157.13	88.52
Other expenses	38	1,536.86	1,217.01
Total expenses		26,061.05	21,560.74
Profit before share of profit in joint venture and tax		1,898.55	1,394.82
Share of profit in joint venture (also refer note 52)		-	94.87
Profit before exceptional items and tax		1,898,55	1,489.69
Exceptional items	39		
Share of loss in joint venture (also refer note 52)		294.50	N-1
Others		(42.14)	57.87
Profit before tax		1,646.19	1,431.82
Townsenses	40		
Tax expense:	100	506.93	346.35
Current tax expense		(8.00)	0.50
Deferred tax expense/(credit)		(4.46)	1.86
Eadier years tax adjustments (act)		494.47	348.71
Total tax expense		424.717	510172
Profit after tax		1,151.72	1,083.11
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of defined employee benefit plans		(19.97)	1.36
Income tax effect of above		5.03	(0.34)
Share of other compachensive income in joint venture			0.13
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations		(0.63)	0.01
Other comprehensive income		(15.57)	1,16
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,136.15	1,084.27
Profit after tax attributable to:			
Owners of the Holding Company		1,151.72	1,083.11
Non-controlling interests			
Other comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Holding Company		(15.57)	1.16
Non controlling interests			
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Holding Company		1,136.15	1,084.27
Non-controlling interests		20	10
Earnings per equity share			
Basic and diluted	41	11.24	10.57
California zamateza		11773	-5057
Material accounting policy information	3		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

This is the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

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ED ACCO

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Membership No.: 503843

Hari Shapker Khemka Chamnan

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of

ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer Adirya Khepika Managing Director

DIN:00514552

lini Tandon ompany Secretary

Place: Gurugram Date: 02 August 2024 Place: Noida Date: 02 August 2024

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are	in Indi	on Runce	millions	ninless o	otherwise state	d)

	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Α	Cash flow from operating activities	* Contractor	#3.50 PC 200 PC
	Profit before tax	1,646.19	1,431.82
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and amortization expenses	157.13	88.52
	Interest income on bank deposits	(104.98)	(60.85)
	Interest income on security deposits	(1.55)	(0.50)
	Dividend income	(0.06)	(0.19)
	Liabilities no longer required written back	(6.25)	(15.34)
	(Gain)/Loss on currency fluctuation and translation	(9.07)	6.24
	Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	(2.02)	(0.01)
	Rental income	(4.22)	(4.68)
	Balances written off	7.56	18.25
	Share of loss/(profit) in joint venture	294.50	(87.43)
	Finance costs	279.09	201.16
	Interest expense on lease liabilities	26.06	13.40
	Gain on extinguishment of lease	(1.82)	(2.22)
	(Gain)/ loss on measurement of investment at FVTPL	(0.98)	1.82
	Operating profit before working capital changes	2,279.58	1,589.99
	Operating profit fictore working capital changes		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Movement in working capital	18.45	(2,083.75)
	Decrease/(increase) in inventories	(1,200.68)	(895.07)
	Increase in trade receivables		1.00.000.000.000
	Increase in other current assets and non current assets	(192.29)	(3.19)
	Increase in other financial assets	(320.89)	(96.58)
	Increase in other financial liabilities	1,095.57	49.89
	Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	79.93	(22.78)
	Increase in provisions	43.03	1.66
	Decrease/(increase) in trade payables	(3,096.79)	2,439.60
	Cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities post working capital changes	(1,294.09)	979.76
	Income tax paid(net)	(509,96)	(422.14)
	Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities (A)	(1,804.05)	557,62
В	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Additions to properly, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets	(188.75)	(71.17)
	and intangible under development	(200.75)	(,,,,,
	Sale of property, plant and equipment	124.63	0.72
	Loan to related party	(80.00)	
	Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net)	1,199.74	(1,295.33)
	Proceeds from redemption of bonds	-	52.60
	Rental income	4.22	4.68
	Dividend income	0.06	28.69
	Interest received	104.98	60.85
	Nct cash flow from/ (used in) investing activities (B)	1,164.88	(1,218.96)
С	Cash flow from financing activities		
	(Repayment)/proceeds from related party loans	(273.93)	300.00
	Proceeds from long-term borrowings	49.42	25.00
	Repayments of long-term borrowings	(197.07)	(389.09)
	Repayment of short-term borrowings	(17,054.76)	(5,616.09)
	Proceeds from short-term borrowings	17,426.24	7,868.07
	Buy back of equity shares	1000	(799.58)
		(279.09)	(201.16)
	Finance cost paid Dividend paid during the year	(10.00)	(38.50)
		(77.36)	(43.94)
	Principal payment of lease liabilities	(26.06)	(13.40)
	Interest payment of lease liabilities	(442.61)	1,091.31
	Net cash (used in)/flow from financing activities (C)		Agreement
	New increases ((decreases) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	FOTEC (1,081.78)	429.98
	(Net increase) (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (11 D C)	COIEC!	
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	1,476.45	1,046.47 1,476.45



CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

- Cash in hand
- In current accounts
- In cash credit account
- Cheques in hand
- Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months

Total cash and cash equivalents (refer note 16)

Also refer note 23	for changes in	liabilities acising	from	financing activitie	
VIRO Teter Hote 72	tor changes in	manufactor arrents	SHOW	Thismenia activities	•

Note: The above consolidated cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS-7) Statement of Cash flow.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

This is Consolidated statement of cash flows referred to in our report of even date

ED ACC

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Place: Gurugram

Date: 02 August 2024

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

THE OTECH LIMITY

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida

Date: 02 August 2024

Managing Director DIN:00514552

Rosini Tandon Company Secretary

As at

1.17

2.14

7.09

77.82

306.45

394.67

31 March 2024

As at

1.22

8.38

56.28

493.27

917.30

1,476.45

31 March 2023

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity share capital (refer note no. 21)

Current Reporting Period

Particulars	Opening balance as at 1 April 2023		Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2024
Equity share capital	20.50	-	-	20.50

Particulars	Opening balance as at 1 April 2022	Issue during the year	Changes in equity share capital during the year*	Balance as at 31 March 2023
Equity share capital	25.00	-	4.50	20.50

B. Other equity (refer note no. 22)	D.	serves and Su	-oluo	Foreign currency	Capital	Total	Total
Particulars	Retained earnings	General	Capital reserve	translation reserve	Redemption Reserve	attributable to owners of the Holding Company	20
Balance as at 31 March 2022	2,669.87	170.42	0.06	4.40	-	2,844.75	2,844.75
Profit for the year	1,083.11	-	-	-	-	1,083.11	1,083.11
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax impact)	1.02	-		-	-	1.02	1.02
Share of other comprehensive income in joint venture (net of tax impact)	0.13	-	-	-		0.13	0.13
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations	-	-		0.01	-	0.01	0.01
Premium paid on buy back of equity shares*	(644.86)	-			-	(644.86)	(644.86)
Tax paid on buy back of equity shares*	(150.22)	-	-	2	-	(150.22)	(150.22)
Transfer to Capital Redemption Reserve upon buy back of equity shares*	(4.50)	-	<u>-</u>	-	4.50	-	-
Dividend paid during the year	(38.50)	-	-	-	-	(38.50)	(38.50)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	2,916.05	170.42	0.06	4.41	4.50	3,095.44	3,095.44
Profit for the year	1,151.72	-	-			1,151.72	1,151.72
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax impact)	(14.94)	-			-	(14.94)	(14.94)
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations		-		(0.63)		(0.63)	(0.63)
Dividend paid during the year (refer note 47)	(10.00)	-	-	-	-	(10.00)	(10.00)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	4,042.83	170.42	0.06	3.78	4.50	4,221.59	4,221.59

^{*}Refer note 21(f)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

This is Consolidated statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date

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RED ACC

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Miyal Partner Membership No.: 503843

Place: Gurugram Date: 02 August 2024

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Chairman DIN:00514501

NEOTEC

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida Date: 02 August 2024

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

The consolidated financial statements compaise financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ("the Holding Company" or "the Company"), its subsidiary company (collectively referred as "Group") and joint venture for the year ended 31 March 2024. The Company is a Public limited Group having CIN no. U74899DL1995PL0066784 and was incorporated on 27th March 1995 with Registrar of Companies, New Delhi. The Company's registered office is situated at F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase-1, New Delhi - 110020 and corporate office is situated at A-12, Sector-4, Noida - 201301. The Company is engaged in trading of security and surveillance equipment and components under 'CP Plus' brand. Further, the Holding Company is also engaged in trading of security and surveillance equipment and components manufactured by Dahua Technologies Group.

Basis of preparation of Consolidated financial statements

These consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities:

- a) Certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value; and
- b) Defined benefit plans-plan assets measured at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared and presented in INR, which is the Group's functional currency. All financial information presented in INR has been rounded to the nearest million unless, except when otherwise indicated.

Assets and liabilities are classified as current and non-current as per Holding Company's normal operating cycle which is based on the nature of business of the Holding Company. Current assets do not include elements which are not expected to be realised within 1 year and current liabilities do not include items which are due after 12 month, the period of 12 months being reclaimed from the reporting date.

The consolidated financial statements were approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 02 August 2024.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in estimates are reflected in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Basis of consolidation

Subsidiary

Subsidiary is a entity controlled by the Company. The Company controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiary is included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control is acquired until the date on which control ceases to exist.

The Group combines the financial statements of the holding company and its subsidiary line by line, by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiary have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiary are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated balance sheet respectively.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred, the Group re-assesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognised at the acquisition date.

If the reassessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognised in OCI and accumulated in equity as capital reserve. However, if there is no clear evidence of bargain purchase, the Group recognises the gain directly in equity as capital reserve, without muting the same through

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. The considerations made in determining joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over the subsidiary. The Group's investments in joint venture are accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in a joint venture is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the joint venture since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the joint venture is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment individually. The consolidated statement of profit and loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the joint venture. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint venture. The aggregate of the Group's share of profit or loss of a joint venture is presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit and loss

(d) Foreign currency translation

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee, which is the functional and presentation currency and include the financial position and results in respect of foreign operations, initially measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates (i.e. their functional currency) and translated as follows

- assets and liabilities are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates;
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income;

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.







CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Material accounting policy information

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured, tegardless of when the payment is being made.

Revenue is measured at the transaction price for each separate performance obligation taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government. The transaction price is not of estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

(i) Sale of security and surveillance equipment and components

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised goods to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which Group expects to receive in exchange of those goods. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control is transferred to the customer, based on the terms of contract with customers which generally coincides with dispatch of products to the customers in case of domestic sales and on the basis of bill of lading in the case of export sales.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the control of the product is transferred, the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are

- The Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- The Group has a present right to payment for the asset;
- The Group has transferred physical possession of the asset, whereby the customer has the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, the asset or to restrict the access of other entities to those benefits.

Provision for contractual warranty is recognised as per the principles defined under Ind AS 37 Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets.

When the consideration is received, before the Group transfers goods to the customer, the Group presents the consideration as contract liability.

(ii) Rendering of services including business support and technical training services

- (a) Revenue from business support services is recognised over a period of time when the services are rendered as per the terms of the respective contracts with the customers.
- (b) Revenue from other services including technical training services are recognised at a point in time as and when the services are rendered as per the terms of the respective contracts with the customers

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend is recognised when right to receive the payment is established.

(iv) Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised and accrued using effective interest rate method.

(v) Insurance and other claims

Revenue in respect of claims is recognized when no significant uncertainty exists with regard to the amount to be realized and the ultimate collection thereof.

Assets and liabilities arising from rights of return:

(i) Right of return assets

Right of return asset represents the Holding Company's right to recover the goods expected to be returned by customers. The asset is measured at the former carrying amount of the inventory, less any expected costs to recover the goods, including any potential decreases in the value of the returned goods. The Holding Company updates the measurement of the asset recorded for any revisions to its expected level of returns, as well as any additional decreases in the value of the returned goods.

A refund liability is the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from the customer and is measured at the amount the Holding Company ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Company updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period.

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost determined on weighted average cost basis and net-realisable value. Cost includes freight, taxes and duties net of GST input tax credit, wherever applicable. Customs duty payable on material in bonded watchouse is added to the cost of the material.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated cost of completion and cost necessary to make the sale.

Property, plant and equipment

Property plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, bottowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost can be measured reliably. Property, Plant and Equipment which are significant to the total cost of that item of Property, Plant and Equipment and having different useful life are accounted separately. Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided using written down value method on depreciable amount. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.









CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

s of useful life of Property. Plant and Equipments are as follows:

Particulars	Useful life as per Schedule II of the Act
Building	60 Years
Computers and Peripherals	A-100
- Computers	3 Years
- Servers	6 Years
Office Equipment	5 Years
Furniture, Fixture and Fittings	10 Years
Motorcycles and scooters	10 Years
Motor cars	8 Years
Plant and machinery	15 Years

De-recognition of Property, plant & equipment

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

(d) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development costs are expensed as incurred unless technical and commercial feasibility of the project is demonstrated, future economic benefits are probable, the Group has an intention and ability to complete and use or sell the product and the costs can be measured reliably. The costs, which can be capitalized include the cost of material, direct labor, overhead costs that are directly attributable to prepare the asset for its intended use.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

Intangible assets	Amortisation period
Computer Software	6 years
Trademark	10 years

De recognition of Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gain or loss arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the ner disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in consolidated profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

(e) Intangible assets under development

Intangible assets under development represents expenditure incurred in respect of intangible assets under development and are carried at cost less accomulated impairment loss, if any. Cost includes related acquisition expenses, development costs, horrowing costs and other direct expenditure.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation, or both. Investment properties are measured initially at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, horrowing cost, if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in consolidated statement of profit or loss as incurred

Investment properties are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation on investment properties is provided on the written down value method computed on the basis of useful lives as prescribed in the Schedule II of the Act:

Investment property	Useful life as per Schedule II of the Act
Building	60 years

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at the end of each financial year.

Investment properties are de-recognized either when they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in consolidated profit or loss in the period of de-recognition.

(g) Impairment of non-financial assets- property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects cutrent market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or eash generated unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of consolidated cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand, cheques in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

(i) Cash Flow Statemen

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the year is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accusals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Group are segregated.

(j) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as share split, fresh issue, bonus issue that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

(k) Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets

(i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

(ii) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is recognised for:

- · Possible obligation which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Group.
- Present obligation assing from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation cannot be made.

(iii) Contingent assets

Contingent assets are not recognised in the consolidated financial statements. Contingent assets are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements to the extent it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Group from such assets.

(f) Leases: Right-of-use asset and Lease liabilities

The Group's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for land and buildings—warehouse and office premises and vehicles. The Group assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether it (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Group has substantially all of the conomic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Group recognises a right of use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lease, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases), and low value leases. For these short-term, and low value leases, the Group recognises the lease rentals as an operating expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss account.

(i)Right-of-use assets

At the commencement date, the right of use assets is measured at cost. The cost includes an amount equal to the lease liabilities plus adjusted for the amount of prepaid or accrued lease payments. After the commencement date, the right of use assets is measured in accordance with the accounting policy for property, plant and equipment i.e. right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- · the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- · any initial direct costs, and
- testoration costs.

(ii)Lease liabilities

The lease liability is initially measured at amortised cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental horrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Group changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the consolidated Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows. The Group has used a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the leasee's incremental borrowing rate is used.

(iii)Lease term

At the commencement date, the Group determines the lease term which represents non-cancellable period of initial lease for which the asset is expected to be used, together with the periods covered by an option to extend or terminate the lease, if the Group is reasonably certain at the commencement date to exercise the extension or termination option.

(iv)Short term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low value assets exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short term leases and leases of low value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis which is more representative of the pattern of use of underlying asset.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

The following is the summary of practical expedients elected on initial application:

(i) Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with a similar end date.

(ii) Applied the exemption not to recognise right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term on the date of initial application and low value

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Payments associated with short-term leases of property, plant and office equipment and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

(m) Poreign Currencies

The Group's Financial Statements are presented in INR which is also the Group's functional currency. Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency, using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities outstanding at the year-end are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the yearend and the gain or loss, is recognised in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss-

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss ansing on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

(a) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an Group incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs

(o) Retirement and other employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as employees' state insurance, labour welfare fund, superannuation scheme, employee pension scheme etc. are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. Group's provident fund contribution, in respect of certain employees, is made to a Government administered fund and charged as an expense to the consolidated statement of profit and loss. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Group has no further defined obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

(ii) Defined benefit plan

Gratuity

Gratuity is a post-employment benefit and is in the nature of a defined benefit plan. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. The defined benefit obligation is determined by actuarial valuation as on the balance sheet date, using the projected unit credit method. Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to consolidated profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in consolidated profit or loss on the earlier of:

- · The date of the plan amendment or custailment, and
- · The date that the Group recognises related restructuring costs.

The Group recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss:

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and nonroutine settlements; and
- · Net interest expense or income.

(iii) Other long-term employee benefits (compensated absences)

Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed within one year from the balance sheet date is recognised on the basis of undiscounted value of estimated amount required to be paid or estimated value of benefit expected to be availed by the employees. Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed more than one year after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of an actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are credited or charged to the consolidated Statement of profit and loss in the year in which such gains or losses are determined

(iv) Short-term and other long-term employee benefits

Expense in respect of other short-term benefits is recognised on the basis of the amount paid or payable for the period during which services are rendered by the employee.

(p) Taxes

Current income tax, assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the Income Computation and Disclosure Standards (ICDS) enacted in India by using tax rates and the tax laws that are enacted as at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to item recognized outside the consolidated statement of profit and loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or equity). Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transactions either in OCI or directly in equity.

The Group's management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis.











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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Deferred income tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in consolidated financial statements, except when the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill, an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of the transaction

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference axises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

GST input tax credit on materials purchased/ services availed for production/ input services are taken into account at the time of purchase and availing services. GST input tax credit on purchase of capital items wherever applicable are taken into account as and when the assets are acquired. The GST input tax credit so taken is utilised for payment of GST on supply of goods and services. The unutilised GST input tax credit is carried forward in the books of accounts as 'halance with government authorities'.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial asset or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction cost directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Assets except trade receivables are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of Financial Assets, which are not at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of Financial Assets are recognised using trade date accounting. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price.

B. Subsequent Measurement

a) Financial Assets Measured at Amortiscd Cost (AC)

A Financial Asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

b) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A Financial Asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling Financial Assets and the contractual terms of the Fanancial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

A Financial Asset which is not classified in any of the above categories is measured at FVTPL. Financial assets are reclassified subsequent to their recognition, if the Group changes its business model for managing those financial assets. Changes in business model are made and applied prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of immediately next reporting period following the changes in business model in accordance with principles laid down under Ind AS 109 - Financial Instruments

C. Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

ECL is the weighted-average of difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate, with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. When estimating the cash flows, the Group is required to consider

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms

In respect of trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach of Ind AS 109, which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

(ii) Other financial assets

In respect of its other financial assets, the Group assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit

When making this assessment, the Group uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial asset. To make that assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expite, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Group neither transfers nor retains subsequently all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for the amount it may have to pay.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in consolidated profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in consolidated profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset.

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Liabilities are recognized at fair value and in case of horrowings, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recorning nature are directly recognised in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost.

B. Subsequent Measurement

Financial Liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and borrowines

This is the category most relevant to the Group. After initial recognition, interest-hearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and transactions costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is due within 12 months after reporting period. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Fair value measurement

The Group measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- · In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- · In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

(s) Derivative financial instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any gains or losses from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to consolidated statement of profit and loss.

(t) Exceptional items

Items which are material by virtue of their size and nature are disclosed separately as exceptional items to ensure that financial statements allows an understanding of the underlying performance of the business during the year and to facilitate comparison with prior year.

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM")

In accordance with Ind AS 108 Operating Segments, the operating segments used to present segment information are identified on the basis of information reviewed by the Group's management to allocate resources to the segments and assess their performance. An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it earns revenues and incurs expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components.

Results of the operating segments are reviewed regularly by the Chief Operating Decision Maker, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(v) Significant estimates and judgements

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

- Recognition and estimation of tax expense including deferred tax Note 3(p), Note 11 and Note 40
 Estimated impairment of financial assets and non-financial assets Note 3(p) and Note 3(q)
- Assessment of useful life of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets Note 3(c), (d), (f) and Note 4, Note 7 and Note 8A
- Estimation of assets and obligations relating to employee benefits Note 3(a) and Note 45
- · Valuation of inventories Note 3(b)
- Recognition and measurement of contingent liabilities Note 3(k) and Note 46
- . Leases Note 3(I) and Note 5
- Fair value measurement Note 3(r) and Note 42
- Provision for warranty Note 3(a) and Note 24 and 28
- · Expected credit loss Note 3(q) and Note 15

(w) Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below

(i) Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - The amendments to Ind AS 8 clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates, changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. They also clarify how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates.

(ii) Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - The amendments to Ind AS 1 provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures. This amendment did not have any material impact on the Group's consulidated financial statements and disclosures.

(iii) Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes - The amendments to Ind AS 12 Income Tax narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences such as leases and decommissioning liabilities.

The Group previously recognised for deferred tax on leases on a net basis. Pursuant to the aforementioned amendment, the Group has grossed-up the Deferred tax assets (DTA) and Deferred tax liabilities (DTL) recognised in relation to leases w.e.f. 1 April 2022. However, the said gross-up has no impact on the net deferred tax liabilities/expense presented in the consolidated financial statements.

(iv) New Standards/Amendments notified but not yet effectives - Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. As at 31 March 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Group.

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

4 Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Land	Building	Plant and machinery	Computers	Office equipment	Vehicles	Furniture and fixtures	Total
Balance as at 31 March 2022	50.04	162.16	2.39	13.53	16.59	36.19	18.82	299.72
Additions		120	-	11.96	2.13	28.13	1.98	44.20
Disposals		720	-	4	7.19	3.50	0.47	11.16
Balance as at 31 March 2023	50.04	162.16	2.39	25.49	11.53	60.82	20.33	332.76
Additions		-	2.45	23.06	5.91	56.21	7.78	95.41
Disposals	-3	108.04	1.81	2.43	6.96	8.88	11.09	139.21
As at 31 March 2024	50.04	54.12	3.03	46.12	10.48	108.15	17.02	288.96
Accumulated depreciation Balance as at 31 March 2022	-	15.58 7.15	0.83 0.29	6.78 7.74	6.62 3.83	10.37 8.63	8.32 2.79	48.50 30.43
Charge for the year Disposals			-	2000000	6.83	3.22	0.40	10.45
Balance as at 31 March 2023	-	22.73	1.12	14.52	3.62	15.77	10.71	68.48
Charge for the year		5.48	0.21	12.45	3.20	20.47	2.93	44.74
Disposals	2	18.23	0.96	1.81	5.06	5.61	7.41	39.08
As at 31 March 2024	2	9.98	0.37	25.16	1.76	30.63	6.23	74.14
Net block as at 31 March 2023	50.04	139,43	1.27	10.97	7.91	45.04	9.62	264.28
Net block as at 31 March 2024	50.04	44.14	2.66	20.96	8.72	77.52	10.79	214.82

(i) Contractual obligations

Refer note 46 for contractual commitments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

(ii) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

(iii) Property, plant and equipment pledged as security for borrowings

Property, plant and equipment have been pledged as security for borrowings, refer note 23 for details.









CIN: U74899D1.1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Ropecs millions, unless otherwise stated)

5 Leases

Right of use assets	Leaschold land*	Office and warehouse	IT equipment	Vehicles	Total
Particulars	Economical Lance	Clife and miles	**		
Right-of-use assets	213.95	124.01	7927	4.82	342.78
As at 31 March 2022	213.93	2557.55		4500	180.63
Additions	-	164.35	5.09	11.19	
Deletions		(55.66)		(1.66)	(57.32 466.09
As at 31 March 2023	213.95	232.69	5.09	14.35	
Additions		233.21	-	4.25	257.46
Deletions	(27.27)	3 7380		-	(27.27
As at 31 March 2024	186.68	465.90	5.09	18.60	676.28
Accumulated depreciation					
As at 31 March 2022	6.02	57.22	-	1.90	65.14
Charge for the year	3.01	47.69	1.27	1.90	53.88
Disposals	12	(21.07)	-8	(0.38)	(21.45
As at 31 March 2023	9.03	83.84	1.27	3.42	97.57
Charge for the year	2.85	98.71	1.70	3.28	106.55
Disposals	(4.52)				(4.52
As at 31 March 2024	7.36	182.55	2.97	6.69	199.59
Net Block as at 31 March 2023	204,92	148.85	3.82	10.94	368.52
Net Block as at 31 March 2024	179.32	283.35	2.12	11.90	476.69

^{*}Also refer note 52

Lease Liability	Total
Particulars	
As at 31 March 2022	74.75
Additions	177.76
Accretion of interest	13.40
Payments	(57.34)
Deletions	(35.87)
As at 31 March 2023	172.70
Additions	237.46
Accretion of interest	26.06
Payments	(103.42)
Gain on extinguishment and modification of lease	(1.82)
Deletions	(22.74)
As at 31 March 2074	308.24

Lease liability	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	
Current	129.11	75.86	
Non-current	179-13	96.81	
	.308.24	172.70	

c) Group as a lessee

The Group has leases for the land, office building, warehouse facilities, IT equipment and vehicles. With the exception of short term leases and leases of low-value underlying assets, each lease is reflected on the balance sheet as a right of use asset and a lease liability. The Group classifies its right-of-use assets in a consistent manner to its property, plant and equipment.

Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Group to sublease the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Group. The Group is prohibited from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as according without prior permission of the lessor. Further, the Group is required to pay maintenance fees in accordance with the lease contracts.

i) The amounts recognized in consolidated statement of profit and loss:-

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023 53.88	
Depreciation expense of right of use assets	106.54		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	26.06	13.40	
Expense relating to short term leases	38.08	47.75	
Gain on extinguishment /modification of lease	(1.82)	(2.22)	
Net impact on consolidated statement of profit and loss	168.86	112.81	

iii

Particulars	consolidated case now statem	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Payment of lease liabilities pri	incipal and interest	103.42	57.34

iii) Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in consolidated statement of profit and loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office furniture.

The Group has recognised Rs. 38.08 million pertaining to 31 March 2024 and Rs. 46.77 million pertaining to 31 March 2023 in respect of short term leases entered into by the Group.











ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED CIN: U74899DLI995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

The table below describes the nature of the Group Right of use asset		31 March 2024			
	No. of right of use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)	No. of right of use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)	
Office booking	37	2-6	28	2-6 years	
Warehouse facilities	8	2-3	9	2-3 years	
Vehicles	17	2-4	12	2-5 years	
Land	2	50.76	3	50-76 years	
IT Fourment	2	1-2	2	2-3 years	

v) Maturity of lease liabilities

31 March 2024		Minimum lease payments due							
22.24	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total				
Lease payments	139.66	86.70	61.70	80.18	368.2				

31 March 2023	Minimum lease payments due						
DI MANUEL DELLE	Less than 1 year	I-2 years	2-3 усать	More than 3 years	Total		
Lease payments	88.35	83.60	27.47	15.35	214.77		

vi) Information about extension and termination options

31 March 2024					Number of leases with	[811
Right of use assets	Number of leases	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term (in years)	Number of leases with extension option	purchase option	termination option
Office building	37	2-6	4.00			37
Warchouse facilities	8	2-3	2.50	*		8
Vehicles	17	2.4	3.00			17
Land	2	50-76	63.00		-	2
Land IT Equipment	2	1.2	1.50			2

31 March 2023			1 1000000	Number of leases	Number of leases with	Nameber of leaves with
Right of use assets	Number of leases	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term (in years)	with extension option	purchase option	(emination option
Office building	28	2.6	4.00	9		28
Warehouse facilities	9	2-3	2.50			9
Vehicles	12	2.5	3.50			12
Land	3	50-76	63.00			3
IT Equipment	2	2-3	2.50			2





CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

6 Capital Work in Progress

Amount
1.83
1.83
0.53
¥1
2.36

(i) Ageing of capital work in progress:

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Amou	Amount in capital work in progress for a period of					
T in termina	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years			
Project in progress	0.53	1.83	-	-	2.36		

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	- Control
Project in progress	1.83	12			1.83

- (ii) Capital work in progress, whose completion is overdue or exceeded its cost compared to its original plan: Nil (31 March 2023: Nil)
- (iii) Capital work in progress represents costs incurred on construction/development activities for the Noida property (also refer note 51).
- (iv) Refer note 46B for contractual commitments of capital work in progress as at 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023: Rs. Nil)







CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

7 Investment property

Non factory Building	Total	
5.36	5.36	
1/7/		
5.36	5.36	
8.50		
5.36	5.36	
0.97	0.97	
0.31	0.31	
	-	
1.28	1.28	
0.29	0.29	
	77	
1,57	1.57	
4.08	4.08	
3.79	3.79	
	5.36 5.36 5.36 5.36 0.97 0.31 1.28 0.29 1.57	

(i) Amount recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss for investment property

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Rental income	1.39	1.34
Less: direct operating expenses that generated rental income*		-
Less: direct operating expenses that did not generate rental income*		
Profit from leasing of investment property before depreciation	1.39	1.34
Less: depreciation expense	(0.29)	(0.31
Profit from leasing of investment property after depreciation	1,10	1.03

^{*}Direct operating expenses attributable to investment property cannot be specifically identified with property, although management does not expect them to be material.

(ii) Fair value of investment property

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Office space at Janki Centre, Andheri, Mumbai	30.84	27.72
Total	30.84	27.72

The Group has appointed a registered valuer in accordance with Rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuer and Valuation) Rules, 2017 for the valuation of investment property. The fair value of investment property has been determined by external, independent property valuers, having appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued. The Group obtains independent valuation for its investment property at least annually and are considered to be a fair representation at which such properties can be sold in an active market. The fair value measurement of the investment property has been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used. Fair value has been determined using combination of market approach and cost approach. The market approach provides an indication of value by comparing the asset with identical or comparable (that is similar) assets for which price information is available whereas cost approach provides an indication of value using the economic principle that a buyer will pay no more for an asset than the cost to obtain an asset of equal utility, whether by purchase or by construction, unless undue time, inconvenience, risk or other factors are involved.

(iii) Contractual obligations

There are no contractual obligations outstanding as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

(iv) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.





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CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

84.	Test	towns.	-21-1	10	000	ote

Particulars	Computer Software	Trademark	Total	
Balance as at 31 March 2022	10.57	11.55	22.12	
Additions	3.02	2	3.02	
Disposals		2	+	
Balance as at 31 March 2023	13.59	11.55	25.14	
Additions	1.98	-	1.98	
Disposals	M.	323	145	
Balance as at 31 March 2024	15.57	11,55	27.12	
Accumulated amortisation				
Balance as at 31 March 2022	6.64	3.30	9.94	
Charge for the year	2.22	1.65	3.87	
Disposals				
Balance as at 31 March 2023	8.86	4.95	13.81	
Charge for the year	3.91	1.65	5.56	
Disposals	-	-	-	
Balance as at 31 March 2024	12.77	6.60	19.37	
Net block as at 31 March 2023	4.73	6.60	11.33	
Net block as at 31 March 2024	2.80	4.95	7.75	





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CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

8B. Intangible assets under development

Particulars	Intangible assets under development	Total
Balance as at 31 March 2022	41.67	41.67
Additions	24.72	24.72
Capitalised	2.60	2.60
Balance as at 31 March 2023	63.79	63.79
Additions	90.83	90.83
Capitalised	1.98	1.98
Balance as at 31 March 2024	152.64	152.64

(i) Ageing of intangible asset under development:

As on 31 March 2024

Particulars	Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years		
Intangible assets under development	88.85	22.12	41.67	-	152.64	

Ac on 31 March 2023

Particulars	Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of						
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years			
Intangible assets under development	22.12	41.67			63.79		

(ii) Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or exceeded its cost compared to its original plan; Nil (31 March 2023; Nil)

(iii) Contractual obligations

Refer note 46 for contractual commitments for acquisition of intangible assets as at 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023; Rs. Nil)

(iv) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.







ADITYA INPOTECII LIMITED

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consulidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Company of the control of the contro				
9 Investments	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
	No of shares	No of shares	Amount	Amount
9A Investment in equity instrument	WENT 5 - 100 -			
Investment in joint venture accounted for using the equity method Investment -AII. Dixon Technologies Private Limited (also refer note 52)	9,500,000	9,500,000	70	291.50
Total	9,500,000	9,500,000	-	294.50
9B Other investments				
Quoted Investments				
Investment in equity instruments measured at fair value through profit & loss	12,525	12,525	6.08	5.11
Tamilnad Mercantile Bank Limited, Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each		12,525	6.08	5.11
Total	12,525	12,525	11.00	
Total			6.08	299.61
Appregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof			6.08	5.11
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments				294.50
Aggregate annuals of enclanded investments			6.08	299.61
10 Other financial assets (non-current)			As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
			20.39	166.04
Fixed deposit with remaining maturity of more than 12 months*			26.20	13.13
Security deposits (corried at amortised vost)			46.59	179.17
*includes deposits appreparing to Rs. 20.30 million (31 March 2023: Rs. 32.30 million) held as usargin no March 2023: Rs 0.08 million) pledged with government authorities	oney and Rs. 0.09 million (31			
11 Deferred tax assets (net)		95	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) on account of :-			9088	75000
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets			3.82	0.28
Allowance for expected credit losses			14.49	14.49
Employee benefits			17.14	10.66
Warranty provising			26.70	23.92
Right of use assets			(74.83)	(41.17 43.46
Lense liabilities			77.58	45.46
Other temporary differences			16.21	(1.28
Investment carried at FVTPL			(1.53) 79.58	66.53
			/9.58	00.53

(i) Movement in deferred tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	Recognised/ (reversed) through profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2024
Assets/(Liabilities)	0.28	3.54		3.82
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets	9152,000	3.34	10 10	14.49
Allowance for expected credit losses	14.49	.00	2	
Employee benefits	10.66	1.45	5.03	17.14
Right of use assets	(41.17)	(33.67)		(74.83
Lease liabilities	43.46	34.11		77.58
	23.92	2.78	5. [26.70
Warranty provision	(1.28)	(0.25)		(1.53
Investment carried at FVTPL	16.17	0.04		16.21
Other temporary differences		The second secon	5.03	79.58
Total	66.53	8.01	5.03	12,30

Particulars	As at 1 April 2022	Recognised/ reversed through profit and loss		As at 31 March 2023
Assets/(Liabilities)		00.000	950	0.28
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intemplale assets	0.48	(0.20)		
Allowance for expected credit losses	18.13	(3.64)	0.000.00	14.49
Employee benefits	12.17	(1.17)	. (0.34)	10.66
Right of use assets	(17.54)	(42.44)		(41.17)
Lease liabilities	18.81	43.46		43.46
	22.34	1.58	5.0	23.92
Wateranty provision	(1.69)	0.41		(1.28)
Investment carried at FVTPL	14.67	1.50		16.17
Other temporary differences			(0.34)	66.53
Total	67.37	(0.49)	(0.34)	00.2.7





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CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

12 Income tax assets (net)

Advance tax paid (net of provision for taxation)

As at As at 31 March 2023 31 March 2024 8.03 8.03

As at As at 31 March 2023 31 March 2021 111.25 41.63

13 Other non-current assets

Amounts paid under protest with statutney authorities

111.25 41.63

14 Inventories

(Valued at lower of cost or net realisable value, unless otherwise stated)

Traded goods

Others

As at	As at
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
5,010.82	5,061.59
51.23	48.91
5,092,05	5,110.50

Notes

(i) Inventories of traded goods include goods in transit amounting to Rs. 44.47 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 120.00 million)

(a) Inventories are not off of Rs. 200.69 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 136.56 million) representing write down of inventories to not realisable value, as assessed by the management.

15 Trade receivables	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Secured, considered good		-
Unsecured - considered good - from others	7,363.75	6,168.72
considered good - from related parties	2.26	2.60
- which have significant increase in credit risk	28.82	30.39
- which have against the tested in economic	7,394.83	6,201.71
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	52.13	52.13
Total	7,342.70	6,149.58

Ageing schedule

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
- AD 10 CONTO	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	3,351.54	3,733.83	223.49	47.15	8.19	1.81	7,366.01
 (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk 		-					
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-0.	-	-		17000	-	
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	0.17	0.33	4.98	3.37	19.97	28.82
Less: Allowance for had and doubtful debts			4	-	-	-	(52.13)
Total	3,351.54	3,734.00	223.83	52,13	11.56	21.78	7,342.70

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	3,069.01	2,871.92	191.24	4.00	0.44	0.07	6,136.69
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	8 8	-				17	
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good	-	22.68	10.21		- 6.0	1.74	34.63
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	0.45	7.11	1.64	1.22	19.97	30.38
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts			74		89		(52.13)
Total	3,069.01	2,895.04	208.57	5.64	1.66	21.80	6,149.58







CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

16 Cash and eash equivalents

Right to Return asset Other recoverable*

Considered doubtful

Less: Allowance for impairment (net)

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

in Casif and casa calaraments		12	31 Materi 2024	DI MARCH 2023
Balances with banks			5555500	
In current accounts			2.14	8.38
In cash credit account			7.09	56.28
Cash in band			1.17	1.22
Cheques in hand			77.82	493.27
fixed deposits with original maturity of less than	these months		306.45	917.30
txed deposits with degund materily of its claim	tinee intentio		394.67	1,476.45
			As at	As at
7 Bank halances other than cash and cash ec	quivaients	12	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
ixed deposit with original maturity of more than	a three months and upt	o twelve months*	311.69	2,238.22
		The same of the sa	311.69	2,238.22
includes fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 311.69	million (31 March 202	23: Rs. 748.31 million) held as margin money with bank and collaterals against bank guarantee	R.	
		· ·	As at	As at
8 Loans		N-	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Unsecured good)			22.50	
coms to related parties (refer note 43)*			82.52	
			82,52	-
Name of party	Business relationship	d guarantee given covered u/s 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013. Purpose of loan	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	Joint venture company	General corporate purpose	82.52	•
19 Other financial assets			As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
ecunity deposit			2.55	4.22
endor chim receivable			587-71	330.8
Other receivable from related parties (refer note	43)		G	0.13
ixed deposits with remaining maturity upto 12:	months?		872.44	
Other receivable from customers	LIDING.		351.78	297.4
other accessore nemi customers			1,814.48	632.68
includes deposits apprepating to Rs. 670.29 mill	ion (31 March 2023: R)	s, Nil million) held as margin money and deposits appregating to Rs. 0.11 million		
(31 March 2023: Rs 0.09 million) pledged with g	government authorities	The state of the s		
			As at	As at
0 Other current assets			31 March 2024	31 March 2023
wood senenge			30.56	28.3
repaid expenses Salances with statutory authorities			134.11	57.1
전 이 시간 시간 시간 전 시간 전 트립스트 시간 취임 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전			3.24	7.30
Advance to employees			37.24	78.5
Advances to vendoes			0.00	

*During the financial year 2015-16, the holding company had reported an instance of misappropriation of funds/ current assets by certain employees and accordingly, a provision amounting to Rs. 30.89 million [31 March 2023; Rs. 6.95 million] from the alleged perpetrators is being carried as at 31 March 2024. A command complaint and recovery suit was filed in relation to the said matter and the criminal complaint is pending before District Court, Surajpur and the recovery proceedings are pending before the Honourable High Court of Delhi, for disposal.



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As at

31 March 2024

88.92

30.89

(30.89)

294.07

30.89

(30.89)

171.39

As at

31 March 2023

CIN: U74899DI.1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
Number	Amount	Number	Amount
5,050,000	50.50	5,050,000	50.50
5,050,000	50.50	5,050,000	50.50
2,050,000	20.50	2,050,000	20.50
2,050,000	20.50	2,050,000	20.50
	31 March 2 Number 5,050,000 5,050,000 2,050,000	31 March 2024 Number Amount 5,050,000 50.50 5,050,000 50.50 2,050,000 20.50	31 March 2024 31 March 20 Number Amount Number 5,050,000 50.50 5,050,000 5,050,000 50.50 5,050,000 2,050,000 20.50 2,050,000

a. Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

a. headardan or headard and an array	As at 31 Marc	As at 31 March 2024		2023
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,050,000	20.50	2,500,000	25.00
Lesuced during the year				- 52
Buy back during the year [refer note 21(f) below]			(450,000)	(4.50)
Balance at the end of the year	2,050,000	20.50	2,050,000	20.50

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares (also refer note 53)

The Holding Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Holding Company declares and pays dividend in Indian capees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Orectors in any financial year is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except interim dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Holding Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Holding Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the smaller of equity shares held by the shareholders. The equity shares shall be transferable subject to the provisions contained in the Articles of Association and in the agreements entered/to be entered into with the investors/shareholders from time to time.

e. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Holding Company Name of the equity shareholder	As a 31 March		As at 31 March 2	023
realise of the equity sometimes.	Number	% shareholding	Number	% shareholding
Hari Shanker Khemka	394,385	19.24%	394,385	19.24%
Rishi Khemka	389,500	19.00%	389,500	19.00%
Adiya Khemka	1,222,299	59.62%	1,222,299	59.62%

As per the records of the Holding Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders/ members regarding heneficial interest, the above share represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares

d. No equity shares have been assued pursuant to contract without payment being received in each or allotted as fully paid up by way of issue of bonus shares in the current reporting year and the last five years immediately preceding the current year.

e. Shareholding of promoters*

As at 31 March 2024	Shares held by promoters at the end of the year			% of Change during the year
Promoter name		No. of shares	% of total shares	
Shei Hari Shanker Khemka		394,385	19.24%	0.00%
		1,222,299	59,62%	0.00%
Shri Aditya Khenika		389,500	19.00%	0.00%
Shri Rishi Khemka		2,006,184	97.86%	

As at 31 March 2023 Shares held b	y promoters at the end of the year	% of Change during the year
Promoter name	No. of shares % of total share	
Shri Hari Shanker Khemka	394,385 19.21%	-59.80%
	1,222,399 59.62%	65.59%
Shri Aditya Khemka	389,500 19.00%	-48.07%
Shei Rishi Khemka	2,006,184 97.86%	

^{*} Promoter here means promoter as defined in the Companies Act, 2013.

Listing bases or snares

During the previous year, the Board of Directors in its meeting held on 04 January 2023, had approved a proposal of buyback of 450,000 Equity shares (representing 18% of total paid up Equity shares capital of the Holding Company) at price of Rs. 1,443/- (Indian Rupees One Thousand Four Hundred Forty-three only) per Equity shares which opened on 23 February 2023, for fifteen days and settlement of buyback offer date was 24 February 2023. Accordingly, the Holding Company had bought back and estimation of Reputy shares at a buyback price of Rs. 1,443/- (Indian Rupees One thousand four hundred forty three only) per Equity share. The buyback resulted in a Cash outflow of Rs. 800.62 million (buyback value Rs.649.35 million plus buyback tax amount Rs. 151.27 million under section 115QA of the Income Tax Act 1961). Other than the above buy back of shares during the previous year, the Group has not undertaken any buy back of shares transaction during the last five years immediately preceeding the current year.







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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

22. Other equity	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Foreign currency translation reserve	4.41	4.40
Opening balance	(0.63)	0.01
Add: (Deletion)/ Addition during the year	3.78	4.41
Closing balance (A)	5.70	4.41
Capital reserve	n ne	0.06
Opening balance	0.06	0.00
Change during the year		0.06
Closing balance (B)	0.06	0.06
General reserve		170.42
Opening balance	170.42	170.42
Add: Addition during the year		100.40
Closing halance (C)	170.42	170,42
Capital Redemption Reserve		
Opening balance	4.50	160
Add: Addition during the year	4.50	4.50 4.50
Closing balance (D)	4.50	4.50
Retained earnings	A A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A	2.440.07
Opening balance	2,916.05	2,669.87
Add: Profit for the year	1,151.72	1,083.11
Add: Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax impact)	(14.94)	
Less: Premium paid on buy back of equity shares [refer note 21(f)]	•	(644.86)
Less: Tax paid on buy back of equity shares [refer note 21(f)]	2	(150.22)
Less: Transfer to Capital Redemption Reserve upon buy back of equity shares [refer note 21(f)]		(4.50)
	0.000	/39.5/M

Total (A+B+C+D+ E)

Closing balance (E)

Nature and purpose of other reserves

It represents appropriation of profits of the Group and is available for distribution as dividend.

It is not available for distribution to the shareholders.

Less: Dividend paid during the year (refer note 47)

Foreign currency translation reserve

Foreign currency translation reserve represents exchange differences on translation of foreign operations which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Retained earnings is used to record balance of consolidated statement of profit and loss and other equity adjustments.

Capital Redemption Reserve

It represents nominal value of the shares bought back as an appropriation from retained carnings.









(10.00)

4,042.83

4,221.59

(38.50)

2,916.05

3,095.44

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

23. Borrowings	Non-current		Current maturities	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Secured	· ·			
Term loans Indian ropee loan from banks*	237.55	360.01	122.50	107.81
Vehicle loans	42.61	16.28	18.20	13.24
Indian rupee loan from banks Indian rupee loan from other parties	42.01	1.52	1.52	3.47
Unsecured		50.00		13.80
Loan from related parties (also refer note 43)**	280,16	427.81	142,22	138.35
Amount disclosed under Short-term borrowings as "Current maturities of long-term borrowings" under note 25	51	0.00	142.22	138.35
Milk-team merchanikh more on	280.16	427.81		
The state of the s				

*includes interest accrued amounting to Rs. Nil million (31 March 2023: Rs.0.34 million)

**includes interest acceused amounting to Rs. 0.30 million (31 Murch 2023; Rs.0.30 million)

23B. Details of Borrowings

Particulars	Interest rate	Type of asset secured Terms of repayments
Term loans Tamiland Mercantile Bank Ioan-I Rs. 62.55 million, Current Maturity Rs. 62.50 million (31 March 2023: Rs. 125.01 million, Current Maturity Rs. 62.50 million)	8.25%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Nooda and Mumbai, collateral in form of bank fixed deposits and personal guarantee of the Peomoters who are directors in the Company.
Tamilnad Mercantile Bank Joan-H Rs. 175.00 million, Current Maturity Rs. 60.00 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 235 million, Current Maturity Rs. 5 million)	8.25%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Noida and Mumbai; collateral in form of bank fixed deposits and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company.
Yes Bank Ioan-I Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2023: Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 40.00 million)	9,90%	Secured by charge on ununoveable property at Noida and personal generatee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company. Repsyable in 20 quarterly installments commencing from November 2018
Vehicle Ioans ICICI Bank vehicle Ioan Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2023: Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 3.29 million)	7.80%	Facturities charge on underlying vehicle Repsyable in 36 monthly installments commencing from purchased. March 2021
Axis Bank vehicle Ioan- I Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil (34 March 2023; Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 2.44 million)	8.25%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle Repayable in 36 monthly installments commencing from purchased. March 2021
Rs. 8.11 million, Current Maturity Rs. 8.17 million (31 March 2023: Rs. 16.28 million, Current Maturity Rs. 7.51 million)	8.50%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle Repsyable in 36 monthly installments commencing from purchased. February 2023
Axis Bank vehicle Ioan-III Rs. 11.52 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.04 million (31 March 2023; Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil)	8.70%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle Repayable in 60 monthly installments commencing from June 2023
Axis Bank vehicle loan-IV Rs. 16.40 million, Current Matarity Rs. 3.48 million (31 March 2023; Rs. Nil, Current Matarity Rs. Nil)	8.80%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle Repayable in 60 monthly installments communing from purchased. February 2024
HDPC Bank vehicle Ioan-I Rs. 6.58 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.51 million (31 March 2023: Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil)	8.80%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle Repsyable in 39 monthly installments commencing from purchased. September 2023
Daimler Financial Services Private Limited vehicle loan Rs. Nil, Current Manany Rs. 1.52 million (31 March 2023: Rs. 1.52 million, Current Manarity Rs. 3.43 million)	7.40%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle Repsyable in 36 monthly installments commencing from purchased. September 2021

23.B Details of Borrowings for related parties

Particulars

Loan from related parties

Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2023; Rs. 50 million, Current Manurity Rs. Nil)

Terms of repayments

Repayable on densard by lenders after giving minimum 12 months prior notice in writing







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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

000	The second Street and	of the billions	materials and Constant	Gasneine	activities

The changes in the Company's liabilities arising from financing activities can be classified as follows:		
	Short term	Long term
Particulars	borrowings	borrowings*
Balance as at 31 March 2022	1,260.05	639.28
Cash flows:	7.868.07	325.00
- Proceeds		(389.09)
- Repayment	(5,616.09)	(389.09)
Non-cash adjustments/ movements**	8.76	575.21
Balance as at 31 March 2023	3,520.79	373.41
Cash flows:	9209000000	105 123
- Proceeds	17,426.24	49.42
Repayment	(17,328.69)	(197.08)
Non cash adjustments/ movements**	8.64	407.54
Balance as at 31 March 2024	3,626.98	427.56
*Long term borrowings include current maturities of long term borrowings		
** Jackades accraed interest	· ·	
	As at	As at
24 Provisions-non-current	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Provision for employee henefits	13.12	10.85
Gratuity (refer note +5)		23.53
Compensated absences	31.77	25.55
Other provisions		
Provision for warranty (also refer note 28)	44.55	38.23
	89.44	72,61
	As at	As at
25 Current borrowings	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Secured	142.22	138.35
Current maturities of long term debts (refer note 23)	112.22	746.79
Cash credit from banks [refer note (j) below]	3,618.34	2,509.10
Working capital demand loan [refer note (ii) below]	3,760.56	3,394.24
CONTROL OF THE STATE OF THE STA	3,700.50	3,371,01
Unsecured		50000
	13.80	273.93

Terms and conditions of short-term horrowings

*includes interest accraed amounting to Rs. 0.30 million (31 March 2023: Rs.0.30 million)

Loan from related parties [refer note (iii) below]

(a) The Company has availed each credit facilities from banks appregating to Rs. Nil (31 March 2023: Rs. 746.79 million) carrying interest rates cauping from 08.75% to 09.85% and are repayable on demand. (also refer note 42B)

(ii) The Company has availed working capital demand loans from banks aggregating to Rs. 3,618.34 million (31 March 2023: Rs. 2,509.10 million) carrying interest rates ranging from 7.50% to 8,90% and are expanable on demand.

(iii)	Unsecured	loans	from	Related	Parties.

m) Chisecure Joyns from Reduce Caraco	Interest rate	Type of asset secured	Terms of repayments
Particulars Loan from related partics-I Rs. Nil (31 March 2023: Rs. 22.88 million)	7.50%	Unscoured	Repayable on demand by lenders after giving minimum 12 months prior notice in writing
Loan from related parties-II Rs. Nil (31 March 2023: Rs. 251.05 million)	7.50%	Unsecured	Repayable within 1 year from the date of disbursement
Inter-corporate deposits Rs. 13.50 million , Current Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2023; Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Rs. 13.50 million)	10.00%	Unsecured	Repayable on demand as per the mutual agreements between the parties

26 Trade payables	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note (i) below)	79.99	115.05
Total outstanding dies of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	5,922.31	8,974.96
Total observed Great of Great	6,002.30	9,090.01

(i) Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act, 2006");

() Disclosure under the stream, smaar and sections ranciplises Development and sections and sections ranciplises Development and sections ranciplises Development and sections and sections ranciplises Development ranciplises Developmen	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
i) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year	79.99	115.05
i) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during	0.03	0.11
ii) the amount of interest pain by the buyer in terms of security to, using payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act;	22	1.23
e) the amount of interest accepted and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	₹3	8.75
by the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductable expenditure under section 23	0.05	0.03







273.93

3,668.17

13.80

13,80

3,774.36



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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

(ii) Ageing disclosure:

As at 31 March 2024:

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Not due	Less than I year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	2000
(i) Micro, small and medium enterprises	65.76	14.23		-		79.99
	2,430,48	3,431.90	5.41	0.50	1.20	5,869.49
(ii) Others		5,151.70	0.71			
(iii) Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-		-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-		-		-	52.83
(v) Unbilled	52.82			15400	-	
Total	2,549.06	3,446.13	5.41	0.50	1.20	6,002.30

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
Particulars	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Micco, small and medium enterprises	75.02	40.03		35)		115.05
(ii) Others	4,091.74	4,840.34	1.10	0.39	0.62	8,934.18
(iii) Disputed dues – MSME	24	-	-			-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others		-	-			
(v) Unbilled	40.77			-	-	40,77
Total	4,207.53	4,880.37	1.10	0.39	0.62	9,090.01

27 Other financial liabilities - current	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
A 10.4 P. 4 (2.78)	1.10	1.10
Security deposits	121.36	95.59
Payable to employees		125.60
Other acceptances	200.07	
Derivative contracts fair valued through profit or loss		1.54
Other liability- customer refund*	105,86	- 1
VA 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	927.03	19
Book overdraft (also refer note 42ff)	1.73	
Other payable		23.75
Capital creditors	2.86	
	1,359.96	247.58

*A refund liability is the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from the customer and is measured at the amount the Group ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Group updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period.

28 Provisions - corrent	
Provision for employee bene	fits
Gratuity (refer note 45)	
Compensated absences	
Other provisions	
Provision for warranty	

As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
16.01	2.61
7.18	5.37
61.54	56.81
84.73	61.79

Movement	in provision	tor	warranty
Onomino ho	douce		

Provision created during the year Provision utilised during the year

Closing balance

As at
31 March 2023
88.74
68.43
(62.13)
95.04

Provision for warranty

Current

	2007000
As at	As at
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
44.55	38.23
61.54	56.81

29 Current tax liabilities (net)

- Provision for income tax (net of advance tax)

As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
26.07	33.53
26.07	33.53

106.09

95.04

30 Other current liabilities

Contract liability

- Advance from customers

Statutory dues payable

- TDS and TCS payable

- GST payable - Others







As at	As at
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
16.05	21.19
66.74	56.62
147.08	75.30
44.54	41.37
274.41	194.48

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

•	For the year ended	For the year ended
31 Revenue from operations	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Operating revenue	20.74.02.504	77.040.44
Sale of traded goods- security and surveillance equipments and components	27,798.60	22,819.66
Service revenue	17.32 27,815.92	22,835.88
Other asserting governor	21,010.54	aayoo
Other operating revenue	6.00	6.00
Business support services	2.34	3.59
Technical training services	8.34	9.59
	27,824.26	22,845.47
(i) Assets and liabilities related to contract with customers:		
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Contract liabilities		21.10
Advance from customers	16.05	21.19
Trade receivables	7,342.70	6,149.58
(ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Right to return asset	88.92	9
Refund liabilities arising from rights of return	105.86	
(iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115:		
Disaggregation by	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Type of goods/service	27,798.60	22,819.66
Sale of goods	17.32	16.22
Sale of services	8.34	9.59
Other operating revenue	27,824.26	22,845.47
Total revenue from contract with customers	27,737.20	22,734.54
India	87.06	110.93
Outside India	27,824.26	22,845.47
Total revenue from contract with customers	21,021.20	223,010111
Timing of revenue recognition	90 <u>0 0</u> 40142	See non 22
Goods transferred at a point in time	27,798.60	22,819.66
Services transferred at a point in time	19.66	19.81
Services transferred over the period of time	6.00	6.00
Total revenue from contract with customers	27,824.26	22,845.47

(iv) Performance obligation

The Group's primary performance obligation under contract with customers for sale of goods and services is satisfied as the goods are delivered/ control is transferred to the customers and services are rendered.

Particulars			For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Contract price		(A)	30,456.47	24,905.66
Rebates/ discounts	CHANDION	(B)	2,632.21	2,060.19
Net revenue recognised	\$	C=A-B)	27,824.26	22,845.47

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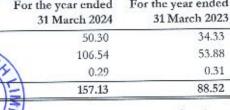
Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

Depreciation on right- of- use assets (refer note 5)

Depreciation on investment property (refer note 7)

-		
32 Other income	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Interest income:	10000	40.05
- on bank deposits	104.98	60.85
- on security deposits	1.55	0.50
- from customers		2.52
- others	2.91	0.40
- on bonds	-	0.40
Dividend income	0.06	0.19
Provisions/Liabilities no longer required written back	6.25	15.34
Gain on currency fluctuation and translation (other than considered as finance cost)	9.07	1.27
Rental income	4.22	4.68
Gain on investment measured at FVTPL	0.98	
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	2.02	
Gain on extinguishment and modification of lease [refer note 5(c)(i)]	1.82	2.22
Miscellaneous income	1.48	22.12
	135.34	110.09
	For the year ended	For the year ended
33 Purchase of Stock -in -trade	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Purchase of products and components	22,698.63	21,083.83
1 dicinate of products and analysis	22,698.63	21,083.83
	For the year ended	For the year ended
34 Changes in inventories of finished goods, Stock-in-trade and work-in-progress	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Inventory at the beginning of the year	5,061.59	2,968.28
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	(5,040.82)	(5,061.59)
	20.77	(2,093.31)
	For the year ended	For the year ended 31 March 2023
35 Employee benefits expense	31 March 2024	
Salaries, wages and bonus	1,253.69	986.23
Contribution to provident and other funds	38.00	28.48
Gratuity expense (refer note 45)	10.85	10.89
Staff welfare expenses	36.03	6.86
62	1,338.57	1,032.46
	For the year ended	For the year ended
36 Finance costs	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest expense Credit facilities/loans from banks	260.74	172.08
-Withholding tax and goods and service tax	0.16	0.58
3.000 All March 1990 A	3.95	2.74
-Delayed payment of income tax -Loan from related parties (refer note 43)	7.74	4.97
	0.65	14.36
-Others	9.79	24.10
Other finance and bank charges	26.06	13.40
Interest on lease liability (refer note 5)	309.09	232.23
	-	77 00 40 00 00 00 00 10 1
37 Depreciation and amortization expense	For the year ended 31 March 2024	
10 Abril 10 Abril 10 Co. 10 Co. 10 Abril 10 Co. 10	50.30	34.33
Depreciation and amortization expense (refer note 4 and 8) Depreciation on rights of use assets (refer note 5)	TEC 106.54	53.88





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

38 Other expenses	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
	39.08	47.75
Rent (also refer note 5)	3.16	13.68
Rates and taxes	28.99	18.88
Insurance	88.28	60.10
Travelling and conveyance expenses	74.99	65.34
Legal and professional expenses	19.34	10.63
Fees and subscription	7.78	5.77
Telephone and internet charges	5.44	6.88
Payment to auditors	10.98	9.41
Electricity and water expenses	6.42	2.70
Repair and maintenance- building	29.39	22.71
Repair and maintenance- others	656.21	488.46
Advertisement and business promotion expenses		155.52
Freight, cartage and handling charges	201.51	95.39
Product service and warranty expenses	94.52	
Charity and donation	0.83	0.90
Corporate Social responsibility expenses (also refer note 48)	19.65	10.74
Warchouse handling charges	59.74	47.26
Technical testing and certification fees	31.59	14.92
Web and IT Services	55.45	40.16
Balances written off	7.56	18.25
Net (gain)/loss on currency fluctuation and translation (other than considered as finance cost)	-	7.51
Recruitment expenses	5.23	4.90
Office maintenance	1	0.09
Vehicle running and maintenance	5.93	2.76
Printing and stationery	8.98	4.89
Security expenses	2.89	3.02
Training expenses	5.41	4.89
Postage and courier charges	1.07	1.02
Loss on investment measured at fair value through profit or loss	<u>~</u>	1.82
Director's Sitting Fees	0.73	0.70
E- waste management (also refer note 46 (c))	7.06	
Miscellaneous expenses	58.65	49.96
	1,536.86	1,217.01
	For the year ended	For the year ended
39 Exceptional items	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Share in loss of joint venture (refere note 52)	294.50	55.05
Loss of stock in fire incident	1244	57.87
Insurance claim received related to loss of stock	(42.14)	
	252.36	57.87









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

40 Income tax	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Tax expense comprises of:		. 1.0400 (0.000) (2.000)
Current tax expense	506.93	346.35
Deferred tax expense/(credit)	(8.00)	0.50
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)	(4.46)	1.86
Income tax expense reported in the consolidated statement of profit and loss	494.47	348.71
at 25.168% (31 March 2023: 25.168%) and the reported tax expense in consolidated statement of pro-	**************************************	
Accounting profit before income tax	1,646.19	1,431.82
At India's statutory income tax rate of 25.168% (31 March 2023: 25.168%)	414.31	360.36
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:		500.50
The Chief of Million of Million of the Chief		
Difference in depreciation charged as per Income-tax Act, 1961 vis-à-vis depreciation as per	3.13	(0.30)

Income for expense	494.47	348.71
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)	(4.46)	1.86
Deferred tax expense/ (credit) recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss	(8.00)	0.50
	506.93	346.35
Others items disallowed/(allowed) under Income-tax Act, 1961	80.42	(19.13)
Expenses never allowed under Income- tax Act, 1961	6.16	6.14
Employee benefits	2.92	(0.72)
Difference in depreciation charged as per Income-tax Act, 1961 vis-à-vis depreciation as per books of accounts	5,15	(Gioo)
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:	3.13	(0.30)

Income tax expense	474,47	010172
41 Earnings per share	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Holding Company	1,151.72	1,083.11
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year (nominal value of equity share- Rs. 10 each)	2,050,000	2,500,000
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year (nominal value of equity share- Rs. 10 each)	2,050,000	2,050,000
Weighted average number of equity shares considered for calculation of earnings per share, after considering share split and bonus issue, subsequent to year- end* (nominal value of equity share- Re.1 cach) (refer note 53)	102,500,000	102,500,000

*In accordance with provisions of Ind AS 33- Earnings per share



Basic and diluted earnings per share (in Rs.) (nominal value of equity share- Re. 1 each)









11.24

10.57

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

42 Financial instruments

i) Financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amounts of financial instruments by category are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
1,000,000	Carrying value	Carrying value
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		217
Investments	6.08	5.11
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		
Derivative contracts	7	1.54

Financial assets and labilities measured at amortised cost

Financial assets and labilities measured at amortised cost Particulars	As at 31 March 2024 Carrying value	As at 31 March 2023 Carrying value
Financial assets*	7.342.70	6,149.58
Trade receivables	394.67	1,476.45
Cash and cash equivalents	311.69	2,238.22
Other bank balances	4.45.500.1	811.84
Other financial assets	1,861.07	
Total financial assets	9,910.13	10,676.09
l'inancial liabilities*	105150	4,095.98
Borrowings	4,054.52	
Lease liabilities	308.24	172.70
Trade payables	6,002.30	9,090.02
Other financial liabilities	1,359.96	246.04
Total financial liabilities	11,725.02	13,604.74

^{*}There are no financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

ii) Fair value hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in the consolidated financial statements and are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments.

Level 2: Directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and

Level 3: Inputs which are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). The input factors considered are Estimated cash flows and other assumptions.

Fair value of instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss

Fair value of instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss for which fair value is disclosed is as follows, these fair values are calculated using Level 1 and 2 inputs:

Particulars	4 . 21 351- 2024		rch 2024	As at 31 March 2023	
Financial assets	hierarchy	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Investments	Level 1	6.08	6.08	5.11	5.11
Financial liabilities					
Decirative contracts	Level 2	-	-	1.54	1.54

Significant inputs used in Level 2 fair value of derivatives measured at FVTPL is marked to market value as on balance sheet date of such derivative transaction.

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost for which fair value is disclosed is as follows, these fair values are calculated using Level 1 and 2 inputs:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	Carrying value*	Fair value	Carrying value*	Fair value
Financial assets				
Trade receivables	7,342.70	7,342.70	6,149.58	6,149.58
Cash and cash equivalents	394.67	394.67	1,476.45	1,476.45
Other bank balances	311.69	311.69	2,238.22	2,238.22
Other financial assets	1,861.07	1,861.07	811.84	811.84
Total financial assets	9,910.13	9,910.13	10,676.09	10,676.09
Financial liabilities			7738555	
Borrowings	4,054.52	4,054.52	4,095.98	4,095.98
Lease liabilities	308.24	308.24	172.70	172.70
Trade payables	6,002.30	6,002.30	9,090.02	9,090.02
Other financial liabilities	1,359.96	1,359.96	246,04	246.04
Total financial liabilities	11,725.02	11,725.02	13,604.74	13,604.74

^{*}Carrying value of these financial assets and financial liabilities represents the best estimated values.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

Financial risk management

The Group's activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Group's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Crexlit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, loans and other financial assets measured at amortised cost	Ageing analysis	Diversification of bank deposits and regular monitoring
Liquidity risk	Borrowings, lease liabilities and other financial liabilities	Cash flow forecasts	Availability of funds and credit facilities.
Market risk - foreign exchange	Future commercial transactions Recognised financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian rupee (INR)	Cash flow forecasting Sensitivity analysis	Forward foreign exchange contracts

A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial asset fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each financial asset. The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure. The Group monitors its exposure to credit risk on an ongoing basis.

a) Credit risk management

i) Credit risk rating

The Group assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets. The Group assigns the following credit ratings to each class of financial assets based on the assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

- A: Low credit risk
- B: Moderate credit risk
- C: High credit risk

The Group provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Asset groups	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, loans, and other financial assets	Lafe time expected credit loss
	54	

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a hitigation decided against the Group. The Group continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. Recoveries made are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss-

Credit rating	Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments and other financial assets	9,910.13	10,676.09

Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances

Credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits is managed by only diversifying bank deposits and accounts in different banks. Credit risk is considered low because the Group deals with reputed banks.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers The Group monitors the economic environment in which it operates. The Group manages its credit risk through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring credit worthiness of the customers to which the Group grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Group has also obtained debtor insurance upto Rs. 500.00 millions (31 March 2023; 40 times of the premium paid) to cover its risks of bad debts. The Group also uses an expected credit loss model to assess the impairment loss on such receivables. The Group uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables. The provision matrix takes into account available internal credit risk factors such as the Group's historical experience for customers.

Loans and other financial assets

Loans and other financial assets measured at amortized cost includes security deposits and other receivables. Credit risk related to these financial assets is managed by monitoring the recoverability of such amounts continuously. Credit risk is considered low because the Group is in possession of the underlying asset except for loan given to joint venture company -Further, the Group creates provision by assessing individual financial asset for expectation of any credit loss basis expected credit loss model.

ii) Concentration of financial assets

The Group carries on the business of trading of security and surveillance equipments and related activities. Loans and other financial assets represents deposits given for business purposes and other receivables arising in normal course of operations.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

b) Credit risk exposure

i) Provision for expected credit losses

The Group provides for 12 month expected credit losses for following financial assets:

As at 31 March 2024 Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	394.67		394.67
Other bank balances	311.69	-	311.69
	6.08	-	6.08
Investments Trade receivables	7.394.83	(52.13)	7,342.70
Other financial assets	1,861.07		1,861.07

Ac at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and eash equivalents	1,476.45	-	1,476.45
Other bank balances	2,238,22		2,238.22
Investments	299.61	2	299.61
Trude receivables	6,201.71	(52.13)	6,149.58
Other financial assets	811.84	48 9	811.84

Reconciliation of expected credit loss for other financials asset and trade receivables:

Reconciliation of loss allowance	Trade receivables
Loss allowance on 31 March 2022	66.58
Allowance for expected credit loss (net)	(14.47)
Loss allowance on 31 March 2023	52.13
Allowance for expected credit loss (net)	10-
Loss allowance on 31 March 2024	52.13

B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Further, the Group manages its liquidity risk in a manner so as to meet its normal financial obligations without any significant delay or stress. Such risk is managed through ensuring operational cash flow while at the same time maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalents position. The management has arranged for diversified funding sources and adopted a policy of managing assets with liquidity in mind and monitoring future cash flows and liquidity on a regular basis. Surplus funds not immediately required are invested in certain financial assets which provide flexibility to liquidate at short notice such as fixed deposits with Bank etc.

The Group has developed appropriate internal control systems and contingency plans for managing liquidity risk. This incorporates an assessment of expected cash flows and availability of alternative sources for additional funding, if required.

Maturities of financial liabilities

me francial liabilities into relevant maturity arounings based on their contractual maturities.

The tables below analyse the Group's manicial habilities 31 March 2024	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives	3,774.36	280.16		4,054.52
Borrowings	6,002-30	280.10		6,002.30
Trade payable Other financial liabilities	1,359.96	-		1,359.96
Total	11,136.62	280.16		11,416.78

31 March 2023	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Da americana	3,668.17	427.81		4,095.98
Borrowings	9,090.02	24.7	-	9,090.02
Trade payable	246.04			246.04
Other financial liabilities				100000
Total	13,004.23	427.81		13,432.04

as had assess to following funding facilities:

	**	11-1
Total facility	Drawn	Undrawn*
4,840.00	3,570.34	1,269.66
4,200.00	3,716.60	483.40
		4,840.00 3,570.34

^{*}As at 31 March 2024, the Holding Company had made payment through issuance of cheques drawn on cash credit accounts, to various vendors aggregating to Rs. 927.03 million in the normal course of business (that got cleared subsequent to the year end), against the undrawn facility of Rs. 1,269.66 million available to the Holding Company. Such amounts have been presented as 'Book overdraft' under note 27.







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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

C) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates - will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

a) Liabilities

The Group has been availing the borrowings on a floating rate of interest based on bank MCLR. These borrowings are carried at amortised cost. The borrowings on a fixed rate of interest basis are not subject to the interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor future cash flows will fluctuate because of change in market interest rates. The horrowings on a variable rate of interest are subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107.

Sensitivity of profit and loss due to change in interest rate with respect to variable rate horrowings:

	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	0.5% increase	0.5% decrease	0.5% increase	0.5% decrease
Impact on statement of profit and loss	(22.50)	(22.50)	(18.58)	18.58

b) Assets

The Group's fixed deposits are carried at amortised cost and are fixed rate deposits. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency).

Particulars of unhedged foreign currency exposures as at the reporting date;

	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023		
Particulars	Currency Symbol	Amount in foreign currency (millions)	Amount in Rs. millions	Amount in foreign currency (millions)	Amount in Rs. millions
(i) Receivable/Loans/or any other FC asset		10.10		0.11	8.66
United States Dollar	USD	0.10	8.03	0.11	
Total		0.10	8.03	0.11	8.66
(ii) Payable/Borrowings/or any other FC lia	bility				789000
United States Dollar	USD	0.91	75.92	2.40	197.00
Singapore Dollar	SGD	0.01	0.31		
Total		0.92	76.22	2,40	197.00

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Group's profit before es in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities. Sensitivity due to unhedged foreign exchange exposures is as follows:

Particulars	Currency		As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
Tatteamo	Symbol	3% increase	3% decrease	3% increase	3% decrease	
(i) Receivable/Loans/e	or any other FC asset					W 20
United States Dollar		USD	0.24	(0.24)	0.26	(0.26)
Total			0.24	(0.24)	0,26	(0,26)

Particulars	Currency		As at 31 Marc	:h 2024	As at 31 Mar	ch 2023
r in the country	Symbol		3% decrease	3% increase	3% decrease	3% increase
(ii) Payable/Borrowing	s/or any other FC li	ability				55550
United States Dollar		USD	2.28	(2.28)	5.91	(5.91)
Singapore Dollar		SGD	0.01	(0.01)		-
Total			2,29	(2.29)	5.91	(5.91)

Foreign exchange derivatives and exposures outstandin Particulars	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
Tattedias	USD	Rs.	USD	Rs.
Hedging on account of underlying exposure	\$1907	(2002)		501.23
Hedged	0.68	56.68	6.10	
Unhedged - Open Exposure	0.92	76.22	2.40	197.00

Foreign exchange derivatives contracts at the year end:

M	laturity
Upto 6 months	More than 6 months

As at 31 March 2024

Foreign exchange forward contracts (highly probable forecast purchases)

Notional amount (USD)

Average forward rate

As at 31 March 2023

Foreign exchange forward contracts (highly probable forecast purchases)

Notional amount (USD)

Average forward rate



0.68
83.95

6.10 82.36



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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

43 Related party transactions

In accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 24, 'Related Party Disclosures', the names of the related party where control exists/able to exercise significant influence along with the transactions and year-end balances with them as identified and certified by the management are given below:

a) Details of related parties:

Description of relationship	Names of related parties
Joint Venture Company	AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited
Key management personnel (KMP)	
Chairman	Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka
Managing Director	Mr. Aditya Khemka
Independent Director	Ms. Ritu Khurana (till 01 November 2023)
Independent Director	Mr. Abhishek Dalmia
Independent Director	Ms. Ambika Sharma (w.e.f. 01 November 2023)
Independent Director	Mr. Manish Sharma (w.e.f. 01 November 2023)
Chief Financial Officer	Mr. Yogesh Sharma (w.e.f. 24 May 2024)
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	Ms. Roshni Tandon (w.e.f. 24 May 2024)
Relative of Key management personnel	Rishi Khemka (Son of Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka)
Relative of Key management personnel	Ananmay Khemka (Son of Mr. Aditya Khemka)
Relative of Key management personnel	Shradha Khemka (Wife of Mr. Aditya Khemka)
Enterprises having common KMPs/ under control of KMPs	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.
98 C - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	Aditya Security & Safety LLP
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP
	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust
	YPO Delhi Chapter
	YPO Gurgaon Chapter (w.e.f. 06 July 2023)
	Aditya Colonizers LLP

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

b) Statement of transactions with related parties -

articul	ment of transactions with related parties -	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023	
(i)	Sale of goods			
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	0.07	0.19	
	AII. Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	0.62	1.70	
(ii)	Business support services provided to			
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	6.00	6.00	
(iii)	Purchase of goods		0.0	
	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.			
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	11,986.92	9,463.3	
(iv)	Repayment of loan			
	Hari Shanker Khemka	12.50	2	
	Aditya Khemka	10.00		
	Rishi Khemka	300.00	-	
(v)	Expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of			
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP		0.1	
(vi)	Remuneration Paid*			
	Hari Shanker Khemka	34.80	28.2	
	Aditya Khemka	188.38	158.6	
	Ananmay Khemka	6.99	2.3	
(vii)	Interest on loan taken			
	Hari Shanker Khemka	0.78	1.3	
	Aditya Khemka	0.63	1.0	
	Rishi Khemka	4.98	1.1	
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	1.35	1.3	
(viii)	Rent expense paid/ payable			
	Aditya Khemka	7.50	6.0	
	Hari Shankar Khemka	7,50	4.2	
	Shradha Khemka	7.00	1.8	
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	1.59	0.5	
(ix)	Rental income	2.40	3.0	
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	2.48	0.1	
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP	0.13 0.18	0.1	
	Trend Setter Promotors LLP	0.16	0	
(x)	Electricity and water charges paid/ payable			
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	0.28		
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP	-	0.0	
(xi)	Electricity and water charges paid/ payable (reimbursed)	36000	9.0	
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	0.98	1.	

^{*} does not include provision made for gratuity and compensated absences as the same is determined for the Group as a whole.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

articula	rs	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
(xii)	Purchase of property, plant and equipment		
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	2 81	1.28
(xiii)	CSR Contribution		
	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust	19.65	10.6
(xiv)	Donation Paid		
	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust	0.30	0.8
	Professional charges paid/ payable	100	4.2
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	1.80	1.6
(xvi)	Membership and subscription charges paid/ payable	1/5	0.1
	YPO Delhi Chapter	1.65	0.1
	YPO Gurgaon Chapter	1.00	
(xvii)	Dividend Paid		1
	Hari Shanker Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	2.00	15.4
	Aditya Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	5.96	11,3
	Rishi Khernka	1.90	11.5
	Shradha Khemka	0.05	0.1
	Ananmay Khemka	0.09	0.0
(xviii)	Loan Proceeds		
	Rishi Khemka	1,50	300.0
(xix)	Travelling expense reimbursement		
1	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.		0.6
(xx)	Commission and Brokerage		
	Aditya Colonizers LLP		0.0
(xxi)	Advertisement and business promotion expenses	0.01	0.
	YPO Delhi Chapter	0.01	0
(xxii)	Buy back of shares [also refer note 21(f)]		050
	Hari Shanker Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)		259.
	Aditya Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUP)	-	191.
	Rishi Khemka	-	2.
	Shradha Khemka	7.0	194.
	Ananmay Khernka	-	0.
(xxiii)	Job work charges paid/ payable	0.32	
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	0.32	
(xxiv)	Loan given to	00.00	100
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	80.00	-
(xxv)	Interest Income on loan	2000	
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	2.92	
(xxvi)	Sale of Leasehold Land and PPE	440.004	
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	FO ECA 119.74	
(xxvii)	Director Sitting Fees	15	~
	Abhishek Dalmia Ambika Sharma	0.28	0.
	Ambika Sharma	0.11	
	Manish Sharma	0.14	
	Ritu Khurana	1/20	0 0

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

articul	ars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	
(i)	Trade Payables			
	AII. Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	399.33	2,795.80	
(ii)	Trade Receivables	227		
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	2.26	2.6	
(iii)	Investment in Joint Venture*			
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.		294.50	
(iv)	Borrowings		12.5	
	Hari Shanker Khemka	-	10.0	
	Aditya Khemka	(0.0	300.0	
	Rishi Khemka Trend Setter Promoters LLP	13.50	13.5	
(v)	Interest Payable		***	
0.000	Hari Shanker Khemka	HAS	0.2	
	Aditya Khemka	2.5	0.1	
	Rishi Khemka		1.0	
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	0.30	0.3	
(vi)	Remuneration Payable			
	Hari Shanker Khemka	0.65 13.19	0.6 10.2	
	Aditya Khemka	0.23	0.1	
	Ananmay Khemka	0.23	0.1	
(vii)	Other Receivables			
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP	5	0.1	
(viii)	Loan to group companies (gross)			
(,,,,)	All. Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	82.52		

^{*}Also refer note 52 for adjustment relating to loss incurred by joint venture

Terms and conditions with related parties

(i) All transactions with related parties are made on the terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and within the ordinary course of business. Outstanding balances at respective year ends are unsecured and settlement is generally done in cash.

(ii) The Group has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken at each reporting date.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

44 Capital management

The Group's capital includes issued share capital and all other distributable reserves. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maximise shareholder value and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Group has both long and short term borrowings.

Group's gearing ratio is: Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Long term borrowings	280.16	427.81
Short term borrowings (including current maturities of long term borrowings)	3,774.36	3,668.17
Less; Cash and cash equivalents	(394.67)	(1,476.45
Net debt (a)*	3,659.85	2,619.53
Total Equity (b)	4,242.09	3,115.94
Equity and not dobt (c = (a) + (b))	7,901.94	5,735.47
Gearing Ratio (d = a/c)	0.46	0.46

^{*}Excluding the impact of book overdaft (refer note 42B)

45 Employee benefits

The Group has adopted Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) - 19 for Employee Benefit as under:

Defined contribution plans

The Holding Company makes contribution towards employee's provident fund and employee's state insurance. The Holding Company has contributed Rs. 38.00 million (31 March 2023: Rs. 28.48 million) during the year ended 31 March 2024 as contribution towards these schemes.

Defined benefit plans

Gratuity (unfunded)

The Group has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee is entitled to gratuity as per the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The liability of Gratuity is recognized on the basis of actuarial valuation.

Salary increases	Actual salary increases will increase the plan's liability. Increase in salary increase rate assumption in future valuations will also increase the liability.
Discount rate	Reduction in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the plan's liability.
Moctality & disability	Actual deaths and disability cases proving lower or higher than assumed in the valuation can impact the liabilities.
Withdrawals	Actual withdrawals proving higher or lower than assumed withdrawals and change of withdrawal rates at subsequent valuations can impact plan's liability.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Present value of the obligation	104.75	74.41
Fair value of plan assets	75.62	60.95
Net liability/(prepaid assets)	29.13	13.46

ate recognised in statement of profit and loss:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Actuarial loss recognised during the year	19.97	(1.36

nses recognised in statement of profit and loss

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Current service cost	11.61	9.77
Past service cost	(1.33)	-
Interest cost (nct)	0.57	1.12
Cost recognised during the year	10.85	10.89











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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Movement in the liability recognised in the balance sheet is as under:

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	74.41	64.59	
Current service cost	11.61	9.77	
Past service cost	(1.33)	-	
Interest cost	5.48	4.56	
Actuarial (gain)/loss net			
Actuarial loss on arising from change in demographic assumption	5.52	-	
Actuarial loss on arising from change in financial assumption	11.84	(2.18)	
Actuarial loss on arising from experience adjustment	2.23	0.78	
Benefits paid	(5.01)	(3.11)	
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	104.75	74.41	

Movement in the plan assets recognised in the balance sheet is as under: Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Present value of plan value assets at the beginning of the year	60.94	44.27
Fransfer in/(out) plan assets	0.16	
Interest income	4.91	3.44
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in	(0.38)	(0.04
	15.00	16.39
Contributions by Employer	(5.01)	(3.11
Benefits paid Present value of plan value assets at the end of the year	75.62	60.95

The Holding Company expects to make a contribution of Rs. 16.01 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 2.61 million) to the defined benefit plans during the next financial year.

For determination of the liability of the Group the following actuarial assumptions were used:

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Discount rate	7.20%	7.50%
Salary escalation rate	10.00%	8.00%
Retirement age: (Years)		
Withdrawal cate		
Less than 30 years	11.00%	3.00%
From 30 to less 44 years	11.00%	3.00%
44 years and above	11.00%	3.00%
Weighted average duration of PBO	7.44	12.43

Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation: Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Weighted Average Duration (Years) as at valuation date	7.44 Years	12.43 Year
The Expected maturity analysis of discounted defined benefit liability is as follows:	-	
Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Within next 1 year	9.97	
	9.97 35.56	2.61 14.81
Within next 1 year Between 1-5 years Over 5 years	The state of the s	

Sensitivity analysis for gratuity liability: Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	104.75	74.41	
a) Impact of the change in discount rate			
Impact due to increase of 0.5 %	-3.38%	-5.51%	
Impact due to decresse of 0.5 %	3.60%	5.99%	
b) Impact of the change in salary increase			
Impact due to increase of 0.5 %	2.36%	-3.819	
Impact due to decrease of 0.5 %	-2.41%	3.929	
b) Impact of the change in withdrawal rate			
Impact due to increase of 10 %	-0.41%	0.31%	
Impact due to decrease of 10 %	0.36%	-0.36%	

Sensitivities due to mortality is not material. Hence impact of change is not calculated.

Sensitivities as to rate of inflation, rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement and life expectancy are not applicable being a lump sum benefit on retirement.







CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

46 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

A. Contingent liabilities

(i) Inland bank guarantees

31 March 2024 31 March 2023 49.67 50.17 49.67 50.17

(ii) Income-tax matters

(a) An Income Tax survey under section 133 A of Income- tax Act, 1961 was carried out at the Holding Company's premises on 18 February 2019. During the course of the survey, the tax officials raised certain concerns and insisted on declaration of additional income amounting to Rs. 403.82 million. The Holding Company's Board of Directors considered all the points raised by the survey team and were of the considered view that no additional income needs to be offered to tax as the actual income for the said assessment year has been correctly /duly accounted for in the books of

The Assessment proceedings for the said assessment year have got concluded by the Assessing Officer (AO), who vide order dated 30 September 2021 has raised tax demand of Rs.189.59 million (31 March 2023: Rs.189.59 million) and has also initiated penalty proceedings. The Holding Company has contested the said order before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) wherein the Holding Company has contended that the AO has erred both on facts and in law, in making the additions, ignoring the settled position of law that the statements recorded during the course of survey has no evidentiary value and cannot be regarded as conclusive evidence and that the AO has made additions without bringing on record any contrary evidence in respect of the submissions made by the Holding Company. The Holding Company had deposited Rs. 38.00 million under protest and the appeal in the matter is currently pending disposal. During the previous year 2022-23, the Holding Company received an order u/s 154 dated 09 May 2022 raising the demand of Rs. 7.80 million on account of wrong calculation of interest u/s 234D in the order dated 30 September 2021. Further, during the financial year 2023-24, rejoinder to remand report has been filed on 16 June 2023 however, the final hearing before Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) is yet to be fixed. Based on inputs by tax experts, the management believes that the chances of any liability devolving on the Group in the above matter is not probable and accordingly, no adjustment is currently necessary in these consolidated financial statements at this stage.

(iii) Indirect tax matters

(a) VAT matters Demands raised under respective VAT Acts Amounts paid under protest

(b) GST matters*

Demands raised under GST regulations (other than matters under*) Amounts paid under protest

(c) Customs matters

Demands raised under Customs Act Amounts paid under protest

31 March 2024	31 March 2023
12.19	14.76
1.02	2.98
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
4.95	4.53
0.49	0.24
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
26-89	20.73
1.65	0.22

Based on inputs by tax experts, the management believes that the chances of any liability devolving on the Group in the above matters is not probable and accordingly, no adjustment is currently necessary in these consolidated financial statements at this stage.

*The Holding Company has received multiple show cause notices from Goods and Services Tax ("GST") authorities of the State of Tamil Nadu, Telangana, West Bengal, Kamataka, Punjab, Rajasthan and Kerala, in relation to dues under the Goods and Services Tax Regulations (both Central and State Goods and Service Tax Acts and Rules thereunder), aggregating to Rs.31.47 million for the financial years 2017-2018 to 2021-2022, on account of differences between ITC claimed in Form GSTR-3B vs ITC appearing in GSTR-2A, difference between turnover reported in GSTR-1 and GSTR-3B etc.

The Holding Company has already filed appropriate replies against the above show cause notices, against which the authorities are yet to respond. As assessed by the management, issues raised in the above notices are arbitrary in nature and the Holding Company's management believes that the likelihood of any liability devolving on the Holding Company is not probable and hence, no adjustment is considered necessary in these consolidated financial statements at this stage.

- (iv) Claims by customers (alongwith interest) in the normal course of business may be payable as and when the outcome of the related matters are finally determined. Management based on the legal inputs and historic trends, believes that no material liability will devolve on the Group, in respect of such matters.
- (v) In addition to above, the Group's share of joint venture's contingent liability amounts to Rs. 165.63 million (31 March 2023; Rs. Nil).

Estimated amount of contract remaining to be executed on capital and other commitments not provided for (net of advances) is Rs. 613.90 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 11.45 million). Apart from above mentioned amount, certain purchase orders issued to suppliers are for open quantities, during the normal course of business.

C. E- waste (Management)

Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change has issued E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2022, as amended ("E-waste Rules"), which requires the producers to obtain and implement extended producer responsibility targets as per Schedule III and Schedule IV of the said Rules. Basis management's internal assessment of E-waste rules, management believes that the Holding Company has an obligation to fulfil the Extended Producer Responsibility targets, only if it is a participant in the market during a financial year. The obligation for the financial year are measured based on sales made in the preceding years.

During the current year, as per the directions given by Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB), the Company has fulfilled its obligation for the current financial year. Basis management assessment and in accordance with Appendix B of Ind AS 37, 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets', the Group will have an e-waste obligation for future years, only if it participates in the

market in such years.







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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

47 Dividend

- a) The Holding Company's Board of Directors at their meeting held on 23 October 2023 recommended dividend on equity shares @ Rs. 4.88 per equity share for the financial year 2022-23 that was approved by the shareholders in their Annual General Meeting held on 28 October 2023. The total outgo as dividend to the shareholders during the year amounted to Rs. 10 million.
- b) The Holding Company's Board of Directors at their meeting held on 02 August 2024 have proposed final dividend on equity shares @ Rs. 1.76 per equity share for the financial year 2023-24 (total ontgo being Rs. 180 million), subject to approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

48 Corporate Social Responsibility

45 COT POTATE ATTEMPT ACCEPTANTOMY	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Amount required to be spent by the Holding Company during the year	19.44	10.73
Amount of expenditure incurred	19.65	10.74
Shortfall at the end of the year	1 1	
Total of previous years shortfall		-
Reason for shortfall		
Details of related party transactions	Refer Note 43	Refer Note 43

Nature of CSR activities includes donation to education institutions, hospitals etc. through its related party. Such activities are covered under eligible CSR activities under Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

49 Segment information

The Group has only one operating segment and is primarily engaged in the business of trading of security and survelliance equipments. Accordingly, the figures appearing in these consolidated financial statements relate to the Group's single operating segment. The Board of Directors consider trading of security and survelliance equipments and related activities as the main business of the Group. Accordingly, there are no other separate reportable segments in terms of Ind AS 108 on 'Operating Segments'.

(a) There are no major customers having revenue of more than 10% of the reportable segment.

(b) Information about geographical areas: The Group sale goods and provides services to customers which are domiciled in India as well as outside India. The amount of revenue from external customers broken down by the location of the customers is as follows:

Attributed to the Holding Company's country of domicile, India Attributed to foreign countries

For the year ended 31 March 2024		For the year ended 31 March 2023
-	27,737.20	22,734.54
	87.06	110.93
	27,824.26	22,845.47

50 Other disclosures

50.1 The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment, received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India, however, the date on which the Code will come into effect is yet to be notified and final rules/ interpretation are yet to be issued. The Group will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code and the rules thereon becomes effective.

50.2 Details of assets pledged

The carrying values of assets pledged as security against borrowings are as under:

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	214.82	264.28
Right-of-use assets	18.47	204.92
Investment property	3.79	4.08
Total	237.08	473.28
Current assets		
Inventories	5,092.05	5,110.50
Trade receivables	7,342.70	6,149.58
Total	12,434.75	11,260.08

- 50.3 Research and development costs incurred during the year ended 31 March 2024 that have been capitalised, aggregates to Rs. 89.75 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 21.87 million). Research and development costs that were not eligible for capitalisation and have been expensed off during the year ended 31 March 2024, aggregates to Rs. 63.24 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 56.03 million).
- 51. Pursuant to Transfer Memorandum dated 12 June 2018, the New Okhla Industrial Development Authority ("Noida Authority") transferred the allotment and lease of the land located at 12A, Sector 135, Noida, Ultar Pradesh, in Holding Company's favour, that the Group has been carrying as "Right of use Asser" as per Ind AS 116. As per the terms of the transfer memorandum and the lease deed, the Holding Company was required to undertake construction/ development activity on the said land within the prescribed timelines. The Noida Authority vide its letter dated 24 March 2022 had granted extension for completion of construction till 31 December 2022 and the Holding Company had initiated the construction and development activities by awarding of the contracts/ work orders for site cleaning, soil investigation and architectural services. However, the Holding Company could not complete the construction activities by the prescribed date, consequent to which the Noida Authority, relying on the Government of Ultar Pradesh Ordinance dated 7 January 2022 ("Ordinance"), issued a show cause noise dated 19 January 2023 for cancellation of the lease deed and subsequently, vide its letter dated 19 May 2023 cancelled the lease deed and allotment of the said land.

The Holding Company approached the Noida Authority for revocation of cancellation and restoration of the allotment of said land and had also filed a letter dated 5 September 2023. On 20 December 2023, vide amendment to the Ordinance dated 7 January 2022, the State Government extended the time period for development of lessed lands till 31 December 2024 for all allottees. Further, on 11 March 2024, the State Government vide its order number 1631/77-424/123/Appeal/23, set aside the Noida Authority's order dated 19 May 2023 and restored the allotment of said land in Company's favour, subject to payment of extension charges, that the Holding Company discharged on 24 May 2024. Subsequently, the Holding Company recommenced the construction and development activities at the project site that are currently progressing at full pace. The management, taking into consideration the current progress of work, is confident of completing the construction/ development activities on the said land within the prescribed timelines and accordingly, believes that no adjustment is necessary in these constributed financial statements at this stage.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

52. In January 2024, the joint venture entity. All Dixon Technologies Private Limited ("All Dixon") had suffered loss of stock due to fire at the custom bonded warehouse resulting in destruction of stock of Rs. 1,769,94 million. The management of All Dixon promptly filed the claims with the warehouse owner and the insurance provider for recovery of such loss and had assessed full recovery of the loss upon conclusion of the insurance procedures.

As at 31 March 2023, the Holding Company held investment in AIL Dixon at a carrying value of Rs 294.50 million, and on the basis of audited financial information of AIL Dixon, its share of profit and share of other comprehensive loss for the year ended 31 March 2024 amounts to Rs 42.94 million and Rs, 0.21 million, respectively.

However, during the process of compiling of consolidated financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ("AIL"), the Group management has reassessed the claims towards loss of stock filed by AIL Dixon and taking into consideration factors like the warehouse owners net worth/ financial capability and insurance cover held vis-à-vis the value of goods stored, has concluded that full recovery of loss is not probable. Consequently, the Group management on prodent basis, has recognised its proportionate share in such loss equivalent to the amount of opening carrying value of its investment in AIL Dixon i.e. Rs. 294.50 million and has presented such loss as 'exceptional item' in the Consolidated Statement of profit and loss for the year.

53. Events after the reporting period

(i) On 8 July 2024, the Holding Company entered into Share Subscription and Purchase Agreement ("SSPA") with Dixon Technologies India Limited ("Dixon") and AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited ("AIL Dixon") for acquiring 95,00,000 fully paid-up equity shares of Rs. 10 each representing balance 50% equity share capital of AIL Dixon—the joint venture company, for consideration other than each through and in exchange of issuance of additional 7,305,805 equity shares of Re. 1 each representing 6,50% equity share capital on a fully diluted basis, of the Holding Company. Such acquisition is subject to fulfillment of extain condition precedents including receipt of regulatory approvals. Post fulfillment of all formalities and acquisition of control, AIL Dixon shall become wholly owned subsidiary of the Holding Company.

(ii) Subsement to the year end, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company at its meeting held on 12 June 2024 approved the following:

a) Increase in the authorised share capital from existing 5,050,000 equity shares to 15,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each, which was subsequently approved by the shareholders through ordinary resolution passed in their Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 17 June 2024;

b) Sub-division of the existing authorised share capital of the Holding Company from 15,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 cach into 150,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 1 cach and existing paid-up capital from 2,050,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 cach to 20,500,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 cach to 20,500,000 equity shares of Rs. 1 cach, which was approved by the shareholders through an ordinary resolution passed in their Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 17 June 2024;

c) Post sub-division of the existing authorised and issued share capital as above, the Board had approved the bonus issue of four new equity shares for every one share held on record date, which was subsequently approved by the shareholders through an ordinary resolution passed in their Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 17 June 2024. Consequently, the Holding Company allotted 82,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 1 each by way of bonus issue to its shareholders in the ratio of 4:1 on 17 June 2024.

54. Additional regulatory information not disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements

(a) The Group does not have any transactions with struck-off companies under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.

- (b) The Group has not undertaken any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961).
- (c) The Group has not been declared a "Wilful Defaulter" by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.

(d) The Group has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

- (e) The Group does not have any Benami property and no proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property, under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- (f) The Group does not have any charge or satisfaction of charge which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

(g) The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the current and previous financial year.

(h) The Group has not advanced or provided loan to or invested funds in any cutity(ics) including foreign entities (Intermediaties) or to any other person(s), with the understanding that the Intermediaty shall:

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(i) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(i) The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Pacty (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(i) The Group has been sanctioned facilities from the banks on the basis of security of current assets. The periodic returns filed by the Group with such banks are in agreement with the books of accounts of the Group.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

55. Additional disclosure required under Schedule III of the Act of the entities consolidated as subsidiary and joint venture

As at 31 March 2024 Name of the entity	Net assets i.e. total assets minus total liabilities		Share in statement of profit and loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of Amour	Amount	As % of	Amount	As % of	Amount	As % of	Amount
	Consolidated net assets	(Rs. in million)	Consolidated profit/(loss) after tax	(Rs. in million)	Consolidated other comprehensive income	(Rs. in million)	Consolidated total comprehensive income	(Rs. in million)
Holding Company								
Aditya Infotech Limited	101.85%	4,320.36	125.55%	1,446.00	95.98%	(14.94)	125.96%	1,431.05
Subsidiary								
Foreign					-			100
Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	0.43%	18.13	0.02%	0.22	0.00%		0.02%	0.27
Joint Venture								
Indian								
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited (also refer note 52)	0.00%	•	-25.57%	(294.50)	0.00%	-	-25.92%	(294.50)
Eliminations and consolidation adjustments	-2.27%	(96.40)	0.00%	-	4.02%	(0.63)	0.06%	(0.63
Total	100%	4,242.09	100%	1,151.72	100%	(15.57)	100%	1,136.15

Co	Net assets i.e. total assets minus total liabilities		Share in statement of profit and loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of	Amount (Rs. in million)	As % of	Amount	As % of Consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount (Rs. in million)	As % of Consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount (Rs. in million)
	Consolidated net assets		Consolidated profit	(Rs. in million)				
Holding Company								
Aditya Infotech Limited	93.05%	2,899.31	94.30%	1,021.33	87.82%	1.02	94.29%	1,022.35
Subsidiaries								
Foreign				1				
Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd	0.59%	18.53	0.09%	1.00	0.00%		0.09%	1.00
Joint Venture								
Indian				2				
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	9.45%	294.50	6.13%	66.37	11.58%	0.13	6.13%	66.50
Eliminations and consolidation adjustments	-3.09%	(96.40)	-0.52%	(5.59)	0.60%		-0.51%	
Total	100%	3,115.94	100%	1,083.11	100%	1.16	100%	1,084.27

(This space has been intentionally left blank.)



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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

56 Group information

(a) Information about subsidiaries and joint venture Name of the Company Relationship with Holding Company		Nature of business	Country of	Proportion of ownership interest (%)		
	-11. W. C.	incorporation	31 March 2024	31 March 2023		
Sheuzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	Subsidiary	Business Consultancy Service	China	100%	100%	
AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd. (also refer note 53)	Joint venture	Manufacturing and trading of goods	India	50%	50%	

(b) Summarised financial information for joint venture

The table below provides summarised financial information for joint venture that is material to the Holding Company. The information disclosed reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the relevant joint venture and not Aditya Infotech Limited's share of those amounts. They have been amended to reflect adjustments made by the entity when using the equity method, including fair value adjustments made at the time of acquisition and modifications for differences in accounting policies, if any.

Summarised balance sheet Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current assets	20000	6900
Cash and cash equivalents	836.20	25.92
Other assets	4,505.66	5,284.19
Total current assets	5,341.86	5,310.11
Property, plant and equipment	952.59	493.89
Capital work-in-progress	10.97	264.31
Right -of-use asset	105.91	110.36
Other non-current assets	20.57	19.78
Total non-current assets	1,090.04	888,34
Current liabilities	70-23-20	
Financial liabilities	5,480.48	5,311.47
Other liabilities	5.50	3.58
Total current liabilities	5,485.98	5,315.05
Non-current liabilities		
Financial liabilities	162.51	195.76
Other liabilities	41.91	31.63
Total non-current liabilities	204.42	227.39
Net assets	741.50	656.01

Summarised statement of profit and loss Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	12,652.52	9,845.81
Revenue	1.68	2.98
Other income	12,654.20	9,848.79
Total income		9,185.77
Cost of goods sold	11,761.54	57332650
Employee benefits expense	170.94	88.19
Finance costs	35.04	15.67
Depreciation and amortisation	70.61	36.15
Other expenses	474.55	275.84
Profit before tax	141.52	247.17
	55,62	57.43
Tax expense	85.90	189.74
Profit for the year		0.27
Other comprehensive income	(0.42)	
Total comprehensive income	85.48	190.01

Reconciliation to carrying amount of investment Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Opening net assets	713.04	523,03
Profit (loss) for the year*	(1,684.05)	189.74
Other comprehensive income	(0.42)	0.27
Closing net assets	(971.43)	713.04
Holding Company's share in %	50%	50%
Company's share in Indian Rupees**		356.52
Less: Unrealised profit on upstream and downstream transactions**	4	(62.02
Carrying amount		294.50

^{*} Includes adjustment on account of loss incorred by joint venture due to fire (also refer note 52)

^{**} Unrecognised share of loss of the Group in the joint venture amounts to Rs. 590.47 million (31 March 2023: Rs. Nil)





ADITYA INFOTECH LTD.

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

57 The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a new requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled.

The Holding Company and its joint venture have used accounting software for maintaining their books of account, where the feature of recording audit trail has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except for the instance mentioned below:

For the holding company, the audit trail (edit logs) feature for any direct changes made at the database level was not enabled for the accounting software used for maintenance of accounting records and after sales services. However, the audit trail (edit log) at the application level of the accounting software were operating for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.

- 58 Certain previous year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. Such reclassification did not have any impact on the current year consolidated financial statements.
- 59 The figures have been rounded off to the nearest million of ropees upto two decimal places. The figure 0.00 wherever stated represents value less than Rs. 50,000/-.

In terms of our report attached of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Neeme mitte

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

CHANDION & COLLEGE CHANDION & CO

Place: Gurugram Date: 02 August 2024 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida Date: 02 August 2024 Kditya Khemka Managing Director DIN 00514552

Hoshni Tandon Company Secretary

