

ADITYA INFOTECH LTD.

Corporate Office: Khemka Square, A-11 & 12, Sector 4, NOIDA - 201301 (NCR-Delhi) INDIA CIN NO: U74899DL1995PLC066784, Tel: +91 120 4555 666 Fax: +91 120 4555 600



Email: sales@adityagroup.com Website: www.adityagroup.com

NOTICE OF TWENTY EIGHTH (28th) ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE is hereby given that the 28th Annual General Meeting of Aditya Infotech Limited is scheduled to be held on Saturday, October 28, 2023 at the Registered Office of the Company situated at F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase-1, Delhi - 110020 at 14:00 HRS at a shorter notice to transact the following businesses:

ORDINARY BUSINESSES:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modifications, the following resolution as Ordinary Resolutions:

1. TO RECEIVE, CONSIDER AND ADOPT STANDALONE AND CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

To receive, consider and adopt the Standalone and Consolidated Annual Audited Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statement of Profit & Loss Account for the year ended on that date together with the Schedules and Notes attached thereto, along with the Reports of the Auditors and Directors thereon and pass the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of section 129 and section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder and any amendment made thereto, the audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statement of Profit & Loss Account for the year ended on that date together with the Schedules and Notes attached thereto, along with the Reports of the Auditors and Directors thereon be and the same are hereby received, considered and adopted."

2. TO RE-APPOINT MR. ADITYA KHEMKA (DIN-00514552) AS THE DIRECTOR, WHO RETIRES BY ROTATION AT THIS MEETING AND BEING ELIGIBLE. OFFERS HIMSELF FOR RE-APPOINTMENT

To consider and if thought fit to approve re-appointment of Mr. Aditya Khemka as the Director of the Company and pass the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to provisions of section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder and any amendment made thereto, Mr. Aditya Khemka (DIN: 00514552), who retires by rotation at this meeting and being eligible has offered himself for re-appointment, be and is hereby reappointed as Director of the Company whose office shall be liable to retire by rotation."

3. TO DECLARE FINAL DIVIDEND ON EQUITY SHARES OF THE COMPANY

To consider and if thought fit to declare final dividend on equity shares of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2023 at INR 4.88/- approx. (Indian Rupees Four and Eight Eighty Paisa approximately) per Equity Share of INR10/- (Indian Rupees Ten only) each aggregating to INR 1,00,00,000/- (Indian Rupees One Crore only) on equity share capital of the Company and pass the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

Regd. Off.: F-28, Okhla, Industrial Area, Phase - 1, New Delhi-110 020 (INDIA)

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"RESOLVED THAT the final dividend on equity shares for the year ended March 31, 2023 at INR 4.88/-approx.. per Equity Share of INR 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten only) each aggregating to INR 1,00,00,000/- (Indian Rupees One Crore only) on equity share capital of the Company as recommended by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 23.10.2023 be and is hereby approved and declared by the Shareholders of the Company."

SPECIAL BUSINESSES:

4. TO CONSIDER AND APPROVE RE-APPOINTMENT OF MR. HARI SHANKER KHEMKA AS THE CHAIRMAN CUM WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR:

To consider and if thought fit to approve re-appointment of Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka as the Chairman cum Whole Time Director of the Company and in this regard, pass the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 152(6), Section 196(3), Section 197 and Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013 along with the rules made thereunder, each as amended ("Companies Act") and other applicable provisions thereof, if any and provisions of Articles of Association of the Company, the consent of the shareholders of the Company be and is hereby accorded to re-appoint Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka as Chairman Cum Whole Time Director of the Company for another term of five (5) years commencing from the date of passing of this resolution by the Shareholders of the Company till next five years and shall be liable to retire by rotation.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka shall be entitled to receive the remuneration as in the manner as detailed below:

- 1. Salary of INR. 25,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Twenty Five Lakhs only) per month;
- Rent-free accommodation etc. which shall not exceed INR. 12,50,000/- (Indian Rupees Twelve Lakhs Fifty Thousand only) per month;
- 3. Other Benefits & Perquisites as per the Company's policy not exceeding INR. 4,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Four Lakh only) per month.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board took note of the declaration made by Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka in Form No. DIR-8 confirming that he is not disqualified under Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013 from acting as a director of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT notwithstanding anything stated herein, where in any financial year during the tenure of Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka, the Company has no profits or its profits are inadequate to pay the aforementioned remuneration, the Company shall pay the above remuneration, benefits and amenities as the minimum remuneration by way of salary, performance pay, other allowances and benefits and that the perquisites pertaining to contribution to provident fund, superannuation fund or annuity fund, gratuity and leave encashment shall not be included in the computation of the ceiling on remuneration payable to Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka, within the limits as approved by the Shareholders of the Company from time to time,

basis on the recommendation received from the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, the Board took note the disclosure made by Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka in Form No. MBP-1 confirming his nature of interest in other bodies corporate as required under Section 184 of the Companies Act, 2013.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT all the Directors of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such other acts, deeds and things which are necessary in relation to the appointment of Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka as a Chairman cum Whole Time Director of the Company, including filing of the necessary forms with the Registrar of Companies, NCT of Delhi and Haryana, at New Delhi.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT certified copies of this resolution be provided to those concerned under the hands of a Director wherever required."

5. TO CONSIDER AND APPROVE REVISION OF REMUNERATION OF MR. ADITYA KHEMKA, MANAGING DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL YEAR 2023-24

To consider and if thought fit to approve revision of remuneration of Mr. Aditya Khemka, Managing Director of the Company for the financial year 2023-24 and in this regard, pass the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT in partial modification of the earlier resolution passed by the Shareholders of the Company at their meeting held on March 27, 2023 and pursuant to the provisions of Sections 178 and 197 or any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Schedule V of the Act and the rules made thereunder and the Articles of Association of the Company including any statutory modification thereof, and on the recommendation made by the Board of Directors, the Shareholders of the Company be and hereby approved the revised remuneration of Mr. Aditya Khemka, Managing Director of the Company for financial year commencing from April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024, in the manner as detailed below:

- 1. Salary of INR. 42,50,000/- (Indian Rupees Forty Two Lakhs Fifty Thousand only) per month;
- 2. Tour and travel expenses INR. 3,50,00,000/-(Indian Rupees Three Crore Fifty Lakhs) annually;
- 3. Other benefits & perquisites as per Company's policy not exceeding INR. 4,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Four lakhs only) per month.

4. Performance Linked Incentive shall be payable as follows:

a)	0.35% on Total Net Sales/ Net Turnover	Payable on Monthly/Annually basis on actual sales.
b)	0.35% additional incentive on Net Incremental Sales/ Net Turnover	Payable on Monthly/Annually for each financial year based on sales of immediately preceding financial year.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT notwithstanding anything stated herein, where in any financial year during the tenure of Mr. Aditya Khemka, the Company has no profits or its profits are inadequate to pay the aforementioned remuneration, the Company shall pay the above remuneration, benefits and amenities including the performance based linked incentive, as the minimum remuneration by way of salary, performance pay, other allowances and benefits and that the perquisites pertaining to contribution to

provident fund, superannuation fund or annuity fund, gratuity and leave encashment shall not be included in the computation of the ceiling on remuneration payable to Mr. Aditya Khemka, within the limits as approved by the Shareholders of the Company from time to time, basis on the recommendation received from the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT all the Directors of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such other acts, deeds and things which are necessary in relation to the aforesaid matter including but not limiting to filing of the necessary forms with the Registrar of Companies, NCT of Delhi and Haryana, at New Delhi.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT certified copies of this resolution be provided to those concerned under the hands of a Director wherever required."

6. TO CONSIDER AND APPROVE APPOINTMENT OF MS. AMBIKA SHARMA AS A NON-EXECUTIVE INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR:

To consider and if thought fit to approve appointment of Ms. Ambika Sharma as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company and in this regard, pass the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 152, 161, Schedule IV and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read along with the rules made thereunder, each as amended ("Companies Act") and other applicable provisions thereof, if any, Ms. Ambika Sharma (DIN:08201798), who has submitted the requisite disclosures and declaration that she meets the criteria for appointment as a Non-Executive Independent Director under the Companies Act, 2013 and is eligible for such appointment be and is hereby appointed as a Non-Executive Independent Director on the board of directors of the Company (the "Board" or "Board of Directors"), who shall hold office for a term of five (5) years commencing with effect from November 1, 2023 till October 31, 2028 and shall not be liable to retire by rotation.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Ms. Ambika Sharma shall be entitled to receive sitting fees for attending meetings of the Board or any committees thereof and such other remuneration as may be determined by the Board of Directors of the Company from time to time.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, the Board took note of the declaration in writing from Ms. Ambika Sharma in Form No. DIR-8 confirming that she is not disqualified under Section 164 of the Companies Act from acting as a director of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, the Board took note of the disclosure in writing from Ms. Ambika Sharma in Form No. MBP-1 confirming her nature of interest in other bodies corporate as required under Section 184 of the Companies Act, 2013.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, the Board took note of the declaration in writing from Ms. Ambika Sharma confirming that she meets the criteria for independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board took note of the consent letter in the Form DIR-2 received from Ms. Ambika Sharma providing her consent to act a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the terms of appointment of independent director pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 shall be such as mutually agreed between Ms. Ambika Sharma and the Board of Directors of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka and Mr. Aditya Khemka, Directors of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds and things which are necessary in relation to the appointment of Ms. Ambika Sharma as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company, including filing of the necessary forms with the Registrar of Companies, NCT of Delhi and Haryana, at New Delhi.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT certified copies of this resolution be provided to those concerned under the hands of a Director wherever required."

7. TO CONSIDER AND APPROVE APPOINTMENT OF MR. MANISH SHARMA AS A NON-EXECUTIVE INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR:

To consider and if thought fit to approve appointment of Mr. Manish Sharma as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company and in this regard, pass the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 152, 161, Schedule IV and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 along with the rules made thereunder, each as amended ("Companies Act") and other applicable provisions thereof, if any, Mr. Manish Sharma (DIN:06549914), who has submitted the requisite disclosures and declaration that he meets the criteria for appointment as a Non-Executive Independent Director under the Companies Act and is eligible for such appointment be and is hereby appointed as a Non-Executive Independent Director on the board of directors of the Company (the "Board" or "Board of Directors"), who shall hold office for a term of five (5) years commencing with effect from November 1, 2023 till October 31, 2028 and shall not be liable to retire by rotation.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Mr. Manish Sharma shall be entitled to receive sitting fees for attending meetings of the Board or any committees thereof and such other remuneration as may be determined by the Board from time to time.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, the Board took note of the declaration in writing from Mr. Manish Sharma in Form No. DIR-8 confirming that he is not disqualified under Section 164 of the Companies Act from acting as a director of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, the Board took note of the disclosure in writing from Mr. Manish Sharma in Form No. MBP-1 confirming his nature of interest in other bodies corporate as required under Section 184 of the Companies Act, 2013.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, the Board took note of the declaration in writing from Mr. Manish Sharma confirming that he meets the criteria for independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board took note of the consent letter in the Form DIR-2 received from Mr. Manish Sharma providing his consent to act a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the terms of appointment of independent director pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 shall be such as mutually agreed between Mr. Manish Sharma and the Board of Directors of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka and Mr. Aditya Khemka, Directors of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds and things which are necessary in relation to the appointment of Mr. Manish Sharma as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company, including filing of the necessary forms with the Registrar of Companies, NCT of Delhi and Haryana, at New Delhi.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT certified copies of this resolution be provided to those concerned under the hands of a Director wherever required."

By the order of the Board For Aditya Infotech Limited

Hari Shanker Khemka Chairman (DIN: 00514501) Add.: B-51, Greater Kailash-01,

Delhi-110048

Date: October 23, 2023

Place: NOIDA

NOTES:

- 1. Section 105(2): A SHAREHOLDER ENTITLED TO ATTEND THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (THE "MEETING") IS ALSO ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND INSTEAD OF HIMSELF/HERSELF, AND SUCH A PROXY NEED NOT BE A SHAREHOLDER OF THE COMPANY SUBJECT TO PROVISIONS OF THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION. THE PROXY FORM IN ORDER TO BE EFFECTIVE MUST BE DEPOSITED WITH THE COMPANY NOT LESS THAN 48 HOURS BEFORE THE TIME FIXED FOR COMMENCEMENT OF THE MEETING. THE PROXY FORM IN THE PRESCRIBED FORMAT MGT-11 IS ATTACHED FOR DOING THE NEEDFUL, IF REQUIRED.
- 2. A person can act as a proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty and holding in the aggregate not more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights. A member holding more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights may appoint a single person as proxy and such person shall not act as a proxy for any other person or shareholder.
- 3. Section 105(8): Requirement of giving three days' notice by a member for inspecting the proxies lodged Every Member entitled to vote at a meeting of the Company, or on any resolution to be moved in the meeting, shall be entitled to inspect the proxies lodged by giving not less than 3 days' written notice of his/her intention of doing the inspection.

- 4. Corporate Members intending to send their authorized representative to attend the meeting are requested to send a certified copy of the Board Resolution/ authorization letter, authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting.
- 5. Explanatory statement as required under section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of Special Business under item no.3, 4, 5 & 6 is annexed.
- 6. Members are requested to notify any change in their address/ mandate/ other details immediately to the Company at its registered office.
- 7. The documents, if any referred to in the resolution mentioned are available for inspection during 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m. up to the Meeting except holidays at the Registered Office of the Company and copies thereof shall also be made available for inspection at the venue of Meeting.
- 8. Section 170: Register of Directors and their shareholding
 In accordance with the requirement of the Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013, register of Directors and their shareholding shall be kept open for inspection by the Members and shall also be made accessible to any person attending the Annual General Meeting.
- 9. Section 189: Register of Contracts or arrangements in which directors are interested In accordance with the requirement of the Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, register of Contracts or arrangements in which directors are interested shall be placed at the Annual General Meeting and shall also remain open and accessible to any person having right to attend the meeting during the continuance of the said meeting.

10. Route map to the venue of the meeting is annexed.

By the order of the Board For Aditya Infotech Limited

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman (ĐÍN: 00514501)

Add.: B-51, Greater Kailash-01, Delhi-110048

Date: October 23, 2023

Place: NOIDA



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Corporate Office: Khemka Square, A-11 & 12, Sector 4, NOIDA - 201301 (NCR-Delhi) INDIA CIN NO: U74899DL1995PLC066784, Tel: +91 120 4555 666 Fax: +91 120 4555 600

Email: sales@adityagroup.com Website: www.adityagroup.com



Explanatory Statement

(Pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013)

Item No. 4:

The Shareholder are informed that Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka is turning to seventy (70) years of age in the coming month i.e. on November 8, 2023 however his spirit and enriched experience is very much required for the growth, development and expansion of Business operations of the Company, hence the Board is of the opinion that it is important to re-appoint Mr. Hari Shanker as the Chairman cum Whole Time Director of the Company for another term of five (5) years.

pursuant to the provisions of Section 152(6) and Section 196(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 along with the rules made thereunder, each as amended ("Companies Act") and other applicable provisions thereof, if any and provisions of Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka is proposed to be reappointed as the Chairman cum Whole Time Director of the Company, in accordance with applicable laws, including the Companies Act, 2013

The Board of Directors has recommended the appointment of Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka as the Chairman cum Whole Time Director of the Company for a term of five (5) years at the in the manner as detailed below subject to him being continuing to satisfy the criteria of being appointed as Director in terms of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, and shall be liable to retire by rotation.

- 1. Salary of INR. 25,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Twenty Five Lakhs only) per month;
- 2. Rent-free accommodation etc. which shall not exceed INR. 12,50,000/- (Indian Rupees Twelve Lakhs Fifty Thousand only) per month;
- 3. Other Benefits & Perquisites as per the Company's policy not exceeding INR. 4,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Four Lakh only) per month.

The Company has received the requisite disclosures and declaration from Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka as required under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Keeping in view his rich knowledge and experience, which could be utilized to put appropriate strategies for growth of business activities of the Company, it was thought fit to propose the appointment of Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka as the Chairman cum Whole Time Director of the Company.

Further, the information as required under Section II (iv) of Part II of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 is as follows:

l.	I. GENERAL INFORMATION						
1.	Nature of Industry	Information Technology, Security & Surveillance					
	Date of commencement of commercial production	The Company was incorporated on 27.03.1995 and the commencement of business certificate was received on 21.04.1995.					

Regd. Off.: F-28, Okhla, Industrial Area, Phase - 1,

New Delhi-110 020 (INDIA)

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3.	In case of new companies, expected date of commencement of activities as per project approved by financial institutions appearing in the prospectus					
4.	Financial performance					
7.	Financial performance (Based on Standalone		Profit Befo (Rupees in (Profit Crores	after Tax (Rupees in
	Financial Statements of the	-020 21		36.51		26.14
	Company)	2021-22		116.53		83.64
5.	Parata I	2022-23		137.19		102.42
Э.	Foreign investments or collaborators, if any	Statements) is d	OZZ (Basis 1	the last	ıy in its Standalı	Foreign Subsidiaries as one Audited Financial
		Company Name		Country	/ In	vestment (INR)
	1	Shenzhen CP Plus	_	China		
11.	INFORMATION ABOUT THE	International Lim	ited	Cining	1,.	11,88,775/-
2.	Past Remuneration					
		recognitions, few the Company are a 1. Enterprise IT CP 2. Brand of the Ye 3. CMO of the Ye 4. Brand of the Ye 5. Surveillance Bra 6. Shield Awards – 7. Best Surveillance	of the recent as follows:- MO - SME Cha ar - CEO Mag ar - VARINDIA ar - VARINDIA and of the Yea SECUTECH (2	annels (20 (2019) (2019) (2019) r - SME (2018)	and red 020 & 20 019) Channels	

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 Silver Abby - GoaFest (2017) Asia's Most Admired Brand - White Page Interna Company of the Year Award - Frost & Sullivan (2011) 	tional (2018)
10. Company of the Year Award - Frost & Sullivan (2)	tional (2018)
10. Company of the Year Award - Frost & Sullivan (2)	
	019)
11. Best Electronics Security Company Of The Year -	VARINDIA (2010)
12. India Electronic Security Company of the Year Av Sullivan (2017)	vard - Frost &
13. Prestigious Rising Brands of Asia - Herald Global	L /2017)
14. Electronic Security Brand of the Year – IISSM (20)	1 (2017)
15. ET Best Brands 2021 CP PLUS	17)
16. Outstanding Security Equipment Manufacturer 2 world	021 – Business
17. Outstanding New product – Business world – CP & Bell	Plus Video door
18. E4M Pride of India: Best of Bharat Awards 2022 –	CD DLUC
19. CMO of the year - Varindia 2022	-Ch 1502
20. Outstanding New Security Product Award 2023 -	BIM Commissions of the lite
and OSPAs	DAY Security Mould
21. Outstanding Police/Law Enforcement Award 2023	R - BIM Controlle
world and OSPAs	_
22. Most Trusted Brand of the Year Award 2023 - Ind	ia Todav
23. Best 828 Customer Experience - Award - Smart C	(Technology
Summit & Awards 2023	
24. Customer Service CEO of the Year Award - Smart of	CX Technology
Summit & Awards 2023	
The is the Whole Time Director of the Company and	is fully engaged in
managing the affairs of the Company and even	rises all relevant
powers under the supervision and superintendence	e of the Board of
the Company	
1) Salary of fink 25,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Twenty	y Five Lakhs only)
per month;	
2) Rent-free accommodation etc. which shall	not exceed INR
12,50,000/- (Indian Rupees Twelve Lakhs Fifty Th	ousand only) per
month;	
3) Other Benefits & Perquisites as per the Comp	pany's policy not
exceeding INR. 4,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Fou	r Lakh only) ner
monta.	1
6. Comparative remuneration The proposed remuneration has been benchm	arked with the
prome with respect to remuneration being drawn by employees holding si	imilar position in
various other Companies of the relevant industry and	d the same hoing
recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration	on Committee of
position and person (in case the Company considering the terms to be fair	reasonable and
or experiences the relevant Justinable.	and and
details would be w.r.t the	
country of his origin)	
7. Pecuniary relationship Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka is directly and indirectly ho	lding majority of
of the Company.	
the Company, or Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka is the father of both Mr.	Aditya Khemka
Telephonomic With the I Managing Director and Mr. Rishi Khemka, Director of	the Company
managerial personnel, if any	and asimporty.

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III.	Other Information	
1.	Reasons of loss or inadequate profits	The Company's profits are inadequate since its orders / projects are under implementation.
2.	Steps taken or proposed to be taken for improvement	The Company's profits are projected to be increased with expansion and growth in the Business during the financial year 2024.
3.	Expected increase in productivity and profits in measurable terms	Unless any unforeseen exceptional circumstances occurs, the Company is expecting tremendous growth in its business which in turn increase the revenue and profits margins nearly 20% to 25% in comparison to the previous financial year's revenue and profit margins.
IV.	Disclosures	
1,	corporate governance Kebo	ed with any of the Stock Exchanges, hence is not required to prepare a rt being part of the Board Report. However, all the elements of paid to Mr. Aditya Khemka are disclosed in the resolution proposed to sof the Company.

Information pursuant to 1.2.5 of the Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) regarding Chairman (Shri Hari Shanker Khemka) seeking appointment as Whole Time Director and/revision in remuneration: -

Age	69 years			
Qualifications	Graduation: Bachelor of Science			
Experience	45 years			
Terms and conditions of appointment or reappointment	N.A.			
Last Drawn Remuneration	 The remuneration received by Shri Hari Shanker Khemka during the FY 2023-24 is as follows: Salary of Rs. 25,00,000/- (Rupees Twenty Five Lakhs only) per month; Rent-free accommodation etc. which shall not exceed Rs. 12,50,000/- (Indian Rupees Twelve Lakhs Fifty Thousand only) per month; Other Benefits & Perquisites as per the Company's policy not exceeding Rs. 4,00,000/- (Rupees Four Lakh only) per month. 			
Date of First Appointment on Board	27.03.1995			
No. of shares held in Company	3,94,385 equity shares			
Relationship with other Directors	Mr. Aditya Khemka	Son		
	Mr. Rishi Khemka	Son		
No. of Board Meeting attended during this FY (till date)	There were Four (4) Board Meetings held during the Financial Year 2023-24(till date) and Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka was physically present at all the Four (4) meeting held during the period.			
Other Directorship in Indian companies / LLP	1. ARK Infosolutions Private Limited 2. Trendsetters Infoservices LLP 3. Aditya Colonizers LLP 4. Trend Setter Promoters LLP			

Further, as per the provisions of section 178 and section 197 and/or any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Schedule V of the Act and the rules made thereunder, in case of no

profit or inadequate profit, the Company has an option to pay remuneration to its Managerial Personnel within the limits prescribed under Section II (A) of Schedule V of the Act. However, as per the proviso of Section II (A) of Schedule V of the Act, a Company may pay a remuneration to its Managerial Personnel in excess of the limits as prescribed under Section II(A) of Schedule V after taking approval from its Shareholders by way of a special resolution. Hence, your directors recommend the resolution as set out at Item No. 4 for the approval of shareholders of the Company by passing the Special Resolution.

None of the directors, key managerial personnel or their relatives is/are interested in the said resolution except to the extent of their shareholding and directorship in the Company.

Your Directors recommend the resolution as set out at Item No.4 as a special resolution for the approval of shareholders.

None of the directors, key managerial personnel or their relatives is/are interested in the said resolution except to the extent of their shareholding or directorship, if any in the Company.

Item No. 5:

The Shareholders have been informed that the Company has shown a tremendous growth during the period under the incredible leadership of Mr. Aditya Khemka. To perform his responsibilities, Mr. Khemka has an extensive travel plan across the globe during the year 2023-24. Considering the extra-ordinary performance of the Company and the contribution made by Mr. Aditya Khemka and basis the recommendation made by the Board of Directors of the Company, it is proposed to approve the revision of his tour and travel expenses from INR 2.5 Crs. per annum to INR 3.5 Crs. Per annum, for the financial year commencing from April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024 and thereafter the revised remuneration and performance linked incentive structure shall be such as mentioned in the proposed resolution no. 5.

Further, the information as required under Section II (iv) of Part II of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 are as follows:

	I. GENERAL INFORMATION			
1.	Nature of Industry	Information Tech	nnology, Security & Survei	llance
2.	Date of commencement of commercial production	The Company	was incorporated or	n 27.03.1995 and the s received on 21.04.1995,
3.	In case of new companies, expected date of commencement of activities as per project approved by financial institutions appearing in the prospectus	Not Applicable	ovasiness certificate wa.	s received on 21,04.1995.
4.	Financial performance (Based on Standalone	Financial Year	Profit Before Tax (Rupees in Crores)	Profit after Tax (Rupees in Crores)
	Financial Statements of the	2020-21	36.51	26.14
	Camana			
	Company)	2021-22	116.53	83.64

5.	Foreign investments or collaborators, if any	The investments made by the Company in its Foreign Subsidiaries as on March 31, 2023 (Basis the last Standalone Audited Financia Statements) is detailed herein below: Shenzhen CP Plus			
		International Limited	China	INR 1,11,88,775/-	
	I. INFORMATION ABOUT THE	APPOINTEE			
1.	Background details	Mr. Aditya Khemka Infotech Limited. H Ram College of Co programming from International Busing his leadership, Adi growth in security & experience and eno brand in the name of The Company has sl expert guidance and	e holds an Honommerce (DU) n NIIT. He press from Fore Softya Infotech Link surveillance promous support, of "CP PLUS" in nown tremendod has expanded	us growth over the years under his in many folds by entering into the	
2.	Past Remuneration	1. Salary of INI Thousand o 2. Tour and to Two Crore F 3. Other bene exceeding II month. 4. Performance c) 0.35% Sales/ d) 0.35% Incenti	R 42,50,000/- (Innly) per month; ravel expenses ifty Lakhs) annufits & perquisi NR. 4,00,000/- (e Linked Incention Total Net Net Turnover additional ve on Net ental Sales/	INR 2,50,00,000/-(Indian Rupees sally; tes as per Company's policy not Indian Rupees Four lakhs only) per ve shall be payable as follows: : Payable on Monthly/ Annually basis on actual sales. :Payable on Monthly/ Annually for each financial year based on sales of immediately preceding	
3.	Recognition or awards	 Under his leader and recognitions received by the Channels (2020 & Channels (2	ship, the compa to few of the rec Company are as 2017) - CEO Magazine - VARINDIA (2014) - VARINDIA (2014) d of the Year - S ECUTECH (2018) Camera - NCN (1914) red Brand - White ear Award - Frosecurity Company	9) I9) ME Channels (2019 & 2017) 2018) e Page International (2018)	

		1 4			
		1	4, E 5, E 5, C	Prestigious Rising Brands of Asia Electronic Security Brand of the ET Best Brands 2021 CP PLUS Dutstanding Security Equipmen World	a - Herald Global (2017) : Year – IISSM (2017) :t Manufacturer 2021 – Business
		19	7. C 3. E 9. C	Outstanding New product – Bus 4M Pride of India: Best of Bhar IMO of the year - Varindia 2022	2
		1	4	na OSPAs	uct Award 2023 - BW Security World
		1	V	vorid and OSPAs	ement Award 2023 - BW Security
		22	. в	lost Trusted Brand of the Year est B2B Customer Experience - Jimmit & Awards 2023	Award 2023 - India Today Award - Smart CX Technology
			. Ci St	ustomer Service CEO of the Yummit & Awards 2023	ear Award - Smart CX Technology
4.	Job profile and his suitability	to- op an	is t da era d B	the Managing Director of the o y affairs of the Company. I tions of the Company and w	Company and is engaged in the day- le is fully dedicated towards the york closely with the Management mpany towards the growth of the
5.	Remuneration proposed	2.	Sa Th To Cre Ot exe	lary of INR. 42,50,000/- (Indousand only) per month; ur and travel expenses INR 3 ore Fifty Lakhs) annually; her benefits & perquisites	lian Rupees Forty Two Lakhs Fifty 3,50,00,000/-(Indian Rupees Three s as per Company's policy not ian Rupees Four lakhs only) per
		4.		rformance Linked Incentive sl	hall be payable as follows:
			aj	0.35% on Total Net Sales/ Net Turnover	Payable on Monthly/Annually basis on actual sales.
			b	0.35% additional incentive on Net Incremental Sales/ Net Turnover	Payable on Monthly/Annually for each financial year based on sales of immediately preceding financial year.
6.	position and person (in case	rem vari reco	ous ous omr Co	eration being drawn by emp sother Companies of the rele mended by the Nomination empany considering the ter	been benchmarked with the loyees holding similar position in evant industry and the same being and Remuneration Committee of the to be fair, reasonable and
7.	Pecuniary relationship directly or indirectly with the Company, or relationship	•	t	Mr. Aditya Khemka is directly he Equity Shares of the Com	and indirectly holding majority of pany.

	with the managerial personnel, if any	Mr. Aditya Khemka is the Son of Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka-who is the Chairman and Whole Time Director of the Company.
	III. Other Information	The birector of the company.
1.	Reasons of loss or inadequate profits	The Company's profits are inadequate since its orders / projects are under implementation.
2.	Steps taken or proposed to be taken for improvement	The Company's profits are projected to be increased with expansion and growth in the Business during the financial year 2024.
3.	Expected increase in productivity and profits in measurable terms	Unless any unforeseen exceptional circumstances occurs, the Company is expecting tremendous growth in its business which in turn increase the revenue and profits margins nearly 20% to 25% in comparison to the previous financial year's revenue and profit margins.
ľ	V. Disclosures	
1,	corporate governance Kebo	ed with any of the Stock Exchanges, hence is not required to prepare a rt being part of the Board Report. However, all the elements of paid to Mr. Aditya Khemka are disclosed in the resolution proposed to sof the Company.

Information pursuant to 1.2.5 of the Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) regarding Managing Director (Mr. Aditya Khemka) seeking re-appointment / revision in remuneration: -

Age	49 years				
Qualifications	Post-Graduation: Master's degree in international business from Fore School of Management, Delhi Graduation: Honors degree in Commerce from Shri Ram College of Commerce (DU) Certification: GNIIT diploma Certification in Software programming from NIIT.				
Experience	29 years				
Terms and conditions of appointment or reappointment	N.A.				
Last Drawn Remuneration	 The remuneration received by Mr. Aditya Khemka for FY 2023-24 is as follows: Salary of INR. 42,50,000/- (Indian Rupees Forty Two Lakhs Fifty Thousand only) per month; Tour and travel expenses INR. 2,50,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Two Crore Fifty Lakhs) annually; Other benefits & perquisites as per Company's policy not exceeding INR. 4,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Four lakhs only) per month. Performance Linked Incentive shall be payable as follows: 0.35% on Total Net Payable on Monthly/ Annually basis on actual sales. 0.35% additional Payable on Monthly/ Annually Incentive on Net Incremental Sales/ sales of immediately preceding Net Turnover 				
Date of First	27.03.1995				
Appointment on Board					

No. of shares held in Company	12,22,299 equity shares				
Relationship with other	Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka	Father			
Directors	Mr. Rishi Khemka	Brother			
No. of Board Meeting attended during this FY	There were Four (4) Board Meetings held during the Financial Year 2023-24 (tidate) and Mr. Aditya Khemka was physically present at all the Four (4) meetin held during the period.				
Other Directorship in Indian companies / LLP	 ARK Infosolutions Private L AIL Dixon Technologies Private Liberty Shoes Limited YPO (Delhi Chapter) Aditya Colonizers LLP Trend Setter Promoters LLF 	vate Limited			
	7. YPO Gurgaon Chapter Association				

Further, as per the provisions of section 178 and section 197 and/or any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Schedule V of the Act and the rules made thereunder, in case of no profit or inadequate profit, the Company has an option to pay remuneration to its Managerial Personnel within the limits prescribed under Section II (A) of Schedule V of the Act. However, as per the proviso of Section II (A) of Schedule V of the Act, a Company may pay a remuneration to its Managerial Personnel in excess of the limits as prescribed under Section II(A) of Schedule V after taking approval from its Shareholders by way of a special resolution. Hence, your directors recommend the resolution as set out at Item No. 5 for the approval of shareholders of the Company by passing the Special Resolution.

None of the directors, key managerial personnel or their relatives is/are interested in the said resolution except to the extent of their shareholding and directorship in the Company.

Item No. 6:

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152, 161 and Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the rules made thereunder, each as amended ("Companies Act"), Ms. Ambika Sharma is proposed to be appointed as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company, in accordance with applicable laws, including the Companies Act, 2013. In this connection, the Board is of the opinion that Ms. Ambika Sharma fulfils the criteria for independent director, as set out in the Companies Act, 2013, related rules framed thereunder and that Ms. Ambika Sharma is independent of the management of the Company.

A copy of the draft letter for appointment of Ms. Ambika Sharma setting out the terms and conditions is available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company on any working day between 10:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. up to the date of AGM and will also be available for inspection at the venue of the AGM.

The Board of Directors has recommended the appointment of Ms. Ambika Sharma as a Non-Executive Independent Director for a term of five (5) years with effect from November 1, 2023 till the next five years subject to such Director continuing to satisfy the criteria of independence in terms of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, and shall not be liable to retire by rotation.

The Company has received a declaration from Ms. Ambika Sharma confirming that she meets the criteria of Independence as prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013. Keeping in view her rich knowledge and experience, which could be utilized to put appropriate strategies for growth of business activities of the Company, it was thought fit to propose the appointment of Ms. Ambika Sharma as a Non-Executive Independent Director.

Your Directors recommend the resolution as set out at Item No.5 as a special resolution for the approval of shareholders.

None of the directors, key managerial personnel or their relatives is/are interested in the said resolution except to the extent of their shareholding, if any in the Company.

PART A

Information as required in terms of Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 & Secretarial Standard - 2 issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India:

Brief Profile of Ms. Ambika Sharma	Refer Part B (As enclosed below)	
DIN	08201798	
Date of Birth	16/06/1962	
Qualification	Ambika holds a Bachelor's degree in Economics and Master's degree in Business Economics from India's prestigious Delhi University, Ambika graduated summa cum laude with a gold medal.	
Experience and expertise in specific functional area	With 37 years of diverse experience, Ambika was the first lady Director General - International at the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry (FICCI). She went on to lead the U.S. Chamber's U.SIndia Business Council (USIBC) as Managing Director, India. She joined USIBC in 2018, making it one of the most sought-after names as a policy advocacy organization in U.SIndia business relations. She has now moved into a strategic role as Advisor to USISPF	
Terms and conditions of appointment	As per Appointment Letter	
Details of remuneration	As per Appointment Letter	
Date of First appointment on the Board	None	
Details of shareholding in the Company	None	
Relationship with other Directors/Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP") (if any)	None	
Number of Board Meetings attended till date	None	
Details of Directorships, Membership/	As a Director/ Advisor:	
Committee Chairmanship	1. LT Foods Limited	

2. Nature Bio Foods Limited
3. Eco Pure Educational Specialities Limited
4. Aakash Educational Services Limited
 5. United States India Strategic Partnership Forum

PART B - Profile/ Resume

Brief Profile of Ms. Ambika Sharma

Ambika Sharma is a global business strategist with over three-decade career in public affairs and international relations in India's apex industry body as well as in a bilateral international organization.

A business economist by education, Ambika has dedicated her professional career towards building extensive international economic networks for business & industry, driving economic growth, job creation, innovation, inclusion, and entrepreneurship.

With 37 years of diverse experience, Ambika was the first lady Director General - International at the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry (FICCI). She went on to lead the U.S. Chamber's U.S.-India Business Council (USIBC) as Managing Director, India. She joined USIBC in 2018, making it one of the most sought-after names as a policy advocacy organization in U.S.-India business relations. She has now moved into a strategic role as Advisor to USISPF.

Over the years, Ambika has nurtured wide-ranging and robust relationships with the Government of India at the highest level, building a wide range of global network with businesses, including the diplomatic community, bureaucracy, reputed Chambers of Commerce and think tanks. She has led policy advocacy across sectors like healthcare, defense, digital economy, financial services, agri/food, supply chain management, to name a few. As the Director General of India's national industry association FICCI, Ambika was the principal architect of Indian industry's international outreach and partnership with industry associations and employers' federations worldwide. Her contribution towards Indian industry's endeavour in building an equitable business partnership in competitive international environments is acknowledged far and wide. Under her leadership, FICCI participated extensively in government initiatives to strengthen India's business and investment presence abroad. She led FICCI's global strategy for a wide base of membership comprising India's established large business houses, conglomerates and newer technology-based entrants. She is also credited for building domain awareness for members equipping them to deal with international markets, new connections and knowledge expertise in global markets. Ambika also designed and organized business interactions with visiting Heads of State to India and abroad.

Ambika has committed herself to supporting organizations in their quest for sustainable growth and inclusive economic development. She is passionate about mentoring future leaders and building a pragmatic knowledge base on international relations.

A holder of Bachelor's degree in Economics and Master's degree in Business Economics from India's prestigious Delhi University, Ambika graduated summa cum laude with a gold medal. She is also a certified MCA approved Independent Director. She has participated in several executive programmes including those conducted by EU and XLRI, Jamshedpur. She has worked extensively with the FICCI Women on Corporate Boards (WCB) initiative as well. She has received several awards towards her contribution in the field of economic diplomacy. Ambika is currently serving as Independent Women Director on the Boards of three eminent Indian food companies.

Also joined Aakash Educational Services Limited as Non-Executive Director. Earlier she also served as Member, Executive Council of Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) to represent industry and support BIS in the activities of standardization, marking and quality certification of goods and related matters.

She is passionate in her aspiration to contribute to India's growth story, both in domestic and international markets.

Item No. 7:

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152, 161 and Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the rules made thereunder, each as amended ("Companies Act"), Mr. Manish Sharma is proposed to be appointed as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company, in accordance with applicable laws, including the Companies Act, 2013. In this connection, the Board is of the opinion that Mr. Manish Sharma fulfils the criteria for independent director, as set out in the Companies Act, 2013, related rules framed thereunder and that Mr. Manish Sharma is independent of the management of the Company.

A copy of the draft letter for appointment of Mr. Manish Sharma setting out the terms and conditions is available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company on any working day between 10:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. up to the date of AGM and will also be available for inspection at the venue of the AGM.

The Board of Directors has recommended the appointment of Mr. Manish Sharma as a Non-Executive Independent Director for a term of five (5) years with effect from November 1, 2023 for the next five years subject to such Director continuing to satisfy the criteria of independence in terms of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, and shall not be liable to retire by rotation.

The Company has received a declaration from Mr. Manish Sharma confirming that he meets the criteria of Independence as prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013. Keeping in view her rich knowledge and experience, which could be utilized to put appropriate strategies for growth of business activities of the Company, it was thought fit to propose the appointment of Mr. Manish Sharma as a Non-Executive Independent Director.

Your Directors recommend the resolution as set out at Item No. 7 as a special resolution for the approval of shareholders.

None of the directors, key managerial personnel or their relatives is/are interested in the said resolution except to the extent of their shareholding, if any in the Company.

PART A

Information as required in terms of Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 & Secretarial Standard - 2 issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India:

Brief Profile of Mr. Manish Sharma	Refer Part B (As enclosed below)	
DIN	06549914	
Date of Birth	03/08/1972	

Qualification	 Manish holds a Bachelor's degree in Engineering from BIT, Bhilai Awarded 'Man of Electronics' by CEAMA (Consumer Electronics and Appliances Manufacturers Association) in 2019 Recognized for his outstanding contribution to growth of Electronics industry by ELCINA (Electronic Industries Association of India) in 2016-17 Nominated for the practicious Asia B. 		
	Nominated for the prestigious Asia Business Leaders Awards (ARIA) in 2017		
Experience and expertise in specific functional area	Leaders Awards (ABLA) in 2017 Beginning with engineering and research assignments, his career of over 27 years has spanned from hands-on operations to strategic product and business planning in various electronic majors like LG Hotline, Samsung India and Haier India. Manish was appointed as youngest Executive Officer to Panasonic Corporation and has played an active role in group wide strategic affairs. He currently chairs the board for Panasonic Life Solutions India.		
Terms and conditions of appointment	As per Appointment Letter		
Details of remuneration	As per Appointment Letter		
Date of First appointment on the Board	None		
Details of shareholding in the Company	None		
Relationship with other Directors/Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP") (if any)	None		
Number of Board Meetings attended till date	None		
Details of Directorships, Membership/ Committee Chairmanship	As a Director: 1. Panasonic Life Solutions India Private Limited 2. Panasonic Avionics India Private Limited 3. Escorts Kubota Limited		

PART B - Profile/ Resume

Brief Profile of Mr. Manish Sharma

Manish is currently serving as Chairman of Panasonic Life Solutions India with an extensive professional experience of over 27 years driving sustainable growth along with strategy planning and business development. Strong diplomatic skills and a natural affinity for cultivating relationships, which has resulted in some very prominent roles in Industry Associations and Government appointed Committees over the years. Versatile

professional with strong people management skills and has been focused on building people capabilities and culture. Applies qualities of integrity, credibility, and a passion for progress to strategic governance efforts.

In his current role, Manish is the Chairman of Panasonic Life Solutions India & South Asia overseeing the growth and development of the company in the region. He is responsible for driving profitable growth along with strategy planning and business development for the entire product portfolio of Panasonic's consumer, enterprise, and industry divisions propelling business growth across the B2C, B2B, and B2G segments.

Manish Sharma also holds an Independent Director position on the Board of Escorts Kubota Ltd.

Overall Experience:

Beginning with engineering and research assignments, his career of over 27 years has spanned from hands-on operations to strategic product and business planning in various electronic majors like LG Hotline, Samsung India and Haier India. Manish was appointed as youngest Executive Officer to Panasonic Corporation and has played an active role in group wide strategic affairs. He currently chairs the board for Panasonic Life Solutions India.

Key Accomplishments:

- Manish has held several management roles overseeing different functions of the business since joining in 2008. Just to give a perspective, Panasonic's revenue in India today is 10 times of what it was in 2007 and at the time, the majority of the business was coming from televisions and wiring devices.
- Been driving sustainable growth for the organization over the years. Despite the pandemic, Panasonic has recorded an 18% growth in their revenue over last year and reduced losses.
- Instrumental in driving investments to India. Today, Panasonic has 13 state-of-the-art factories across the country manufacturing home & kitchen appliances like Air Conditioners, Washing Machines, Refrigerators, Mixer Grinders, Electronic Cookers to electrical wiring devices, switches, fans, geysers. Panasonic also has manufacturing units for B2B products like dry-cell batteries, carbon rods, sensors, audio systems and welding machines.
- A tech enthusiast at-heart, he strongly believes in democratizing technology. He keeps a close tab on India's start-up ecosystem and how they're effectively utilizing the new-age technologies for greater good.
- Instrumental behind Panasonic launching their Spatial Solutions Home and Enterprise automation under the Miraie brand.
- Focused on Governance and building Panasonic into a highly professional organization with the right talent mix.
- Manish was the youngest R&D Head for Samsung's TV division and was instrumental in establishing a strong foundation for development, customisation, value engineering and localisation of products.
- He was also an integral part of the launch team which started operations for Haier in India. He was
 involved in setting up the processes, building operational & supply chain capabilities into channel
 management and setting up manufacturing.

Industry Engagement

- Currently as the Chair for FICCI Electronics & White Goods committee, he has been instrumental in steering the industry and advising stakeholders on the importance of innovation, smart manufacturing and backward integration.
- More recently, Manish has been appointed to the Steering Committee for Advancing Local Value-Add and Exports (SCALE) formed by Ministry of Commerce and Industry and has been working closely with

Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT) under guidance of the Ministry to drive India's local manufacturing agenda.

- Manish is also the Chair for FICCI Energy Storage Committee and Co-Chair for Co-Chair for the India-Taiwan Business Cooperation Committee.
- Manish has been the longest serving President for CEAMA (Consumer Electronics and Appliances Manufacturers Association) from 2014-18.

Education & Recognitions:

- Manish holds a Bachelor's degree in Engineering from BIT, Bhilai
- Awarded 'Man of Electronics' by CEAMA (Consumer Electronics and Appliances Manufacturers Association) in 2019
- Recognized for his outstanding contribution to growth of Electronics industry by ELCINA (Electronic Industries Association of India) in 2016-17
- Nominated for the prestigious Asia Business Leaders Awards (ABLA) in 2017

Certified to be true
For Aditya infotech Limit

Hari Shanker Khemka Director (DIM: 00514501) B-51, Greater Kailash, Delhi-110048

Date: 23.10.2023 Place: NOIDA

ATTENDANCE SLIP (TO BE SIGNED AND HANDED OVER AT THE ENTRANCE OF THE MEETING HALL)

I/We hereby record my/our presence at the 28th Annual General Meeting (Financial Year 2022-2023) of Aditya Infotech Limited held at 14:00 HRS on Saturday, 28th day of October, 2023 at F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase-I, New Delhi 110020

Registered Folio No.	
No. of Shares held	
(letters)	
Members)	
8	

FORM No. MGT-11

Proxy form

[Pursuant to Section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC 066	6784	
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Register	red office: F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase-I, New Delhi 110020		
Name	e of Member(s)		
Regis	tered/Residential Address		
Email	ID		
Folio	No/Client ID		
DP ID			
1.	eing the member of Aditya Infotech Limited holdingshares, her Name: Address:		nt
E-mai	l ld:, or failing him		
2.Name			

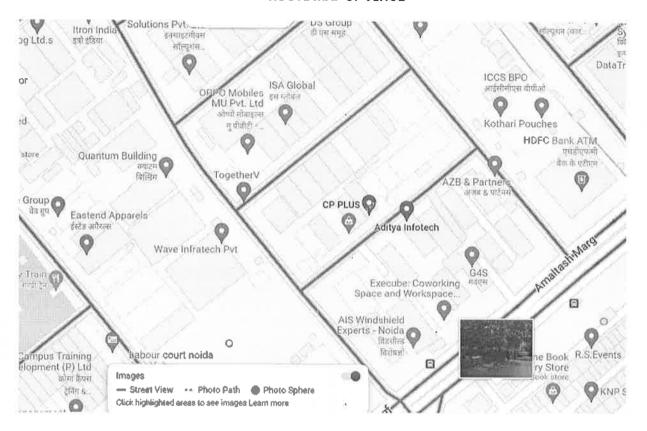
E maril			
as my/o member adjourn	Id:	Annual Ge of the Com	neral Meeting pany, and at
as my/o membei	our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at 28 th is of the Company, to be held on October 28, 2023 at 2 p.m. at registered office of ment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:	Annual Ge of the Com	neral Meeting pany, and at a
as my/o member adjourn	rur proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at 28 th is of the Company, to be held on October 28, 2023 at 2 p.m. at registered office of ment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below: on No:- RESOLUTION To receive, consider and adopt Standalone and consolidated Annual Audited	Annual Ge of the Com FOR	pany, and at
as my/o membei adjourn Resoluti S.No.	our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at 28 th is of the Company, to be held on October 28, 2023 at 2 p.m. at registered office of ment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below: on No:- RESOLUTION	of the Com	pany, and at
as my/o membei adjourn Resoluti S.No.	rur proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at 28th rs of the Company, to be held on October 28, 2023 at 2 p.m. at registered office of ment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below: on No:- RESOLUTION To receive, consider and adopt Standalone and consolidated Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Company for Financial Year ended March 31, 2023; To re-appoint Mr. Aditya Khemka (DIN-00514552) as the Director, who retires	of the Com	pany, and at
as my/o member adjourn Resoluti 5.No. 1.	rur proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at 28th as of the Company, to be held on October 28, 2023 at 2 p.m. at registered office of ment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below: on No:- RESOLUTION To receive, consider and adopt Standalone and consolidated Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Company for Financial Year ended March 31, 2023; To re-appoint Mr. Aditya Khemka (DIN-00514552) as the Director, who retires by rotation at this meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment;	of the Com	pany, and at
as my/o member adjourn Resoluti 5.No. 1.	rur proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at 28th rs of the Company, to be held on October 28, 2023 at 2 p.m. at registered office of ment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below: on No:- RESOLUTION To receive, consider and adopt Standalone and consolidated Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Company for Financial Year ended March 31, 2023; To re-appoint Mr. Aditya Khemka (DIN-00514552) as the Director, who retires by rotation at this meeting and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment; To declare final dividend on Equity Shares of the Company;	of the Com	pany, and at
as my/o member adjourn Resoluti 5.No. 1.	rur proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at 28th as of the Company, to be held on October 28, 2023 at 2 p.m. at registered office of ment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below: on No:- RESOLUTION To receive, consider and adopt Standalone and consolidated Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Company for Financial Year ended March 31, 2023; To re-appoint Mr. Aditya Khemka (DIN-00514552) as the Director, who retires by rotation at this meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment;	of the Com	pany, and at
as my/o member adjourn Resoluti 5.No. 1.	rur proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at 28th rs of the Company, to be held on October 28, 2023 at 2 p.m. at registered office of ment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below: on No:- RESOLUTION To receive, consider and adopt Standalone and consolidated Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Company for Financial Year ended March 31, 2023; To re-appoint Mr. Aditya Khemka (DIN-00514552) as the Director, who retires by rotation at this meeting and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment; To declare final dividend on Equity Shares of the Company; To consider and approve re-appointment of Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka as the Chairman cum Whole Time Director; To consider and approve revision of remuneration of Mr. Aditya Khemka,	of the Com	pany, and at
as my/o member adjourn Resoluti 5.No. 1.	rur proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at 28th rs of the Company, to be held on October 28, 2023 at 2 p.m. at registered office of ment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below: on No:- RESOLUTION To receive, consider and adopt Standalone and consolidated Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Company for Financial Year ended March 31, 2023; To re-appoint Mr. Aditya Khemka (DIN-00514552) as the Director, who retires by rotation at this meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment; To declare final dividend on Equity Shares of the Company; To consider and approve re-appointment of Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka as the Chairman cum Whole Time Director;	of the Com	pany, and at

Signature of Shareholder Signature of Proxy holder(s)

Affix Revenue Stamp

Note: This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.

ROUTE MAP OF VENUE





ADITYA INFOTECH LTD.



Corporate Office: Khemka Square, A-11 & 12, Sector 4, NOIDA - 201301 (NCR-Delhi) INDIA CIN NO: U74899DL1995PLC066784, Tel: +91 120 4555 666 Fax: +91 120 4555 600

Email: sales@adityagroup.com Website: www.adityagroup.com

BOARD'S REPORT

Dear Members,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the 28th Board's Report on the business and operations of the Company, together with the Audited Financial Statements, for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2023.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Company's performance during the financial year ended on 31st March, 2023 as compared to the previous year, is summarized below:

(*Rupees in Million)

Particulars	(Standal	lone)	(Consolidated)		
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Total Income	22,982.79	16,483.85	23,050.43	16,706.26	
Total Expense	21,610.88	15,318.50	21,618.61	15,412.78	
Profit Before Tax	1371.91	1165.35	1431.82	1293.49	
Profit After Tax	1021.33	836.42	1083.11	969.31	
Basic EPS (In Rs.)	414.75	334.57	439.84	387.72	

^{*}Amounts rounded off to the nearest rupee

The financial year 2022-23 was the first year post COVID-19 disruptions with a stable business environment. In spite of overall slowdown experienced across many industries including Information Technology Sector, your company was able to outperform during the financial year 2022-23. Though Indian market faced some crucial times in the financial year under review, as the Economic Growth of the Country tanked negative to an unprecedented low, your company, with a perpetual dedicated efforts of all the stakeholders, was able to meet the unexpected growth.

The management of your Company is highly motivated and optimistic for a much better growth for the next financial year as the employees and management of the Company are diligently and efficiently working on improving the financial position as well as for the overall growth for the Company.

CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY

During the year under review, there was no change in the nature of the business of the Company.

DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors has recommended a final dividend of Rs. 4.88/- (Rupees Four and Eighty-Eight Paisa only) per equity share of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each aggregating to Rs. 1,00,04,000/- (Rupees One Crore Four Thousand only) on equity share capital of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 out of the profits of the Company. Payment of Dividend is subject to approval of members at the ensuing 28th annual general meeting and shall be subject to deduction of income tax at source.

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During the year under review, the company has also declared an interim dividend of Rs.11.40/- (Rupees Eleven and Forty Paisa only) per equity share of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each aggregating to Rs. 2,85,00,000/- (Rupees Two Crore Eighty-Five Lakhs only) on equity share capital of the Company for the period ended September 30,2022 out of the profits of the Company.

RESERVES

The Board of Directors has decided to retain the entire amount of profit for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 appearing in the Statement of profit and loss.

SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized Share Capital - The Authorized Share Capital of the Company is Rs.5,05,00,000/- divided into 50,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each.

During the year under review, the Company has bought back its fully paid equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- each, up to a maximum of 4,50,000 (Four Lakh Fifty Thousand only) number of equity shares (representing 18% of the total number of fully paid equity shares in the paid up share capital of the Company or 20.47% of the aggregate of the total paid-up equity share capital and free reserves of the Company), from its existing shareholders on proportionate basis, at the rate of Rs. 1443/-(Rupees One Thousand Four Hundred Forty Three only) per equity share, payable in cash, for an aggregate amount not exceeding Rs. 64,93,50,000 /- out of the free reserves of the Company amounting to Rs. 314,66,73,290/- (Rupees Three Hundred Fourteen Crores Sixty Six Lakhs Seventy Three Thousand Two Hundred and Ninety only), as per the unaudited financial statements subject to limited review by auditor of the Company, as on September 30, 2022.

Post Buy-back, the Company's issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital shall be Rs.2,05,00,000/divided into 20,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each.

DEPOSITS

Your Company has neither accepted nor renewed any deposits from public within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 during the year.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All transactions entered into with related parties as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 during the financial year were on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business and hence are within the permissible limits as prescribed under the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, and Rules made thereunder. The information required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 with respect to particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties is appended hereto as **Annexure-'A'** to this report.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

The particulars of Investments, Loans and Guarantees covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the rules made thereunder are disclosed in the Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING AND OUTGO

Details of Foreign Exchange earning and outgo are disclosed in the Notes to Financial Statements.

SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

During the year under review, your company has one (1) wholly owned subsidiary and 1 (one) Joint Venture Company, as listed below.

List of Subsidiaries / Joint venture as on March 31, 2023

Sr. No.	Name of Company	Country	% of holding	Nature
1	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	China	100%	Subsidiary company
2.	AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	India	50%	Joint Venture Company

In accordance with Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, during the period under review, the Company has prepared its Consolidated financial statement and also of its subsidiaries in the same form and manner as that of its own and shall be laid before the members at the ensuring Annual General Meeting of the Company. Further, a Statement containing salient features of the Financial Statements of the Subsidiaries and Joint Venture in the prescribed form AOC-1 appended hereto as Annexure- 'B' to this report.

VIGIL MECHANISM

Your Company has established a vigil mechanism through which Directors, employees and business associates may report unethical behavior, malpractices, wrongful conduct, fraud, violation of Company's code of conduct, without fear of reprisal. Our Vigil Mechanism Policy intends to provide mechanism for reporting genuine concern's or grievance and ensure that deviation from the company's business mission and values are dealt with in a fair and unbiased manner as laid down in the applicable provision of the Companies Act, 2013.

The procedure and mechanism for reporting / resolution of the complaints have been laid down in the said mechanism policy.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Independent Directors:

Mr. Abhishek Dalmia and Ms. Ritu Khurana are the Independent Directors of the Company, and both have been appointed for a term of Five years which will exists till March 29, 2025.

During the year under review, Ms. Ritu Khurana due to some personal commitments tendered her resignation from the position of Independent Director with effect to November 1, 2023. Her contribution in the growth and making business strategies of the company is admirable.

Further, the board recommended appointment of Ms. Ambika Sharma and Mr. Manish Sharma as Independent Directors of the Company to the shareholders for their approval at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The appointments are proposed to take effect from November 1, 2023 for next five (5) years.

Further, in accordance with provisions of section 149(7) read with section 134(3)(d) of the Companies Act, 2013, the company had received a declaration from its existing as well as the proposed independent directors, confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down in section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Retirement by Rotation:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and in terms of the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Aditya Khemka (DIN: 00514552), Director of the Company is liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, seeks re-appointment. Your Board of Directors recommend his re-appointment.

Meetings of the Board and Committees:

The Board and other statutory Committees meetings were duly convened as in accordance with provisions of Section 173 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder. Details of all such Meetings held during the Financial Year 2022-23 are mentioned herein below:

Detail containing dates of Board & Committee Meetings convened during the financial year:

5. No.	Board Meetings	Audit Committee Meetings	Nomination & Remuneration Committee Meetings	Corporate Social Responsibility Committee Meeting
1	10-Jun-2022	10-Jun-2022	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	
2	18-Aug-2022	18-Aug-2022	(#:	18-Aug-2022
3	08-Sep-2022	08-Sep-2022	1#	•
4	11-Nov-2022	¥	i.	127
5	04-Jan-2023	04-Jan-2023	=	727
6			#	20-Feb-2023
7	10-Mar-2023	10-Mar-2023	10-Mar-2023	:5.

CONSTITUTION OF BOARD & COMMITTEES

Board of Directors	Audit Committee	Nomination & Remuneration Committee	Corporate Social Responsibility Committee
Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka	Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka (Chairman)	Mr. Rishi Khemka (Chairman)	Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka (Chairman)
Mr. Aditya Khemka	Mr. Abhishek Dalmia (Member)	Mr. Abhishek Dalmia (Member)	Mr. Aditya Khemka (Member)
Mr. Rishi Khemka	Ms. Ritu Khurana (Member)	Ms. Ritu Khurana (Member)	Mr. Rishi Khemka (Member)
Mr. Abhishek Dalmia	(H)	-	Mr. Abhishek Dalmia (Member)
Ms. Ritu Khurana	24		Ms. Ritu Khurana (Member)

During the period under review, there was no change in the constitution of the Board of Directors of the Company and the Company has duly complied with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with applicable Secretarial standards i.e. SS-1 and SS-2.

REMUNERATION POLICY

In accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules made thereunder, the Company's policy on Nomination and Remuneration of Directors, KMPs and Senior Management is available on the website of the Company i.e. www.adityagroup.com.

Information about Remuneration and Particulars of Employees:

The information required to be disclosed in the Board's Report pursuant to Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is set out as **Annexure – 'C'** to this report.

STATUTORY AUDITORS

At the 27th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company the shareholders approved the appointment of M/s. Walker Chandiok & Co LLP (FRN No. 001076N/N5500013) as Statutory auditors of the Company to hold the office for a period of 5 years commencing from the conclusion of the 27th AGM till the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting to be held for the financial year 2025-26 at such remuneration as may be fixed by the Boards of Directors of the Company, in addition to the out-of-pocket expenses, incurred by them during the course of the aforesaid Audit.

Report of Statutory Auditors:

M/s Walker Chandiok & Co LLP (FRN No. FRN No. 001076N/N5500013), Chartered Accountants, have submitted their Report on the Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year 2022-23, which forms part of the Annual Report 2022-23. There were no adverse remarks/ observation by the Auditors in

their report.

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

In compliance with provisions of section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, M/s KMPM & Co, Company Secretaries were appointed as the Secretarial Auditors of the Company for the financial year 2022-23. The Secretarial Audit Report submitted by them in the prescribed Form MR- 3 is attached as 'Annexure D' to this report.

There were no qualifications, observations, adverse remarks or disclaimer made by the Secretarial Auditors in its Report made for the financial year 2022-23.

INTERNAL AUDITOR

M/s D.P. Kapoor & Co., were appointed as the internal auditor of the Company for the FY 2022-23 on such remuneration as may be decided by the Board of Director of the company.

The Internal Audit Report made by M/s D.P. Kapoor & Co. was presented at before the Audit Committee Meeting and Board Meeting on regular intervals and the same contains no qualification, reservation or adverse remarks which requires explanation from the Board of Directors of the Company.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statement relates and the date of this report.

RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK AND INTERNAL ADEQUACY

The Company has devised a robust risk management framework which identifies and evaluates business and other risks. The Company believes that these risks need to be managed and mitigated to protect the interest of the stakeholders, to achieve business objectives and enable sustainable growth. The risk management framework is aimed at effectively mitigating the Company's various business and operational risks through timely strategic actions. It also provides control measures for risk and future action plans to avoid risks. The Company's approach is proactive towards risk management.

The Audit Committee review the reports of internal auditor to carry out an extensive search to ensure compliance with the best practices of industry and to mitigate any risk of non-compliance.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Company's internal financial control systems are commensurate with its size and the nature of its operations. The Company deploys robust system of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements that is complete, reliable and understandable. These controls have been designed to provide reasonable assurance with regard to recording and providing reliable financial and operational information, adherence to the Company's policies, safeguarding of assets from unauthorized use and prevention and detection of frauds and errors.

During the year, such controls were tested and no reportable material weakness was observed. The report on the Internal Financial Control was reviewed by the Audit Committee & Board and no major weaknesses were noticed.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Company has formulated a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee consist of the following Members of the Company:

Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka - Chairman of the Committee

Mr. Aditya Khemka - Member
 Mr. Rishi Khemka - Member

Mr. Rishi Khemka - Member
 Mr. Abhishek Dalmia - Member

Mr. Abhishek Dalmia - Member
 Ms. Ritu Khurana - Member

The CSR Policy of the Company formulated by the Board of Directors and composition of the CSR Committee of the Company is available on the website of the Company i.e. www.adityagroup.com.

In the Financial year 2022-23 your Company was required to spend an amount of Rs. 1,07,32,645/- (Indian Rupees One Crore Seven Lakh Thirty Two Thousands Six Hundred and Forty Five only) on identified CSR activities and in order to comply with the same, the Company's CSR activities and spending was majorly focused on promotion of health and education as we undertook projects for Maternal & newborn survival initiative, enabling the disabled communities and SHG women in rural society, contributed in sponsorship of Medical Equipment for providing support Cataract patients and also contributed for promotion of primary as well as senior level education under the Company's CSR activities and initiatives. The detailed Annual Report on CSR activities for the Financial Year 2022-23 as required under Section 134 and 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is attached as **Annexure** – 'E' to this Report.

During the year under review, your Company has spent an amount of Rs. 1,07,35,000/- (Indian Rupees One Crore Seven Lakh and Thirty-Five Thousands only), creating a surplus of Rs. 2,355/- (Indian Rupees Two Thousands Three and Fifty Five only).

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134 (3) (c) read with Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors state:

- (a) that in the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2023, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) that the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of your Company as at March 31, 2023 and of the profits of the Company for the year ended on that date;

- (c) that proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of your Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) that the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- (e) that proper internal financial controls laid down by the Directors were followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- (f) that proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws were in place and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

OTHER INFORMATION

Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

The information on conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo as stipulated under Section 134(3) (m) read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is annexed herewith as **Annexure** – **'F'** to this report.

Corporate Governance

Your Company is committed to maintain the highest standards of Corporate Governance and adhere to the best Corporate Governance practices as prevalent globally. The processes of Corporate Governance reflect our commitment to disclose accurate and timely information about our financial and operation performance as well as Company's Governance and leadership structure. We follow an established framework of corporate governance.

The Board of Directors shapes the long-term vision and policy approach to steadily elevate the quality of Governance in our organization. The objective is to emerge as a market leader in our industry with focus on creating greater value for all those who have a stake in our progress.

Extract of the Annual Return

The information and details forming part of the extract of the Annual Return in Form No. MGT – 9 of the financial year 2022-23 in accordance with the provisions of Section 92 & 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 is available at the website of the Company namely www.adityagroup.com.

Reporting of Fraud

There have been no instances of fraud reported by the Statutory Auditors, Internal Auditor or the Secretarial Auditor under Section 143(12) of the Act and Rules framed thereunder either to the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors or to the Central Government.

Disclosure under Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013

Your Company is committed to provide a safe environment for all its women employees at the workplace. We have in place a Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of Sexual Harassment of Women

at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 for ensuring safe working space for women. The Company has also constituted an Internal Committee for the redressal of all sexual harassment complaints. The Company complies with all the statutory filing with the regulatory board as required under POSH Act

Research and Development (R&D)

During the year under review, no major in-house Research & Development was carried out by the Company.

GENERAL

Your Directors state that no disclosure is required in respect of the following items, as there were no transactions on these items during the year under review:-

- 1. Issue of equity shares with differential voting rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
- 2. The Whole-time Director of the Company does not receive any remuneration or commission from any of its subsidiaries.
- 3. No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.
- 4. No application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (31 of 2016) during the year along with their status as at the end of the financial year.
- 5. Details of difference between amount of the valuation done at the time of one time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the banks or financial institutions along with the reasons thereof

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors place on record their gratitude to the Central Government, State Governments and Company's Bankers for the assistance, co-operation and encouragement they extended to the Company. Your Directors also wish to place on record their sincere thanks and appreciation for the continuing support and unstinting efforts of investors, vendors, dealers, business associates and employees in ensuring an excellent all around operational performance.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

of Aditya Infotech Limited

Place: NOIDA

Date: 23rd October 2023

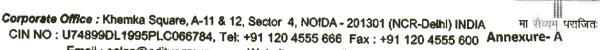
Hari Shanker Khemka Chairman

(DIN: 00514501)

Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1 New Delhi-110048



ADITYA INFOTECH LTD.



FORM NO. AOC- 2

(Pursuant to Clause (h) of Sub-Section (3) of Section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts / arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto:

- 1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis: Aditya Infotech Limited has not entered into any contract or arrangement or transaction with its related parties which is not on at arm's length during financial year 2022-23.
- 2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis: All the contracts or arrangement or transactions entered by Aditya Infotech Limited with its related parties are on at arm's length basis during the financial year 2022-23 and none of them were material in nature.

By order of the Board For Aditya infotech Limited

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman (DIN: 00514501) Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1

New Delhi-110048

Place: NOIDA

Date: 23rd October 2023



ADITYA INFOTECH LTD.

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Annexure - B

FORM AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

STATEMENT CONTAINING SALIENT FEATURES OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF SUBSIDIARIES/ASSOCIATE COMPANIES/JOINT VENTURES

PART "A": SUBSIDIARIES

(All amounts in INR)

1.	SI. No.	1
2.	Name of the subsidiary	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.
3.	The date since when subsidiary was acquired	30.12.2016
4.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	31.03.2023
5.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	RMB Exchange rate Opening Rate 11.9407 Closing Rate 11.9448 Average Rate 11.9428
6.	Share capital	1,11,88,775
7.	Reserves & surplus	73,41,435
8.	Total assets	2,01,44,563
9.	Total Liabilities	16,14,352
10.	Investments	Nil
11.	*Revenue from Operations *Other income	1,55,83,345 13,70,773
12.	Profit/(Loss) before taxation	9,98,778
13.	Provision for taxation	Nil
14.	Profit/(Loss) after taxation	9,98,778
15.	Proposed Dividend	Nil
16.	Extent of shareholding (In percentage)	100%

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Notes: The following information shall be furnished at the end of the statement:

1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations - NIL

2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year -NIL.

For Aditya Infotech Limited

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman (DIN: 00514501)

Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1

New Delhi-110048

New Delhi-110048

For Aditya Infotech Limited

For Aditya Infotech Limited

Place: NOIDA

Date: 23rd October 2023

...

Yogesh Sharma Sr. VP Finance

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures –

PART "B": ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

Name of associates/Joint Ventures		AlL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	
1.	Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31.03.2023	
2.	Date on which the Associate or Joint Venture was associated or Acquired	08.02.2017	
3.	Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end		
	Number	95,00,000	
	Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture	(INR) 9,50,00,000/-	
	Extend of Holding (In percentage)	50%	
4.	Description of how there is significant influence	The Company is having control of 50% of total share capital of the JV and also controls the business decisions vide a joint venture agreement.	
5.	Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	Not Applicable	
6.	Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet		
7.	Profit/Loss for the year		
	i. Considered in Consolidation		

Not Considered in Consolidation

1. Names of associates or joint ventures which are yet to commence operations: NIL

New Delhi-110048

2. Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year - NIL

Note: This Form is to be certified in the same manner in which the Balance Sheet is to be certified.

For Aditya Infotech Limited For Aditya Infotech Limited Harl Shanker Khemka Aditya Khemka Chairman (DIN: 00514501) Managing Director (DIN: 00514552) Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1

Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1

New Delhi-110048

For Aditya Infotech Limited

Place: NOIDA

Date: 23rd October 2023

Sr. VP Finance





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Email: sales@adityagroup.com Website: www.adityagroup.com

"Annexure - C"

Statement of Employee in terms of Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 –

Name	Aditya Khemka	
Designation of the Employee	Managing Director	
Remuneration received	Gross Salary (includes perquisites): Rs. 565.89 Lakhs Commission: Rs. 1020.27 Lakhs Total: Rs. 1586.16/- Lakhs p.a.	
Nature of Employment, whether contractual or otherwise	Appointed by Shareholder Resolution	
Nature of Duty of the Employee	Director	
Qualification and experience of the Employee	Graduate with 26 years of experience	
Date of Commencement of the employment	Since Incorporation	
Age of employee	48 years	
The last employment held by such employee before joining the company		
Percentage of equity shares held by the employee in the company within the meaning of clause (iii) of sub-rule (2) of said Rules.		
Whether such employee is a relative of any director or manager of the company and if so, name of such director or manager		

Name	Hari Shanker Khemka	
Designation of the Employee	Whole Time Director	
Remuneration received	Gross Salary (includes perquisites): Rs. 282.09 Lakhs p.a.	
Nature of Employment, whether contractual or otherwise	Appointed by Shareholder Resolution	
Nature of Duty of the Employee	Director	
Qualification and experience of the Employee	Graduate with 42 years of experience	
Date of Commencement of the employment	Since Incorporation	
Age of employee	69 years	
The last employment held by such employee before joining the company		

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Percentage of equity shares held by the employee in the company within the meaning of clause (iii) of sub-rule (2) of said Rules.	19.24%
Whether such employee is a relative of any director or manager of the company and if so, name of such director or manager	Mr. Aditya Khemka & Mr. Rishi Khemka, Directors

Name	Sanjay Gogia
Designation of the Employee	President-Sales
Remuneration received	Gross Salary (includes perquisites): Rs. 235.45 Lakhs- p.a.
Nature of Employment, whether contractual or otherwise	Permanent
Nature of Duty of the Employee	President-Sales
Qualification and experience of the Employee	B Tech - Electronics with 30 years of experience
Date of Commencement of the employment	03.04.2000
Age of employee	54 years
The last employment held by such employee before ioining the company	MircoLAN Computers
Percentage of equity shares held by the employee in the company within the meaning of clause (iii) of sub-rule (2) of said Rules.	·
Whether such employee is a relative of any director or manager of the company and if so, name of such director or manager	None

Name	Anup Nair	
Designation of the Employee	President	
Remuneration received	Gross Salary	
	(includes perquisites): Rs. 109.90 Lakhs- p.a.	
Nature of Employment, whether contractual or otherwise	Permanent	
Nature of Duty of the Employee	President	
Qualification and experience of the Employee	B Tech - Mechanical with 21 years of experience	
Date of Commencement of the employment	14.06.2016	
Age of employee	46 years	

The last employment held by such employee before joining the company	Neoteric Infomatique Pvt Ltd.
Percentage of equity shares held by the employee in the company within the meaning of clause (iii) of sub-rule (2) of said Rules.	
Whether such employee is a relative of any director or manager of the company and if so, name of such director or manager	None

Name	Yogesh Chand Sharma
Designation of the Employee	Sr. VP-Finance
Remuneration received	Gross Salary (includes perquisites): Rs. 102.44 Lakhs- p.a.
Nature of Employment, whether contractual or otherwise	Permanent
Nature of Duty of the Employee	Sr. VP-Finance
Qualification and experience of the Employee	Chartered Accountant with 33 years of experience
Date of Commencement of the employment	03.01.2011
.Age of employee	57 years
The last employment held by such employee before joining the company	Rohan Motors Ltd
Percentage of equity shares held by the employee in the company within the meaning of clause (iii) of sub-rule (2) of said Rules.	
Whether such employee is a relative of any director or manager of the company and if so, name of such director or manager	None

By order of the Board For Aditya Infotech Limited

Place: NOIDA

Date: 23rd October 2023

Hari Shanker Khemka Chairman (DIN: 00514501) Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1 New Delhi-110048



DITYA INFOTECH LI



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ANNEXURE - 'F'

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO REQUIRED UNDER THE COMPANIES (ACCOUNTS) RULES, 2014

The details of conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo are as follows:

a) Conservation of energy

(i)	the steps taken or impact	A multi-pronged approach is deployed in all offices including
	on conservation of	branches as well as products to infuse the concept of energy
	energy	conservation such as replacement of CFL light with LED lights.
(ii)	the steps taken by the	The Company is in process of exploring alternate source of
	Company for utilizing	energy.
	alternate sources of	
	energy	
(iii)	the capital investment on	Nil
	energy conservation	
	equipment's	

(b) Technology absorption

(i)	the efforts made	During the period under review technical personnel having
	towards technology	relevant experience have been employed and efforts have been
	absorption	made to improve the quality of the products.
(ii)	the benefits derived like product improvement,	The Company continues to focus on the rapid technological changes and train the manpower accordingly to improve the
	cost reduction, product	productivity and drive cost reduction.
	development or import	
	substitution	
(iii)	in case of imported	There is no imported technology involved in the operations of
	technology (imported	the Company.
	during the last three	
	years reckoned from the	
	beginning of the	
	financial year)-	
	(a) the details of	NA
	technology imported	×
	(b) the year of import;	NA
	(c) whether the	NA
	technology been fully	
	absorbed	
	(d) if not fully absorbed,	NA
	areas where absorption	
1	1	

Regd. Off.: F-28, Okhla, Industrial Area, Phase - 1,

New Delhi-110 020 (INDIA)

Our Brand: **★CP PLUS**

	has not taken place, and	
_	the reasons thereof	
(iv)	the expenditure	Nil
	incurred on Research	, I
	and Development	

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Aditya Infotech Limited

Place: NOIDA

Date: 23rd October 2023

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman (DIN: 00514501) Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1

New Delhi-110048



SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To

The Members,

Aditya Infotech Limited

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Add: F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase - 1

New Delhi-110020

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Aditya Infotech Limited** (hereinafter called the "**Company**"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, We hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2023 complied with the statutory provisions hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2023, according to the provisions of:

- i. The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made thereunder;
- ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder to the extent of Regulation 55A;
- Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- v. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'): **Not Applicable**
 - a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers)

 Regulations, 2011;

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992; The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009:

- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999;
- e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
- f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009;
- h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998
- vi. Other laws specifically applicable to the company are as under and it has been confirmed & declared by the management that the company has complied with the said laws:-
 - 1. The Employees Provident fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 along with labour laws
 - 2. Employees State Insurance Act, 1948
 - 3. Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
 - 4. Payment Gratuity Act, 1972
 - 5. The Legal Metrology Act read with packaged commodity Rules
 - 6. The Environmental Act, 1986 and its allied applicable laws
 - 7. E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- Secretarial Standards with respect to Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India ("ICSI"); and
- ii. SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015: Not Applicable.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

I further report that,

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings are carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committee of the Board, as the case may be.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that, during the Audit Period, the following specific event took place having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards.



- The Board of Directors in the Board meeting dated January 04, 2023 approved and recommend to
 the shareholders for buy back of 4,50,000 (Four Lakh Fifty Thousand only) fully paid-up equity
 shares of face value of INR 10/- each and the shareholders of the Company passed a special
 resolution for approval of the same in the Extra Ordinary General Meeting dated January 09, 2023.
- The Company received the request from the existing shareholder for registration of transfer of the shares and the same was duly recorded in the following manner

Sl. No	Name of Transferor	Name of Transferee	No. of Shares Transfer
1	Mr. Hari Shankar Khemka	Mr. Aditiya Khemka	4,10,000
2.	Mr. Rishi Khemka	Mr. Aditiya Khemka	2,07,000
3	Mr. Rishi Khemka	Mr. Ananmay Khemka	18,500

- The Company has received the notice from Reserve Bank of India vide ref no. FE. CO.OID/S1373/19-51-093/2022-23 dated July 26, 2022 in the matter of CP Plus GMBH and Co.KG (UIN-NDWAZ20110422) and the Company moved the application for compounding of offence and the same was duly compounded vide RBI Order dated MCO5931 dated February 24, 2023.
- The Company has received the preliminary Notice for non-compliance u/s 148 of Companies Act, 2013 with respect to Non- Appointment of Cost Auditor for FY 2017-18 (PN-1216) and the Company duly replied about the non-applicability of the said provisions vide its letter dated May 24, 2023.
- The Noida Authority, relying on the Government of Uttar Pradesh Ordinance dated 7 January 2022, issued a show cause notice dated 19 January 2023 for cancellation of the lease deed. In response to such show cause notice, the Company filed its response on 31 January 2023, requesting for further extension of at least six months so that necessary steps could be taken. The Company filed appeal under Section 41(3) of Uttar Pradesh Industrial Development Act, 1976 and the same is pending.

For KMPM& Co.

(Company Secretaris

(Pawan Kumarg Mahur) Managing Partner

FCS No. F8462 C.P No 16961

Unique Identification No. F008462E000874558

Date: 28.08.2023 Place: New Delhi

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure-A and forms an integral part of this report

Annexure- A to the Secretarial Audit Report

To

The Members
Aditya Infotech Limited

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784 F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase – 1

New Delhi-110020

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

- Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on the random test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, We followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- Wherever required, have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on random test basis.
- The secretarial audit report is neither as assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the
 efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For KMPM& Co.

(Company Secretaries)

(Pawan Kumar Mahur)

Managing Partner FCS No. F8462

C.P No 16961

Unique Identification No. F008462E000874558

Date: 28.08.2023 Place: New Delhi

21st Floor, DLF Square Jacaranda Marg, DLF Phase II, Gurugram - 122 002 Haryana, India

T +91 124 462 8099 F +91 124 462 8001

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Aditya Infotech Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023, the standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the standalone Statement of Cash Flow and the standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2023, and its profit (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Emphasis of Matter

4. We draw attention to note 52 to the accompanying standalone financial statements which describes that subsequent to year-end, allotment and lease of the land at Sector 135, Noida, has been cancelled by the Noida Authority, relying on the State Government Ordinance dated 7 January 2022, since the Company did not fulfil the conditions stipulated in the Transfer Memorandum and lease deed with respect to construction and development on such land within the prescribed timelines. The Company had approached the authorities seeking revocation of the cancellation and restoration of the allotment of said land, in response to which the Noida Authority vide its letter dated 18 September 2023 has confirmed that the matter is under consideration.

The management based on its internal assessment and inputs from its legal expert, is confident of receiving favourable order regarding restoration of the Company's title and rights to the leased land shortly and further, is confident for completion of construction and development activities on the said land within the timelines that may be prescribed by the authorities and accordingly, believes that no adjustment is necessary in the standalone financial statements at this stage.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Information other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises information included in the Director's Report but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If based on our work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of other information, we are required to report the fact.

The Director's Report is not made available to us at the date of this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

6. The accompanying standalone financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



- 7. In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

- 9. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.
- 10. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act
 we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate
 internal financial controls system with reference to standalone financial statements in
 place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern;
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation; and
 - Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the standalone financial statements
 of the Company to express an opinion on the standalone financial statements.



11. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 12. As required by section 197(16) of the Act based on our audit, we report that the Company has paid remuneration to its directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- 13. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act we give in the Annexure A a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 14. Further to our comments in Annexure A, as required by section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying standalone financial statements;
 - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - The standalone financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act;
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company as on 31 March 2023 and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure B wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company, as detailed in note 46 and 52 to the standalone financial statements, has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position as at 31 March 2023;
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2023;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2023.



- iv. a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 53(h) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 53(i) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - c. Based on such audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- v. a. The interim dividend declared and paid by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2023 and until the date of this audit report is in compliance with section 123 of the Act;
 - b. The final dividend paid by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2023 in respect of such dividend declared for the previous year, is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend; and
 - c. As stated in note 47 to the accompanying standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2023 which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.
- vi. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 requires all companies which use accounting software for maintaining their books of account, to use such an accounting software which has a feature of audit trail, with effect from the financial year beginning on 1 April 2023 and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended) is not applicable for the current financial year.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

UDIN: 23503843BGUTGY9206

Place: Gurugram Date: 23 October 2023

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment, right of use assets and investment property.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) The property, plant and equipment, right of use assets and investment property have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of physical verification program adopted by the Company, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
 - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties including investment properties held by the Company (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company. However, for title deeds of immovable properties in the nature of:

Type of Property	Property Address	Gross carrying value as at 31 March 2023 (Rs.in million)*
Leasehold Land	Plot no. 12, Block A Sector-4, Noida, Uttar Pradesh	23.44
Leasehold Land	Plot no. 11, Block A Sector-4, Noida, Uttar Pradesh	27.27
Freehold Land	F-28, Okhla, New Delhi	50.04
Investment Property - Building	Janki Centre, Andheri West, Mumbai	6.78

^{*}Gross carrying value represents acquisition cost of respective immovable properties

which have been mortgaged as security for loans or borrowings taken by the Company, confirmations with respect to title of the Company have been directly obtained by us from the respective lenders.

For properties where the Company is a lessee, the lease arrangements have been duly executed in favour of the Company except in following cases:

Description of property	Gross carrying value (Rs. in millions)	Held in name of	Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee	Period held	Reason for not being held in name of company
Plot no. 12A, Sector-135, Noida, Uttar Pradesh	173.31	Aditya Infotech Limited	No	5 years	The title of land is under dispute as the Noida Authority has cancelled the allotment of the land to the Company on the grounds of non-compliance of the terms and conditions stipulated in the transfer memorandum and lease deed. Also, refer note 52 of the standalone financial statements.

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

- d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment, Right of Use assets or intangible assets during the year.
- (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) (a) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate and no discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed.
 - (b) The Company has a working capital limit in excess of Rs 5 crore sanctioned by banks based on the security of current assets. The quarterly statements, in respect of the working capital limits have been filed by the Company with such banks and such statements are in agreement with the books of account of the Company for the respective periods, which were not subject to audit/review.
- (iii) (a) The Company has not provided any loans or provided any advances in the nature of loans, or guarantee, or security to any other entity during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not made any investment, provided any guarantee or given any security during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) There is no overdue amount in respect of loans or advances in the nature of loans granted to such companies.
 - (d) The Company has not granted any loan or advance in the nature of loan which has fallen due during the year. Further, no fresh loans were granted to any party to settle the overdue loans/advances in nature of loan.
 - (e) The Company has not granted any loan or advance in the nature of loan, which is repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the current year.
- (iv) The Company has not entered into any transaction covered under sections 185 and 186 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there is no amount which has been considered as deemed deposit within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products/business activity. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.



Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

- (vii)(a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities by the Company, though there have been slight delays in few cases. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Gross Amount (Rs. in millions)*	Amount paid under Protest (Rs. in millions)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income- tax Act, 1961	Income Tax on account of certain disallowances	197.43	3.80	Assessment year 2019-20	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
Income- tax Act, 1961	Income Tax on account of certain disallowances	0.40	-	Assessment year 2020-21	Assessing Officer
Income- tax Act, 1961	Income Tax on account of certain disallowances	0.63	-	Assessment year 2021-22	Assessing Officer
The Jammu and Kashmir Value Added Tax, 2005	Value Added Tax	2.55	0.07	Financial year 2016-17	J&K VAT Appellate Authority
The Jammu and Kashmir Value Added Tax, 2005	Value Added Tax	9.49	0.26	Financial year 2017-18	J&K VAT Assessing Authority
Customs Act, 1962	Short levy of Custom duty	5.16	0.13	Financial year 2020-21	Commissioner (Appeals) Mumbai
Customs Act, 1962	Short levy of Custom duty	17.79		Financial year 2020-21	Customs Audit Commissioner Tamil Nadu
Customs Act, 1962	Short levy of Custom duty	1.16	0.09	Financial year 2022-23	Commissioner (Appeals) Delhi
The Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	Wrong availment of ITC	0.37	0.02	Financial year 2017-18	Commissioner (Appeals) Chattisgarh
The Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	Wrong availment of ITC	4.15	0.21	Financial year 2018-19	Commissioner (Appeals) Mumbai

*Represents amounts as per demand orders and includes interest and penalties as per the respective orders, wherever applicable.

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been recorded in the books of accounts.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, money raised by way of term loans were applied for the purposes for which these were obtained.
 - (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, funds raised by the Company on short term basis have not been utilised for long term purposes.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or joint venture.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries or joint venture companies.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
 - (b) No report under section 143(12) of the Act has been filed with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable. Further, the details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements, as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act.



Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system as required under section 138 of the Act which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered the reports issued by the Internal Auditors of the Company till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and accordingly, provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) Based on the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management of the Company, the Group (as defined in Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CIC.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred any cash loss in the current as well as the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any unspent amount in respect of any ongoing or other than ongoing project as at the expiry of the financial year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

UDIN: 23503843BGUTGY9206

Place: Gurugram Date: 23 October 2023

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

 In conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ('the Company') as at and for the year ended 31 March 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the 'ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, and the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.



Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2023, based on internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

UDIN: 23503843BGUTGY9206

Place: Gurugram
Date: 23 October 2023

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)	Note	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
ASSETS			
Non-current assets		-000mm/4.4v	251.20
Property, plant and equipment	4	264.28	251.22
Right- of- use assets	5	368.52	277.64
Capital work in progress	6	1.83	-
nvestment property	7	4.08	4.39
Other intangible assets	8Λ	11.33	12.18
Intangible assets under development	8B	63.79	41.67
Financial assets			0000
Investments	9	111.30	113.12
Other financial assets	10	179.17	153.34
Deferred tax assets (net)	11	56.74	59.44
ncome tax assets (net)	12	8.03	4.73
Other non-current assets	13	41.63	42.47
		1,110.70	960.20
Current assets			
Inventories	14	5,110.50	3,026.75
Financial assets			Topographic Control of the Control o
Investments	15	9	52.60
Trade receivables	16	6,149.58	5,249.33
Cash and cash equivalents	17	1,471.49	1,044.20
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	18	2,238.22	961.57
Other financial assets	19	632.43	542.5
Other current assets	20	171.39	167.93
Total current assets		15,773.61	11,044.95
Total assets		16,884.31	12,005.15
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	21	20.50	25.00
Other equity	22	2,878.81	2,690.0
Total equity		2,899.31	2,715.04
Non current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			491.90
Borrowings	23	427.81	
Lease liabilities	5	96.84	38.2
Provisions	24	72.61	67.0
Total non current liabilities		597.26	597.10
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities	or.	3,668.17	1,407.4
Borrowings	25	200 Language 1	36.5
Lease liabilities	5	75.86	50.5
Trade payables	11.00 annua	115.05	40.2
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	26	115.05	
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	26	8,989.78	6,625.8
Other financial liabilities	27	246.87	191
Provisions	28	64.79	70.0
Current tax liabilities(net)	29	33.53	104.
Other current liabilities	30	193.69	217.2
Total current liabilities		13,387.74	8,692.9
Total equity and liabilities		16,884.31	12,005.1

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

PED ACCO

This is the Standalone Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Midal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman DIN:00514501

DIM:00514552

U.Chal Yogesh Sharma

Place: Noida Date: 23 October 2023

Senior VP Finance



Place: Gurugram Date: 23 October 2023

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Income:			
Revenue from operations	31	22,845.47	16,334.97
Other income	32	137.32	148.88
Total income		22,982.79	16,483.85
Expenses:			45 704 05
Purchases of stock-in-trade	33	21,076.39	15,736.85
Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade	34	(2,093.31)	(2,324.38)
Employee benefits expense	35	1,020.14	826.77
Finance costs	36	232.16	203.81
Depreciation and amortization expenses	37	88.49	75.40
Other expenses	38	1,229.14	751.66
Total expenses		21,553.01	15,270.11
Profit before exceptional items and tax		1,429.78	1,213.74
Exceptional items	39	57.87	48.39
Profit before tax		1,371.91	1,165.35
Tax expense:	40		
Current tax expense		346.35	306.16
Deferred tax expense		2.37	15.61
Earlier years tax adjustments (nct)		1.86	7.16
Total tax expense		350.58	328.93
Profit for the year		1,021.33	836.42
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		5.071090	22.00
Re-measurements of the defined benefit plans		1.36	(11.36)
Income tax relating to above item		(0.34)	2.86
Other comprehensive income		1.02	(8.50)
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,022.35	827.92
Earnings per equity share (Rs. 10 per share) Basic and diluted	4	1 414.75	334.57

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

PED ACCO

This is the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Place: Gurugram

Date: 23 October 2023

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman

DIN:00514501

Managing Director DIN:00514552

Yogesh Sharma

Senior VP Finance

Place: Noida

Date: 23 October 2023



CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Standalone Statement of Cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless	otherwise stated)
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(All a	amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)		
	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
A	Cash flow from operating activities	1 271 01	1,165.35
	Profit before tax	1,371.91	1,103.33
	Adjustments for:		_ =
	Depreciation and amortization expenses	88.49	75.40
	Interest income on bank deposits	(60.85)	(65.02)
	Interest income on security deposits	(0.50)	(0.51)
	Dividend income	(28.69)	(0.06)
	Liabilities no longer required written back	(15.34)	(72.92)
	Loss/(profit) on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	(0.01)	1.76
	Rental income	(4.68)	(4.31)
	Provision for SAD claims	10.05	1.19
	Balances written off	18.25	68.97 0.77
	Foreign exchange (gain)/loss (net)	7.51	170.35
	Finance cost	201.09	1.02
	Loss on derivative contracts	12.40	8.76
	Interest expense on lease liabilities	13.40	0.70
	Gain on extinguishment of lease	(2.22)	(0.91)
	Rent concession	1.02	0.45
	Loss on measurement of investment at FVTPL	1.82	1,350.29
	Operating profit before working capital changes	1,590.16	1,330.29
	Movement in working capital	40 000 TEV	(0.202.61)
	Increase in inventories	(2,083.75)	(2,323.61)
	Increase in trade receivables	(888.82)	(1,662.55)
	Increase in other current assets and non current assets	(3.24)	(89.74)
	Increase in other financial assets	(96.57)	(519.81)
	Increase in other financial liabilities	34.50	162.75
	Increase/ (decrease) in other current liabilities	(23.51)	65.97 16.38
	Increase in provisions	1.66	
	Increase in trade payables	2,446.55	3,651.64 651.32
	Cash flow from operating activities post working capital changes	976.97	(218.96)
	Income tax (paid) / refund received (net)	(422.15) 554.82	432.36
	Net cash flow from operating activities (A)	551102	
\mathbf{B}	Cash flow from investing activities	(71.17)	(67.14)
	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and	(71.17)	(67.14)
	intangible assets under development	(1,295.33)	(861.32)
	Investments in fixed deposits (net)	114210111111111	
	Sale of property, plant and equipment	0.72	0.13
	Repayment of loan from related parties	(5)	3.79
	Proceeds from bonds	52.60	1000
	Investment in bonds	340	(52.60)
	Rental income	4.68	4.31
	Dividend income	28.69	0.06
	Interest received	60.85	96.66
	Net cash flow used in investing activities (B)	(1,218.96)	(876.10)
	Cook flow from Francing activities		
С	Cash flow from financing activities	(201.09)	(168.72)
	Finance cost paid	300.00	-
	Proceeds from related party loans	25.00	500.00
	Proceeds from long-term borrowings	(389.09)	(87.96)
	Repayment of long term borrowings Proceeds from short term borrowings	7,868.07	380.00
	Repayment of short term borrowings	(5,616.09)	(369.00)
	Buy back of equity shares	(799.58)	+
	Dividend paid during the year	(38.50)	(10.00)
	Principal payment of lease liabilities	(43.94)	(36.38)
	Laborate assessment of logge lightlities	(13.40)	(8.76)
	Net cash flow from financing activities (C)	1,091.37	199.18
	S Need S	407.02	(244.57)
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	427.23	1,288.83
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,044.26	1,044.26
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	1,471.49	1,044.20

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Standalone Statement of Cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Balances with scheduled banks and cash in hand:	Hert 20000	The number
- Cash in hand	1.22	1.20
- In current accounts	3.42	255.83
- In eash credit accounts	56.28	430.40
- Cheques in hand	493.27	294.38
- Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months	917.30	62.45
Total cash and cash equivalents (refer note 17)	1,471.49	1,044.26

Note: The above standalone cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS-7) Statement of Cash Flow.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

This is the Standalone Statement of Cash flows referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

Place: Gurugram Date: 23 October 2023 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Senior VP Finance

Place: Noida

Date: 23 October 2023



CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity share capital (refer note 21)

Donatha Dariad

Particulars	Opening balance as at 1 April 2022	Opening balance as at 1 April 2022 year		Balance as at 31 March 2023	
Equity share capital	25.00		(4.50)	20.50	

^{*} Refer Note 21(f)

Previous reporting period

Particulars	Opening balance as at 1 April 2021	Issue during the year	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2022
Equity share capital	25.00	-	(=)	25.00

B. Other equity (refer note 22) Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			
Particulais	Retained Earnings	General reserve	Capital Redemption Reserve	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	1,701.70	170.42	-	1,872.12
Profit for the year	836.42	•	-	836.42
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax impact)	(8.50)	-	-	(8.50)
Dividend paid during the year (refer note 47)	(10.00)	1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944 - 1944		(10.00)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	2,519.62	170.42	-	2,690.04
Profit for the year	1,021.33		5	1,021.33
Premium paid on buy back of equity shares*	(644.86)		(2)	(644.86)
Tax paid on buy back of equity shares*	(150.22)	-	- Feb.	(150.22)
Transfer to capital redemption reserve upon buy back of equity shares*	(4.50)	·	4.50	5
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax impact)	1.02			1.02
Dividend paid during the year (refer note 47)	(38.50)	() 4 ()		(38.50)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	2,703.89	170.42	4.50	2,878.81

^{*} Refer Note 21(f)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

D ACC

This is the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Place: Gurugram

Date: 23 October 2023

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Senior VP Finance

Place: Noida

Date: 23 October 2023

DIN:00514552

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Corporate information

Aditya Infotech Limited ("the Company") is a Public limited company having CIN no. U74899DL1995PLC066784 and was incorporated on 27th March 1995 with Registrar of Companies, New Delhi. The Company's registered office is situated at F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase-1, New Delhi - 110020 and corporate office is situated at A- 12, Sector-4, Noida - 201301. The Company is engaged in trading of security and surveillance equipment and components under 'CP Plus' brand. Further, the Company is also engaged in trading of security and surveillance equipments and components manufactured by Dahua Technologies Group.

Basis of preparation of Standalone financial statements

These standalone financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time, presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 ("Ind AS compliant schedule") and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities:

a) Certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value; and

b) Defined benefit plans-plan assets measured at fair value.

The standalone financial statements have been prepared and presented in INR, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in INR has been rounded to the nearest million unless, except when otherwise indicated.

The standalone financial statements were approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 23 October 2023.

(b) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies that are used in the preparation of these standalone financial statements are summarised below. These accounting policies are consistently used throughout the periods presented in the standalone financial statements.

Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- · Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle*
- · Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- · Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- · Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- · It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle*
- · It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- · It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities respectively.

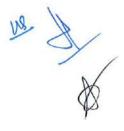
*Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

Revenue recognition (b)

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the entity and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made.

Revenue is measured at the transaction price for each separate performance obligation taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government. The transaction price is net of estimated customer returns, rebates, discounts and other similar allowances.







CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(i) Sale of security and surveillance equipment and components

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised goods to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which Company expects to receive in exchange of those goods. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control is transferred to the customer, based on terms of contracts with the customers which generally coincides with delivery of products to customers in case of domestic sales and on the basis of bill of lading in the case of export sales.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the control of the product is transferred, the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods.
- The Company has a present right to payment for the asset.
- . The Company has transferred physical possession of the asset, whereby the customer has the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, the asset or to restrict the access of other entities to those benefits.

Provision for contractual warranty is recognised as per the principles defined under Ind AS 37 Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets. When the consideration is received, before the entity transfers a goods to the customer, the entity shall present the consideration as contract liability.

(ii) Rendering of services including business support and technical training services

- (a) Revenue from business support services is recognised over a period of time when the services are rendered as per the terms of the respective contracts with the customers.
- (b) Revenue from other services including technical training services are recognised at a point in time as and when the services are rendered as per the terms of the respective contracts with the customers.

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend is recognised when right to receive the payment is established.

(iv) Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised and accrued using effective interest rate method.

(v) Insurance & Other Claims

Revenue in respect of claims is recognized when no significant uncertainty exists with regard to the amount to be realized and the ultimate collection thereof.

Inventory (c)

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost determined on weighted average cost basis and net-realisable value. Cost includes freight, taxes and duties net of GST input tax credit, wherever applicable. Customs duty payable on material in bonded warehouse is added to the cost of the material.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated cost of completion and cost necessary to make the sale.

Property, plant and equipment

Property plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably. Property, Plant and Equipment which are significant to the total cost of that item of Property, Plant and Equipment and having different useful life are accounted separately. Other Indirect Expenses incurred relating to project, net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre-operative expenses and disclosed under Capital Work-in-Progress. Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided using written down value method on depreciable amount. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

The estimates of useful life of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Particulars	Useful life as per Schedule II of the Act
Building	60 Years
Computers and Peripherals	
- Computers	3 Years
- Servers	6 Years
Office Equipment	5 Years
Furniture, Fixture and Fittings	10 Years
Motorcycles and scooters	10 Years
Motor cars	8 Years
Plant and machinery	15 Years

De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.







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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(e) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

Intangible assets	Useful life
Computer Software	6 years
Trademark	10 years

De-recognition

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gain or loss arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

(f) Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation, or both. Investment properties are measured initially at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost, if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Investment properties are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation on investment properties is provided on the written down value method computed on the basis of useful lives as prescribed in the Schedule II of the Act:

Investment property	Useful life as per Schedule II of the Act
Building	60 years

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at the end of each financial year.

De-recognition

Investment properties are de-recognized either when they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss in the period of de-recognition.

(g) Impairment of non-financial assets- property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property

At the end of each reporting period, the entity reviews the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generated unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(h) Intangible assets under development

Intangible assets under development represents expenditure incurred in respect of intangible assets under development and are carried at cost less accumulated impairment loss, if any. Cost includes related acquisition expenses, development costs, borrowing costs and other direct expenditure.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand, cheques in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.









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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the year is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as fresh issue, bonus issue that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets

(i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss.

(ii) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is recognised for:

Possible obligation which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company.

· Present obligation arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation cannot be made.

(iii) Contingent assets

Contingent assets are not recognised in the standalone financial statements. Contingent assets are disclosed in the standalone financial statements to the extent it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Company from such assets.

Leases: Right-of-use asset and Lease liabilities

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for land and buildings- warehouse and office premises and vehicles. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases), and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognises the lease rentals as an operating expense in the statement of profit and loss account.

(i)Right-of-use assets

At the commencement date, the right of use assets is measured at cost. The cost includes an amount equal to the lease liabilities plus adjusted for the amount of prepaid or accrued lease payments. After the commencement date, the right of use assets is measured in accordance with the accounting policy for property, plant and equipment i.e. right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- · the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- · any initial direct costs, and
- · restoration costs.

(ii)Lease liabilities

The lease liability is initially measured at amortised cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows. The Company has used a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in WE S the Company, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used.









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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(iii)Lease term

At the commencement date, the Company determines the lease term which represents non-cancellable period of initial lease for which the asset is expected to be used, together with the periods covered by an option to extend or terminate the lease, if the Company is reasonably certain at the commencement date to exercise the extension or termination option.

(iv)Short term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis which is more representative of the pattern of use of underlying asset.

(v)Others

The following is the summary of practical expedients elected on initial application:

- (i) Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with a similar end date.
- (ii) Applied the exemption not to recognise right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term on the date of initial application and low value asset.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Payments associated with short-term leases of property, plant and office equipment and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

The Company's Financial Statements are presented in INR which is also the Company's functional currency. Foreign currency transaction are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency, using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities outstanding at the yearend are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the year-end and the gain or loss, is recognised in the Standalone statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

Retirement and other employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as employees' state insurance, labour welfare fund, superannuation scheme, employee pension scheme etc. are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. Company's provident fund contribution, in respect of certain employees, is made to a Government administered fund and charged as an expense to the standalone statement of profit and loss. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company has no further defined obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

(ii) Defined benefit plan

Gratuity

Gratuity is a post-employment benefit and is in the nature of a defined benefit plan. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. The defined benefit obligation is determined by actuarial valuation as on the balance sheet date, using the projected unit credit method. Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- · The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- The date that the Company recognises related restructuring costs.

The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss:

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and nonroutine settlements; and
- · Net interest expense or income.











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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(iii) Other long-term employee benefits (compensated absences)

Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed within one year from the balance sheet date is recognised on the basis of undiscounted value of estimated amount required to be paid or estimated value of benefit expected to be availed by the employees. Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed more than one year after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of an actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are credited or charged to the Statement of profit and loss in the year in which such gains or losses are determined.

(iv) Short-term and other long-term employee benefits

Expense in respect of other short-term benefits is recognised on the basis of the amount paid or payable for the period during which services are rendered by the employees.

Investments in subsidiary and joint venture

Investments representing equity interests in subsidiary and joint venture are carried at cost.

(r)

Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and the net change in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year. Current and deferred tax are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current income tax, assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the Income Computation and Disclosure Standards (ICDS) enacted in India by using tax rates and the tax laws that are enacted as at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to item recognized outside the statement of profit and loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or equity). Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transactions either in OCI or directly in equity.

The Company's management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in financial statements, except when the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill, an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

(iii) Indirect taxes

GST input tax credit on materials purchased / services availed for production / Input services are taken into account at the time of purchase and availing services. GST input tax credit on purchase of capital items wherever applicable are taken into account as and when the assets are acquired. The GST input tax credits so taken are utilised for payment of GST on supply and service. The unutilised GST input tax credit is carried forward in the books of accounts as 'balance with government authorities'.

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial asset or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction cost directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Assets are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of Financial Assets, which are not at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of Financial Assets are recognised using trade date accounting.

B. Subsequent Measurement

a) Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost (AC)

A Financial Asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A Financial Asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling Financial Assets and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

A Financial Asset which is not classified in any of the above categories is measured at FVTPL. Financial assets are reclassified subsequent to their recognition, if the Company changes its business model for managing those financial assets. Changes in business model are made and applied prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of immediately next reporting period following the changes in business model in accordance with principles laid down under Ind AS 109 - Financial Instruments.

C. Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial

ECL is the weighted-average of difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate, with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider -

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

(i) Trade receivables

In respect of trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach of Ind AS 109, which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

(ii) Other financial assets

In respect of its other financial assets, the entity assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the entity measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

When making this assessment, the entity uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial asset. To make that assessment, the entity compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company neither transfers nor retains subsequently all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the entity recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for the amount it may have to pay.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset.







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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Financial liabilities

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Liabilities are recognized at fair value and in case of borrowings, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost.

B. Subsequent Measurement

Financial Liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Company. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and transactions costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is due within 12 months after reporting period. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

C. De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

· In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

• Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the standalone financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Derivative financial instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any gains or losses from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to statement of profit and loss.

Exceptional items

Items which are material by virtue of their size and nature are disclosed separately as exceptional items to ensure that financial statements allows an understanding of the underlying performance of the business during the year and to facilitate comparison with prior year.











ADITYA INFOTECH LTD.

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(w) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM").

Identification of segments:

In accordance with Ind AS 108 Operating Segments, the operating segments used to present segment information are identified on the basis of information reviewed by the Company's management to allocate resources to the segments and assess their performance. An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it earns revenues and incurs expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Company's other components.

Results of the operating segments are reviewed regularly by the Chief Operating Decision Maker, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the

segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available.

(x) Significant estimates and judgements

The preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Standalone Financial Statements is included in the following notes:

• Recognition and estimation of tax expense including deferred tax - Note 3(r), Note 11 and Note 40

• Estimated impairment of financial assets and non-financial assets - Note 3(g) and Note 3(s)

- Assessment of useful life of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets Note 3(d), (e), (f) and Note 4, Note 7 and Note 8
- Estimation of assets and obligations relating to employee benefits Note 3(p) and Note 45

Valuation of inventories – Note 3(c)

Recognition and measurement of contingent liabilities – Note 3(I) and Note 46

· Provisions - Note 3(l)

- · Leases Note 3(m) and Note 5
- Fair value measurement Note 3(t) and Note 42
- Provision for warranty Note 3(b) and Note 24 and 28
- Expected credit loss Note 3(s) and Note 16

(y) Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

- (i) Ind AS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies and include corresponding amendments to Ind AS 107 and Ind AS 34. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023.
- (ii) Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023.
- (iii) Ind AS 12 Income Taxes This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. Also there is corresponding amendment to Ind AS 101. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023.

The Company has evaluated the above amendments and the impact thereof is not expected to be material on these standalone financial statements.



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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

4	D	-In-	and	equipment

Particulars	Land	Building	Plant and machinery	Computers	Office equipment	Vehicles	Furniture and fixtures	Total
As at 31 March 2021	50.04	162.16	2.53	7.29	14.24	24.05	19.44	279.75
	30.01	-	7.53,5350	7.07	4.12	12.15	0.01	23.35
Additions	_	_	0.14	0.83	1.77	0.01	0.63	3.38
Disposals		162.16	2.39	13.53	16,59	36.19	18.82	299.72
As at 31 March 2022	50.04			11.96	2.13	28.13	1.98	44.20
Additions		-	· ·	11.20	7.19	3.50	0.47	11.16
Disposals	878		-	25.40		60.82	20.33	332.76
As at 31 March 2023	50.04	162.16	2.39	25.49	11.53	00.02	20,33	002170
Accumulated depreciation							1.70	22.43
As at 31 March 2021		7.91	0.49	3.23	4.55	1.47	4.78	
Charge for the year	-	7.67	0.39	3.75	3.06	8.90	3.79	27.56
Disposals	-	9	0.05	0.20	0.99	0.00	0.25	1.49
As at 31 March 2022	0 = 0	15.58	0.83	6.78	6.62	10.37	8.32	48.50
Charge for the year	-	7.15	0.29	7.74	3.83	8.63	2.79	30.43
	-	-		-	6.83	3.22	0.40	10.45
Disposals		22.73	1.12	14.52	3.62	15.77	10.71	68.48
As at 31 March 2023	·*·	44.13	1.12	14.52	0.02			
Net block as at 31 March 2022	50.04	146.58	1.56	6.75	9.97	25.82	10.50	251,22
Net block as at 31 March 2023	50.04	139.43	1,27	10.97	7.91	45.05	9.62	264.28

(i) Contractual obligations

Refer note 46 for contractual commitments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

(ii) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

(iii) Property, plant and equipment pledged as security for borrowings

Property, plant and equipment have been pledged as security for borrowings, refer note 23 for details.



CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

5 Leases

		4 -		
a)	Ri	ght	of	use

Particulars	Leasehold land*	Office and warehouse	IT equipment	Vehicles	Total
Right-of-use assets					
As at 31 March 2021	213.95	91.25		3.74	308.94
Additions		37.56	-	2.37	39.93
Deletions	-	(4.80)		(1.29)	(6.09)
As at 31 March 2022	213.95	124.01	- III	4.82	342.78
Additions	- E+3	164.35	5.09	11.19	180.63
Deletions	-	(55.66)		(1.66)	(57.32)
As at 31 March 2023	213.95	232.69	5.09	14.35	466.09
Accumulated depreciation					
As at 31 March 2021	3.01	24.57	553	1.67	29.25
Charge for the year	3.01	37.27		1.52	41.80
Disposals		(4.62)		(1.29)	(5.91)
As at 31 March 2022	6.02	57.22	-	1.90	65.14
Charge for the year	3.01	47.69	1.27	1.90	53.88
Disposals	848	(21.07)		(0.38)	(21.45)
As at 31 March 2023	9.03	83.84	1.27	3.42	97.57
Net Block as at 31 March 2022	207.93	66.79	-	2.92	277.64
Net Block as at 31 March 2023	204.92	148.85	3.82	10.94	368.52

^{*}Also refer note 52

b) Lease Liability

Particulars	Total
Lease liability recorded	
As at 31 March 2021	72.58
Additions	39.64
Accretion of interest	8.76
Payments	(45.15)
Concessions	(0.91)
Deletions	(0.17)
As at 31 March 2022	74.75
Additions	177.76
Accretion of interest	13.40
Payments	(57.34)
Deletions	(35.87)
As at 31 March 2023	172.70

	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
Current	75.86	36.54	
Non-current	96.84	38.21	
	172.70	74.75	

c) Company as a lessee

The Company has leases for the land, office building, warehouse facilities, IT equipment and vehicles. With the exception of short term leases and leases of low-value underlying assets, each lease is reflected on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. The Company classifies its right-of-use assets in a consistent manner to its property, plant and equipment.

Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Company to sublease the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Company. The Company is prohibited from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as security. Further, the Company is required to pay maintenance fees in accordance with the lease contracts.

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022	
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	53.88	41.80	
Interest expense on lease liabilities	13.40	8.76	
Expense relating to short term leases	46.77	27.20	
Gain on extinguishment and modification of lease	(2.22)		
Rent concession		(0.91)	
Net impact on statement of profit and loss	111.83	76,85	

ii) Amounts recognized in the cash flow statement

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Payment of lease liabilities- principal and interest	57.34	45.15

iii) Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in Statement of profit and loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office furniture.

The Company has recognised Rs. 46.77 million pertaining to 31 March 2023 and Rs. 27.20 million pertaining to 31 March 2022 in respect of short term leases entered into by the Company.









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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

iv) The table below describes the nature of the Company's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised in balance sheet:

Right of use asset		31 March 2023			
Mgitt of the asset	No. of right of use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)	No. of right of use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)	
Office building	28	2-6 years	26	2-6 years	
Warehouse facilities	9	2-3 years	10	2-3 years	
Vehicles	12	2-5 years	7	2-5 years	
Land	3	50-76 years	3	50-76 years	
IT Equipment	2	2-3 years		-	

v) Maturity of lease liabilities The lease liabilities are secures

d by the related underlying assets. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

31 March 2023		Minimum lease payments due						
31 Harch 2023	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total			
Lease payments	88.35	83.60	27.47	15,35	214.77			

31 March 2022	Minimum lease payments due						
51 March 2022	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
Lease payments	38.41	31.30	7.98	8.13	85.8		

vi) Information about extension and termination options

31 March 2023 Right of usc assets	Number of leases	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term (in years)	Number of leases with extension option	Number of leases with purchase option	Number of leases with termination option
06 1 34	28	2-6	4.00	-		28
Office building	20	2-3	2.50	-	-	9
Warehouse facilities	9					12
Vehicles	12	2-5	3.50			12
	3	50-76	63.00	-		3
Land						2
IT Equipment	2	2-3	2.50	-		

31 March 2022

31 March 2022	T 50 1 41	Range of remaining	Average	Number of leases	Number of leases	Number of leases
Right of use assets	Number of leases	term (in years)		with extension option		with termination option
Off 1 3.5	26	2-6	4.00	-		26
Office building		2-3	2.50			10
Warehouse facilities	10	2-3				7
Vehicles	7	2-5	3.50	-	-	:1
Land	3	50-76	63.00		-	3









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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

6. Capital Work in Progress

6. Capital Work in Frogress	
Particulars	Amount
Gross block	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	8
Additions	ti .
Capitalised	<u>t</u>
Balance as at 31 March 2022	
Additions	1.83
Capitalised	×
Balance as at 31 March 2023	1.83

(i) Ageing of capital work in progress:

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Amour	nt in capital wor	k in progress for	a period of	Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	
Project in progress	1.83	3=5		*	1.83

As at 31 March 2022

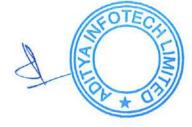
Particulars	Amou	nt in capital wor	k in progress for	a period of	Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	
Project in progress	-	9 4 0	-	(₩)	300

- (ii) Capital work in progress, whose completion is overdue or exceeded its cost compared to its original plan: Nil (31 March 2022: Nil)
- (iii) Capital work in progress represents architectural and soil testing costs incurred towards the Noida property (also refer note 52).
- (iv) Refer note 46B for contractual commitments of capital work in progress as at 31 March 2023 (31 March 2022: Rs. Nil)









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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

7. Investment property

Particulars	Non factory Building	Total
As at 31 March 2021	5.36	5.36
Additions	120	14
	74%	-
Disposals	5.36	5.36
As at 31 March 2022		2
Additions		-
Disposals	5.36	5.36
As at 31 March 2023	5.30	5,50
Accumulated depreciation		
As at 31 March 2021	0.31	0.31
Charge for the year	0.66	0.60
Disposals	(2)	
As at 31 March 2022	0.97	0.97
Charge for the year	0.31	0.3
Disposals		323
As at 31 March 2023	1.28	1.28
Net block as at 31 March 2022	4.39	4.3
Net block as at 31 March 2023	4.08	4.0

(ii) Amount recognised in profit and loss for investment property:

(n) Amount recognised in profit and loss to investment property. Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Rental income	1.34	1.26
Less: direct operating expenses that generated rental income*	X €	(7)
Less: direct operating expenses that did not generate rental income*	-	
Profit from leasing of investment property before depreciation	1.34	1.26
Less: depreciation expense	0.31	0.66
Profit from leasing of investment property after depreciation	1.03	0.60

^{*}Direct operating expenses attributable to investment property cannot be specifically identified with property, although management does not expect them to be material.

(iii) Fair value of investment property:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Fair value of office space at Janki Centre, Andheri, Mumbai	27.72	25.25
Total	27.72	25.25

The Company has appointed a registered valuer in accordance with Rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuer and Valuation) Rules, 2017 for the valuation of investment property. The fair value of investment property has been determined by external, independent property valuers, having appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued. The Company obtains independent valuation for its investment property at least annually and are considered to be a fair representation at which such properties can be sold in an active market. The fair value measurement of the investment property has been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used. Fair value has been determined using combination of market approach and cost approach. The market approach provides an indication of value by comparing the asset with identical or comparable (that is similar) assets for which price information is available whereas cost approach provides an indication of value using the economic principle that a buyer will pay no more for an asset than the cost to obtain an asset of equal utility, whether by purchase or by construction, unless undue time, inconvenience, risk or other factors are involved.

(iv) Contractual obligations

There are no contractual obligations outstanding as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

(v) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.









CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

8A. Intangible assets

Particulars	Computer Software	Trademark	Total	
	Significant and the second sec	11.55	20.00	
As at 31 March 2021	8.45	11.55		
Additions	2.12	-	2.12	
Disposals	#3		-	
As at 31 March 2022	10.57	11.55	22.12	
Additions	3.02		3.02	
Disposals	20	20	*	
As at 31 March 2023	13.59	11.55	25.14	
Accumulated amortisation As at 31 March 2021 Charge for the year Disposals	2.91 3.73	1.65 1.65	4.56 5.38	
As at 31 March 2022	6.64	3.30	9.94	
Charge for the year	2.22	1.65	3.87	
Disposals	: <u>22</u> :	(4)		
As at 31 March 2023	8.86	4.95	13.81	
Net block as at 31 March 2022	3.93	8.25	12.18	
Net block as at 31 March 2023	4.73	6.60	11.33	









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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

8B. Intangible assets under development

Particulars	Intangible assets under development	'Total
As at 31 March 2021	<u>.</u>	19
Additions	41.67	41.67
Capitalised		
As at 31 March 2022	41.67	41.67
Additions	24.72	24.72
Capitalised	2.60	2.60
As at 31 March 2023	63.79	63.79

(i) Ageing of intangible asset under development:

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	
Intangible assets under development	22.12	41.67	+		63.79

As at 31 March 2022

Particulars	Amount in it	ntangible assets un	der development fo	or a period of	Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	
Intangible assets under development	41.67	3876	170	-	41.67

(ii) Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or exceeded its cost compared to its original plan: Nil (31 March 2022: Nil)

(iii) Contractual obligations

Refer note 46 for contractual commitments for acquisition of intangible assets as at 31 March 2023 (31 March 2022: Rs. Nil)

(iv) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.









ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED
CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784
Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

9 Investments	As at 31 March 2023 (No. of shares)	As at 31 March 2022 (No. of shares)	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Unquoted Investments				
Investment in equity instruments				
In subsidiaries (at cost)	11,80,250	11,80,250	11.19	11.19
Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd, China, Equity Shares of 1 RMB each	11,80,250	11,80,250	11.19	11.19
Total				
In joint venture (at cost)		95,00,000	95.00	95.00
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited, Equity Shates of Rs. 10 each	95,00,000		95.00	95.00
Total	95,00,000	95,00,000	73.00	75100
Investment in equity instruments measured at fair value through profit & loss		20234 98446		6.93
Tamilnad Mercantile Bank Limited, Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each		12,525	-	6,93
Total		12,525	•	0.73
Quoted Investments				
Investment in equity instruments measured at fair value through profit & loss			5.11	
Tamilnad Mercantile Bank Limited, Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	12,525		5.11	-
Total	12,525	•	5.11	
Total		-	111,30	113.12
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof			5.11	sortius.
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments		_	106.19	113.12
Agrigate another the property of the property		=	111.30	113.12
10 Other financial assets		-	As at	As at
to Other imaticiae assers		-	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Fixed deposit with remaining maturity of more than 12 months*			166.04 13.13	147.36 5.98
Security deposits (carried at amortised cost)		-	179.17	153.34
includes deposits aggregating to Rs. 32 30 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 93.42 million) held as margin money.		-		
11 Deferred tax assets (net)		-	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) on account of:-				
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets			0.28	0.48
Allowance for expected credit losses			13.12	16.76
Employee benefits			10.66	12.17 22.34
Warranty provision			23.92	1.27
Right of use assets and lease liabilities			2.30	8.11
Other temporary differences			7.74	(1.69
Investment carried at FVTPL			(1.28)	59.44
			56.74	59.44

(i) Movement in deferred tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	Recognised/ (credited) through profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2023
Assets/(Liabilities)	0.48	(0.20)		0.28
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets	50000	7/11/15	1 1	13.12
Allowance for expected credit losses	16.76	(3.64)		10.66
Employee benefits	12.17	(1.17)	0.00	
30)*· % 1 30	22.34	1.58	8.0	23.92
Warranty provision	1.27	1.03	3.87	2.30
Right of use assets and lease liabilities	8.10	(0.37)		7.74
Other temporary differences	A00702	0.41		(1.28
Investment carried at FVTPL	(1.69)	CARLES OF THE PARTY OF THE PART	(0.34)	56.74
Total	59.44	(2.37)	(0.54)	30.71

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	Recognised/ (credited) through profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2022
Assets/(Liabilities)	7.68	(7.20)		0.48
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets		1.0000000000000000000000000000000000000		16.76
Allowance for expected credit losses	30.05	(13.29)		
Warranty provision	20.34	2.00		22.34
	7.19	2.12	2.86	12.17
Employee benefits	0.97	0.30		1.27
Right of use assets and lease liabilities	7.77	0.34		8.11
Other temporary differences	(A.23.27)	VARIANCE VARIANCE		(1.69)
Investment carned at FVTPL	(1.81)		200	
Total	72.19	(15.61)	2.86	59.44

12 Income tax assets

Advance tax paid (net of provision for taxation)

As at
31 March 2022
4.73
4.73

13 Other non-current assets

Amounts paid under protest with statutory authorities

As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
41.63	42.47
41.63	42.47









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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

H Inventories	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
(Valued at lower of cost or net realisable value, unless otherwise stated) Traded goods	5,061.59	2,968.28
Others	48.91	58.47
Outers	5,110.50	3,026.75

Notes

(i) Inventories of traded goods include goods in transit amounting to Rs. 120.00 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 99.31 million)

(ii) Inventories are net off of Rs. 136.56 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 111.53 million) representing write down of inventories to net realisable value, as assessed by the management.		
15 Investments	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
In Bonds (at amortised cost)		****
Investment in 9.08% Union Bank of India Bond		52.60
		52.60
16 Trade receivables	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Secured, considered good		
Unsecured		
-considered good	6,168.72	5,280.10
-considered good, receivable from related parties	2.60	6.70
-consucred good, receivable from reactor passes -which have significant increase in credit risk	30.39	29.11
which have significant increase in credit day.	6,201.71	5,315.91
	52.13	66.58
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss Total	6,149.58	5,249.33

As at 31 March 2023 Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	3,069.01	2,871.92	191.24	4.00	0.44	0.07	6,136.69
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	2			-			
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	+:	-					
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good	-	22.68	10.21			1.74	34.63
(ii) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk		0.45	7.11	1.64	1.22	19.97	30.39
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired							
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	*:	-		-			(52,13)
Total	3,069.01	2,895.05	208.56	5.64	1.66	21.78	6,149.58

As at 31 March 2022

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total	
	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	2,629.70	2,580.79	42.34	29.52	0.47	3.97	5,286.79
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk			0.16		1.32		1.48
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired				-	9		
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good			- 4				
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk				0.12	4.25	23.27	27.64
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired		9		333			913 644
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts				100	3		(66.58)
Total	2,629.70	2,580.79	42.50	29.64	6.04	27.24	5,249.33

17 Cash and cash equivalents	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Balances with banks	* **	255.83
In current accounts	3.42	430.40
In each credit accounts	56.28	
Cash in hand	1.22	1.20
Cheques in hand	493.27	294.38
Fixed deposits with original maturity of less than three months	917.30	62.45
The teleposit will be good to be	1,471.49	1,044.26
18 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	As at	As at
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Deposit with maturity upto twelve months*	2,238.22	961.57
Dipoli and many decision	2,238.22	961.57
*includes fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 748.31 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 254.84 million) held as margin money with bank and collaterals against bank guarantees.		
19 Other Supplied assets	As at	As at

19 Other financial assets	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Security deposits	3.97	5,19
Vendor claim receivable	330.87	269.39
	0.18	
Other receivable from related parties (refer note 43)	5±0	0.04
Insurance claim recoverable	297.41	267.89
Other receivable from customers	632.43	542.51
20 Other current assets	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Prepaid expenses	28.36	16.64
Balances with statutory authorities	57.14	68.03
	7.36	3.73
Advance to employees Advances to vendors	78.53	79.52
Other recoverable*		21.10
Considered doubtful	30.89	31.19
Less: Allowance for impairment (net)	(30.89)	(31.19)
	171.39	167.92

*During the financial year 2015- 16, the Company had reported an instance of misappropriation of funds/ current assets by certain employees and accordingly, a provision amounting to Rs. 30.89 million [31 March 2022; Rs. 31.19 million]; net of recovery of Rs. 6.95 million [31 March 2022; Rs. 6.65 million] from the alleged perpetrators is being carried as with March 2023. A criminal complaint and recovery suit was filled in relation to the said matter and the criminal complaint is pending before District Court, Suraipur and the recovery proceedings are pending before the Honourable High Court of Debts; for disposal of







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Balance at the end of the year

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

21 Equity Share Capital	As at 31 March 202	3	As at 31 March 2022	
4.4.1.10 0.1.1	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Authorized Share Capital	50,50,000	50.50	50,50,000	50.50
Equity share of ₹ 10 each with voting rights	50,50,000	50. 50	50,50,000	50.50
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up Equity share capital of face value of ₹ 10 each	20,50,000	20.50	25,00,000	25.00
Equity state supraise of the control	20,50,000	20.50	25,00,000	25.00
a. Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year				
Balance at the beginning of the year	25,00,000	25.00	25,00,000	25.00
Issued during the year	·	100 800 (800)	5	6
Buy back during the year [refer note 21(f) below]	(4,50,000)	(4.50)		
and many among the fact that t	20.50.000	20.50	25,00,000	25.00

b. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. All shares rank equally with regard to Company's residual assets.

20,50,000

c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company Name of the equity shareholder	As at 31 March 2023	As a 31 March	
	Number % shareholding	Number	% shareholding
Hari Shanker Khemka	3,94,385 19.24%	9,80,957	39.24%
	3,89,500 19.00%	7,50,000	30.00%
Rishi Khemka Aditya Khemka	12,22,299 59.62%	7,38,169	29.53%

As per the records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders/ members regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

d. No equity shares have been issued pursuant to contract without payment being received in eash or allotted as fully paid up by way of issue of bonus shares in the current reporting year and the last five years immediately preceding the current year.

e. Shareholding of promoters*

As at 31 March 2023	Shares held by promoters at the end of the year			% of change during
S. No.	Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	the year
5,110,	Hari Shanker Khemka	3,94,385	19.24%	-59.80%
	Aditya Khemka	12,22,299	59.62%	65.59%
2	Rishi Khemka	3,89,500	19.00%	-48.07%
Total	RISH CHEMICA	20,06,184	97.86%	

at 31 March 2022 Shares held by promoters at the end of the year				% of change during
S. No.	Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	the year
3.110.	Hari Shanker Khemka	9,80,957	39.24%	0.00%
- 1	Aditya Khemka	7,38,169	29.53%	0.00%
2	Rishi Khemka	7,50,000	30.00%	0.00%
3	Rishi Khemka	24,69,126	98.77%	

^{*} Promoter here means promoter as defined in the Companies Act, 2013.

22 Other equity

The Board of directors in its meeting held on 04 January 2023, had approved a proposal of buyback of 450,000 Equity shares (representing 18% of total paid up Equity shares capital of the Company) at price of Rs. 1,443/- (Indian Rupees One Thousand Four Hundred Forty-three only) per Equity shares which opened on 23 February 2023, for fifteen days and settlement of buyback offer date was 24 February 2023. Accordingly, the Company has bought back and extinguished a total of 450,000 Equity shares at a buyback price of Rs. 1,443/- (Indian Rupees One thousand four hundred forty-three only) per Equity shares. The buyback resulted in a Cash outflow of Rs. 800.62 million (huyback value Rs.649.35 million plus buyback tax amount Rs. 151.27 million under section 115QA of the Income Tax Act 1961). Other than the above, buy back of shares during the current year, the Company had not undertaken any buy back of shares transaction during the last five years immediately preceeding the current year.

22 Other equity	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
General Reserve	170.42	170.42
Opening balance	170.42	110.42
Add: Addition during the year	170.42	170,42
Closing balance (A)	170.42	170.42
Capital Redemption Reserve		
Opening balance		
Add: Addition during the year	4.50	
Closing balance (B)	4.50	
Retained earnings	2,519.62	1,701.70
Opening balance		836-42
Add: Profit for the year	1,021.33	(8.50)
Add: Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	1.02	(0.30)
Less: Premium paid on buy back of equity shares [refer note 21(f)]	(644.86)	*
Less: Tax paid on buy back of equity shares [refer note 21(f)]	(150.22)	
Less: Transfer to Capital Redemption Reserve upon buy back of equity shares [refer note 21(f)]	(4.50)	
Less: Dividend paid during the year (refer note 47)	(38.50)	(10.00)
Closing balance (C)	2,703.89	2,519.62
Total $(\Lambda + B + C)$	2,878.81	2,690.04

Nature and purpose of reserves other than retained earnings

General reserve

It represents appropriation of profits of the Company and is available for distribution as dividend.

Retained carnings

Retained earnings is used to record balance of statement of profit and loss and other equity adjustments.

Capital Redemption Reserve

It represents nominal value of the shares bought back as an appropriation from retained earnings







As at



As at

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

23. Borrowings

23. Bortowings
Secured
Term loans
Indian rupee loan from banks*
Vehicle loans
Indian rupee loan from banks
Indian rupee loan from other parties
Unsecured
Loan from related parties (also refer note 43)
Inter- corporate deposits**
Amount disclosed under Current borrowings as "Current maturities of long-term borrowings" under Note 25

31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
360.01	467.37	107.84	145.18
16.28	5.73	13.24	5.81
1.52	5.00	3.47	3.23
50.00		9	
	13.80	13.80	×
427.81	491.90	138.35	154.22
	5-10/02/50/5	138.35	154.23

491.90

Non-current

427.81

As at

Current Maturities

As at

31 March 2023

As at 31 March 2022

*includes interest accrued amounting to Rs. 0.34 million (31 March 2022: Rs.6.54 million)

**includes interest accrued amounting to Rs. 0.30 million (31 March 2022: Rs.0.30 million)

23.A Details of Borrowings Particulars	Interest rate	Type of asset secured	Terms of repayments	
Term loans				
Term ioans Tamilnad Mercantile Bank Ioan-I Rs. 125,01 million, Current Maturity Rs. 62.50 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 187.50 million, Current Maturity Rs. 62.54 million)	8.25%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Noida and Mumbai; collateral in form of bank fixed deposits and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company.	Repayable in 48 monthly installments commencing from April 2022	
Tamilinad Mercantile Bank Ioan-II Rs. 235.00 million, Current Maturity Rs. 5.00 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 240 million, Current Maturity Rs. Nil)	8.25%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Noida and Mumbai; collateral in form of bank fixed deposits and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company.	Repayable in 48 monthly installments commencing from March 2024	
HDFC Bank Joan-I Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2022: Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 11.92 million)	9.05%	Secured by charge on immoveable properties at Delhi and Noida and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company.	Repayable in 20 quartedy installments commencing from December 2017	
HDFC Bank loan-H Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2022: Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 4.18 million)	9.05%	Secured by charge on immoveable properties at Delhi and Noida and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company.	Repayable in 19 quarterly installments commencing from March 2018	
Yes Bank Joan-I Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2022: Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 20.00 million)	9,85%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Noida and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company.	Repayable in 20 quarterly installments commencing from March 2018	
Yes Bauk Joan-II Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 40.00 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 40.00 million, Current Maturity Rs. 40.00 million) 9.905		Secured by charge on immoveable property at Noida and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company.	Repayable in 20 quarterly installments commencing from November 2018	
Vehicle loans ICICI Bank vehicle loan Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 3.29 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 3.29 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.33 million.)	7.80%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased.	Repayable in 36 monthly installments commencing from March 2021	
Axis Bank vehicle Joan- I Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 2.44 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 2.44 million, Current Maturity Rs. 2.48 million.)	8.25%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased.	Repayable in 36 monthly installments commencing from March 2021	
Axis Bank vehicle Ioan-II Rs. 16.28 million, Current Maturity Rs. 7.51 million (31 March 2022: Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil)	8.50%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased.	Repayable in 36 monthly installments commencing from Februar 2023	
Daimler Financial Services Private Limited vehicle Ioan Rs. 1.52 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.43 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 4.99 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.23 million)	7.40%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased.	Repayable in 36 monthly installments commencing from September 2021	

3.B Details of Borrowings for related parties	Interest rate	Type of asset secured	Terms of repayments
articulars	2.500/	Unsecured	Repayable in single installment on 30 April 2024
oan from related parties	7.50%	Unsecured	repayable in single maannen on so reprint
Rs. 50 million, Current Maturity Rs.Nil (31 March 2022: Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil)			
nter-corporate deposits	10.00%	Unsecured	Repayable within 3 years from the date of disbursement

23.C Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The changes in the Company's liabilities arising from financing activities can be classified as follows:

Particulars

Balance as at 31 March 2021

Cash flows:

- Proceeds

- Repayment Non cash adjustments/ movements**

Balance as at 31 March 2022

Cash flows:

- Proceeds

Repayment

Non cash adjustments/ movements**
Balance as at 31 March 2023

*Long term borrowings include current maturities of long term borrowings

** Includes accured interest

-57	
/	CHANDION
(48)	300
14	MC
*	() P
震	15/
16	PED ACCOUNTY







Short term borrowings

1,241.50

380.00

(369.00)

7,868.07

(5,616.09)

8.76 3,520.79

7.55 1,260.05



Long term borrowings*

227.52

500.00

(87.96)

(0.28) 639.28

325.00

(389.09)

575.21

0.02

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

I In its tous - mon content

Provision for employee benefits Gratuity (refer note 45)

Compensated absences

Other provisions Provision for warranty (also refer note 28)

As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
10.85	16.94
23.53	23.52
38.23	26.61
72.61	67.07

746.79

2,509.10

273.93

3,668.17

As at 31 March 2023

As at 31 March 2022

154.22

1,230.00

1,384.22

23.21 1,407.43

0.11

25 Current borrowings

Current maturities of long term debts (refer note 23) Cash credit from banks [refer note (i) below]

Working capital demand loan [refer note (ii) below]

Loan from related parties [refer note (iii) & (iv) below]

LOUR			

Terms and conditions of short-term borrowings (i) The Company has availed cash credit facilities from banks aggregating to Rs. 746.79 million (31 March 2022; Rs. Nil) carrying interest rates ranging from 10.30% to 10.60% and are repayable on demand.

(ii) The Company has availed working capital demand loans from banks aggregating to Rs. 2,509.10 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 1,230.00 million) carrying interest rates ranging from 6.90% to 11.90% and are repayable on demand.

(iii) Unsecured loans from Related Parties Type of asset secured Terms of repayments Interest rate Particulars Repayable on demand by lenders after giving minimum 12 months Loan from related parties-I Rs. 22.88 million (31 March 2022: Rs 23.21 million) 7.50% prior notice in writing Repayable within 1 years from the date of disbutsement Unsecured 7.50% Loan from related parties-II Rs. 251.05 million (31 March 2022: Rs. Nil)

26 Trade payables	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	115.05	40,25
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	8,989.78	6,625.86
Total outstanding dues of creditors other tilan intero and small enterprises	9,104.83	6,666.11

(i) Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act, 2006"): Asat 31 March 2022 31 March 2023 i) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year
ii) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day 115.05 40.25 0.86 0.11 during each accounting year, in the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day duting the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006; 0.00

iv) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and v) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006 0.03

(ii) Ageing disclosure:

As at 31 March 2023: Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total	
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Micro, small and medium enterprises	75.02	40.03		*	14	115.05
(i) Others	4,132.43	4,855.24	1.10	0.39	0.62	8,989.78
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-			8		
(iv) Disputed dues - Others		8			*	•
(v) Unbilled						
Total	4,207.45	4,895.28	1.10	0.39	0.62	9,104.83

As at 31 March 2022:	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total	
Particulars	Not due	Less than I year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Micro, small and medium enterprises	20.65	19.60			-	40.25
(i) Others	4,063.26	2,549.66	11.70	0.87	0.37	6,625.86
(ii) Disputed dues – MSME						
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-		*		*	**
(v) Unbilled					*	
Total	4,083.91	2,569.26	11.70	0.87	0.37	6,666.11

27 Other Financial liabilities-current

Security deposits

Payable to employees Derivative contracts fair valued through profit or loss

Capital creditors

Other acceptances

As at	As at
31 March 2023	31 March 2022
1.10	1.40
94.88	80.26
1.54	1.59
23.75	12.27
125.60	95.92
246 87	191.45









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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

28	Provisions-	current

Provision for employee benefits Gratuity (refer note 45) Compensated absences Other provisions

Provision for warranty

Movement in provision for warranty

Opening balance

Provision created during the year

Provision utilised during the year Closing balance

Provision for warranty

Non-current

Current

29 Current tax liabilities (net)

Provision for income tax (net of advance tax)

30 Other current liabilities

Contract liability

Advance from customers

Statutory dues payable
- TDS and TCS payable

- GST payable

- Others

As at	As at
31 March 2023	31 March 2022
2.61	3.39
5.37	4.52
56.81	62.13
64.79	70.04

As at	As at
31 March 2023	31 March 2022
88.74	80.82
68.43	73.54
(62.13)	(65.62)
95.04	88.74

As at	As at	
31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
38.23	26.61	
56.81	62.13	
95.04	88.74	

As at	As at 31 March 2022	
31 March 2023		
33.53	104.16	
33.53	104.16	

As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
21.19	20.34	
56.62	58.70	
75.30	133.78	
40.58	4.38	
193.69	217,20	

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

31 Revenue from operations	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Operating revenue		
Sale of traded goods- security and surveillance equipments and components	22,819.66	16,315.71
Service revenue	16.22	12.61
	22,835.88	16,328.32
Other operating revenue		
Business support services	6.00	6.00
Technical training services	3.59	0.65
And the field all products of the field of the second of t	9.59	6.65
	22,845.47	16,334.97
(i) Contract balances:		
Particulars	As at	As a
Farticulais	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Contract liabilities	50000000	20.24
Advance from customers	21.19	20.34
Trade receivables	6,149.58	5,249.33
(ii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115:		
Disaggregation by	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Type of goods/service		
Sale of goods	22,819.66	16,315.71
Sale of services	16.22	12.61
Other operating revenue	9.59	6.65
Total revenue from contract with customers	22,845.47	16,334.97
India	22,734.54	16,291.44
Outside India	110.93	43.53
Total revenue from contract with customers	22,845.47	16,334.97
Timing of revenue recognition		
·	22 810 66	16 315 71

(iii) Performance obligation

Goods transferred at a point in time

Services transferred at a point in time

Services transferred over the period of time

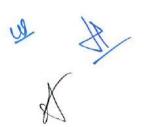
Total revenue from contract with customers

The Company's primary performance obligation under contract with customers for sale of goods and services is satisfied as the goods are delivered/ control is transferred to the customers and services are rendered.

(iv) Reconciliation of transaction price to revenue from contract with customers

Particulars		For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Contract price	(A)	24,905.66	18,157.03
Rebates/ discounts	(B)	2,060.19	1,822.06
Net revenue recognised	(C=A-B)	22,845.47	16,334.97





22,819.66

22,845.47

19.81

6.00



16,315.71

16,334.97

13.26

6.00

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

1	32 Other income	For the year ended	For the year ended
Continuous Con		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
- on security deposits 0.50 0.51 - from estormers 2.52 2.12 - from estormers 2.52 2.12 - from estormers 2.50 0.006 - on bonds 0.40 2.58 - Dividend income 28.69 0.006 - Liabilities no longer required written back 15.34 72.92 - Rental income 4.68 4.31 - Insurance claims amount recovered against provision made 0.00 0.10 - Gain on estinguishment and modification of lease [refer note S(c)(0)] 2.12 - Gain on estinguishment and modification of lease [refer note S(c)(0)] 2.13 14.6 - Afficellaneous income 7.57 148.88 33 Purchase of Stock-in-trade For the year ended 31 March 2022 - Purchase of products and components 21,076.39 15,756.85 - 34 Changes in inventories of Stock-in-trade For the year ended 31 March 2022 - Threatory at the beginning of the year 2,968.28 46.46 - Less Inventory at the end of the year 2,968.28 46.46 - Less Inventory utilised rowards CSR activities (5,061.59) 2,2968.28 - Less Inventory utilised rowards CSR activities (6,061.59) 2,2968.28 - Less Inventory at the end of the year (2,098.33) (2,2968.28) - Stalries, wages and botus (5,061.59) 2,2968.28 - Stalries, wages and botus (5,061.59) 2,2968.28 - Stalries wages and botus (5,061.59) 2,2968.28 - Stalries wages and botus (5,061.59) 2,2968.28 - Stalf welfare expenses For the year ended 31 March 2022 - Stalf welfare expenses For the year ended 31 March 2023 - Stalf welfare and goods and service tax (5,061.59) (2,506.83) - Contribution to provident and other funds (7,201.48) - Stalf welfare expenses For the year ended 31 March 2023 - Stalf welfare expenses For the year ended 31 March 2023 - Stalf welfare expenses For the year ended 31 March 2023 - Stalf welfare expenses For the year ended 31 March 2023 - Stalf welfare expenses For the year ended 31 March 2023 - Stalf welfare expense For the year ended 31 March 2023 - Stalf welfare expense For the year en	Interest income:		45.00
For the year ended Si March 2023 Si Marc	- on bank deposits		
- For easier of the content of the c	- on security deposits		
Description	- from customers		
Davide an income 15.44 72.92 14.64 16.64 1	- on bonds	(2002)	
Rental income 4.68	Dividend income	F-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	
Rental income 10.5	Liabilities no longer required written back		
Satistical Californ's anomative recovered against provision traces Satistic Californ's Associated Californ's Californ		4.68	V-III-MAINI I
Sain on extinguishment and modification of lease [refer note 5(c)(i)] 2.22 1.46	Insurance claims/ amount recovered against provision made		0.10
State Stat			≅ ○ 1990
Por the year ended 31 March 2023 32 Marc			-505.980.7
Purchase of products and components		157,32	140.00
1,76.85	33 Purchase of Stock -in -trade		
21,076.39 15,736.85	Purchase of products and components	21,076.39	15,736.85
Inventory at the beginning of the year 2,968.28 646.46 Less: Inventory utilised towards CSR activities (2,908.28) Less: Inventory at the end of the year (2,908.28) Less: Inventory at the end of the year (2,908.28) Less: Inventory at the end of the year (2,908.28) Less: Inventory at the end of the year (2,908.28) Less: Inventory at the end of the year (2,908.28) Less: Inventory at the end of the year (2,908.28) Less: Inventory at the end of the year (2,908.28) Selection of the year ended (2,908.23) Selection of the year ended (3,108.20) Selection of the year ended (3,108.20) Salaries, wages and bonus (2,84.8) (2,908.28) Salaries, wages and bonus (2,84.8) (2,908.28) Salaries, wages and bonus (2,84.8) (2,908.28) Contribution to provident and other funds (2,84.8) (2,908.28) Contribution to provident and other funds (2,84.8) (2,908.28) Salaries, wages and bonus (2,908.28) (2,908.28) Salaries, wages and bonus (2,909.28) (2,908.28) Salaries, wages and bonus (2,909.28) (2,909.28) Salaries, wages and bon	Fulchase of products and components		15,736.85
Inventory at the beginning of time by a carbon Case	34 Changes in inventories of Stock-in-trade		
Less: Inventory utilised towards CSR activities (2.50) Less: Inventory at the end of the year (5,061.59) (2,968.28) 35 Employee benefits expense For the year ended 31 March 2023 For the year ended 31 March 2023 Salaries, wages and bonus 973.91 791.62 Contribution to provident and other funds 28.48 23.74 Gratuity expense (refer note 45) 10.89 7.72 Staff welfare expenses 1,020.14 826.77 36 Finance costs For the year ended 31 March 2023 For the year ended 31 March 2023 Interest expense on For the year ended 31 March 2023 For the year ended 31 March 2023 -Withholding tax and goods and service tax 0.58 1.03 -Using from Banks 172.08 151.35 -Withholding tax and goods and service tax 0.58 1.03 -Delayed payment of income tax 2.74 9.10 -Loan from related parties (refer note 43) 4.97 6.44 -Others 13.40 8.76 Other finance and bank charges 24.03 13.90 Interest on lease liability (refer note 5) 75 the ye	Inventory at the beginning of the year	2,968.28	646.46
Capacita		1 - 3	(2.56)
C2,093.31 C2,324.38 C2,093.31 C2,324.38 For the year ended 31 March 2023 31 March 2022 Salaries, wages and bonus 973.91 791.62 Contribution to provident and other funds 28.48 23.74 Gratuity expense (refer note 45) 10.89 7.72 Staff welfare expenses 6.86 3.69 Staff welfare expenses 1,020.14 826.77 Staff welfare expense on 1,020.14 826.77 Loans from Banks 172.08 151.35 Withholding tax and goods and service tax 0.58 1.03 Delayed payment of income tax 2.774 9.10 Loan from related parties (refer note 43) 4.97 6.44 Loan from related parties (refer note 43) 14.36 13.23 Others finance and bank charges 14.36 13.23 Other finance and bank charges 13.40 8.76 Staff welfare expenses For the year ended 13.40 8.76 Staff welfare expenses For the year ended 13.40 8.76 Staff welfare expenses 13.40 8.		(5,061.59)	(2,968.28)
Salaries, wages and bonus 973.91 791.62 Salaries, wages and bonus 973.91 791.62 Contribution to provident and other funds 28.48 23.74 Gratuity expense (refer note 45) 10.89 7.72 Staff welfare expenses 10.89 7.72 Staff welfare expenses 10.80 1.020.14 826.77 Staff welfare expenses For the year ended For the year ended 31 March 2023 31 March 2022 Interest expense on 172.08 151.35 -Uvithholding tax and goods and service tax 0.58 1.03 -Uoan from related parties (refer note 43) 4.97 6.44 -Loan from related parties (refer note 43) 4.97 6.44 -Uothers 14.36 13.23 -Others 13.40 8.76 Delayed payment of income tax 2.40 3 -Uthers on lease liability (refer note 5) 13.40 8.76 -Uothers 13.40	Less. Inventory at the end of the year		(2,324.38)
Salaries, Wages and bolins 28.48 23.74	35 Employee benefits expense		-
Contribution to provident and other funds 28.48 23.74	Calarina margas and horas	973.91	791.62
Granuity expense (refer note 45) 10.89 7.72 Staff welfare expenses 6.86 3.69 1,020.14 826.77 36 Finance costs For the year ended 31 March 2023 For the year ended 31 March 2023 Interest expense on - Loans from Banks - Withholding tax and goods and service tax - Withholding tax and goods and service tax - 0.58 1.03 -Withholding tax and goods and service tax - 2.74 9.10 -Loan from related parties (refer note 43) 4.97 6.44 -Loan from related parties (refer note 43) 4.97 6.44 -Others 14.36 13.23 Other finance and bank charges 24.03 13.90 Interest on lease liability (refer note 5) 13.40 8.76 37 Depreciation and amortization expense For the year ended 31 March 2023 75 The year ended 31 March 2023 Depreciation on right- of- use assets (refer note 4 and 8) 34.30 32.94 Depreciation on investment property (refer note 5) 53.88 41.80 Depreciation on investment property (refer note 7) 88.49 75.40		28.48	23.74
Staff welfare expenses 6.86 3.69 1,020.14 826.77		10.89	7.72
1,020.14 826.77	• • •	6.86	3.69
Interest expense on 172.08 151.35 -Loans from Banks 172.08 151.35 -Withholding tax and goods and service tax 0.58 1.03 -Delayed payment of income tax 2.74 9.10 -Loan from related parties (refer note 43) 4.97 6.44 -Others 14.36 13.23 -Others 24.03 13.90	Statt welfare expenses	1,020.14	826.77
Interest expense on	36 Finance costs		
-Loans from Banks -Withholding tax and goods and service tax -Delayed payment of income tax -Delayed payment of income tax -Loan from related parties (refer note 43) -Others Others Other finance and bank charges Interest on lease liability (refer note 5) To be preciation and amortization expense To the year ended 31 March 2023 To the year ended 31 March 2023		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
-Loans from Banks -Withholding tax and goods and service tax -Delayed payment of income tax -Delayed payment of income tax -Loan from related parties (refer note 43) -Others -Others -Others -Other finance and bank charges Interest on lease liability (refer note 5) 37 Depreciation and amortization expense -For the year ended 31 March 2023 -State of the year ended 31		172.00	151.35
Delayed payment of income tax 2.74 9.10			
Delayed payment of income tax			
14.36 13.23	TAMES AND THE PROPERTY OF THE		
Other finance and bank charges 24.03 13.90 Interest on lease liability (refer note 5) 13.40 8.76 37 Depreciation and amortization expense For the year ended 31 March 2023 For the year ended 31 March 2023 Depreciation and amortization expense (refer note 4 and 8) 34.30 32.94 Depreciation on right- of- use assets (refer note 5) 53.88 41.80 Depreciation on investment property (refer note 7) 0.31 0.66 88.49 75.40	-Loan from related parties (refer note 43)		
Other finance and bank charges Interest on lease liability (refer note 5) 13.40 8.76 232.16 203.81 37 Depreciation and amortization expense For the year ended 31 March 2023 31 March 2022 Depreciation and amortization expense (refer note 4 and 8) Depreciation on right- of- use assets (refer note 5) Depreciation on investment property (refer note 7) 88.49 75.40	-Others		
Therest on lease hability (refer note 3) 232.16 203.81 37 Depreciation and amortization expense For the year ended 31 March 2023 31 March 2022 Depreciation and amortization expense (refer note 4 and 8) Depreciation on right- of- use assets (refer note 5) Depreciation on investment property (refer note 7) S8.49 75.40	Other finance and bank charges		
Depreciation and amortization expense (refer note 4 and 8) 34.30 32.94	Interest on lease liability (refer note 5)	5,110,0000	
Depreciation and amortization expense (refer note 4 and 8) 34.30 32.94			
Depreciation and amortization expense (refer note 4 and 8) 34.30 32.94 Depreciation on right- of- use assets (refer note 5) 53.88 41.80 Depreciation on investment property (refer note 7) 0.31 0.66 88.49 75.40	37 Depreciation and amortization expense		
Depreciation on right- of- use assets (refer note 5) Depreciation on investment property (refer note 7) 53.88 41.80 0.66 88.49 75.40	7 7 1 W	WWW. Company of the C	
Depreciation on investment property (refer note 7) 0.31 0.66 88.49 75.40			
Depreciation on investment property (refer note /) 88.49 75.40			
OLE	Depreciation on investment property (refer note /)		
	NANDIO	<u></u>	FOIEC



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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

38 Other expenses	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Rent (also refer note 5)	46.77	27.20
Rates and taxes	13.68	1.45
Insurance	18.88	22.48
Travelling and conveyance expenses	59.50	31.74
Legal and professional expenses	65.06	42.05
Fees and subscription	10.63	7.53
Telephone and internet charges	5.66	4.59
Payment to auditors*	6.88	8.73
Electricity and water expenses	9.38	8.30
Repair and maintenance- building	2.70	3.15
Repair and maintenance- others	22.71	16.51
Advertisement and business promotion expenses	488.56	232.99
Freight, cartage and handling charges	155.52	106.59
Product service and warranty expenses	95.39	83.80
Charity and donation	0.90	0.50
Corporate Social responsibility expenses (also refer note 49)	10.74	20.86
Loss on sale/ write off of property, plant and equipment (net)		1.76
Warehouse handling charges	47.26	33.66
Technical testing and certification fees	14.92	12.58
Web and IT Services	40.16	25.87
Provision for SAD claims	=	1.19
Balances written off	18.25	20.57
Loss on derivative contracts	-	1.02
Net (gain) / loss on currency fluctuation and translation	7.51	0.77
(other than considered as finance cost)		
Vendor and logistic support	18.53	17.30
Recruitment expenses	4.90	2.01
Vehicle running and maintenance	2.76	1.34
Printing and stationery	4.89	2.35
Security expenses	3.02	2.77
Training expenses	4.89	1.16
Postage and courier charges	1.02	0.81
Director's sitting fee	0.70	0.90
Loss on investment measured at fair value through profit or loss	1.82	0.45
Miscellaneous expenses	45.55	6.69
	1,229.14	751.66
	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended
AD I'm	51 March 2023	31 March 2022
*Payment to auditors comprises of:	240	Z 00
Statutory Audit and Limited Review Fees	6.10	6.00
Other services	0.50	2.73
Out of pocket expenses	0.28	0.72
	6.88	8.73







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41 Earnings per share

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

39 Exceptional items#	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Investment written off	A 	0.58
Loan to subsidiaries (along with interest) written off	-	47.82
Loss of stock in fire incident	57.87	No.
	57.87	48.39

[&]quot;Exceptional items were net off of provision made in earlier years against investment and loan to subsidiary companies.

40 Income tax	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Tax expense comprises of:		
Current tax expense	346.35	306.16
Deferred tax expense/ (credit)	2.37	15.61
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)	1.86	7.16
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	350.59	328.93

The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expected tax expense based on the domestic effective tax rate of the Company at 25.168% (31 March 2022: 25.168%) and the reported tax expense in profit or loss are as follows:

Accounting profit before income tax	1,371.91	1,165.35
At India's statutory income tax rate of 25.168% (31 March 2022: 25.168%)	345.29	293.30
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable incom	ne:	
Difference in depreciation charged as per Income-tax Act, 1961 vis-à-vis depreciation as per books of accounts	(0.30)	0.17
Employee benefits	(0.72)	2.22
Expenses never allowed under Income- tax Act, 1961	6.14	18.19
Others items disallowed/(allowed) under Income-tax Act, 1961	(4.05)	(7.73)
	346.35	306.15
Deferred tax expense/ (credit) recognised in statement of profit and loss	2.37	15.61
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)	1.86	7.16
Income tax expense	350.59	328.92

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Net Profit attributable to equity shareholders	1,021.33	836.42
Nominal value of equity share in Rs.	10	10.00
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	25,00,000	25,00,000
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	20,50,000	25,00,000
Weighted average number of equity shares	24,62,500	25,00,000
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in Rs.)	414.75	334.57





For the year ended 31 March 2023



For the year ended

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

42 Financial instruments and financial risk management

i) Financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amounts of financial instruments by category are as follows:

Financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
	Carrying value	Carrying value
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		
Investments	5.11	6.93
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		
Derivative contracts	1.54	1.59

Financial assets and labilities measured at amortised cost

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
	Carrying value	Carrying value	
Financial assets*		2000000	
Investments		52.60	
Trade receivables	6,149.58	5,249.33	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,471.49	1,044.26	
Other bank balances	2,238.22	961.57	
Other financial assets	811.60	695.85	
Total financial assets	10,670.89	8,003.61	
Financial liabilities*	Warshie Man	20-242777227428	
Borrowings	4,095.98	1,899.33	
Lease liabilities	172.70	74.75	
Trade payables	9,104.83	6,666.11	
Other financial liabilities	245.33	189.85	
Total financial liabilities	13,618.84	8,830.04	

^{*}There are no financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Investment in subsidiaries and joint venture are measured at cost as per Ind AS 27, 'Separate financial statements' and hence, not presented here.

ii) Fair value hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in the financial statements and are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical financial instruments.

Level 2: Directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and

Level 3: Inputs which are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). The input factors considered are Estimated cash flows and other assumptions.

Fair value of instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss

Fair value of instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss for which fair value is disclosed is as follows, these fair values are calculated using Level 1 and Level 2 inputs:

Particulars	Fair value As at 31 March 2023		arch 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
	hierarchy	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Financial assets				V 63 1878	
Investments	Level 1	5.11	5.11	6.93	6.93
Financial liabilities					
Derivative contracts	Level 2	1.54	1.54	1.59	1.59

Significant inputs used in Level 2 fair value of derivatives measured at FVIPL is marked to market value as on balance sheet date of such derivative transaction.

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost for which fair value is disclosed is as follows, these fair values are calculated using Level 2 inputs:

Particulars	As at 31 Ma	As at 31 March 2022		
	Carrying value*	Fair value	Carrying value*	Fair value
Financial assets				
Investments	-	12	52.60	52.60
Trade receivables	6,149.58	6,149.58	5,249.33	5,249.33
Cash and cash equivalents	1,471.49	1,471.49	1,044.26	1,044.26
Other bank balances	2,238.22	2,238.22	961.57	961.57
Other financial assets	811.60	811.60	695.85	695.85
Total financial assets	10,670.89	10,670.89	8,003.61	8,003.61
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	4,095.98	4,095.98	1,899.33	1,899.33
Lease liabilities	172.70	172.70	74.75	74.75
Trade payables	9,104.83	9,104.83	6,666.11	6,666.11
Other financial liabilities	245.33	245.33	189.85	189.85
Total financial liabilities	13,618.84	13,618.84	8,830.04	8,830.04

^{*}Carrying value of these financial assets and financial liabilities represents the best estimated values.











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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments, loans and other financial assets measured at amortised cost	Ageing analysis	Diversification of bank deposits and regular monitoring
Liquidity risk	Borrowings, lease liabilities and other financial liabilities	Cash flow forecasts	Availability of funds and credit facilities.
Market risk - foreign exchange	Future commercial transactions Recognised financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian rupce (INR)	Cash flow forecasting Sensitivity analysis	Forward foreign exchange contracts

A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial asset fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each financial asset. The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure. The Company monitors its exposure to credit risk on an ongoing

a) Credit risk management

i) Credit risk rating

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets. The Company assigns the following credit ratings to each class of financial assets based on the assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

B: Moderate credit risk

C: High credit risk

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Asset groups	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments, loans, and other financial assets	12 months expected credit loss

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Company. The Company continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. Recoveries made are recognised in statement of profit and loss.

Credit rating	Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
ow credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments, loans, and other financial assets	10,670.89	8,003.6

Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances

Credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits is managed by only diversifying bank deposits and accounts in different banks. Credit risk is considered low because the Company deals with reputed banks.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers The Company monitors the economic environment in which it operates. The Company manages its credit risk through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring credit worthiness of the customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Company has also obtained debtor insurance upto Rs. 500.00 millions (31 March 2022: 40 times of the premium paid) to cover its risks of bad debts. The Company also uses an expected credit loss model to assess the impairment loss on such receivables. The Company uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables. The provision matrix takes into account available internal credit risk factors such as the Company's historical experience for customers.

Loans and other financial assets

Loans and other financial assets measured at amortized cost includes security deposits and other receivables. Credit risk related to these financial assets is managed by monitoring the recoverability of such amounts continuously. Credit risk is considered low because the Company is in possession of the underlying asset. Further, the Company creates provision by assessing individual financial asset for expectation of any credit loss basis expected credit loss model.

ii) Concentration of financial assets

The Company carries on the business of trading of security and surveillance equipments. Loans and other financial assets majorly represents loans to related parties and deposits given for business purposes.

b) Credit risk exposure

i) Provision for expected credit losses

The Company provides for 12 month expected credit losses for following financial assets:

As at 31 March 2023			
Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	1,471.49	-	1,471.49
Other bank balances	2,238.22	5	2,238.22
Investments	111.30	*	111.30
Trade receivables	6,201.71	(52.13)	6,149.58
Other financial assets	811.60		811.60

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	1,044.26		_ 1,044.26
Other bank balances	AANDIO# 961.57		- 961.57
Investments	165.72		- 165.72
Trade receivables	5,315.91	(66.58) 5,249.33
Other financial assets	695.85		- 695.85





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

ated and it lose for other financials asset and trade receivables:

Reconciliation of loss allowance	Trade receivables	Investment	Loans
Loss allowance on 31 March 2021	119.39	0.58	43.22
Allowance for expected credit loss (net)	(52.81)	(0.58)	(43.22)
Loss allowance on 31 March 2022	66.58	-	
Allowance for expected credit loss (net)	(14.47)	-	
Loss allowance on 31 March 2023	52.13	-	-

B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Further, the Company manages its liquidity risk in a manner so as to meet its normal financial obligations without any significant delay or stress. Such risk is managed through ensuring operational cash flow while at the same time maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalents position. The management has arranged for diversified funding sources and adopted a policy of managing assets with liquidity in mind and monitoring future cash flows and liquidity on a regular basis. Surplus funds not immediately required are invested in certain financial assets which provide flexibility to liquidate at short notice such as fixed deposits with Bank etc..

The Company has developed appropriate internal control systems and contingency plans for managing liquidity risk. This incorporates an assessment of expected cash flows and availability of alternative sources for additional funding, if required.

Maturities of financial liabilities

pany's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities.

31 March 2023	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives	870782000	752753		4,095.98
Borrowings	3,668.17	427.81	* 1	
Trade payables	9,104.83	2	-	9,104.83
Other financial liabilities	245.33	-	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	245.33
Total	13,018.33	427.81	¥	13,446.14

31 March 2022	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Borrowings	1,407.43	436.72	55.00	1,899.15
Trade payables	6,666.11		-	6,666.11
Other financial liabilities	189.85	-	+	189.85
Total	8,263.39	436.72	55.00	8,755.11

many had access to following funding facilities:

The Company had access to following funding facilities:	22 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	-	TT down
Funding facilities	Total facility	Drawn	Undrawn
As at 31 March 2023	4,200.00	3,716.60	483.40
	3,830.60	2,713.80	1,116.80
As at 31 March 2022	5,050.00	24. 25.00	

C) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates - will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

a) Liabilities

The Company has been availing the borrowings on a floating rate of interest based on bank MCLR. These borrowings are carried at amortised cost. The borrowings on a fixed rate of interest basis are not subject to the interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor future cash flows will fluctuate because of change in market interest rates. The borrowings on a variable rate of interest are subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107.

11 ... 1 ... L. ... is interest entramith respect to variable rate borrowings

	As at 31 Ma	arch 2023	As at 31 l	March 2022	
	0.5% increase	0.5% decrease	0.5% increase	0.5% decrease	
Impact on statement of profit and loss	(18.58)	18.58	(7.81)	7.81	

b) Assets

The Company's fixed deposits are carried at amortised cost and are fixed rate deposits. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency).

Particulars of unhedged foreign curren		As at 31 M	arch 2023	As at 31	March 2022	
Particulars	Currency Symbol	Amount in foreign currency	Amount in Rs.	Amount in foreign currency	Amount in Rs.	
(i) Receivable/Loans/or any other FC	asset	1000000	#######	0.0000		
United States Dollar	USD	0.11	8.66	0.21	15.75	
Renminbi (Chinese Yuan)	RMB	1.18	11.19	1.18	11.19	
Total		1.29	19,85	1.39	26.94	SFOTEC
(ii) Payable/Borrowings/or any other I United States Dollar	FC liability USD	2.40	197.00	1.95	147.54	N X
Total	18	2.40	197.00	1.95	147.54	0/15/
N MA	5		X	18-	./	* 0





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities. Sensitivity due to unhedged foreign exchange exposures is as follows:

Particulars	Currency	As at 31 M	As at 31 March 2023		March 2022	
	Symbol	3% increase	3% decrease	3% increase	3% decrease	
(i) Receivable/Loans/or	any other FC asset					
United States Dollar	USD	0.26	(0.26)	0.47	(0.47)	
Renminbi (Chinese Yuan)	RMB	0.34	(0.34)	0.34	(0.34)	
Total		0.60	(0.60)	0.81	(0.81)	

Particulars	Currency	As at 31 Mars	As at 31 March 2023		ch 2022
	Symbol	3% decrease	3% increase	3% decrease	3% increase
(ii) Payable/Borrowing	gs/or any other FC liability		200000	Water	
United States Dollar	USD	5.91	(5.91)	4.43	(4.43)
Total		5.91	(5.91)	4.43	(4.43)

Foreign exchange derivatives and exposures outstanding at the year end:

Particulars	Current Year (2	022-2023)	Current Year (2021-2022)		
	USD	Rs.	USD	Rs.	
Hedging on account of underlying exposure		2 × 1277 V 1700 AUC			
Hedged	6.10	501.23	4.33	328.11	
Unhedged - Open Exposure	2.40	197.00	1.95	147.54	

Foreign exchange derivatives contracts at the year end:				
		laturity	urity	
	Upto	6 months	More than 6 m	onths
As at 31 March 2023				
Foreign exchange forward contracts (highly probable forecast purchases)				
Notional amount (USD)		6.10		-
Average forward rate	38	82.36		5
As at 31 March 2022				
Foreign exchange forward contracts (highly probable forecast purchases)				
Notional amount (USD)		4.33		*
Average forward rate		76.01		







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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

43 Related party transactions

In accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 24, 'Related Party Disclosures', the names of the related party where control exists/able to exercise significant influence along with the transactions and year-end balances with them as identified and certified by the management are given below:

a) Details of related parties:

Description of relationship	Names of related parties	
Subsidiary Company	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Aditya Infotech (HK) Ltd (till 31 March 2022)	
Joint Venture Company	AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	
Key management personnel (KMP)		
Chairman	Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka	
Managing Director	Mr. Aditya Khemka	
Relative of Key management personnel	Mr. Rishi Khemka (Son of Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka)	
Relative of Key management personnel	Mr. Ananmay Khemka (Son of Mr. Aditya Khemka)	
Relative of Key management personnel	Mrs. Shradha Khemka (Wife of Mr. Aditya Khemka)	
Enterprises having common KMPs/ in which KMPs are interested	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	
	Aditya Security & Safety LLP	
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	
	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust	
	YPO Delhi Chapter	
	Aditya Colonizers LLP	

Partice	ement of transactions with related parties -	For the year ended	For the year ended
агисс	nats	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
(i)	Sale of goods		
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	0.19	
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	1.70	4.4
(ii)	Business support services provided to		
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	6.00	6.1
(iii)	Purchase of goods	0.07	0.
	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	0.07	
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	9,463.37	7,709.4
(iv)	Loan Written off		82.
	Aditya Infotech (HK) Ltd.	100	62.
(v)	Repayment of loan		2.4
	Rishi Khemka	-	34.
(vi)	Investments written off		
25 5	Aditya Infotech (HK) Ltd.	Į	1.
(vii)	Interest receivable written off		
20.00	Aditya Infotech (HK) Ltd.	-	6.
(viii)	Receipt of loan given to		
	Aditya Infotech (HK) Ltd.	-	3.
(ix)	Remuneration*		24
	Hari Shanker Khemka	28.21	94
	Aditya Khemka	158.62	2
	Ananmay Khemka	2.34	_
(x)	Interest on loan taken	1.02	1
	Hari Shanker Khemka	1.36	1
	Aditya Khemka	1.09	1 2
	Rishi Khemka	1.17	1 1
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	1.35	

^{*}does not include provision made for gratuity and compensated absences as the same is determined for the Company as a whole









Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 $\,$

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars		For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
	Rent expense paid/ payable	6.00	6.00
	Aditya Khemka	6.00 4.20	4.20
	Hari Shankar Khemka	1.80	1.80
	Shradha Khemka	0.53	2.10
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.		
22	Rental income	3.04	2.81
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	3.04 0.12	0.08
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP	0.12	0.18
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	0.10	,,,,,,,,,,
	Electricity and water charges paid/ payable	1.13	1.01
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	0.02	1.01
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP	0.02	
(xiv)	Purchase of property, plant and equipment		
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	1.28	×
(xv)	Professional charges paid/ payable		
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	1.65	1.95
,	COD Constitution		
	CSR Contribution Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust	10.64	20.86
(xvii)	Donation Paid	0.83	-
	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust	31 998-5-73	
(xviii)	Vendor and logistic support charges paid/ payable		47.00
	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	18.53	17.30
(viv)	Membership and subscription charges paid/ payable		
	YPO Delhi Chapter	0.16	0.79
	Dividend paid Hari Shanker Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	15.40	3.92
	Aditya Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	11.38	2.95
	Rishi Khemka	11.55	3.00
	Shradha Khemka	0.17	0.05
	Ananmay Khemka	0.00	0.00
	T. D. J.		
	Loan Proceeds Rishi Khemka	300.00	
(xxii)	Travelling expense reimbursement	0.05	-
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	1.02	1
(xxiii)	Advertisement and business promotion expenses		
	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	0.05	-
	YPO Delhi Chapter	0.58	1-1
	Company of the second s		
(xxiv)	Commission and Brokerage Aditya Colonizers LLP	0.05	-
(xxv)	Expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of	0.18	
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP	2,000	
(xxvi)	Buy back of shares [also refer note 21(f)]	259.74	1122
	Hari Shanker Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	191.87	_
	Aditya Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	2.94	
	Rishi Khemka	194.81	-
	Shradha Khemka	0.00	-
	Ananmay Khemka		

^{*} does not include provision made for gratuity and compensated absences as the same is determined for the Company as a whole









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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

b) Outstanding balances at the year end

-	Outstanding balances at the year end		As at 31 March 2022
(i)	Trade Payables	A17589779	
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	2,795.80	3,159.32
	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	14.95	15.79
(ii)	Trade Receivables		× 70
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	2.60	6.70
(iii)	Investments		44.40
	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	11.19	11.19
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	95.00	95.00
(iv)	Borrowings	12.50	12.50
	Hari Shanker Khemka	10.00	10.00
	Aditya Khemka Rishi Khemka	300.00	- A 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	13.50	13.50
(v)	Interest Payable		State Chiefe
	Hari Shanker Khemka	0.21	0.39
	Aditya Khemka	0.17 1.05	0.32
	Rishi Khemka	0.30	0.30
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	0.30	0.50
(v)	Other Receivables		
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP	0.18	<u>.</u>
(vi)	Remuneration Payable		325.72
	Hari Shanker Khemka	0.62	0.45
	Aditya Khemka	10.26	6.34
	Ananmay Khemka	0.10	0.15

(i) Terms and conditions with related parties

All transactions with related parties are made on the terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and within the ordinary course of business. Outstanding balances at respective year ends are unsecured and settlement is generally done in cash.

(ii) The Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken as at each reporting date.







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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

44 capital management
The Company's capital includes issued share capital and all other distributable reserves. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise shareholder value and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company have both long and short term borrowings.

Company's gearing ratio is:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Long term borrowings	427.81	491.90
Short term borrowings (including current maturities of long term borrowings)	3,668.17	1,407.43
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(I,471.49)	(1,044.26)
Net debt (a)	2,624.49	855.07
Total Equity (b)	2,899.31	2,715.04
Equity and net debt $(c = (a) + (b))$	5,523.80	3,570.11
Gearing Ratio (d = a/c)	0.48	0.24

45 Employee benefits

The Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) - 19 on Employee Benefit as under:

Defined contribution plans
The Company makes contribution towards employee's provident fund and employee's state insurance. The Company has contributed Rs. 28.48 million (31 March 2022; Rs. 23.74 million) during the year ended 31 March 2023 as contribution towards these schemes.

Defined benefit plans

Gratuity

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity p	lan. Every employee is entitled to gratuity as per the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The habitaty of Gratuity is recognized on the basis of actuation
Salary increases	Actual salary increases will increase the plan's liability. Increase in salary increase rate assumption in future valuations will also increase the liability.
Investment risk	If plan is funded then assets liabilities mismatch and actual investment return on assets lower than the discount rate assumed at the last valuation date can impact the liability.
Discount rate	Reduction in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the plan's liability.
Mortality & disability	Actual deaths and disability cases proving lower or higher than assumed in the valuation can impact the liabilities.
Withdrawals	Actual withdrawals proving higher or lower than assumed withdrawals and change of withdrawal rates at subsequent valuations can impact plan's

nts recognised in the balance sheet:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Present value of the obligation	74.41	64.60
Fair value of plan assets	60.95	44.27
Net liability/(prepaid asset)	13.46	20.33

Loss/(income) recognised in other comprehensive income:

For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
(1.36)	11.36
	31 March 2023

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Current service cost	9.77	7.34
Interest cost (Net)	1.12	0.38
Cost recognised during the year	10.89	7.72

Movement in the liability recognised in the balance sheet is as under: Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	64.59	51.21
Current service cost	9.77	7.34
Interest cost	4.56	3.38
Actuarial (gain)/loss net Actuarial loss on arising from change in financial assumption	(2.18)	7.89
Actuarial loss on arising from experience adjustment	0.78	3.20
Benefits paid	(3.11)	(8.43
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	74.41	64.59

Movement in the plant assets recognised in the balance sheet is as under: Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Present value of plan value assets at the beginning of the year	44.27	41.9
Interest income	3.44	3.0
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest income	(0.04)	(0.25
Contributions by Employer	16.39	8.00
Benefits paid	(3.11)	(8.4.
Benefits paid	60.95	44.27











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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Discount raté	7.50%	7,25%
Salary escalation rate	8.00%	8.00%
Retirement age (Years)		
Withdrawal rate	N7-153	
Less than 30 years	3.00%	3.00%
From 30 to less 44 years	3.00%	3.00%
44 years and above	3.00%	3.00%
Weighted average duration of PBO	12.43	12.47

Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation:

Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Weighted Average Duration (Years) as at valuation date	12.43 Years	12.47 Years

The Expected maturity analysis of discounted defined benefit liability is as follows:

Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Within next 1 year	2.61	3.27
Between 1-5 years	14.81	11.35
Over 5 years	31.57	49.97
Total	48.99	64.59

Sencirivity analysis for gratuity liability:

Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	74.41	64.60
a) Impact of the change in discount rate		
Impact due to increase of 0.5 %	-5.51%	-5.60%
Impact due to decrease of 0.5 %	5.99%	6.11%
b) Impact of the change in salary increase	1.29(2)(2)	
Impact due to increase of 0.5 %	-3.81%	-3.96%
Impact due to decrease of 0.5 %	3.92%	4.02%
c) Impact of the change in withdrawal rate	,	
Impact due to increase of 10 %	0.31%	0.19%
Impact due to decrease of 10 %	-0.36%	-0.21%

Sensitivities due to mortality is not material .Hence, impact of change is not calculated.

Sensitivities as to rate of inflation, rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement and life expectancy are not applicable being a lump sum benefit on retirement.

46 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

A. Contingent liabilities

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
(i) Inland Bank Guarantees	49.67	41.04
Of the second se	49.67	41.04

Amounts paid under protest

(a) An Income Tax survey under section 133 A of Income- tax Act, 1961 was carried out at the Company's premises on 18 February 2019. During the course of the survey, the tax officials raised certain concerns and insisted on declaration of additional income amounting to Rs. 403.82 million. The Company's Board of Directors considered all the points taised by the survey team and were of the considered view that no additional income needs to be offered to tax as the actual

additional income amounting to 88, 403.82 million. The Company's board of Directors Constituted at the points tasked by the Sortey learn and well-of the the banks of accounts.

The Assessment year has been correctly Aduly accounted for in the books of accounts.

The Assessment proceedings for the said assessment year have got concluded by the Assessing Officer ('AO'), who vide order dated 30 September 2021 has raised tast demand of 8s.189.59 million (31 March 2022; Rs.189.59 million) and has also initiated penalty proceedings. The Company has contested the said order before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) wherein the Company has contended that the AO has erred both on fates and in law, in making the additions, ignoring the settled position of law that the statements recorded during the course of survey rabe and cannot be regarded as conclusive evidence and that the AO has made additions without bringing on record any contrary evidence in respect of the submissions made by the Company. The Company has deposited Rs. 38.00 million (31 March 2022; Rs. 38.00 million), under protest and the appeal in the matter is currently pending disposal. During the current year, the Company has received an order u/s 154 dated 09 May 2022 raising the demand of Rs. 7.80 million (31 March 2022; Nil) on account of wrong calculation of interest u/s 234D in the order dated 30 September 2021.

Based on inputs by tax experts, the management believes that the chances of any liability devolving on the Company in the above matter is not probable and accordingly, no adjustment is currently necessary in these standalone financial

(iii) Indirect tax matters	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
(a) VAT matters		
Demands raised under respective VAT Acts	14.76	19.36
Amounts paid under protest	2.98	3.27
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
(b) GST matters*	7: X = 4:	
Demands raised under GST regulations(other than matters under ')	4.53	3.24
Amounts paid under protest	0.24	1.20
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
(c) Customs matters		
Demands raised under Customs Act	20.73	3
Amounts paid under protest	0.22	2

Based on inputs by tax experts, the management believes that the chances of any liability devolving on the Company in the above matters is not probable and accordingly, no adjustment is currently necessary in these standalone financial

During the current year, the Company has received multiple show cause notices from Goods and Services Tax ("GST") authorities of the State of Tamil Nadu, Haryana, Telangana, Maharashtra, Odisha, Chihattisgath, Gujacat, Madhya Peadesh, Rajasthan, Bihar, West Bengal and Uttarakhand, in relation to dues under the Goods and Services Tax Regulations (both Central and State Goods and Service Tax Acts and Rules thereunded), aggregating to Rs.2,886.53 million for the financial years 2017-2018 to 2021-2022, on account of differences between ITC claimed in Form GSTR-3B vs ITC appearing in GSTR-2A, difference between tumover reported in GSTR-1 and GSTR-3B etc. Subsequently, the GST authorities in the State of Tamil Nadu have also carried out inspection on 05 January 2023 of Company's records for the financial year 2017-18 to 2021-22.

The Company has already filed appropriate explics against the above show cause notices, against which the authorities are yet to respond. As assessed by the management, issues raised in the above notices are arbitrary in nature and the Company's management believes that the likelihood of any liability devolving on the Company is not probable and hence, no adjustment is considered necessary in these standalone financial statements at this stage.

[w] Claims by customers (alongwith interest) in the normal course of business may be payable as and when the outcome of the related matters are finally determined. Management based on the legal inputs and historic trends, believes that no aterial liability will devolve on the Company, in respect of such matters.









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Estimated amount of contract remaining to be executed on capital and other commitments not provided for (net of advances) is Rs. 11.45 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 5.75 million). Apart from above mentioned amount, certain purchase orders issued to suppliers are for open quantities, during the normal course of business.

47 Dividend

a)The Company's Board of Directors at their meeting held on 18 August 2022 recommended dividend on equity shares @ Rs. 4 per equity share for the financial year 2021-2022 that was approved by the shareholders in their Annual General Meeting held on 18 August 2022. The total outgo as dividend to the shareholders during the year amounted to Rs. 10 million

b) The Company's Board of Directors at their meeting held on 11 November 2022 accorded approval for payment of interim dividend of Rs. 11.40 per equity share for the year ended 31 March 2023. The total outgo as interm dividend to the shareholder for the year ended 31 March 2023 amounted to Rs.28.50 million.

c) The Company's Board of Directors at their meeting held on 23 October 2023 have proposed final dividend on equity shares @ Rs. 4.88 per equity share for the financial year 2022-23 (total outgo being Rs. 10 million), subject to approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

Particulars	As at 31 1	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022		
	Ownership %	Place of business	Ownership %	Place of business		
Subsidiary companies						
Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	100%	China	100%	China	At cost	
Aditya Infotech (HK) Ltd*	740		100%	Hongkong	At cost	
Joint venture						
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	50%a	India	50%	India	At cost	

^{*}Voluntarily wound up duting the financial year 2022-23

40 Cornerate Social Responsibility

47 Corporate Social Responsibility	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	10.73	7.27
Amount of expenditure incurred	10.74	20.86
Shortfall at the end of the year		
Total of previous years shortfall		
Reason for shortfall	and the second s	
Details of related party transactions	Refer Note 43	Refer Note 43

Nature of CSR activities includes donation to education institutions, hospitals etc. through a related party. Such activities are covered under eligible CSR activities under Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

50 Segment reporting

The Company has only one operating segment and is primarily engaged in the business of trading of security and surveillance equipment's. Accordingly, the figures appearing in these standalone financial statements relate to the Company's single operating segment. The Board of Directors of the Company consider trading of security and surveillance equipment's and related activities as the main business of the entity. Accordingly, there are no other separate reportable segments in terms of Ind AS 108 on 'Operating Segments'.

(a) There are no major customers having revenue of more than 10% of the reportable segment.

(b) Information about geographical areas: The Company sells goods and provides services to customers which are domiciled in India as well as outside India. All the non-current assets of the Company are located in India. The amount of

revenue from external customers broken down by the location of the customers is as follows:

For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
22,734.54	16,291.44
110.93	43.53
22,845.47	16,334.97

Attributed to the Company's country of domicile, India Attributed to foreign countries

51 Other disclosures

51.1 The Code on Social Security, 2020 (Code) relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment, received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India, however, the date on which the Code will come into effect is yet to be notified and final rules/ interpretation are yet to be issued. The Company will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code and the rules thereon becomes effective.

51.2 Details of assets pledged

Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	264.28	251.22
Right-of-use assets	204.92	207.93
Investment property	4.08	4.39
Total	473.28	463.54
Current assets		
Inventories	5,110.50	3,026.75
Trade receivables	6,149.58	5,249.33
Total	11,260.08	8,276.08









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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

52. Pursuant to Transfer Memorandum dated 12 June 2018, the New Okhla Industrial Development Authority ("Noida Authority") transferred the allotment and lease of the land located at 12A, Sector 135, Noida, Uttar Pradesh, that the Company was required to undertake construction activity/ development activity on the said land within the prescribed timelines. The Noida Authority vide its letter dated 24 March 2022 had granted extension for completion of construction till 31 December 2022 and the Company had initiated the construction and development activities by awarding of the contracts/ work orders for site cleaning, soil investigation and architectural services. However, the Company could not complete the construction activities by the prescribed date, consequent to which the Noida Authority, relying on the Government of Uttar Pradesh Ordinance dated 7 January 2022, issued a show cause notice dated 19 January 2023 for cancellation of the lease deed. In response to such show cause notice, the Company filed its response on 31 January 2023, requesting for further extension of alleast six months so that necessary steps could be taken. Subsequently, the Noida Authority vide its letter dated 19 May 2023 cancelled the lease deed and allotment of the said land.

In response to the above, the Company had approached the Noida Authority for revocation of cancellation and restoration of the allotment of said land and had also filed a letter dated 5 September 2023, in response to which the Noida Authority vide its letter dated 18 September 2023 has confirmed that the Company's revocation request has been referred to State Government authorities for their approval and matter is under consideration with the Government. Based on its internal assessment and inputs from its legal expert, the management is confident of receiving favourable order from the Government of Uttar Pradesh regarding restoration of the Company's title and rights to the leased land shortly and further, has already mobilised resources for completion of construction and development activities on the said land within the timelines that may be prescribed by the authorities and accordingly, believes that no adjustment is necessary in these standalone financial statements at this stage.

53 Additional regulatory information not disclosed elsewhere in the standlone financial statements

(a) The Company does not have any transactions with struck-off companies under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies act 1956.

- (b) The Company has not undertaken any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- (c) The Company has not been declared a Wilful Defaulter' by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the

(d) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

(e) The Company does not have any Benami property and no proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property, under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.

(f) The Company does not have any charge or satisfaction of charge which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

(g) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the current and previous financial year. (h) The Company has not advanced or provided loan to or invested funds in any entity(s) including foreign entities (Intermedianes) or to any other person(s), with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(i) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(tes), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(i) The Company has been sanctioned facilities from banks on the basis of security of current assets. The periodic returns filed by the Company with such banks are in agreement with the books of accounts of the Company.

(This space has been intentionally left blank)







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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

54 Financial ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	As at 31 March 2023 Ratio	As at 31 March 2022 Ratio	% Change	Reason for variance of more than 25%
					(31 March 2023)	(31 March 2023)
Current ratio	Current assets	Current liabilities	1.18	1.27	-7%	*
Debt-equity ratio	Total debt [Non-current borrowings + Current borrowings]	Total equity	1.41	0.70	102%	Refer note A below
Debt service coverage ratio	Earnings before depreciation and amortisation and interest [Profit/loss after tax + Depreciation and amortisation expense + Finance costs (excluding interest on lease liabilities)]	Interest expense (including capitalised) + Principal repayment (including prepayments)	7.72	7.31	6%	-
Return on equity ratio	Profit after tax-preference dividend	Average shareholder's equity	0.36	0.36	0%	-
Inventory turnover ratio	Costs of goods sold	Average inventories	4.67	7.19	-35%	Refer note B below
Trade receivables	Revenue from operations (net)	Average trade receivables	4.01	3.72	8%	<u>.</u>
Trade payables turnover	Purchases (net)	Average trade payables	2.67	3.36	-20%	=
Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue from operations	Working capital [Current assets - Current liabilities]	9.58	6.99	37%	Refer note C below
Net profit ratio	Profit after tax	Revenue from operations (net)	0.04	0.05	-13%	H
Return on capital employed	Earnings before interest and tax = Profit/loss before tax + Depreciation and amortisation expense + Finance costs	Capital employed [Total assets - Current liabilities + current borrowings]	0.24	0.32	-23%	Refer note D below
Return on investment	Interest (Finance Income)	Investment	0.02	0.07	-69%	Refer note E below

Notes- reasons for variances:

- A Variance in ratios is attributable to increase in overall borrowings and decrease in equity due to buy back of shares during the current year
- B Variance in ratios is attributable to increase in average inventory during the year.
- C Variance in ratio is attributable to increase in revenue and decrease in working capital employed.
- D Variance in ratio is attributable to increase in borrowings during the year.
- E Variance in ratio is attributable to decrease in interest income during the year.







ADITYA INFOTECH LTD.

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

ED ACCO

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

- 55 Certain previous year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. Such reclassification did not have any impact on the current year Standalone financial statements.
- 56 The figures have been rounded off to the nearest million of rupees upto two decimal places. The figure 0.00 wherever stated represents value less than Rs. 50,000/-.

In terms of our report attached of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

Place: Gurugram Date: 23 October 2023 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman 🍃

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Senior VP Finance

Place: Noida

Date: 23 October 2023

DIM:00514552



Walker Chandiok & Co LLP 21st Floor, DLF Square Jacaranda Marg, DLF Phase II,

Gurugram - 122 002 Haryana, India

T +91 124 462 8099 F +91 124 462 8001

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Aditya Infotech Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiary (the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as 'the Group') and its joint venture, as listed in Annexure 1, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiary and joint venture, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its joint venture, as at 31 March 2023, and their consolidated profit (including other comprehensive income), consolidated cash flows and the consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its joint venture in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained together with the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their report referred to in paragraph 12 of the Other Matter(s) section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

4. We draw attention to note 52 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements which describes that subsequent to year end, allotment and lease of the land at Sector 135, Noida, has been cancelled by the Noida Authority, relying on the State Government Ordinance dated 7 January 2022, since the Holding Company did not fulfil the conditions stipulated in the Transfer Memorandum and lease deed with respect to construction and development on such land within the prescribed timelines. The Holding Company had approached the authorities seeking revocation of the cancellation and restoration of the allotment of said land, in response to which the Noida Authority vide its letter dated 18 September 2023 has confirmed that the matter is under consideration.

The management based on its internal assessment and inputs from its legal expert, is confident of receiving favourable order regarding restoration of the Holding Company's title and rights to the leased land shortly and further, is confident for completion of construction and development activities on the said land within the timelines that may be prescribed by the authorities and accordingly, believes that no adjustment is necessary in the consolidated financial statements at this stage.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated

The Directors' Report is not made available to us at the date of this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Holding Company's Board of Directors. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its joint venture in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are also responsible for ensuring accuracy of records including financial information considered necessary for the preparation of consolidated Ind AS financial statements. Further, in terms of the provisions of the Act the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its joint venture company covered under the Act are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. These financial statements have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

- 7. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its joint venture are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its joint venture to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 8. Those respective Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the companies included in the Group and of its joint venture.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 9. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.
- 10. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also
 responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal
 financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in place and the operating
 effectiveness of such controls;
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its joint venture to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its joint venture to cease to continue as a going concern;
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation; and



- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its joint venture, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements, of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by the other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- 11. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Other Matter

12. We did not audit the financial statements of the subsidiary incorporated outside India, whose financial statements reflect total assets of ₹ 20.14 million and net assets of ₹ 18.53 million as at 31 March 2023, total revenues of ₹ 16.95 million and net cash inflows amounting to ₹ 2.75 million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit (including other comprehensive income) of ₹ 95.01 million for the year ended 31 March 2023, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of the joint venture, whose financial statements has not been audited by us. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of such subsidiary and joint venture, and our report in terms of subsection (3) of section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary and joint venture, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Further the subsidiary is located outside India whose financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted its country and which have been audited by other auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in its country. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial statements of such subsidiary located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in its country to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's management. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of such subsidiary located outside India, is based on the report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and audited by us.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, are not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done by and the reports of the other auditors.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

13. As required by section 197(16) of the Act based on our audit, we report that the Holding Company incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have paid remuneration to their respective directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act. Further, we report that the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act are not applicable to the subsidiary company located outside India and joint venture company incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, since none of such companies is a public company as defined under section 2(71) of the Act.

- 13. As required by clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 of Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act based on the consideration of the Order reports issued till date by us of companies included in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 and covered under the Act, we report that:
 - A) Following are the qualifications/adverse remarks reported by us in the Order reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 for which such Order reports have been issued till date:

S No	Name	CIN	Holding Company / subsidiary	Clause number of the CARO report which is qualified or adverse
1	Aditya Infotech Limited	U74899DL1995PLC066784	Holding Company	(i)(c)

- 14. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and other financial information of the subsidiary and joint venture, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
 - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors;
 - c) The consolidated financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015;
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company, and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, and the reports of the statutory auditor of its joint venture company, covered under the Act, none of the directors of the Holding Company and its joint venture company, are disqualified as on 31 March 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its joint venture company covered under the Act, and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure A' wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statement and other financial information of the joint venture incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act.
 - i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group and its joint venture as detailed in Note 46 and 52 to the consolidated financial statements;

- The Holding Company, its subsidiary company and joint venture company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2023;
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its joint venture company covered under the Act, during the year ended 31 March 2023;
- v. a. The respective managements of the Holding Company and its joint venture company incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditor of such joint venture that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 53(h) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or its joint venture company to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company, or its joint venture company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b. The respective managements of the Holding Company and its joint venture company have represented to us and the other auditor of such joint venture that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 53(i) to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or its joint venture company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company, or its joint venture company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - c. Based on such audit procedures performed by us and that performed by the auditor of the joint venture, as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our or other auditor notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
 - d. (i) The final dividend paid by the Holding Company during the year ended 31 March 2023 in respect of such dividend declared for the previous year, is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend;
 - (ii) The interim dividend declared and paid by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2023 and until the date of this audit report is in compliance with section 123 of the Act; and
 - (iii) As stated in note 47 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company have proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2023 which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.



v. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 requires all companies which use accounting software for maintaining their books of account, to use such an accounting software which has a feature of audit trail, with effect from the financial year beginning on 1 April 2023 and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended) is not applicable for the current financial year.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

UDIN: 23503843BGUTGZ3240

Place: Gurugram Date: 23 October 2023

Annexure 1

List of entities included in consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

1. Aditya Infotech Limited, Holding Company

Wholly owned subsidiary

2. Shenzhen CP Plus International Limited, Shenzhen, China

Joint venture

3. AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited, India



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

 In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiary (the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as 'the Group'), and its joint venture as at and for the year ended 31 March 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its joint venture company, which are companies covered under the Act, as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

2. The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its joint venture company, which are companies covered under the Act, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in Guidance Note on Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Group's business, including adherence to the Group's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its joint venture company, as aforesaid, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditor in terms of their report referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its joint venture company as aforesaid.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditor on internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of its joint venture company, the Holding Company, which are companies covered under the Act, have in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2023, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Other Matters

9. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit (including other comprehensive income) of ₹ 95.01 million for the year ended 31 March 2023, in respect of its 1 joint venture company, which is a company covered under the Act, whose internal financial controls with reference to financial statements has not been audited by us. The internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in so far as it relates to such joint venture company have been audited by other auditor whose report has been furnished to us by the management and our report on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements for the Holding Company and its joint venture company, as aforesaid, under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act in so far as it relates to such joint venture company is based solely on the report of the auditor of such company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done by and on the reports of the other auditor.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843 CD ACC

UDIN: 23503843BGUTGZ3240

Place: Gurugram

Date: 23 October 2023

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Curent assets 14 Investories 14 Financial assets 15 Trade receivables 16 Cash and cash equivalents 17 Other bank balances 18 Other current assets 20 Total current assets 20 Total assets 1 EQUITY AND LIABILITIES 1 Equity share capital 21 Other equity 22 Equity attributable to owners of Holding Company 20 Non-controlling interests 21 Total equity 22 Power and itabilities 5 Financial liabilities 5 Borrowings 23 Lease liabilities 5 Provisions 24 Current liabilities 5 Financial liabilities 5 Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 26 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 26 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 26	23	As at 31 March 2022
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State Stat	11.33	12.18
Section Sect	63.79	41.67
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Equity attributable to owners of Holding Company Non-controlling interests Total equity Non current liabilities Financial liabilities Borrowings 23 Lease liabilities 5 Provisions 24 Total non current liabilities Current liabilities Borrowings 25 Lease liabilities Trade payables Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 26 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 26 Other financial liabilities 27 Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities 29 Other current liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities (net) 30	20.50	25.00
Non current liabilities Financial liabilities Borrowings 23 Lease liabilities 5 Provisions 24 Total non current liabilities Current liabilities Borrowings 24 Total non current liabilities Current liabilities Financial liabilities Borrowings 25 Lease liabilities 5 Trade payables 5 Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 26 Other financial liabilities 27 Provisions 26 Other financial liabilities 27 Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities 29 Other current liabilities 29 Other current liabilities 30	3,095.44	2,844.75
Non current liabilities Financial liabilities Borrowings 23 Lease liabilities 5 Provisions 24 Total non current liabilities Current liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Trade payables 5 Trade payables 5 Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 26 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 26 Other financial liabilities 27 Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities 30 Other current liabilities 30	3,115.94	2,869.75
Non current liabilities Financial liabilities Borrowings 23 Lease liabilities 5 Provisions 24 Total non current liabilities Current liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises Other financial liabilities Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities 30	20	141
Financial liabilities Borrowings 23 Lease liabilities 5 Provisions 24 Total non current liabilities Current liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Formancial liabilities Formanc	3,115.94	2,869.75
Financial liabilities Borrowings 23 Lease liabilities 5 Provisions 24 Total non current liabilities Current liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Formatial liabilities Other financial liabilities Current liabilities Provisions Current liabilities 27 Provisions Current liabilities 29 Other current liabilities 30		
Borrowings 23 Lease liabilities 5 Provisions 24 Total non current liabilities Current liabilities Financial liabilities Borrowings 25 Lease liabilities 5 Trade payables 5 Trade payables		
Lease liabilities 5 Provisions 24 Fotal non current liabilities Current liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Borrowings 25 Lease liabilities 5 Trade payables 5 Trade payables Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 26 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 26 Other financial liabilities 27 Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities 30 ———————————————————————————————————	427.81	491.90
Provisions 24 Cotal non current liabilities Current liabilities Financial liabilities Borrowings 25 Lease liabilities 5 Trade payables Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 26 Other financial liabilities 27 Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities 30 Current liabilit	96.84	38.21
Fotal non current liabilities Current liabilities Financial liabilities Borrowings 25 Lease liabilities 5 Trade payables Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 26 Other financial liabilities 27 Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities 30	72.61	67.07
Current liabilities Financial liabilities Borrowings 25 Lease liabilities 5 Trade payables Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 26 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 26 Other financial liabilities 27 Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities 30	597.26	597.18
Financial liabilities Borrowings 25 Lease liabilities 5 Trade payables Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 26 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 26 Other financial liabilities 27 Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities 30		
Borrowings 25 Lease liabilities 5 Trade payables Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 26 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 26 Other financial liabilities 27 Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities 30		
Lease liabilities 5 Trade payables Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 26 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 26 Other financial liabilities 27 Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities 30 Other current liabilities 30	5 9999anm	60000000000
Trade payables Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 26 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 27 Other financial liabilities 27 Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities 30	3,668.17	1,407.43
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises 26 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 26 Other financial liabilities 27 Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities 30	75.86	36.54
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 26 Other financial liabilities 27 Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities 30		
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 26 Other financial liabilities 27 Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities 30	115.05	40.25
Other financial liabilities 27 Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities 30	8,974.96	6,610.16
Provisions 28 Current tax liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities 30	247.58	192.06
Current tax liabilities (net) 29 Other current liabilities 30	64.79	70.04
Other current liabilities 30	33.53	104.16
	194.48	217.26
LOTAL CUITETI NADITUES	3,374.42	8,677.91
Total equity and liabilities	7,087.62	12,144.84

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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This is the Consolidated Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman DIN:00514501

Aditya Kremka Managing Directo

DIN:00514552

U. SIE Yogesh Sharma

Sr. VP Finance

Place: Noida Date: 23 October 2023

Place: Gurugram Date: 23 October 2023

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)	Note	For the year ended	For the year ended
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Income:			
Revenue from operations	31	22,845.47	16,462.11
Other income	32	110.09	154.35
Total income		22,955.56	16,616.46
Expenses:			15.000.40
Purchases of stock-in-trade	33	21,083.83	15,870.62
Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade	34	(2,093.31)	(2,324.12)
Employee benefits expense	35	1,032.46	844.14
Finance costs	36	232.23	203.81
Depreciation and amortization expenses	37	88.52	75.47
Other expenses	38	1,217.01	742.85
Total expenses	35	21,560.74	15,412.78
Profit before share of profit in joint venture and tax		1,394.82	1,203.69
Share of profit in joint venture		94.87	89.80
Profit before exceptional items and tax		1,489.69	1,293.49
Exceptional items	39 .	57.87	
Profit before tax		1,431.82	1,293.49
Tax expense:	40		
Current tax expense		346.35	306.16
Deferred tax expense/(credit)		0.50	10.86
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)		1.86	7.16
Total tax expense	67 78	348.71	324.18
Profit after tax	19	1,083.11	969.31
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of defined employee benefit plans		1.36	(11.36)
Income tax effect of above		(0.34)	2.86
Share of other comprehensive income in joint venture		0.13	0.13
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations		0.01	1.71
Other comprehensive income	9	1.16	(6,66)
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,084.27	962.65
Profit after tax attributable to:			
Owners of the Holding Company		1,083.11	969.31
Non-controlling interests		-	1075
Other comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Holding Company		1.16	(6.66)
Non-controlling interests		=	=
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Holding Company		1,084.27	962.65
Non-controlling interests		× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	15
Earnings per equity share (Rs. 10 per share)			
Basic and diluted	41	439.84	387.72
DAGIC AIRC SHORES		11200	400000000

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

This is the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal Partner

Membership No.: 503843

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman DIN:00514501 Aditya Khenika Managing Director DIN:00514552

Yogesh Sharma Sr. VP Finance

Sr. VP Pinance

Place: Noida Date: 23 October 2023



All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated) Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
A Cash flow from operating activities	31 Maich 2023	SI March 2022
Profit before tax	1,431.82	1,293.49
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortization expenses	88.52	75.47
Interest income on bank deposits	(60.85)	(65.02)
Interest income on security deposits	(0.50)	(0.51)
Dividend income	(0.19)	(0.06)
Liabilities no longer required written back	(15.34)	(78.37)
Loss on currency fluctuation and translation	6.24	1.14
Loss/(profit) on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	(0.01)	1.76
Rental income	(4.68)	(4.31)
Provision for SAD claims		1.19
Balances written off	18.25	20.61
Share of profit in joint venture (net of unrealised profit)	(87.43)	(70.91)
Finance costs	201.16	171.69
Loss on derivative contracts		1.02
Interest expense on lease liabilities	13.40	8.76
Gain on extinguishment of lease	(2.22)	
Rent concession	*	(0.91)
Loss on measurement of investment at FVTPL	1.82	0.45
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,589.99	1,355.49
Movement in working capital		
Increase in inventories	(2,083.75)	(2,323.35)
Increase in trade receivables	(895.07)	(1,476.43)
Increase in other current assets and non current assets	(3.19)	(88.28)
Increase in other financial assets	(96.58)	(518.43)
Increase in other financial liabilities	49.89	323.67
Increase / (decrease) in other liabilities	(22.78)	57.55
Increase in provisions	1.66	15.18
Increase in trade payables	2,439.60	3,309.27
Cash flow from operating activities post working capital changes	979.77	654.65
Income tax (paid)/refund received (net)	(422.14)	(219.26)
Net cash flow from operating activities (A)	557.63	435.41
B Cash flow from investing activities		
Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangib	ple assets (71.17)	(67.16)
and intangible under development	(/1.17)	(0,110)
Sale of property, plant and equipment	0.72	0.12
Investment in fixed deposits	(1,295.33)	(861.32)
Proceeds from bonds	52.60	2
Investment in bonds	2	(52.60)
Rental income	4.68	4.31
Dividend income	28.69	0.06
Interest received	60.85	89.99
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	(1,218.96)	(886.59)
C Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from related party loans	300.00	2
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	25.00	500.00
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(389.09)	(87.96)
Repayment of short-term borrowings	(5,616.09)	(369.00)
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	7,868.07	380.00
Buy back of equity shares	(799.58)	2
Finance cost paid	(201.16)	(169.76)
Dividend paid during the year	(38.50)	(10.00)
Principal payment of lease liabilities	(43.94)	(36.38)
	(13.40)	(8.76)
	4 004 24	198.14
Interest payment of lease liabilities Net cash flow from financing activities (C)	1,091.31	196.14
Interest payment of lease liabilities Net cash flow from financing activities (C)		
Interest payment of lease liabilities	429.98 1,046.47	(253.05) 1,299.52



CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Balances with scheduled banks and cash in hand:

- Cash in hand
- In current accounts
- In cash credit account
- Cheques in hand
- Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months

Total cash and cash equivalents (refer note 17)

As at	As at	
31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
1.22	1.20	
8.38	258.03	
56.28	430.40	
493.27	294.38	
917.30	62.40	
1,476.45	1,046.47	

Note: The above consolidated cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS-7) Statement of Cash flow.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

This is Consolidated statement of cash flows referred to in our report of even date

DACC

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Place: Gurugram

Date: 23 October 2023

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma

Sr. VP Finance

Place: Noida Date: 23 October 2023 TOTECH & CON

Managing Director

ADIN:00514552

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity share capital (refer note no. 21)

Current Reporting Period

Particulars	Opening balance as at 1 April 2022	Changes in equity share capital during the year*	Balance as at 31 March 2023
Equity share capital	25.00	 4.50	20.50

*Refer note 21(f)

Previous reporting period

Particulars	Opening balance as at 1 April 2021			Balance as at 31 March 2022
Equity share capital	25.00	-	-	25.00

B. Other equity (refer note no. 22) Particulars	Rese	rves and Surp	lus	Foreign currency	Capital	Total attributable to owners of the Holding Company	Total
	Retained earnings	General	Capital reserve	translation reserve	Redemption Reserve		
Balance as at 31 March 2021	1,718.93	170.42	0.06	2.69	5	1,892.10	1,892.10
Profit for the year	969.31	¥	() = ()	(#)	*	969.31	969.31
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax impact)	(8.50)	9	-	· ·	-	(8.50)	(8.50)
Share of other comprehensive income in joint venture (net of tax)	0.13		1.5	17.5	-	0.13	0.13
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations	*		340	1.71	:=	1.71	1.71
Dividend paid during the year (refer note 47)	(10.00)	=	-	121	¥	(10.00)	(10.00)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	2,669.87	170.42	0.06	4.40		2,844.75	2,844.75
Profit for the year	1,083.11	-	(+)	18m2	-	1,083.11	1,083.11
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax impact)	1.02	=	-	190	-	1.02	1.02
Share of other comprehensive income in joint venture	0.13	- 1	-	-	-	0.13	0.13
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations	×		(I II)	0.01	-	0.01	0.01
Premium paid on buy back of equity shares*	(644.86)	9		2.42		(644.86)	(644.86)
Tax paid on buy back of equity shares*	(150.22)	12	-		-	(150.22)	(150.22)
Transfer to Capital Redemption Reserve upon buy back of equity shares*	(4.50)				4.50		-
Dividend paid during the year (refer note 47)	(38.50)	-	· +	(H)		(38.50)	(38.50)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	2,916.05	170.42	0.06	4.41	4.50	3,095.44	3,095.44

^{*}Refer note 21(f)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

This is Consolidated statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date

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For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

Place: Gurugram Date: 23 October 2023 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman

Managing Direct DIN:00514552

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Sr. VP Finance

Place: Noida Date: 23 October 2023

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

1 Group Overview

The consolidated financial statements comprise financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ("the Holding Company" or "the Company"), its subsidiary company (collectively referred as "Group") and joint venture for the year ended 31 March 2023. The Company is a Public limited Group having CIN no. U74899DL1995PLC066784 and was incorporated on 27th March 1995 with Registrar of Companies, New Delhi. The Company's registered office is situated at F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase-1, New Delhi - 110020 and corporate office is situated at A- 12, Sector-4, Noida - 201301. The Company is engaged in trading of security and surveillance equipment and components under "CP Plus" brand. Further, the Holding Company is also engaged in trading of security and surveillance equipment and components manufactured by Dahua Technologies Group.

2 Basis of preparation of Consolidated financial statements

(a) These consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities:

- a) Certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value; and
- b) Defined benefit plans-plan assets measured at fair value.

The Consolidated financial statements have been prepared and presented in INR, which is the Group's functional currency. All financial information presented in INR has been rounded to the nearest million unless, except when otherwise indicated.

The consolidated financial statements were approved for issue by the Holding Company's Board of Directors on 23 October 2023.

(b) Basis of consolidation

Subsidiary

Subsidiary is a entity controlled by the Company. The Company controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiary is included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control is acquired until the date on which control ceases to exist.

The Group combines the financial statements of the holding company and its subsidiary line by line, by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiary have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiary are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated balance sheet respectively.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred, the Group re-assesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognised at the acquisition date.

If the reassessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognised in OCI and accumulated in equity as capital reserve. However, if there is no clear evidence of bargain purchase, the Group recognises the gain directly in equity as capital reserve, without routing the same through

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units

(c) Joint venture

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. The considerations made in determining joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over the subsidiary. The Group's investments in joint venture are accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in a joint venture is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the joint venture since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the joint venture is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment individually. The consolidated statement of profit and loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the joint venture. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint venture. The aggregate of the Group's share of profit or loss of a joint venture is presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

(d) Foreign currency translation

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee, which is the functional and presentation currency and include the financial position and results in respect of foreign operations, initially measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates (i.e. their functional currency) and translated as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates;
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income;

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

(e) Use of estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in estimates are reflected in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.







CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

3 Significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies that are used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are summarised below. These accounting policies are consistently used throughout the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

(a) Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- · Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle*
- · Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- · Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- · Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- · It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle*
- · It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- · It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities respectively.

*Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Group has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

(b) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made.

Revenue is measured at the transaction price for each separate performance obligation taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government. The transaction price is net of estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

(i) Sale of security and surveillance equipment and components

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised goods to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which Group expects to receive in exchange of those goods. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control is transferred to the customer, based on the terms of contract with customers which generally coincides with dispatch of products to the customers in case of domestic sales and on the basis of bill of lading in the case of export sales.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the control of the product is transferred, the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- . The Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- · The Group has a present right to payment for the asset;
- The Group has transferred physical possession of the asset, whereby the customer has the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, the asset or to restrict the access of other entities to those benefits.

Provision for contractual warranty is recognised as per the principles defined under Ind AS 37 Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets.

When the consideration is received, before the Group transfers a goods to the customer, the Group shall present the consideration as contract liability.

(ii) Rendering of services including business support and technical training services

- (a) Revenue from business support services is recognised over a period of time when the services are rendered as per the terms of the respective contracts with the customers.
- (b) Revenue from other services including technical training services are recognised at a point in time as and when the services are rendered as per the terms of the respective contracts with the customers.

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend is recognised when right to receive the payment is established.

(iv) Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised and accrued using effective interest rate method.

(v) Insurance and other claims

Revenue in respect of claims is recognized when no significant uncertainty exists with regard to the amount to be realized and the ultimate collection thereof.

(c) Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost determined on weighted average cost basis and net-realisable value. Cost includes freight, taxes and duties net of GST input tax credit, wherever applicable. Customs duty payable on material in bonded warehouse is added to the cost of the material.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated cost of completion and cost necessary to make the sale.

(d) Property, plant and equipment

Property plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost can be measured reliably. Property, Plant and Equipment which are significant to the total cost of that item of Property, Plant and Equipment and having different useful life are accounted separately. Other Indirect Expenses incurred relating to project, net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre-operative expenses and disclosed under Capital Work-in-Progress. Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided using written down value method on depreciable amount. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.









CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

The estimates of useful life of Property, Plant and Equipments are as follows:

Particulars	Useful life as per Schedule II of the Act
Building	60 Years
Computers and Peripherals	
- Computers	3 Years
- Servers	6 Years
Office Equipment	5 Years
Furniture, Fixture and Fittings	10 Years
Motorcycles and scooters	10 Years
Motor cars	8 Years
Plant and machinery	15 Years

De-recognition of Property, plant & equipment

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

(e) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

Intangible assets	Amortisation period
Computer Software	6 years
Trademark	10 years

De recognition of Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gain or loss arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in consolidated profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

(f) Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation, or both. Investment properties are measured initially at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost, if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in consolidated statement of profit or loss as incurred

Investment properties are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation on investment properties is provided on the written down value method computed on the basis of useful lives as prescribed in the Schedule II of the Act:

Investment property	Useful life as per Schedule II of the Act
Building	60 years

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at the end of each financial year.

De-recognition

Investment properties are de-recognized either when they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in consolidated profit or loss in the period of de-recognition.

(g) Impairment of non-financial assets- property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generated unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(h) Intangible assets under development

Intangible assets under development represents expenditure incurred in respect of intangible assets under development and are carried at cost less accumulated impairment loss, if any. Cost includes related acquisition expenses, development costs, borrowing costs and other direct expenditure.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of consolidated cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand, cheques in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.



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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(i) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the year is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Group are segregated.

(k) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as fresh issue, bonus issue that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

(f) Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets

(i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

(ii) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is recognised for:

- Possible obligation which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Group.
- Present obligation arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation cannot be made.

(iii) Contingent assets

Contingent assets are not recognised in the consolidated financial statements. Contingent assets are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements to the extent it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Group from such assets.

(m) Leases: Right-of-use asset and Lease liabilities

The Group's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for land and buildings- warehouse and office premises and vehicles. The Group assesses whether a contract contains, a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Group has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases), and low value leases. For these short-term, and low value leases, the Group recognises the lease rentals as an operating expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss account.

(i) Right-of-use assets

At the commencement date, the right of use assets is measured at cost. The cost includes an amount equal to the lease liabilities plus adjusted for the amount of prepaid or accrued lease payments. After the commencement date, the right of use assets is measured in accordance with the accounting policy for property, plant and equipment i.e. right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- · the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- · any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- · any initial direct costs, and
- · restoration costs.

(ii)Lease liabilities

The lease liability is initially measured at amortised cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Group changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the consolidated Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows. The Group has used a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used.

(iii)Lease term

At the commencement date, the Group determines the lease term which represents non-cancellable period of initial lease for which the asset is expected to be used, together with the periods covered by an option to extend or terminate the lease, if the Group is reasonably certain at the commencement date to exercise the extension or termination option.

(iv)Short term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis which is more representative of the pattern of use of underlying asset.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(v)Others

The following is the summary of practical expedients elected on initial application:

- (i) Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with a similar end date.
- (ii) Applied the exemption not to recognise right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term on the date of initial application and low value

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Payments associated with short-term leases of property, plant and office equipment and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

(n) Foreign Currencies

The Group's Financial Statements are presented in INR which is also the Group's functional currency. Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency, using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities outstanding at the year-end are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the year-end and the gain or loss, is recognised in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

(o) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an Group incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

(p) Retirement and other employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as employees' state insurance, labour welfare fund, superannuation scheme, employee pension scheme etc. are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. Group's provident fund contribution, in respect of certain employees, is made to a Government administered fund and charged as an expense to the consolidated statement of profit and loss. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Group has no further defined obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

(ii) Defined benefit plan

Gratuity

Gratuity is a post-employment benefit and is in the nature of a defined benefit plan. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. The defined benefit obligation is determined by actuarial valuation as on the balance sheet date, using the projected unit credit method. Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to consolidated profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in consolidated profit or loss on the earlier of:

- The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- The date that the Group recognises related restructuring costs.

The Group recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss:

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and nonroutine settlements; and
- Net interest expense or income.

(iii) Other long-term employee benefits (compensated absences)

Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed within one year from the balance sheet date is recognised on the basis of undiscounted value of estimated amount required to be paid or estimated value of benefit expected to be availed by the employees. Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed more than one year after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of an actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are credited or charged to the consolidated Statement of profit and loss in the year in which such gains or losses are determined.

(iv) Short-term and other long-term employee benefits

Expense in respect of other short-term benefits is recognised on the basis of the amount paid or payable for the period during which services are rendered by the employee.

(q) Taxes

Current tax

Current income tax, assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the Income Computation and Disclosure Standards (ICDS) enacted in India by using tax rates and the tax laws that are enacted as at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to item recognized outside the consolidated statement of profit and loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or equity). Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transactions either in OCI or directly in equity.

The Group's management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis.

Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in consolidated financial statements, except when the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill, an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.







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Deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Indirect taxes

GST input tax credit on materials purchased/ services availed for production/ input services are taken into account at the time of purchase and availing services. GST input tax credit on purchase of capital items wherever applicable are taken into account as and when the assets are acquired. The GST input tax credit so taken is utilised for payment of GST on supply of goods and services. The unutilised GST input tax credit is carried forward in the books of accounts as 'balance with government authorities'.

(r) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial asset or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction cost directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Assets are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of Financial Assets, which are not at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of Financial Assets are recognised using trade date accounting.

B. Subsequent Measurement

a) Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost (AC)

A Financial Asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A Financial Asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling Financial Assets and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

A Financial Asset which is not classified in any of the above categories is measured at FVTPL. Financial assets are reclassified subsequent to their recognition, if the Group changes its business model for managing those financial assets. Changes in business model are made and applied prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of immediately next reporting period following the changes in business model in accordance with principles laid down under Ind AS 109 – Financial Instruments.

C. Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

ECL is the weighted-average of difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate, with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. When estimating the cash flows, the Group is required to consider —

- · All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms

(i) Trade receivables

In respect of trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach of Ind AS 109, which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

(ii) Other financial assets

In respect of its other financial assets, the Group assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

When making this assessment, the Group uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial asset. To make that assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Group neither transfers nor retains subsequently all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for the amount it may have to pay.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and received and received and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in consolidated profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in consolidated profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

Financial liabilities

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Liabilities are recognized at fair value and in case of borrowings, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost.

B. Subsequent Measurement

Financial Liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Group. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and transactions costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is due within 12 months after reporting period. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(s) Fair value measurement

The Group measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- · In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

(t) Derivative financial instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any gains or losses from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to consolidated statement of profit and loss.

(u) Exceptional items

Items which are material by virtue of their size and nature are disclosed separately as exceptional items to ensure that financial statements allows an understanding of the underlying performance of the business during the year and to facilitate comparison with prior year.

(v) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM").

Identification of segments:

In accordance with Ind AS 108 Operating Segments, the operating segments used to present segment information are identified on the basis of information reviewed by the Group's management to allocate resources to the segments and assess their performance. An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it earns revenues and incurs expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components.

Results of the operating segments are reviewed regularly by the Chief Operating Decision Maker, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available.







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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(w) Significant estimates and judgements

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

- Recognition and estimation of tax expense including deferred tax Note 3(q), Note 11 and Note 40
- Estimated impairment of financial assets and non-financial assets Note 3(g) and Note 3(r)
- Assessment of useful life of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets Note 3(d), (e), (f) and Note 4, Note 7 and Note 8
- Estimation of assets and obligations relating to employee benefits Note 3(p) and Note 45
- · Valuation of inventories Note 3(c)
- Recognition and measurement of contingent liabilities Note 3(1) and Note 46
- Provisions Note 3(l)
- Leases Note 3(m) and Note 5
- Fair value measurement Note 3(t) and Note 42
- Provision for warranty Note 3(b) and Note 24 and 28
- Expected credit loss Note 3(r) and Note 16

(x) Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

(i) Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies and include corresponding amendments to Ind AS 107 and Ind AS 34. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023.

(ii) Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023.

(iii) Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes - This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. Also there is corresponding amendment to Ind AS 101. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023.

The Group has evaluated the above amendments and the impact thereof is not expected to be material on these consolidated financial statements.



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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

4 Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Land	Building	Plant and machinery	Computers	Office equipment	Vehicles	Furniture and fixtures	Total
Balance as at 31 March 2021	50.04	162.16	2.53	7.29	14.41	24.05	19.44	279.92
Additions	50.01	_	-	7.07	4.13	12.16	0.01	23.37
		-	0.14	0.83	1.77	0.01	0.63	3.38
Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2022	50.04	162.16	2.39	13.53	16.77	36.20	18.82	299.91
Additions	-	-		11.96	2.13	28.13	1.98	44.20
	-	_	_	100000	7.19	3.50	0.47	11.16
Disposals As at 31 March 2023	50.04	162.16	2.39	25.49	11.71	60.83	20.33	332.95
Accumulated depreciation Balance as at 31 March 2021	3 4 3	7.91	0.49	3.23	4.64	1.47		22.52 27.63
Charge for the year	-	7.67	0.39	3.75	3.13	8.90	3.79	1.49
Disposals	(- 2)	(4)	0.05	0.20	0.99	0.00	0.25	48.66
Balance as at 31 March 2022	-	15.58	0.83	6.78	6.78	10.37		
Charge for the year	-	7.15	0.29	7.74	3.86	8.63	2.79	30.46
Disposals	-	- 1	-	<u>*</u>	6.83	3.22		10.45
As at 31 March 2023	-	22.73	1.12	14.52	3.81	15.77	10.71	68.67
Net block as at 31 March 2022	50.04	146.58	1.56	6.75	9.99	25.83		251.25
Net block as at 31 March 2023	50.04	139.43	1.27	10.97	7.90	45.06	9.62	264.28

(i) Contractual obligations

Refer note 46B for contractual commitments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

(ii) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

(iii) Property, plant and equipment pledged as security for borrowings

Property, plant and equipment have been pledged as security for borrowings, refer note 23 for details.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

5 Leases

1)	Rig	ht	of	use	ass	ets
----	-----	----	----	-----	-----	-----

Right of use assets		Office and warehouse	IT equipment	Vehicles	Total
Particulars Particulars	Leasehold land*	Office and warehouse	11 equipment	Temeres	
Right-of-use assets As at 31 March 2021	213.95	91.25	88	3.74	308.94
		37.56	-	2.37	39.93
Additions	200	(4.80)	160	(1.29)	(6.09)
Deletions	213.95	124.01		4.82	342.78
As at 31 March 2022	213.73	164.35	5.09	11.19	180.63
Additions	100	0.00	3.02	(1.66)	(57.32)
Deletions		(55.66) 232,69	5.09	14.35	466.09
As at 31 March 2023	213.95	232.09	3.02	14.55	
Accumulated depreciation					
As at 31 March 2021	3.01	24.57		1.67	29.25
Charge for the year	3.01	37.27	20 (1.52	41.80
Disposals		(4.62)	£ .	(1.29)	(5.91)
As at 31 March 2022	6.02	57.22		1.90	65.14
	3.01	47.69	1.27	1.90	53.88
Charge for the year		(21.07)	*	(0.38)	(21.45)
Disposals	9.03	1 1	1.27	3.42	97.57
As at 31 March 2023	7.03	00101			
Net Block as at 31 March 2022	207.93	66.79	-	2.92	277.64
Net Block as at 31 March 2023	204.92	148.85	3.82	10.94	368.52

^{*}Also refer note 52

Lease Liability		
Particulars	Total	
Lease liabilities	25.22	
As at 31 March 2021	72.58	
Additions	39.64	
Accretion of interest	8.76	
Payments	(45.15)	
Concession	(0.91)	
Deletions	(0.17)	
As at 31 March 2022	74.75	
Additions	177.76	
Accretion of interest	13.40	
Payments	(57.34)	
Deletions	(35.87)	
As at 31 March 2023	172.70	

Lease liability	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Current	75.86	36.54
Non-current	96.84	38.21
Non-cuttent	172.70	74.75

c) Group as a lessee

The Group has leases for the land, office building, warehouse facilities, IT equipment and vehicles. With the exception of short term leases and leases of low-value underlying assets, each lease is reflected on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. The Group classifies its right-of-use assets in a consistent manner to its property, plant and equipment.

Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Group to sublease the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Group. The Group is prohibited from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as security without prior permission of the lessor. Further, the Group is required to pay maintenance fees in accordance with the lease contracts.

i) The amounts recognized in consolidated statement of profit and loss:-

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022	
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	53.88	41.80	
Interest expense on lease liabilities	13.40	8.76	
Expense relating to short term leases	47.75	29.70	
Gain on extinguishment and modification of lease	(2.22)	*	
Rent concession		(0.91)	
Net impact on consolidated statement of profit and loss	112.81	79.35	

ii) Amounts recognized in the consolidated cash flow statement

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Payment of lease liabilities- principal and interest	57.34	45.15

iii) Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in consolidated statement of profit and loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office furniture.

The Group has recognised 47.75 million pertaining to 31 March 2023 and Rs. 29.70 million pertaining to 31 March 2022 in respect of short term leases entered into by the Group.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

iv) The table below describes the nature of the Group's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised in consolidated balance sheet:

The table below describes the nature of the Group's leasing act Right of use asset	31 Mar	31 March 2022		
ngii oi osc iissee	No. of right of use assets leased		No. of right of use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)
Office building	28	2-6 years	26	2-6 years
Warehouse facilities	9	2-3 years	10	2-3 years
Vehicles	12	2-5 years	7	2-5 years
Land	3	50-76 years	3	50-76 years
IT Equipment	2	2-3 years		

v) Maturity of lease liabilities

The lease liabilities are secured by the related underlying assets. Future minimum lease payments were as follows:

31 March 2023	Minimum lease payments due				
1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
Lease payments	88.35	83.60	27.47	15.35	214.77

31 March 2022		Minimum lease payments due					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
Lease payments	38.41	31.30	7.98	8.13	85.82		

vi) Information about extension and termination options

31 March 2023 Right of use assets	Number of leases	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term (in years)	Number of leases with extension option	Number of leases with purchase option	Number of leases with termination option
Office building	28	2-6	4.00			28
-	0	2-3	2.50	4	72	9
Warehouse facilities	2					12
Vehicles	12	2-5	3.50			2
Land	3	50-76	63.00	7		3
IT Equipment	2	2-3	2.50			2

31 March 2022 Number of leases with Number of leases Range of remaining Average Number of leases Number of leases Right of use assets with termination purchase option term remaining lease with extension option option (in years) term (in years) 26 2-6 4.00 26 Office building 10 10 2-3 2.50 Warehouse facilities 2-5 3.50 Vehicles 50-76 63.00 Land









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

6 Capital Work in Progress

o Capital Work in Flogress	Amount
Balance as at 31 March 2021	E E
Additions	
Capitalised	<u> </u>
Balance as at 31 March 2022	# ***
Additions	1.83
Capitalised	u
Balance as at 31 March 2023	1.83

(i) Ageing of capital work in progress:

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Amount in capital work in progress for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	
Project in progress	1.83	-	2	-	1.83

As at 31 March 2022

Particulars	Amount in capital work in progress for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	
Project in progress	=	-	-	•	-

(ii) Capital work in progress, whose completion is overdue or exceeded its cost compared to its original plan: Nil (31 March 2022: Nil)

(iii) Capital work in progress represents architectural and soil testing costs incurred towards the Noida property (also refer note 52).

(iv) Refer note 46B for contractual commitments of capital work in progress as at 31 March 2023 (31 March 2022: Rs. Nil)









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

7 Investment property

Particulars	Non factory Building	Total	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	5.36	5.36	
Additions		~	
Disposals	7 9)	=	
Balance as at 31 March 2022	5.36	5.36	
Additions	Tel	-	
Disposals			
Balance as at 31 March 2023	5.36	5.36	
Charge for the year Disposals	0.66	0.66	
	0.00		
Balance as at 31 March 2022	0.97	0.97	
Charge for the year	0.31	0.31	
Disposals			
Balance as at 31 March 2023	1.28	1.28	
Net block as at 31 March 2022	4.39	4.39	
Net block as at 31 March 2023	4.08	4.08	

(ii) Amount recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss for investment property

(ii) Amount recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss for investment property Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Rental income	1.34	1.26
Less: direct operating expenses that generated rental income*		-
Less: direct operating expenses that did not generate rental income*	W.	
Profit from leasing of investment property before depreciation	1.34	1.26
Less: depreciation expense	(0.31)	(0.66)
Profit from leasing of investment property after depreciation	1.03	0.60

^{*}Direct operating expenses attributable to investment property cannot be specifically identified with property, although management does not expect them to be material

(iii) Fair value of investment property

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Office space at Janki Centre, Andheri, Mumbai	27.72	25.25
Total	27.72	25.25

The Group has appointed a registered valuer in accordance with Rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuer and Valuation) Rules, 2017 for the valuation of investment property. The fair value of investment property has been determined by external, independent property valuers, having appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued. The Group obtains independent valuation for its investment property at least annually and are considered to be a fair representation at which such properties can be sold in an active market. The fair value measurement of the investment property has been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used. Fair value has been determined using combination of market approach and cost approach. The market approach provides an indication of value by comparing the asset with identical or comparable (that is similar) assets for which price information is available whereas cost approach provides an indication of value using the economic principle that a buyer will pay no more for an asset than the cost to obtain an asset of equal utility, whether by purchase or by construction, unless undue time, inconvenience, risk or other factors are involved.

(iv) Contractual obligations

There are no contractual obligations outstanding as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

(v) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

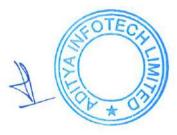
8A. Intangible assets

8A. Intangible assets		Trademark	Total
Particulars	Computer Software	Trademark	Total
Balance as at 31 March 2021	8.45	11.55	20.00
Additions	2.12	(-	2.12
Disposals	4	= =	
Balance as at 31 March 2022	10.57	11.55	22.12
Additions	3.02	-	3.02
Disposals			250
Balance as at 31 March 2023	13.59	11.55	25.14
Accumulated amortisation Balance as at 31 March 2021 Charge for the year Disposals	2.91 3.73	1.65 1.65	4.56 5.38 - 9.94
Balance as at 31 March 2022	6.64	3.30	- 7,000
Charge for the year	2.22	1.65	3.87
Disposals	(7)		- 40.04
Balance as at 31 March 2023	8.86	4.95	13.81
Net block as at 31 March 2022	3.93	8.25	12.18
Net block as at 31 March 2023	4.73	6.60	11.33









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

8B. Intangible assets under development

Particulars	Intangible assets under development	Total
Balance as at 31 March 2021	н	ie.
Additions	41.67	41.67
Capitalised		÷.
Balance as at 31 March 2022	41.67	41.67
Additions	24.72	24.72
Capitalised	2.60	2.60
Balance as at 31 March 2023	63.79	63.79

(i) Ageing of intangible asset under development:

As on 31 March 2023

Particulars	Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of				Total
1 articulais	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	
Intangible assets under development	22.12	41.67	440		63.79

As on 31 March 2022

Particulars	Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of				
T differents	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	
Intangible assets under development	41.67		-		41.67

(ii) Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or exceeded its cost compared to its original plan: Nil (31 March 2022: Nil)

(iii) Contractual obligations

Refer note 46 for contractual commitments for acquisition of intangible assets as at 31 March 2023 (31 March 2022: Rs. Nil)

(iv) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.







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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

9 Investments	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
9A Investment in equity instrument	No of shares	No of shares	Amount	Amount
Investment in joint venture accounted for using the equity method				
Investment -AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	95,00,000	95,00,000	294.50	235.43
myesunent - Alle Dixon Technologies Time Same				027.42
Total	95,00,000	95,00,000	294.50	235,43
9B Other investments				
Unquoted Investments				
Investment in equity instruments measured at fair value through profit & loss		10.505		6.93
Tamilnad Mercantile Bank Limited, Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each		12,525 12,525	-	6.93
Total	-	12,525		0.73
Quoted Investments				
Investment in equity instruments measured at fair value through profit & loss	12,525		5.11	
Tamilnad Mercantile Bank Limited, Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	12,525	520	5.11	-
Total	12,323			
Total		,	299.61	242.36
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof			5.11	
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments			294.50	242.36
riggicgate anomit of imported involves			299.61	242.36
10 Other financial assets (non-current)		5	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Fixed deposit with remaining maturity of more than 12 months*			166.04	147.36
			13.13	5.98
Security deposits (carried at amortised cost)			179.17	153.34
*includes deposits aggregating to Rs. 32.30 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 93.42 million) held as margin money.		,		
11 Deferred tax assets (net)			As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) on account of:-			0.28	0.48
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets			14.49	18.13
Allowance for expected credit losses			10.66	12.17
Employee benefits			23.92	22.34
Warranty provision			2.29	1.27
Right of use assets and lease liabilities			16.17	14.67
Other temporary differences			(1.28)	(1.69
Investment carried at FVTPL			66.53	67.37
			00.53	07.57
(2) Management in deferred tay accets (net)				

(i) Movement in deferred tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	Recognised/ (reversed) through profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2023
Assets/(Liabilities)	62732	(0.20)		0.28
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets	0.48	(0.20)		23.92
Warminty provision	22.34	1.58	12:	14.49
Allowance for expected credit losses	18.13	(3.64)		
Employee benefits	12.17	(1.17)	(0.34)	10.66
Right of use assets and lease liabilities	1.27	1.03	17:	2.29
	14.67	1.50		16.17
Other temporary differences	(1.69)			(1.28
Investment carried at FVTPL				66.53
Total	67.37	(0.50)	(0.34)	00.33

Particulars	As at 1 April 2021	Recognised/ reversed through profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2022
Assets/(Liabilities)		(7.20)	9	0.48
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets	7.68	0.200000	1	18.13
Allowance for expected credit losses	31.42	(13.29)	2	
Warranty provision	20.34	1.99	*	22.34
Employee benefits	7.19	2.13	2.86	12.17
	0.97	0.31		1.27
Right of use assets and lease liabilities	9.58	5.08		14.67
Other temporary differences	1 20000000			(1.69
Investment carried at FVIPL	(1.81)			67.37
Total	75.37	(10.86)	2.86	07.31









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

12	Income	tax	accets	(net)	
12	mcome	THAT	assets	(zzet)	

Advance tax paid (net of provision for taxation)

As at 31 March 2022 As at 31 March 2023 8.03 8.03

4.73 4.73

13 Other non-current assets

Amounts paid under protest with statutory authorities

Prepaid expenses

As at 31 March 2023 As at 31 March 2022 42.47 41.63 0.05 41.63 42.52

As at

14 Inventories

(Valued at lower of cost or net realisable value, unless otherwise stated)

Traded goods Others

31 March 2023	31 March 2022
5,061.59	2,968.28
48.91	58.47
5,110.50	3,026.75

As at

Notes

(i) Inventories of traded goods include goods in transit amounting to Rs. 120.00 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 99.31 million)

(ii) Inventories are net off of Rs. 136.56 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 111.53 million) representing write down of inventories to net realisable value, as assessed by the management.

15 Investments	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Investment in bonds (Unquoted - at amortised cost) 9.08% Union Bank of India bonds	-	52.60 52.60
16 Trade receivables	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Secured, considered good Unsecured - considered good - from others - considered good - from related parties - which have significant increase in credit risk	6,168.72 2.60 30.39 6,201.71	5,280.10 6.70 29.11 5,315.91
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	52.13 6,14 9.58	66.58 5,249.33

Ageing schedule

Total

As at 31 March 2023 Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total	
rarticulats	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	3,069.01	2,871.92	191.24	4.00	0.44	0.07	6,136.69
		22.68	10.21	24		1.74	34.63
(ii) Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in		0.45	7.11	1.64	1.22	19.97	30.39
credit risk	589				(+)	-	(52.13
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts Total	3,069.01	2,895.05	208.56	5.64	1,66	21.78	6,149.58

at 31 March 2022

As at 31 March 2022 Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total	
ratuculats	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	2,629.70	2,580.79	42.36	29.51	0.47	3.97	5,286.79
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk			0.16	-	1.32		1.48
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	E#1	-		0.12	4.25	23.27	27.64
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	141	-	- 1	*	-		(66.58)
Total	2,629.70	2,580.79	42.52	29.63	6.04	27.24	5,249.33









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

17 Cash and cash equivalents	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Balances with banks	8.38	258.03
In current accounts	56.28	430.40
In cash credit account	1.22	1.20
Cash in hand	493.27	294.38
Cheques in hand	917.30	62,46
Fixed deposits with original maturity of less than three months	1,476.45	1,046.47
18 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents		
Deposit with maturity upto twelve months*	2,238.22	961.57
Deposit with maturity upto twelve months	2,238.22	961.57
tincludes fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 748.31 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 254.84 million) held as margin money with bank a	nd collaterals against bank guarantees.	

19 Other financial assets	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
English and the second	4,2	2 5.43
Security deposit	330.8	7 269.39
Vendor claim receivable	is with	0.04
Insurance claim recoverable	0.1	8 -
Other receivable from related parties (refer note 43)	297.4	
Other receivable from customers	632.6	
20 Other current assets	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Prepaid expenses	28.3	
Balances with statutory authorities	57.	
Advance to employees	7	
Advances to vendors	78.5	79.52
Other recoverable*		
Considered doubtful	30.4	
Less: Allowance for impairment (net)	(30.	
Less . Intowance for impartment proy	171	9 167.92

*During the financial year 2015-16, the Holding Company had reported an instance of misappropriation of funds/ current assets by certain employees and accordingly, a provision amounting to Rs. 30.89 million [31 March 2022: Rs. 6.65 million] from the alleged perpetrators is being carried as at 31 March 2023. A criminal complaint and recovery suit was filed in relation to the said matter and the criminal complaint is pending before District Court, Suraipur and the recovery proceedings are pending before the Honourable High Court of Delhi for disposal.



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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

21 Equity Share capital	As at 31 March 2		As a 31 March	
Authorized shares	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each with voting rights	50,50,000	50.50	50,50,000	50.50
E-qui) since of Crocker waterong again	50,50,000	50.50	50 ,50, 000	50.50
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up	20,50,000	20.50	25,00,000	25.00
Equity share capital of face value of ₹ 10 each	20,50,000	20.50	25,00,000	25.00

a. Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

a. Accommunity of manufact of equity some and a second of the second of	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the year	25,00,000	25.00	25,00,000	25.00
Issued during the year				±
Buy back during the year [refer note 21(f) below]	(4,50,000)	(4.50)	22	*
Balance at the end of the year	20,50,000	20.50	25,00,000	25.00

b. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Holding Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Holding Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors in any financial year is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except interim dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Holding Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Holding Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. The equity shares shall be transferable subject to the provisions contained in the Articles of Association and in the agreements entered/to be entered into with the investors/shareholders from time to time.

c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Holding Company				
Name of the equity shareholder	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022	
	Number	% shareholding	Number	% shareholding
Hari Shanker Khemka	3,94,385	19.24%	9,80,957	39.24%
Rishi Khemka	3,89,500	19.00%	7,50,000	30.00%
Aditya Khemka	12,22,299	59.62%	7,38,169	29.53%

As per the records of the Holding Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders/ members regarding beneficial interest, the above share represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

d. No equity shares have been issued pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash or allotted as fully paid up by way of issue of bonus shares in the current reporting year and the last five years immediately preceding the current year.

e. Shareholding of promoters*

Ac at 31 March 2023

71		

Shares held by I	promoters at the end of the year	% of Change during
Promoter name	No. of shares % of total shares	
Shri Hari Shanker Khemka	3,94,385 19.24%	-59.80%
Shri Aditya Khemka	12,22,299 59.62%	65.59%
	3,89,500 19.00%	-48.07%
Shri Rishi Khemka	20,06,184 97.86%	

As at 31 March 2022

Shares held by	promoters at the end of the year	% of Change during the year
Promoter name	No. of shares % of total sh	ares
Shri Hari Shanker Khemka	9,80,957 39.24%	0.00%
Shri Aditya Khemka	7,38,169 29.53%	0.00%
Shri Rishi Khemka	7,50,000 30.00%	0.00%
Siiti Idsiii Kiteitika	24,69,126 98.77%	

^{*} Promoter here means promoter as defined in the Companies Act, 2013.

f. Buy back of shares

The Board of directors in its meeting held on 04 January 2023, had approved a proposal of buyback of 450,000 Equity shares (representing 18% of total paid up Equity shares capital of the Holding Company) at price of Rs. 1,443/- (Indian Rupees One Thousand Four Hundred Forty-three only) per Equity shares which opened on 23 February 2023, for fifteen days and settlement of buyback offer date was 24 February 2023. Accordingly, the Holding Company has bought back and extinguished a total of 450,000 Equity shares at a buyback price of Rs. 1,443/- (Indian Rupees One thousand four hundred forty-three only) per Equity shares. The buyback resulted in a Cash outflow of Rs. 800.62 million (buyback value Rs.649.35 million plus buyback tax amount Rs. 151,27 million under section 115QA of the Income Tax Act 1961). Other than the above buy back of shares during the current year, the Group has not undertaken any buy back of shares transaction during the last five years immediately preceeding the current year.







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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Foreign currency translation reserve Opening balance Add: Addition during the year Closing balance (A) 4,40 0,01 4,41	2.69 1.71 4.40
Add: Addition during the year	1.71 4.40
Add: Addition during the year	4.40
Closing balance (A)	
	2.00
Capital reserve	
Opening balance	0.00
Change during the year	0.06
Closing balance (B)	0.00
General reserve	170.42
Opening balance	170.42
Add: Addition during the year	170.42
Closing balance (C)	170342
Capital Redemption Reserve	
Opening balance	5
Add: Addition during the year 4.50	
Closing balance (D)	
Retained earnings	171001
Opening balance 2,669.87	1,718.94
Add: Profit for the year	969.31
Add: Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax impact)	(8.37)
Less: Premium paid on buy back of equity shares [refer note 21(f)] (644.86)	
Less: Tax paid on buy back of equity shares [refer note 21(f)] (150.22)	
Less: Transfer to Capital Redemption Reserve upon buy back of equity shares [refer note 21(f)] (4.50)	-
Less: Dividend paid during the year (refer note 47) (38.50)	(10.00)
Closing balance (E)	2,669.87
Total (A+B+C+D+E) 3,095.44	2,844.75

Nature and purpose of other reserves

General reserve

It represents appropriation of profits of the Group and is available for distribution as dividend.

It is not available for distribution to the shareholders.

Foreign currency translation reserve

Foreign currency translation reserve represents exchange differences on translation of foreign operations which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings is used to record balance of consolidated statement of profit and loss and other equity adjustments.

Capital Redemption Reserve

It represents nominal value of the shares bought back as an appropriation from retained earnings.









CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Non-c	urrent	Current maturities	
23. Borrowings	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Secured				
Term loans Indian rupee loan from banks*	360.01	467.37	107.84	145.18
Vehicle loans	16.28	5.73	13.24	5.81
Indian rupee loan from banks Indian rupee loan from other parties	1.52	5.00	3.47	3.23
Unsecured				4
Indian rupee loan from related parties (also refer note 43)	50.00			
Inter-corporate deposits**	<u> </u>	13.80	13.80	154.22
	427.81	491.90	138.35	134.44
Amount disclosed under Short-term borrowings as "Current maturities of long-term borrowings" under note 25	*	8	138.35	154.22
MARKET STATE OF THE STATE OF TH	427.81	491.90	12	*

^{*}includes interest accrued amounting to Rs. 0.34 million (31 March 2022: Rs.6.54 million)

23B. Details of Borrowings

Particulars	Interest rate	Type of asset secured	Terms of repayments
Term loans Tamilnad Mercantile Bank loan-I	8.25%	Secured by charge on immoveable	Repayable in 48 monthly installments commencing from
Rs. 125.01 million, Current Maturity Rs. 62.50 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 187.50 million, Current Maturity Rs. 62.54 million)		property at Noida and Mumbai; collateral in form of bank fixed deposits and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company	April 2022
Tamilnad Mercantile Bank Ioan-II Rs. 235.00 million, Current Maturity Rs. 5.00 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 240 million, Current Maturity Rs. Nil)	8.25%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Noida and Mumbai; collateral in form of bank fixed deposits and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company	Repayable in 48 monthly installments commencing from March 2024
HDFC Bank loan-I Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2022: Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 11.92 million)	9,05%	Secuted by charge on immoveable properties at Delhi and Noida and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company	Repayable in 20 quarterly installments commencing from December 2017
HDFC Bank loan-II Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2022: Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 4.18 million)	9.05%	Secured by charge on immoveable properties at Delhi and Noida and personal guacantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company	Repayable in 19 quarterly installments commencing from March 2018
Yes Bank Ioan-I Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2022; Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 20.00 million)	9.85%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Noida and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company	Repayable in 20 quarterly installments commencing from March 2018
Yes Bank Ioan-II Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 40.00 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 40.00 million, Current Maturity Rs. 40.00 million)	9.90%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Noida and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company	Repayable in 20 quarterly installments commencing from November 2018
Vehicle loans ICIGI Bank vehicle loan Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 3.29 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 3.29 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.33 million)	7.80%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased	Repayable in 36 monthly installments commencing from March 2021
Axis Bank vehicle Ioan-I Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 2.44 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 2.44 million, Current Maturity Rs. 2.48 million)	8.25%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased	Repayable in 36 monthly installments commencing from March 2021
Axis Bank vehicle loan-II Rs. 16.28 million, Current Maturity Rs. 7.51 million (31 March 2022: Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil)	8.50%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased	Repayable in 36 monthly installments commencing from February 2023
Daimler Financial Services Private Limited vehicle loan Rs. 1,52 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3,43 million (31 March 2022; Rs. 4.99 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3,23 million)	7.40%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased	Repayable in 36 monthly installments commencing from September 2021

23.B Details of Borrowings for related party	Interest rate	Type of asset secured	Terms of repayments
Particulars	7 500/	Unsecured	Repayable in single installment on 30 April 2024
Loan from related party	7.50%	Clisectifed	repajable in ongle members of the
Rs. 50 million, Current Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2022: Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs.			
Nil)			
Inter-corporate deposits	10.00%	Unsecured	Repayable within 3 years from the date of disbursement
Rs. Nil , Current Maturity Rs. 13.50 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 13.50 million, Current			
Maturity Rs. Nil)			O.T.C.









^{**}includes interest accrued amounting to Rs. 0.30 million (31 March 2022: Rs.0.30 million)

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

23C. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The changes in the Company's liabilities a	arising from financing activities can be classified as follows:
THE Changes in the Company's mountees	Attorney trouver & management of the control of the

Particulars	Short term borrowings	Long term borrowings*
Balance as at 31 March 2021	1,241.50	227.52
Cash flows:		
- Proceeds	380.00	500.00
- Repayment	(369.00)	(87.96)
Non cash adjustments/ movements**	7.55	(0.28)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	1,260.05	639.28
Cash flows:		
- Proceeds	7,868.07	325.00
- Repayment	(5,616.09)	(389.09)
Non cash adjustments/ movements**	8.76	0.02
Balance as at 31 March 2023	3,520.79	575.21
*Long term borrowings include current maturities of long term borrowings		
** Includes accured interest	As at	As at
24 Provisions- non-current	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Provision for employee benefits		1401
Gratuity (refer note 45)	10.85	16.94
Compensated absences	23.53	23.52
Other provisions		50000
Provision for warranty (also refer note 28)	38.23	26.61
	72.61	67.07
	As at	As at
25 Current borrowings	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Secured	138.35	154.22
Current maturities of long term debts (refer note 23)	746.79	154.22
Cash credit from banks [refer note (i) below]	2,509.10	1,230.00
Working capital demand loan [refer note (ii) below]	3,394.24	1,384.22
	3,394.24	1,304,22
Unsecured	220750	
Loan from related parties [refer note (iii) below]	273.93	23.21
	273.93	23.21
Total	3,668.17	1,407.43

Terms and conditions of short-term borrowings

Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises

Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises

(i) The Holding Company had availed cash credit facilities from banks aggregating to Rs. 746.79 million (31 March 2022: Rs. Nil) carrying interest rates ranging from 10.30% to 10.60% and are repayable on demand. (ii) The Holding Company has availed working capital demand loans from banks aggregating to Rs. 2,509.10 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 1,230.00 million) carrying interest rates ranging from 6.90% to 11.90% and are repayable on demand.

(iii) Unsecured loans fro	m Related Parties
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Particulars	Interest rate	Type of asset secured	Ter	ms of repayments
Res. 22.88 million (31 March 2022: Rs.23.21 million)	7.50%	Unsecured	Repayable on demand by lenders after giving minimum months prior notice in writing	
Loan from related parties-II Rs. 251.05 million (31 March 2022: Rs. Nil)	7.50%	Unsecured	Repayable within 1 years from the date of disbursement	
26 Trade payables			As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises			115.05	40.25

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
i) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year	115.05	40.25
ii) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day	0.11	0.86
iii) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act;	-	2
iv) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	14.5	0.00
v) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23	0.03	0.11









6,610.16

6,650.41

8,974.96

9,090.01

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

As at 31 March 2023:

Particulars		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
	Not due	Less than I year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Micro, small and medium enterprises	75.02	40.03	-	16.1	1 * 1	115.05
(ii) Others	4,132.51	4,840.34	1.10	0.39	0.62	8,974.96
(iii) Disputed dues – MSME			200	548		
(iv) Disputed dues - Others		-		(*)	-	
Total	4,207.53	4,880.37	1.10	0.39	0.62	9,090.01

As at 31 March 2022:

Particulars		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
1 milestate	Not due	Less than I year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Micro, small and medium enterprises	40.25		-	2.0		40.25
(ii) Others	4,043.80	2,553.41	11.70	0.87	0.37	6,610.16
(iii) Disputed dues – MSME	*		2			
(iv) Disputed dues - Others			-	-		-
Total	4,084.05	2,553.41	11.70	0.87	0.37	6,650.41

27 Other financial liabilities - current		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Security deposits	2	1.10	1.40
Payable to employees	2	95.59	80.88
Other acceptances		125.60	95.92
Derivative contracts fair valued through profit or loss		1.54	1.59
Capital creditors		23.75	12.27
Capital Cicolivis		247.58	192.06
28 Provisions - current		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Provision for employee benefits		>5000	2022
Gratuity (refer note 45)		2.61	3.39
Compensated absences		5.37	4.52
Other provisions			
Provision for warranty		56.81	62.13
1 TO		64 70	70.04

Movement in provision	for warranty
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Opening balance

Provision created during the year

Provision utilised during the year

Closing balance

Provision for warranty

Non-current Current

29 Current tax	liabilities	(net)

Provision for income tax (net of advance tax)

30 Other current liabilities

Contract liability

- Advance from customers

- Statutory dues payable
 TDS and TCS payable
 - GST payable
- Others

As at	As at	
31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
88.74	80.82	
68.43	73.54	
(62.13)	(65.62)	
95.04	88.74	

As at

As at

As at	As at 31 March 2022	
31 March 2023		
38.23	26.61	
56.81	62.13	
95.04	88 74	

As at	As at	
31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
33.53	104.10	
33.53	104.16	

As at	As at 31 March 2022	
31 March 2023		
21.19	20.34	
56.62	58.70	
75.30	133.85	
41.37	4.38	
104.49	217.26	









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

31 Revenue from operations	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022 16,442.85 12.61
Operating revenue	-	
Sale of traded goods- security and surveillance equipments and components	22,819.66	
Service revenue	16.22	
	22,835.88	16,455.46
Other operating revenue		6.00
Business support services	6.00	
Technical training services	3.59	0.65
	9.59	6.65
	22,845.47	16,462.11
(i) Contract balances:		
Particulars	As at	As a
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Contract liabilities		
Contract liabilities Advance from customers Trade receivables	21.19 6,149.58	20.34 5,249.33
Advance from customers Trade receivables		
Advance from customers Trade receivables (ii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115:	6,149.58	
Advance from customers Trade receivables (ii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115:		5,249.33
Advance from customers Trade receivables (ii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by	6,149.58 For the year ended 31 March 2023	5,249.33 For the year ender 31 March 2022
Advance from customers Trade receivables (ii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service	6,149.58 For the year ended 31 March 2023	5,249.33 For the year ended 31 March 2022
Advance from customers Trade receivables (ii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service	6,149.58 For the year ended 31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22	5,249.33 For the year ended 31 March 2022 16,442.85 12.61
Advance from customers Trade receivables (ii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue	6,149.58 For the year ended 31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22 9.59	5,249.33 For the year ended 31 March 2022 16,442.85 12.61 6.65
Advance from customers Trade receivables (ii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers	6,149.58 For the year ended 31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22 9.59 22,845.47	5,249.33 For the year ender 31 March 2022 16,442.85 12.61 6.65 16,462.11
Advance from customers Trade receivables (ii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India	6,149.58 For the year ended 31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22 9.59 22,845.47 22,734.54	5,249.33 For the year ender 31 March 2022 16,442.85 12.61 6.65 16,462.11 16,291.44
Advance from customers Trade receivables (ii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India Outside India	6,149.58 For the year ended 31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22 9.59 22,845.47 22,734.54 110.93	5,249.33 For the year ender 31 March 2022 16,442.85 12.61 6.65 16,462.11 16,291.44 170.67
Advance from customers Trade receivables (ii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India	6,149.58 For the year ended 31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22 9.59 22,845.47 22,734.54	5,249.33 For the year ender 31 March 2022 16,442.85 12.61 6.65 16,462.11 16,291.44
Advance from customers Trade receivables (ii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India Outside India	6,149.58 For the year ended 31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22 9.59 22,845.47 22,734.54 110.93 22,845.47	5,249.33 For the year ender 31 March 2022 16,442.85 12.61 6.65 16,462.11 16,291.44 170.67 16,462.11
Advance from customers Trade receivables (ii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India Outside India Total revenue from contract with customers	6,149.58 For the year ended 31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22 9.59 22,845.47 22,734.54 110.93	5,249.33 For the year ender 31 March 2022 16,442.85 12.61 6.65 16,462.11 16,291.44 170.67 16,462.11
Advance from customers Trade receivables (ii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India Outside India Total revenue from contract with customers Timing of revenue recognition	6,149.58 For the year ended 31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22 9.59 22,845.47 22,734.54 110.93 22,845.47 22,819.66 19.81	5,249.33 For the year ended 31 March 2022 16,442.85 12.61 6.65 16,462.11 16,291.44 170.67 16,462.11 16,442.85 13.26
Advance from customers Trade receivables (ii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India Outside India Total revenue from contract with customers Timing of revenue recognition Goods transferred at a point in time	6,149.58 For the year ended 31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22 9.59 22,845.47 22,734.54 110.93 22,845.47	5,249.33 For the year ender 31 March 2022 16,442.85 12.61 6.65 16,462.11 16,291.44 170.67 16,462.11

(iii) Performance obligation

The Group's primary performance obligation under contract with customers for sale of goods and services is satisfied as the goods are delivered/ control is transferred to the customers and services are rendered.

Particulars		For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Contract price	(A)	24,905.66	18,297.76
Rebates/ discounts	(B)	2,060.19	1,835.65
Net revenue recognised	(C=A-B)	22,845.47	16,462.11







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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

32 Other income	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Interest income:	60.85	65.02
- on bank deposits	0.50	0.51
- on security deposits	2.52	2.12
- from customers	0.40	2.38
- on bonds	0.19	0.06
Dividend income	15.34	78.37
Liabilities no longer required written back	1.27	76.57
Gain on currency fluctuation and translation (net)	4.68	4.31
Rental income	0.30	0.10
Insurance claims/ amount recovered against provision made	2.22	-
Gain on extinguishment and modification of lease [refer note 5(c)(i)]	21.82	1.48
Miscellaneous income	110.09	154.35
	110.07	20 1100
	For the year ended	For the year ended
33 Purchase of Stock -in -trade	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Purchase of products and components	21,083.83	15,870.62
- F	21,083.83	15,870.62
	For the year ended	For the year ended
34 Changes in inventories of finished goods, Stock-in-trade and work-in-progress	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Inventory at the beginning of the year	2,968.28	646.72
Less: Inventory utilised towards CSR activities	-	(2.56)
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	(5,061.59)	(2,968.28)
	(2,093.31)	(2,324.12)
	For the year ended	For the year ended
35 Employee benefits expense	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Salaries, wages and bonus	986.23	808.72
Contribution to provident and other funds	28.48	24.01
Gratuity expense (refer note 45)	10.89	7.72
Staff welfare expenses	6.86	3.69
Control of the contro	1,032.46	844.14
	For the year ended	For the year ended
36 Finance costs	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Interest expense	172.08	152.70
-Loans from Banks		1.03
-Withholding tax and goods and service tax	0.58	9.10
-Delayed payment of income tax	2.74 4.97	5.09
-Loan from related parties (refer note 43)		13.23
-Others	14.36 24.10	13.90
Other finance and bank charges		8.76
Interest on lease liability (refer note 5)	13.40	DOMESTICS.
	232.23	203.81
	For the year ended	For the year ended
37 Depreciation and amortization expense	31 March 2023	
Depreciation and amortization expense (refer note 4 and 8)	34.33	33.01
Depreciation on right- of- use assets (refer note 5)	53.88	41.80
	0.31	0.66
Depreciation on investment property (refer note /)	88.52	75.47
(3/ Na \8)	V/S	

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

38 Other expenses	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Rent (refer note 5)	47.75	29.70
Rates and taxes	13.68	1.45
Insurance	18.88	22.48
Travelling and conveyance expenses	60.10	32.16
Legal and professional expenses	72.22	51.56
Fees and subscription	10.63	7.53
Telephone and internet charges	5.77	4.73
Electricity and water expenses	9.41	8.33
Repair and maintenance- building	2.70	3.15
Repair and maintenance- others	22.71	16.51
Advertisement and business promotion expenses	488.46	232.99
Freight, cartage and handling charges	155.52	106.59
Product service and warranty expenses	95.39	83.80
Charity and donation	0.90	0.50
Corporate Social responsibility expenses (also refer note 48)	10.74	20.86
Loss on sale/write off of property, plant and equipment (net)		1.76
Warehouse handling charges	47.26	33.66
Technical testing and certification fees	14.92	12.58
Web and IT Services	40.16	25.87
Provision for SAD claims	3#3	1.19
Balances written off	18.25	20.61
Net (gain)/loss on currency fluctuation and translation (other than considered as finance cost)	7.51	1.14
Loss on derivative contracts	(H)	1.02
Recruitment expenses	4.90	2.01
Office maintenance	0.09	0.28
Vehicle running and maintenance	2.76	1.34
Printing and stationery	4.89	2.38
Security expenses	3.02	2.77
Training expenses	4.89	1.16
Postage and courier charges	1.02	0.83
Loss on investment measured at fair value through profit or loss	1.82	0.45
Director's Sitting Fees	0.70	0.90
Miscellaneous expenses	49.96	10.56
Phacenateous expenses	1,217.01	742.85
	For the year ended	For the year ended
39 Exceptional items	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Loss of stock in fire incident	57.87	
	57.87	-









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

40 Income tax	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Tax expense comprises of:	346.35	306.16
Current tax expense Deferred tax expense/(credit)	0.50	10.86
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)	1.86	7.16
Income tax expense reported in the consolidated statement of profit and loss	348.71	324.18

The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expected tax expense based on the domestic effective tax rate of the Group at 25.168% (31 March 2022: 25.168%) and the reported tax expense in consolidated statement of profit or loss are as follows:

Accounting profit before income tax At India's statutory income tax rate of 25.168% (31 March 2022: 25.168%)	1,431.82 360.36	1,293.49 325.54
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
Difference in depreciation charged as per Income-tax Act, 1961 vis-à-vis depreciation as per books of accounts	(0.30)	0.17
Employee benefits	(0.72)	2.22
Expenses never allowed under Income- tax Act, 1961	6.14	18.19
Others items disallowed/(allowed) under Income-tax Act, 1961	(19.13)	(39.97)
	346.35	306.16
Deferred tax expense/ (credit) recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss	0.50	10.86
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)	1.86	7.16
Income tax expense	348.71	324.17
41 Earnings per share		
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Holding Company	1,083.11	969.31
Nominal value of equity share in Rs.	10.00	10.00
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	25,00,000	25,00,000
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	20,50,000	25,00,000
Weighted average number of equity shares	24,62,500	25,00,000
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in Rs.)	439.84	387.72









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

42 Financial instruments

i) Financial assets and liabilities

og amounts of financial instruments by category are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022 Carrying value
	Carrying value	
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		
Investments	5.11	6.93
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		100.600
Derivative contracts	1.54	1.59

cial accete and labilities measured at amortised cost

financial assets and labilities measured at amortised cost Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
	Carrying value	Carrying value	
Financial assets*		W-2000	
Investments	W.1	52.60	
Trade receivables	6,149.58	5,249.33	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,476.45	1,046.47	
Other bank balances	2,238.22	961.57	
Other financial assets	811.84	696.08	
Total financial assets	10,676.09	8,006.05	
Financial liabilities*			
Borrowings	4,095.98	1,899.33	
Lease liabilities	172.70	74.75	
Trade payables	9,090.02	6,650.41	
Other financial liabilities	246.04	190.47	
Total financial liabilities	13,604.74	8,814.96	

^{*}There are no financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in the consolidated financial statements and are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments.

Level 2: Directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and

Level 3: Inputs which are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). The input factors considered are Estimated cash flows and other assumptions.

Fair value of instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss

Fair value of instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss for which fair value is disclosed is as follows, these fair values are calculated using Level 1 and 2 inputs:

Particulars	Fair value	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022	
Financial assets	hierarchy	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Investments	Level 1	5.11	5.11	6.93	6.93
Financial liabilities					
Derivative contracts	Level 2	1.54	1.54	1.59	1.59

Significant inputs used in Level 2 fair value of derivatives measured at FVTPL is marked to market value as on balance sheet date of such derivative transaction.

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost for which fair value is disclosed is as follows, these fair values are calculated using Level 1 and 2 inputs:

Particulars	As at 31 Ma	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022	
	Carrying value*	Fair value	Carrying value*	Fair value	
Financial assets					
Investments			52.60	52.60	
Trade receivables	6,149.58	6,149.58	5,249.33	5,249.33	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,476.45	1,476.45	1,046.47	1,046.47	
Other bank balances	2,238.22	2,238.22	961.57	961.57	
Other financial assets	811.84	811.84	696.08	696.08	
Total financial assets	10,676.09	10,676.09	8,006.05	8,006.05	
Financial liabilities			90.0901640500.090		
Borrowings	4,095.98	4,095.98	1,899.33	1,899.33	
Lease liabilities	172.70	172.70	74.75	74.75	
Trade payables	9,090.02	9,090.02	6,650.41	6,650.41	
Other financial liabilities	246.04	246.04	190.47	190.47	
Total financial liabilities	13,604.74	13,604.74	8,814.96	8,814.96	

^{*}Carrying value of these financial assets and financial liabilities represents the best estimated values.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Financial risk management

The Group's activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Group's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the consolidated financial statements.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets measured at amortised cost	Ageing analysis	Diversification of bank deposits and regular monitoring
Liquidity risk	Borrowings, lease liabilities and other financial liabilities	Cash flow forecasts	Availability of funds and credit facilities.
Market risk - foreign exchange	Future commercial transactions Recognised financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian rupee (INR)	Cash flow forecasting Sensitivity analysis	Forward foreign exchange contracts

A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial asset fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each financial asset. The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure. The Group monitors its exposure to credit risk on an ongoing basis.

a) Credit risk management

i) Credit risk rating

The Group assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets. The Group assigns the following credit ratings to each class of financial assets based on the assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

- A: Low credit risk
- B: Moderate credit risk
- C: High credit risk

The Group provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Asset groups	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments and other financial assets	12 months expected credit loss or life time expected
		credit loss

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Group. The Group continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. Recoveries made are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Credit rating	Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments and other financial assets	10,676.09	8,006.05

Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances

Credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits is managed by only diversifying bank deposits and accounts in different banks. Credit risk is considered low because the Group deals with reputed banks.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers. The Group monitors the economic environment in which it operates. The Group manages its credit risk through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring credit worthiness of the customers to which the Group grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Group has also obtained debtor insurance upto Rs. 500.00 millions (31 March 2022; 40 times of the premium paid) to cover its risks of bad debts. The Group also uses a life time expected credit loss model to assess the impairment loss on such receivables. The Group uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables. The provision matrix takes into account available internal credit risk factors such as the Group's historical experience for customers.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets measured at amortized cost includes security deposits and other receivables. Credit risk related to these financial assets is managed by monitoring the recoverability of such amounts continuously. Credit risk is considered low because the Group is in possession of the underlying asset. Further, the Group creates provision by assessing individual financial asset for expectation of any credit loss basis expected credit loss model.

ii) Concentration of financial assets

The Group carries on the business of trading of security and surveillance equipments and related activities. Financial assets represents deposits given for business purposes and other receivables arising in normal course of operations.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

b) Credit risk exposure

i) Provision for expected credit losses

The Group provides for 12 month expected credit losses for following financial assets:

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	1,476.45		1,476.45
Other bank balances	2,238.22	-	2,238.22
Trade receivables	6,201.71	(52.13)	6,149.58
Other financial assets	811.84	T.	811.84

As at 31 March 2022

As at 51 March 2022			
Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	1,046.47	т.	1,046.47
Other bank balances	961.57	-	961.57
Trade receivables	5,315.91	(66.58)	5,249.33
Investments	52.60	₩.	52.60
Other financial assets	696.08	7	696.08

Reconciliation of expected credit loss for other financials asset and trade receivables:

Reconciliation of loss allowance	Trade receivables
Loss allowance on 31 March 2021	124.83
Allowance for expected credit loss (net)	(58.25)
Loss allowance on 31 March 2022	66.58
Allowance for expected credit loss (net)	(14.45)
Loss allowance on 31 March 2023	52,13

B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Further, the Group manages its liquidity risk in a manner so as to meet its normal financial obligations without any significant delay or stress. Such risk is managed through ensuring operational cash flow while at the same time maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalents position. The management has arranged for diversified funding sources and adopted a policy of managing assets with liquidity in mind and monitoring future cash flows and liquidity on a regular basis. Surplus funds not immediately required are invested in certain financial assets which provide flexibility to liquidate at short notice such as fixed deposits with Bank etc.

The Group has developed appropriate internal control systems and contingency plans for managing liquidity risk. This incorporates an assessment of expected cash flows and availability of alternative sources for additional funding, if required.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity proupings based on their contractual maturities.

31 March 2023	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Borrowings	3,668.17	427.81	X=X	4,095.98
Trade payable	9,090.02			9,090.02
Other financial liabilities	246.04	-	*	246.04
Total	13,004.23	427.81	(#X	13,432.04

31 March 2022	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Borrowings	1,407.43	436.72	55.00	1,899.15
Trade payable	6,650.41	120	2	6,650.41
Other financial liabilities	190.47			190.47
Total	8,248.31	436.72	55.00	8,740.03

The Group had access to following funding facilities:

Funding facilities	Total facility	Drawn	Undrawn
As at 31 March 2023	4,200.00	3,716.60	483.40
As at 31 March 2022	3,830.60	2,713.80	1,116.80









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

C) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates - will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

a) Liabilities

The Group has been availing the borrowings on a floating rate of interest based on bank MCLR. These borrowings are carried at amortised cost. The borrowings on a fixed rate of interest basis are not subject to the interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor future cash flows will fluctuate because of change in market interest rates. The borrowings on a variable rate of interest are subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107.

Sensitivity of profit and loss due to change in interest rate with respect to variable rate borrowings:

	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 M	1arch 2022
	0.5% increase	0.5% decrease	0.5% increase	0.5% decrease
Impact on statement of profit and loss	(18.58)	18.58	(7.81)	7.81

b) Assets

The Group's fixed deposits are carried at amortised cost and are fixed rate deposits. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency).

Particulars of unhedged foreign currency exposures as at the reporting date:

	As at 31 M	arch 2023	As at 31 N	March 2022
Currency Symbol	Amount in foreign currency (millions)	Amount in Rs. millions	Amount in foreign currency (millions)	Amount in Rs. millions
set	Paramon	200000		
USD	0.11	8.66	0.21	15.75
	0.11	8.66	0.21	15.75
liability				
USD	2.21	182.05	1.74	131.75
	2.21	182.05	1.74	131.75
	Symbol set USD	Currency Symbol Currency (millions) set USD 0.11 liability USD 2.21	Symbol currency millions set USD 0.11 8.66	Currency Amount in foreign Amount in Rs. Amount in Symbol currency millions millions foreign currency (millions)

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Group's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities. Sensitivity due to unhedged foreign exchange exposures is as follows:

Particulars	Currency		As at 31 Ma	arch 2023	As at 31 M	larch 2022
	Symbol		3% increase	3% decrease	3% increase	3% decrease
(i) Receivable/Loans/o	or any other FC asset					
United States Dollar		USD	0.26	(0.26)	0.47	(0.47)
Total			0.26	(0.26)	0.47	(0.47)

Particulars	Currency	As a	t 31 Mare	ch 2023	As at 31 Mar	ch 2022
	Symbol	3% dec	rease	3% increase	3% decrease	3% increase
(ii) Payable/Borrowing	s/or any other FC liability					
United States Dollar	USI)	5.46	(5.46)	3.95	(3.95)
Total			5.46	(5.46)	3.95	(3.95)

Foreign exchange derivatives and exposures outstanding at the year end:

Particulars	Current Year (2	Previous year (2021-2022)		
	USD	Rs.	USD	Rs.
Hedging on account of underlying exposure				
Hedged	6.10	501.23	4.33	328.11
Unhedged - Open Exposure	2.21	167.41	1.74	131.98

Foreign exchange derivatives contracts at the year end:

N	Iaturity
Upto 6 months	More than 6 months

As at 31 March 2023

Foreign exchange forward contracts (highly probable forecast purchases)

Notional amount (USD)

Average forward rate

6.10 82.36

As at 31 March 2022

Foreign exchange forward contracts (highly probable forecast purchase

Notional amount (USD)

Average forward rate



4.33 76.01





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

43 Related party transactions

In accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 24, 'Related Party Disclosures', the names of the related party where control exists/able to exercise significant influence along with the transactions and year-end balances with them as identified and certified by the management are given below:

a) Details of related parties:

Description of relationship	Names of related parties	
Joint Venture Company	AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	
Key management personnel (KMP)		
Chairman	Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka	
Managing Director	Mr. Aditya Khemka	
Relative of Key management personnel	Rishi Khemka (Son of Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka)	
Relative of Key management personnel	Ananmay Khemka (Son of Mr. Aditya Khemka)	
Relative of Key management personnel	Shradha Khemka (Wife of Mr. Aditya Khemka)	
Enterprises having common KMPs/ under control of KMPs	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	
	Aditya Security & Safety LLP	
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	
	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust	
	YPO Delhi Chapter	
	Aditya Colonizers LLP	



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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

b) Statement of transactions with related parties -

articul	ars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
(i)	Sale of goods	02.111111111111111111111111111111111111	
(1)	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	0.19	-
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	1.70	4.40
	THE DIAGIT Technologies I via Eld.		100,000
(ii)	Business support services provided to		
()	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	6.00	6.00
(iii)	Purchase of goods		
(m)	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	9,463.37	7,709.4
	All Dixon Technologies I vi. Eta.	2,100.0	
(iv)	Repayment of loan		
	Rishi Khemka	-	34.00
(v)	Expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of		
(.)	Aditya Safety & Security LLP	0.18	-
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
(vi)	Remuneration Paid*		
(B) (B)	Hari Shanker Khemka	28.21	21.9
	Aditya Khemka	158.62	97.4
	Ananmay Khemka	2.34	2.3
(vii)	Interest on loan taken		*
()	Hari Shanker Khemka	1.36	1.5
	Aditya Khemka	1.09	1.2
	Rishi Khemka	1.17	2.3
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	1.35	1.3
(viii)	Rent expense paid/ payable		
(viii)	Aditya Khemka	6.00	6.0
	Hari Shankar Khemka	4.20	4.2
	Shradha Khemka	1.80	1.8
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	0.53	2.1
(ix)	Rental income		
(IX)	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	3.04	2.8
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP	0.12	0.0
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	0.18	0.1
LA	Electricity and water charges paid/ payable		
(x)	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	1.13	1.0
		0.02	150
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP	0.02	

^{*} does not include provision made for gratuity and compensated absences as the same is determined for the Group as a whole.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

Particul	ars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
(xi)	Purchase of property, plant and equipment		
` ′	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	1.28	i i
(xii)	CSR Expenses		
0 8	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust	10.64	20.86
(xiii)	Donation Paid		
	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust	0.83	5
(xiv)	Professional charges paid/ payable	VI	100
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	1.65	1.95
(xv)	Membership and subscription charges paid/ payable	8 30	300-24
	YPO Delhi Chapter	0.16	0.79
(xvi)	Dividend Paid		
	Hari Shanker Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	15.40	3.92
	Aditya Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	11.38	2.9.
	Rishi Khemka	11.55	3.0
	Shradha Khemka	0.17	0.0
	Ananmay Khemka	0.00	0.00
(xvii)	Loan Proceeds		
	Rishi Khemka	300.00	E
(xviii)	Travelling expense reimbursement		
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	0.05	He :
(xix)	Commission and Brokerage		
	Aditya Colonizers LLP	0.05	-
(xx)	Advertisement and business promotion expenses		
	YPO Delhi Chapter	0.58	i=C
(xxi)	Buy back of shares [also refer note 21(f)]		
222 32	Hari Shanker Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	259.74	3 7
	Aditya Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	191.87	-
	Rishi Khemka	2.94	-
	Shradha Khemka	194.81	-:
	Ananmay Khemka	0.00	-









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

articul	tanding balances at the year end	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
(i)	Trade Payables		49 (00) 00-700	
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	2,795.80	3,159.32	
(ii)	Trade Receivables			
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	2.60	6.70	
(iii)	Investment in Joint Venture			
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	294.50	235.43	
(iv)	Borrowings	10.50	12.50	
	Hari Shanker Khemka	12.50 10.00	10.00	
	Aditya Khemka	300.00	10.0	
	Rishi Khemka Trend Setter Promoters LLP	13.50	13.50	
(v)	Interest Payable	+30mm2		
	Hari Shanker Khemka	0.21	0.3	
	Aditya Khemka	0.17	0.3	
	Rishi Khemka	1.05	-	
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	0.30	0.30	
(vi)	Remuneration Payable	0.40	0.4	
	Hari Shanker Khemka	0.62	6.3	
	Aditya Khemka	10.26	0.3	
	Ananmay Khemka	0.10	0.1	
(vii)	Other Receivables			
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP	0.18	=	

Terms and conditions with related parties

- (i) All transactions with related parties are made on the terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and within the ordinary course of business. Outstanding balances at respective year ends are unsecured and settlement is generally done in cash.
- (ii) The Group has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken at each reporting date.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

44 Capital management

The Group's capital includes issued share capital and all other distributable reserves. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maximise shareholder value and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Group have both long and short term borrowings.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Long term borrowings	427.81	491.90
Short term borrowings (including current maturities of long term borrowings)	3,668.17	1,407.43
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(1,476.45)	(1,046.47)
Net debt (a)	2,619.53	852.86
Total Equity (b)	3,115.94	2,869.75
Equity and net debt $(c = (a) + (b))$	5,735.47	3,722.61
Gearing Ratio ($d = a/c$)	0.46	0.23

45 Employee benefits

The Group has adopted Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) - 19 on Employee Benefit as under:

Defined contribution plans

The Company makes contribution towards employee's provident fund and employee's state insurance. The Company has contributed Rs. 28.48 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 23.74 million) during the year ended 31 March 2023 as contribution towards these schemes.

Defined benefit plans

Gratuity (unfunded)

The Group has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee is entitled to gratuity as per the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The liability of Gratuity is recognized on the basis of actuarial valuation.

Salary increases	Actual salary increases will increase the plan's liability. Increase in salary increase rate assumption in future valuations will also increase the liability.
Discount rate	Reduction in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the plan's liability.
Mortality & disability	Actual deaths and disability cases proving lower or higher than assumed in the valuation can impact the liabilities.
Withdrawals	Actual withdrawals proving higher or lower than assumed withdrawals and change of withdrawal rates at subsequent valuations can impact plan's liability.

ounts recognised in the balance sheet:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Present value of the obligation	74.41	64.59
Fair value of plan assets	60.95	44.27
Net liability/(planned assets)	13.46	20.32

recognised in other comprehensive income:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Actuarial loss recognised during the year	(1.36)	11.36

ences recognised in statement of profit and loss

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Current service cost	9.77	7.34
Interest cost (net)	1.12	0.38
Cost recognised during the year	10.89	7.72

Movement in the lightlity recognised in the balance sheet is as under:

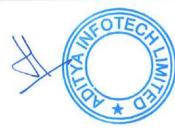
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	64.59	51.21
Current service cost	9.77	7.34
Interest cost	4.56	3.38
Actuarial (gain)/loss net		
Actuarial loss on arising from change in financial assumption	(2.18)	7.89
Actuarial loss on arising from experience adjustment	0.78	3.20
Benefits paid	(3.11)	(8.43
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	74.41	64.59

Movement in the plant assets recognised in the balance sheet is as under: Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Present value of plan value assets at the beginning of the year	44.27	41.95
Interest income	3.44	3.00
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in	(0.04)	(0.25
Contributions by Employer	16.39	8.00
Benefits paid	(3.11)	(8.43
Present value of plan value assets at the end of the year	60.95	44.27









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

nination of the liability of the Group the following actuarial assumptions were used:

For determination of the hability of the Group the following actuarial assum	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Discount rate	7.50%	7.25%
Salary escalation rate	8.00%	8.00%
Retirement age (Years)		
Withdrawal rate		
Less than 30 years	3.00%	3.00%
From 30 to less 44 years	3.00%	3.00%
44 years and above	3.00%	3.00%
Weighted average duration of PBO	12.43	12.47

Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation: Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Weighted Average Duration (Years) as at valuation date	12.43 Years	12.47 Years
The Expected maturity analysis of discounted defined benefit liability is as follows:	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Particulars		
Within next 1 year	2.61	3.27
	14.81	11.35
Between 1-5 years		
Between 1-5 years Over 5 years	31.57	49.97

Sensitivity analysis for gratuity liability: Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	74.41	64.59
a) Impact of the change in discount rate		
Impact due to increase of 0.5 %	-5.51%	-5.60%
Impact due to decrease of 0.5 %	5.99%	6.11%
b) Impact of the change in salary increase		
Impact due to increase of 0.5 %	-3.81%	-3.96%
Impact due to decrease of 0.5 %	3.92%	4.02%
b) Impact of the change in withdrawal rate	Cercental C	
Impact due to increase of 10 %	0.31%	0.19%
Impact due to decrease of 10 %	-0.36%	-0.21%

Sensitivities due to mortality is not material. Hence impact of change is not calculated.

Sensitivities as to rate of inflation, rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement and life expectancy are not applicable being a lump sum benefit on retirement.

46 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

A. Contingent liabilities

(i) Inland bank guarantees

31 March 2023	31 March 2022
49.67	41.04
49.67	41.04

(ii) Income-tax matters

(a) An Income Tax survey under section 133 A of Income- tax Act, 1961 was carried out at the Holding Company premises on 18 February 2019. During the course of the survey, the tax officials raised certain concerns and insisted on declaration of additional income amounting to Rs. 403.82 million. The Holding Company's Board of Directors considered all the points raised by the survey team and were of the considered view that no additional income needs to be offered to tax as the actual income for the said assessment year has been correctly /duly accounted for in the books of accounts.

The Assessment proceedings for the said assessment year have got concluded by the Assessing Officer ('AO'), who vide order dated 30 September 2021 has raised tax demand of Rs.189.59 million (31 March 2022: Rs.189.59 million) and has also initiated penalty proceedings. The Holding Company has contested the said order before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) wherein the Holding Company has contended that the AO has erred both on facts and in law, in making the additions, ignoring the settled position of law that the statements recorded during the course of survey has no evidentiary value and cannot be regarded as conclusive evidence and that the AO has made additions without bringing on record any contrary evidence in respect of the submissions made by the Holding Company. The Holding Company has deposited Rs. 38.00 million (31 March 2022: Rs. 38.00 million), under protest and the appeal in the matter is currently pending disposal. During the current year, the Holding Company has received an order u/s 154 dated 09 May 2022 raising the demand of Rs. 7.80 million (31 March 2022: Rs. nil) on account of wrong calculation of interest u/s 234D in the order dated 30 September 2021.

Based on inputs by tax experts, the management believes that the chances of any liability devolving on the Group in the above matter is not probable and accordingly, no adjustment is currently necessary in these consolidated financial statements at this stage.











Demands raised under Customs Act

Amounts paid under protest

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

CID Ladienat terr matters		
(iii) Indirect tax matters	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
(a) VAT matters		1024
Demands raised under respective VAT Acts	14.76	19.36
Amounts paid under protest	2.98	3.27
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
(b) GST matters*	WHA	2.21
Demands raised under GST regulations (other than matters under*)	4.53	3.24
Amounts paid under protest	0.24	1.20
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
(c) Customs matters		
Domando raisod undar Custome Act	20.73	-

Based on inputs by tax experts, the management believes that the chances of any liability devolving on the Group is not probable and accordingly, no adjustment is currently necessary in these

*During the current year, the Holding Company has received multiple show cause notices from Goods and Services Tax ("GST") authorities of the State of Tamil Nadu, Haryana, Telangana, Maharashtra, Odisha, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Bihar, West Bengal and Uttarakhand, in relation to dues under the Goods and Services Tax Regulations (both Central and State Goods and Service Tax Acts and Rules thereunder), aggregating to Rs.2,886.53 million for the financial years 2017-2018 to 2021-2022, on account of differences between ITC claimed in Form GSTR-3B vs ITC appearing in GSTR-2A, difference between turnover reported in GSTR-1 and GSTR-3B etc. Subsequently, the GST authorities in the State of Tamil Nadu have also carried out inspection on 05 January 2023 of Holding Company's records for the financial year 2017-18 to 2021-22.

The Holding Company has already filed appropriate replies against the above show cause notices, against which the authorities are yet to respond. As assessed by the management, issues raised in the above notices are arbitrary in nature and the Holding Company's management believes that the likelihood of any liability devolving on the Holding Company is not probable and hence, no adjustment is considered necessary in these consolidated financial statements at this stage.

(iv) Claims by customers (alongwith interest) in the normal course of business may be payable as and when the outcome of the related matters are finally determined. Management based on the legal inputs and historic trends, believes that no material liability will devolve on the Group, in respect of such matters.

B. Commitments

Estimated amount of contract remaining to be executed on capital and other commitments not provided for (net of advances) is Rs. 11.45 million (31 March 2022; Rs. 5.75 million). Apart from above mentioned amount, certain purchase orders issued to suppliers are for open quantities in the normal course of business.

a)The Company's Board of Directors at their meeting held on 18 August 2022 recommended dividend on equity shares @ Rs. 4 per equity share for the financial year 2021-2022 that was approved by the shareholders in their Annual General Meeting held on 18 August 2022. The total outgo as dividend to the shareholders during the year amounted to Rs. 10 million.

b)The Company's Board of Directors at their meeting held on 11 November 2022 accorded approval for payment of interim dividend of Rs. 11.40 per equity share for the year ended 31 March 2023. The total outgo as interm dividend to the shareholders for the year ended 31 March 2023 amounted to Rs.28.50 million.

c) The Company's Board of Directors at their meeting held on 23 October 2023 have proposed final dividend on equity shares @ Rs. 4.88 per equity share for the financial year 2022-23 (total outgo being Rs. 10 million), subject to approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

48 Corporate Social Responsibility

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Amount required to be spent by the Group during the year	10.73	7.27
Amount of expenditure incurred	10.74	20.86
Shortfall at the end of the year	-	1.61
Total of previous years shortfall	-	
Reason for shortfall		
Details of related party transactions	Refer Note 43	Refer Note 43

Nature of CSR activities includes donation to education institutions, hospitals etc. through its related party. Such activities are covered under eligible CSR activities under Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.









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CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

49 Segment information

The Group has only one operating segment and is primarily engaged in the business of trading of security and survelliance equipments. Accordingly, the figures appearing in these consolidated financial statements relate to the Group's single operating segment. The Board of Directors consider trading of security and survelliance equipments and related activities as the main business of the Group. Accordingly, there are no other separate reportable segments in terms of Ind AS 108 on 'Operating Segments'.

(a) There are no major customers having revenue of more than 10% of the reportable segment.

(b) Information about geographical areas: The Group sale goods and provides services to customers which are domiciled in India as well as outside India. The amount of revenue from external customers broken down by the location of the customers is as follows:

Attributed to the Group's country of domicile, India Attributed to foreign countries

For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
22,734.54	16,291.44
110.93	170.67
22,845.47	16,462.11

50. The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment, received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India, however, the date on which the Code will come into effect is yet to be notified and final rules/ interpretation are yet to be issued. The Group will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code and the rules thereon becomes effective.

51. Assets pledged as security for borrowings

The carrying value of assets pledged as security against borrowings:

Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	264.28	251.22
Right-of-use assets	204.92	207.93
Investment property	4.08	4.39
Total	473.28	463.54
Current assets		
Inventories	5,110.50	3,026.75
Trade receivables	6,149.58	5,249.33
Total	11,260.08	8,276.08

52. Pursuant to Transfer Memorandum dated 12 June 2018, the New Okhla Industrial Development Authority ("Noida Authority") transferred the allotment and lease of the land located at 12A, Sector 135, Noida, Uttar Pradesh, that the Holding Company was carrying as "Right of use Asser" as per Ind AS 116. As per the terms of the transfer memorandum and the lease deed, the Holding Company was required to undertake construction activity/ development activity on the said land within the prescribed timelines. The Noida Authority vide its letter dated 24 March 2022 had granted extension for completion of construction till 31 December 2022 and the Holding Company had initiated the construction and development activities by awarding of the contracts/ work orders for site cleaning, soil investigation and architectural services. However, the Holding Company could not complete the construction activities by the prescribed date, consequent to which the Noida Authority, relying on the Government of Uttar Pradesh Ordinance dated 7 January 2022, issued a show cause notice dated 19 January 2023 for cancellation of the lease deed. In response to such show cause notice, the Holding Company filed its response on 31 January 2023, requesting for further extension of atleast six months so that necessary steps could be taken. Subsequently, the Noida Authority vide its letter dated 19 May 2023 cancelled the lease deed and allotment of the said land.

In response to the above, the Holding Company had approached the Noida Authority for revocation of cancellation and restoration of the allotment of said land and had also filed a letter dated 5 September 2023, in response to which the Noida Authority vide its letter dated 18 September 2023 has confirmed that the Holding Company's revocation request has been referred to State Government authorities for their approval and matter is under consideration with the Government. Based on its internal assessment and inputs from its legal expert, the management is confident of receiving favourable order from the Government of Uttar Pradesh regarding restoration of the Holding Company's title and rights to the leased land shortly and further, has already mobilised resources for completion of construction and development activities on the said land within the timelines that may be prescribed by the authorities and accordingly, believes that no adjustment is necessary in these consolidated financial statements at this stage.

53. Additional regulatory information not disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements

- (a) The Group does not have any transactions with struck-off companies under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- (b) The Group has not undertaken any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961).
- (c) The Group has not been declared a Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.
- (d) The Group has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- (e) The Group does not have any Benami property and no proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property, under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- (f) The Group does not have any charge or satisfaction of charge which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- (g) The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the current and previous financial year.
- (h) The Group has not advanced or provided loan to or invested funds in any entity(ies) including foreign entities (Intermediaries) or to any other person(s), with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (i) The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (j) The Group has been sanctioned facilities from the banks on the basis of security of current assets. The periodic returns filed by the Group with such banks are in agreement with the books of accounts of the Group.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

54. Additional disclosure required under Schedule III of the Act of the entities consolidated as subsidiary and joint venture As at 31 March 2023

Name of the entity	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF	total assets minus	Harman and Comment of the Comment of	nent of profit and	Share in other co		Share in total coinco	
	As % of	Amount	As % of	Amount	As % of	Amount	As % of	Amount
	Consolidated net assets	(Rs. in million)	Consolidated profit/(loss) after tax	(Rs. in million)	Consolidated other comprehensive income	(Rs. in million)	Consolidated total comprehensive income	(Rs. in million)
Holding Company								1 000 05
Aditya Infotech Limited	93.05%	2,899.31	94.30%	1,021.33	87.82%	1.02	94.29%	1,022.35
Subsidiary								
Foreign							2000	1.00
Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	0.59%	18.53	0.09%	1.00	0.00%		0.09%	1.00
Joint Venture								
Indian								// 50
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	9.45%	294.50	6.13%	66.37	11.58%	0.13	6.13%	66.50
Eliminations and consolidation adjustments	-3.09%	(96.40)	-0.52%	(5.59)	0.60%	0.01	-0.51%	
Total	100%	3,115.94	100%	1,083.11	100%	1.16	100%	1,084.27

As at 31 March 2022 Name of the entity		total assets minus iabilities	1,0	ent of profit and	Share in other co	SOCIETY CONTROL OF STREET	Share in total c inco	
	As % of	Amount	As % of	Amount	As % of	Amount	As % of	Amount
	Consolidated net assets	(Rs. in million)	Consolidated profit	(Rs. in million)	Consolidated other comprehensive income	(Rs. in million)	Consolidated total comprehensive income	(Rs. in million)
Holding Company								0011 00
Aditya Infotech Limited	94.61%	2,715.04	86.29%	836.42	127.64%	(8.50)	86.00%	827.92
Subsidiaries								
Foreign							0.0001	95.59
Aditya Infotech HK Ltd	0.00%	-	9.86%	95.59		·	9.93%	259070.00
Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd	0.61%	17.53	0.07%	0.71	0.00%	-	0.07%	0.71
Joint Venture								
Indian							0.240/	90.02
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	8.20%	235.43	9.26%	89.80	-1.95%	0.13	9.34%	89,93
Eliminations and consolidation adjustments	-3,42%	(98.25)	-5.49%	(53.21)	-25.68%	1.71	-5.35%	(51.50)
Total	100%	2,869.75	100%	969.31	100%	(6.66)	100%	962.65



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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

55 Group information

(a) Information about subsidiaries and Name of the Company	Relationship with	Nature of business	Country of	Proportion of own	ership interest (%)
ryanic of the company	Holding Company		incorporation	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Aditya Infotech (HK) Ltd.*	Subsidiary	Trading of goods	Hongkong	0%	100%
Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	Subsidiary	Business Consultancy Service	China	100%	100%
AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	Joint venture	Manufacturing and trading of goods	India	50%	50%

^{*}Voluntarily wound up during the financial year 2022-23

(b) Summarised financial information for joint venture

The table below provides summarised financial information for joint venture that is material to the Holding Company. The information disclosed reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the relevant joint venture and not Aditya Infotech Limited's share of those amounts. They have been amended to reflect adjustments made by the entity when using the equity method, including fair value adjustments made at the time of acquisition and modifications for differences in accounting policies, if any.

Summarised balance sheet Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Current assets		250.14
Cash and cash equivalents	25.92	259.11
Other assets	5,284.19	5,374.40
Total current assets	5,310.11	5,633.51
Property, plant and equipment	493.89	293.88
Capital work-in-progress	264.31	-
Right -of-use asset	110.36	114.82
Other non-current assets	19.78	6.40
Total non-current assets	888.34	415.10
Current liabilities		7/9/52/93
Financial liabilities	5,311.47	5,349.43
Other liabilities	3.58	10.92
Total current liabilities	5,315.05	5,360.35
Non-current liabilities		
Financial liabilities	195.76	128.71
Other liabilities	31.63	36.55
Total non-current liabilities	227.39	165.26
Net assets	656.01	523,00

Summarised statement of profit and loss	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Particulars	9,845.81	7,986.51
Revenue	2.98	2.92
Other income		7,989.43
Total income	9,848.79	
Cost of goods sold	9,185.77	7,404.98
Employee benefits expense	88.19	53.88
Finance costs	15.67	18.29
	36.15	33.93
Depreciation and amortisation	275.84	223.79
Other expenses	247.17	254.56
Profit before tax		74.97
Tax expense	57.43	10.05980
Profit for the year	189.74	179.60
Other comprehensive income	0.27	0.26
Total comprehensive income	190.01	179.85

Reconciliation to carrying amount of investment Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	523.03	343.17
Opening net assets	189.74	179.60
Profit for the year	0.27	0.26
Other comprehensive income	713.04	523.03
Closing net assets	715,04	020100
Halding Company's charain 9/2	50%	50%
Holding Company's share in %	356.52	261.51
Company's share in Indian Rupees	(62.02)	(26.08
Less: Unrealised profit on upstream and downstream transactions Carrying amount	294.50	235.43











ADITYA INFOTECH LTD.

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

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(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

- 56 Certain previous year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. Such reclassification did not have any impact on the current year consolidated financial statements.
- 57 The figures have been rounded off to the nearest million of rupees upto two decimal places. The figure 0.00 wherever stated represents value less than Rs. 50,000/-.

In terms of our report attached of even date For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Minal

Place: Gurugram

Date: 23 October 2023

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman

DIN:00514501

V.S. Yogesh Sharma

Sr. VP Finance
Place: Noida

Date: 23 October 2023

Adhya Kuomka Managing Discetor DIN:00514552





DITYA INFOTECH L1

Corporate Office: Khemka Square, A-11 & 12, Sector 4, NOIDA - 201301 (NCR-Delhi) INDIA CIN NO: U74899DL1995PLC066784, Tel: +91 120 4555 666 Fax: +91 120 4555 600

Email: sales@adityagroup.com Website: www.adityagroup.com



NOTICE OF TWENTY NINTH (29th) ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE is hereby given that the 29th Annual General Meeting of Aditya Infotech Limited is scheduled to be held at a shorter notice on Tuesday, August 13, 2024, at the Corporate Office of the Company situated at A-12. Sector-04. NOIDA-201301 at 11:00 HRS to transact the following businesses:

ORDINARY BUSINESSES:

1. TO RECEIVE, CONSIDER AND ADOPT STANDALONE AND CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE COMPANY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 TOGETHER WITH THE REPORTS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS THEREON.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modifications, the following resolution as Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of section 129 and section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder and any amendment(s) made thereto, the annual audited Standalone and Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, the Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statement of Profit & Loss Account for the year ended on that date together with the Schedules and Notes attached thereto, along with the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon be and are hereby received, considered and adopted."

2. TO RE-APPOINT MR. RISHI KHEMKA (DIN-00514590) AS THE DIRECTOR, WHO RETIRES BY ROTATION AT THIS MEETING AND BEING ELIGIBLE, OFFERS HIMSELF FOR RE-APPOINTMENT

To consider and if thought fit to approve re-appointment of Mr. Rishi Khemka as the Director of the Company and pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to provisions of section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, and any amendment made thereto, Mr. Rishi Khemka (DIN: 00514590), who retires by rotation at this meeting and being eligible has offered himself for re-appointment, be and is hereby reappointed as Director of the Company whose office shall be liable to retire by rotation."

3. TO DECLARE FINAL DIVIDEND ON EQUITY SHARES OF THE COMPANY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2023-24

To consider and if thought fit to declare final dividend on equity shares of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2024, at INR 1.76/- approx. per Equity Share of INR 1/- (Indian Rupees One only) each aggregating to INR 18,00,000,00/- (Indian Rupees Eighteen Crores only) on equity share capital of the Company and pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

Regd. Off.: F-28, Okhla, Industrial Area, Phase - 1. New Delhi-110 020 (INDIA)

Our Brand: **※CP PLUS**

Regd. Off.: F-28, Okhla, Industrial Area, Phase - 1, New Delhi-110 020 (INDIA)

Our Brand: **CP PLUS**

"RESOLVED THAT the final dividend on equity shares for the year ended March 31, 2024 at INR 1.76/-approx. per Equity Share of INR 1/- (Indian Rupees One only) each aggregating to INR 18,00,000,00/- (Indian Rupees Eighteen Crores only) on equity share capital of the Company as recommended by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on August 2, 2024 be and is hereby approved and declared by the Shareholders of the Company."

By the order of the Board For Aditya Infotech Limited

Roshni Tandon

Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Date: August 02, 2024

Place: Noida

NOTES:

- 1. Section 105(2): A SHAREHOLDER ENTITLED TO ATTEND THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (THE "MEETING") IS ALSO ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND INSTEAD OF HIMSELF/HERSELF, AND SUCH A PROXY NEED NOT BE A SHAREHOLDER OF THE COMPANY SUBJECT TO PROVISIONS OF THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION. THE PROXY FORM IN ORDER TO BE EFFECTIVE MUST BE DEPOSITED WITH THE COMPANY NOT LESS THAN 48 HOURS BEFORE THE TIME FIXED FOR COMMENCEMENT OF THE MEETING. THE PROXY FORM IN THE PRESCRIBED FORMAT MGT-11 IS ATTACHED FOR DOING THE NEEDFUL, IF REQUIRED.
- 2. A person can act as a proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty and holding in the aggregate not more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights. A member holding more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights may appoint a single person as proxy and such person shall not act as a proxy for any other person or shareholder.
- 3. Section 105(8): Requirement of giving three days' notice by a member for inspecting the proxies lodged Every Member entitled to vote at a meeting of the Company, or on any resolution to be moved in the meeting, shall be entitled to inspect the proxies lodged by giving not less than 3 days' written notice of his/her intention of doing the inspection.
- 4. Corporate Members intending to send their authorized representative to attend the meeting are requested to send a certified copy of the Board Resolution/ authorization letter, authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting.
- 5. Members are requested to notify any change in their address/ mandate/ other details immediately to the Company at its registered office.

- 6. The documents, if any referred to in the resolution mentioned are available for inspection during 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m. up to the Meeting except holidays at the Registered Office of the Company and copies thereof shall also be made available for inspection at the venue of Meeting.
- 7. Section 170: Register of Directors and their shareholding In accordance with the requirement of the Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013, register of Directors and their shareholding shall be kept open for inspection by the Members and shall also be made accessible to any person attending the Annual General Meeting.
- 8. Section 189: Register of Contracts or arrangements in which directors are interested In accordance with the requirement of the Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, register of Contracts or arrangements in which directors are interested shall be placed at the Annual General Meeting and shall also remain open and accessible to any person having right to attend the meeting during the continuance of the said meeting.
- 9. The Register of Members and the Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from August 3, 2024 to August 13, 2024 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of AGM and payment of Final Dividend to be declared.
- 10. Route map to the venue of the meeting is annexed.

By order of the Board

For Aditya Infotech Limited

Roshni Tandon

Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Date: August 02, 2024

Place: Noida

(TO BE SIGNED AND HANDED OVER AT THE ENTRANCE OF THE MEETING HALL)

I/We hereby record my/our presence at the 29th Annual General Meeting (Financial Year 2023-2024) of Aditya Infotech Limited held at 11:00 HRS on Tuesday, 13th day of August 2024 at Corporate Office of the Company situated at A-12, Sector-04, NOIDA-201301

AME(S) OF THE MEMBERS(S)	Registered Folio No.
a a	No. of Shares held
me of Proxy/ Authorized Representative (in bloc	ck letters)
To be filled in, if the Proxy attends instead of th	e Members)
Member's/Proxy's/ Authorized	

FORM No. MGT-11

Proxy form

[Pursuant to Section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Name of the Company: ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Registered office: F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase-I, New Delhi 110020

warne or wiember(s)			
Registered/Residential Address			
Email ID			
Folio No/Client ID			
DP ID			
I/ We being the member of Aditya Infote	h Limited holding	shares, hereby app	oint
1.Name:		4) (5	
Signature: or failing him			
2.Name:	0		

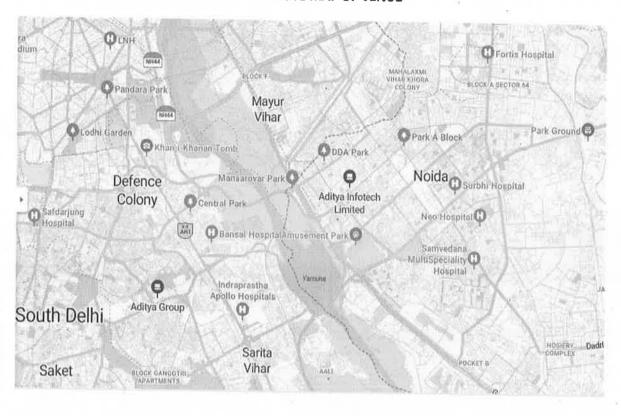
as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at 29th Annual General Meeting of members of the Company, to be held at a shorter notice on August 13, 2024 at 11 A.M. at corporate office of the situated at A-12, Sector-04, Noida-201301, and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

S.No.	RESOLUTION(s)	FOR	AGAINST
1.	To receive, consider and adopt the Standalone and consolidated annual audited. Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended. March 31, 2024 together with the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.		
2.	To re-appoint Mr. Rishi Khemka (DIN-00514590) as the director, who retires by rotation at this meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment		
3.	To declare final dividend on equity shares of the company for the financial year 2023-24;		

Signed this Day of..... 2024 Signature of Shareholder Signature of Proxy holder(s) Affix Revenue Stamp

Note: This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.

ROUTE MAP OF VENUE





ADITYA INFOTECH LTD.

Corporate Office: Khemka Square, A-11 & 12, Sector 4, NOIDA - 201301 (NCR-Delhi) INDIA CIN NO: U74899DL1995PLC066784, Tel: +91 120 4555 666 Fax: +91 120 4555 600



BOARD'S REPORT

Dear Members,

The Board of Directors ("Board") are pleased to present the 29th Board's Report on the business and operations of the Aditya Infotech Limited ("Company"), together with the Annual Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Company's performance during the financial year ended on March 31, 2024 as compared to the previous year, is summarized below:

(*Amounts in ₹Million)

Particulars	(Standalone)		(Consolidated)	
ratticulats	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Total Income	27,958.94	22,982.79	27,959.60	22,955.56
Total Expense	26,060.61	21,553.01	26,061.05	21,560.74
Profit Before Tax	1,940.47	1,371.91	1,646.19	1,431.82
Profit After Tax	1,446.00	1,021.33	1,151.72	1,083.11
Basic EPS (In Rs.)	14.11	9.96	11.24	10.57

^{*}Amounts rounded off to the nearest rupee

BUSINESS OPERATIONS/STATE OF AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

Your Company has embarked on a mission to make the world a safe and secure place and is continuously striving for supreme growth of our brand CP Plus with key focus on 'Extensive R&D' and 'Local Development of Goods'. Your company, with the perpetual dedicated efforts of all the stakeholders, was able to meet the unexpected growth during the period under review.

The management of your Company is highly motivated and optimistic for a much better growth for the next financial year as the employees and management of the Company are diligently and efficiently working on improving the financial position as well as for the overall growth for the Company.

In a groundbreaking move, your Company has introduced CP PLUS Next-Gen Experience Center, a network of immersive experience centers strategically positioned in major metropolitan hubs across India from New Delhi to Mumbai to Chennai. These centers serve as hubs of innovation, offering customers, partners, and enthusiasts a firsthand experience of CP PLUS' cutting-edge security solutions. In essence, CP PLUS' unwavering dedication to innovation, empowerment, and customer-centricity is not just transforming the security industry but also shaping the narrative of a progressive, resilient India. As the brand continues to expand its footprints and push the boundaries of possibility, it remains committed to its mission of empowering every corner of the country with the tools and technologies needed to thrive in an increasingly dynamic world.

Regd. Off.: F-28, Okhla, Industrial Area, Phase - 1,

New Delhi-110 020 (INDIA)

Our Brand: **▼CP PLUS**

★CP PLUS

The Board is pleased to report that your Company has received the following awards during the financial year 2023-24

- World Leaders Recognition Award 2024 World Business Summit hosted by Al Makhtoum Group in Dubai
- Most Admired Brand 2024 VarIndia
- India's Top Security & Surveillance Provider Award at the 16th NCN Innovative Products Award
- ❖ Best Customer Experience Award 2024 India Brands Summit & Awards 2024
- ❖ Best Smart Security Solution Brand Award at the NDTV Gadgets 360 Awards 2024
- Emerging Global Organization of the Year Award presented at National Skills Awards for Eminence by the Electronics Sector Skills Council of India ESSCI 2024
- Excellence Award for Most Trusted Brand 2023 Presented at the Homeland Summit by ASSOCHAM
- Innovative Security Product of the Year Award 2023 BW Security World

CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY

During the year under review, there was no change in the nature of the business of the Company.

DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors are pleased to recommend a final dividend of INR 1.76/-approx. (Indian Rupees One and Seventy-Six Paise approximately only) per equity share of INR 1/- (Indian Rupees One only) each aggregating to INR 18,00,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Eighteen Crores only) on equity share capital of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 out of the profits of the Company.

The payment of dividend is subject to approval of the shareholders at the ensuing 29th Annual General Meeting (AGM) scheduled to be held on August 13, 2024 and shall be subject to deduction of income tax at source as may be applicable under the Law.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

The Board of Directors does not propose to transfer any amount to general reserve and has decided to retain the entire amount of profit for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 appearing in the Statement of profit and loss.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Authorised Share Capital

During the period under review, there was no change in the Authorised Share Capital of the Company.

As on March 31, 2024, the Authorized Share Capital of the Company was INR 5,05,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Five Crores and Five Lakhs only) divided into 50,50,000 (Fifty Lakhs and Fifty Thousand) Equity Shares of INR 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten only) each.



Further as on the date of this report, pursuant to a resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at an Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on June 17, 2024, the Authorized Share Capital of the Company has been:

- a. increased from INR 5,05,00,000 (Indian Rupees Five Crore and Five Lakhs Only) divided into 50,50,000 (Fifty Lakhs and Fifty Thousand) Equity Shares of INR 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten only) to INR 15,00,00,000 (Indian Rupees Fifteen Crore Only) divided into 1,50,00,000 (One Crore Fifty Lakhs) Equity Shares of INR 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten only); and
- b. Then sub-divided from INR 15,00,00,000 (Indian Rupees Fifteen Crores only) divided into 1,50,00,000 (One Crores Fifty Lakhs) equity shares of INR 10 (Indian Rupees Ten) each to INR 15,00,00,000 (Indian Rupees Fifteen Crores only) divided into 15,00,00,000 (Fifteen Crores) equity shares of INR 1 (Indian Rupee One).

Issued, Subscribed & Paid-Up Share Capital

During the Year under review, there was no change in the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company.

As on March 31, 2024, the issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital was INR 2,05,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Two Crores and Five Lakhs Only) divided into 20,50,000 (Twenty Lakhs and Fifty Thousand) Equity Shares of INR10/- (Indian Rupees Ten only) each.

Further as on the date of this report, pursuant to a resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at an Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on June 17, 2024, the company made a bonus issuance to its existing equity shareholders in the proportion of 4 (Four) new bonus equity shares of INR 1 (One) each for every 1 (One) existing fully paid up equity shares of INR 1 (One) each aggregating to 8,20,00,000 (Eight Crores Twenty Lakhs) equity shares of INR 1 (One).

Post sub-division and issuance of Bonus share, the Company's issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital as on date of this report is INR 10,25,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Ten Crores Twenty Five Lakhs only) divided into 10,25,00,000 (Ten Crores Twenty Five Lakhs) Equity Shares of INR 1/- (Indian Rupee One) each.

DEPOSITS

Your Company has neither accepted nor renewed any deposits from public within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 during the year.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All transactions entered into with related parties as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 during the financial year were on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business and hence are within the permissible limits as prescribed under the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, and Rules made thereunder. Accordingly, the information required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 with respect to particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties is attached as **Annexure A.**

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

The particulars of Investments, Loans and Guarantees covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the rules made thereunder are disclosed in the Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company.



During the year under review, Ms. Ambika Sharma and Mr. Manish Sharma were appointed as Independent Directors of the Company to hold their respective office for a period of next five (5) consecutive years with effect from November 1, 2023, and are not eligible to retire by rotation.

Further, post the closure of the year under review, your company appointed Mr. Yogesh Chand Sharma as Chief Financial Officer and Ms. Roshni Tandon as Company Secretary & Compliance Officer of the Company with effect from May 24, 2024.

Cessation

Further, during the year under review, Ms. Ritu Khurana had tendered her resignation from the position of Independent Director with effect to November 1, 2023. Her contribution in the growth and making business strategies of the company was admirable.

All the Independent Directors of the Company have submitted declarations that each of them meets the criteria of independence as provided in section 149(7) read with section 134(3)(d) of the Companies Act, 2013.

In the opinion of the Board, there has been no change in the circumstances which may affect their status as Independent Directors of the Company and the Board is satisfied with the integrity, expertise, and experience (including proficiency in terms of Section 150(1) of the Act and applicable rules thereunder) of all Independent Directors on the Board. Further, in terms of Section 150 read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, as amended, Independent Directors of the Company have included their names in the data bank of Independent Directors.

Retirement by Rotation:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and in terms of the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Rishi Khemka (DIN: 00514590), Director of the Company is liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, seeks re-appointment. Your Board of Directors recommend his re-appointment at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

Meetings of the Board and Committees:

The Board and other statutory Committees meetings were duly convened as in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder. The Details of all such Meetings held during the Financial Year 2023-24 are mentioned herein below:

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Details of Board & Committee Meetings convened during the financial year 2023-24:

S. No.	Board Meetings	Audit Committee Meetings	Nomination & Remuneration Committee Meetings	Corporate Social Responsibility Committee Meeting
1	08-May-2023	08-May-2023	*	-
2	21-June-2023	21-June-2023		•
3	27-July-2023	(#)	155	, × ±
4	13-Sep-2023		· · · · · ·	
5	23-Oct-2023	23-Oct-2023	23-Oct-2023	23-Oct-2023
6	13-Feb-2024	-	=	(#)
7	29-Mar-2024	29-Mar-2024	29-Mar-2024	===
8	-	075	-	05-Jan-2024

The intervening gap between any two meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

CONSTITUTION OF BOARD & COMMITTEES

Board of Directors	Audit Committee	Nomination &	Corporate Social
		Remuneration	Responsibility Committee
<u> </u>		Committee	2/
Mr. Hari Shanker	Mr. Hari Shanker	Mr. Abhishek Dalmia	Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka
Khemka	Khemka (Chairman)	(Chairman)	(Chairman)
Mr. Aditya Khemka	Mr. Abhishek Dalmia	Mr. Aditya Khemka	Mr. Aditya Khemka
	(Member)	(Member)	(Member)
Mr. Rishi Khemka	Mr. Manish Sharma	Mr. Manish Sharma	Mr. Abhishek Dalmia
	(Member)	(Member)	(Member)
	(w.e.f. 01.11.2023)	(w.e.f. 01.11.2023)	
Mr. Abhishek Dalmia	Ms. Ritu Khurana	Ms. Ambika Sharma	Ms. Ritu Khurana
	(Member)	(Member)	(Member)
	(up to 01.11.2023)	(w.e.f. 01.11.2023)	(up to 01.11.2023)
Mr. Manish Sharma	S#C	Ms. Ritu Khurana	
(w.e.f. 01.11.2023)		(Member)	
		(up to 01.11.2023)	
Ms. Ambika Sharma	1742	180	*
(w.e.f. 01.11.2023)			a
Ms. Ritu Khurana	- H		70
(up to 01.11.2023)			

COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company has duly complied with applicable Secretarial standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India in terms of section 118(10) of the Act.



REMUNERATION POLICY

In accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules made thereunder, the Company's policy on Nomination and Remuneration of Directors, KMPs and Senior Management is available on the website of the Company i.e. www.adityagroup.com

Information about Remuneration and Particulars of Employees:

The information as per Rule 5(2) and Rule 5(3) of the above-mentioned Rules pertaining to the names of top ten employees and other particulars of employees is provided in a separate annexure. However, as per the provisions of Section 136(1) of the Act and the Rules thereunder, the Annual Report and the financial statements, excluding the aforesaid annexure, are being sent to the Members, and other persons entitled thereto. Any Member interested in obtaining a copy of the same may write to the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer at Roshni_tandon@adityagroup.com.

STATUTORY AUDITORS & AUDITOR'S REPORT

At the 27th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company the shareholders approved the appointment of M/s. Walker Chandiok & Co LLP (FRN No. 001076N/N5500013) as Statutory auditors of the Company to hold the office for a period of five (5) years commencing from the conclusion of the 27th AGM till the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting to be held for the financial year 2025-26 at such remuneration as may be fixed by the Board of Directors of the Company, in addition to the out-of-pocket expenses, incurred by them during the course of the aforesaid Audit.

M/s Walker Chandiok & Co LLP (FRN No. 001076N/N5500013), Chartered Accountants, have submitted their Report on the Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year 2023-24, which forms part of the Annual Report 2023-24. The Report was self-explanatory and there were no adverse remarks/ observation were made by the Auditors which seeks any explanation from the Board of Directors.

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS & SECRETERIAL AUDIT REPORT

In compliance with provisions of section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, M/s Pawan Mahur & Associates, Company Secretaries were appointed as the Secretarial Auditors of the Company for the financial year 2023-24. The Secretarial Audit Report submitted by them in the prescribed Form MR- 3 is attached as 'Annexure C' to this report.

Further, the Report submitted by the Secretarial Auditor for the year under review was self-explanatory and there were no adverse remarks/ observation which seeks any explanation from the Board of Directors.

INTERNAL AUDITOR

M/s D.P. Kapoor & Co. were appointed as the internal auditor of the Company for the FY 2023-24 on such remuneration as may be decided by the Board of Directors of the Company.

The Internal Audit Report made by M/s D.P. Kapoor & Co. was presented at before the Audit Committee Meeting and Board Meeting and the same contains no qualification, reservation or adverse remarks which



requires explanation from the Board of Directors of the Company.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statement relates and the date of this report.

RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK AND INTERNAL ADEQUACY

The Company has devised a robust risk management framework which identifies and evaluates business and other risks. The Company believes that these risks need to be managed and mitigated to protect the interest of the stakeholders, to achieve business objectives and enable sustainable growth. The risk management framework is aimed at effectively mitigating the Company's various business and operational risks through timely strategic actions. It also provides control measures for risk and future action plans to avoid risks. The Company's approach is proactive towards risk management.

The Audit Committee reviews the report of internal auditor to carry out an extensive search to ensure compliance with the best practices of industry and to mitigate any risk of non-compliance.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Company's internal financial control systems are commensurate with its size and the nature of its operations. The Company deploys robust system of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements that is complete, reliable and understandable. These controls have been designed to provide reasonable assurance with regard to recording and providing reliable financial and operational information, adherence to the Company's policies, safeguarding of assets from unauthorized use and prevention and detection of frauds and errors.

During the year, such controls were tested and no reportable material weakness was observed. The report on the Internal Financial Control was reviewed by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors and no major weaknesses were observed.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Company has formulated a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee and during the year the Committee was re-constituted and shall consist of the following members:

Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka - Chairman of the Committee

Mr. Aditya Khemka - Member

Mr. Abhishek Dalmia - Member

The CSR Policy of the Company formulated by the Board of Directors and composition of the CSR Committee of the Company is available on the website of the Company i.e. www.adityagroup.com .

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During the period under review, your Company was required to spend an amount of INR 1,94,43,416.48/-(Indian Rupees One Crore Ninety Four Lakhs Forty Three Thousands Four Hundred Sixteen and Forty Eight Paisa only) on identified CSR activities and in order to comply with the same, your Company has spent an amount of Rs. 1,95,25,967/- (Indian Rupees One Crore Ninety Five Lakh Twenty Five Thousands Nine Hundred and Sixty Seven only), creating a surplus of INR 82,550.52/- (Indian Rupees Eighty-Two Thousand Five Hundred Fifty and Fifty-Two Paisa only).

The Company's CSR activities and spending was majorly focused on promotion of health and education as we undertook projects for establishment of Catract center for providing support Cataract patients, establishment of vision center for eye patient, donation of ambulance, enabling the disabled communities and SHG women in rural society, Contributed for promotion of primary as well as senior level education under the Company's CSR activities and initiatives. The detailed Annual Report on CSR activities for the Financial Year 2023-24 as required under Section 134 and 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is attached as **Annexure – 'D'** to this Report.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134 (3) (c) read with Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors state:

- that in the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2024, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) that the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of your Company as on March 31, 2024 and of the profits of the Company for the year ended on that date:
- (c) that proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of your Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) that the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- (e) that proper internal financial controls laid down by the Directors were followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- (f) that proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws were in place and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION SCHEME

After the closure of the financial year under review, the Company has approved an Employees Stock Option Scheme viz. Aditya infotech Employee Stock Option Plan 2024 with a view to attract, reward and retain talented and key employees in the competitive environment and encourage them to align individual performance with Company objectives.



Research and Development (R&D)

During the year under review, no major in-house Research & Development was carried out by the Company.

GENERAL

Your Directors state that no disclosure is required in respect of the following items, as there were no transactions on these items took place during the year under review:-

- 1. Issue of equity shares with differential voting rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
- 2. The Whole-time Director of the Company does not receive any remuneration or commission from any of its subsidiaries.
- 3. No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.
- 4. No application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (31 of 2016) during the year along with their status as at the end of the financial year.
- 5. Details of difference between amount of the valuation done at the time of one time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the banks or financial institutions along with the reasons thereof.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Place: Noida

Date: August 2, 2024

Your Directors place on record their gratitude to the Central Government, State Governments and Company's Bankers for the assistance, co-operation and encouragement they extended to the Company. Your Directors also wish to place on record their sincere thanks and appreciation for the continuing support and unstinting efforts of investors, vendors, dealers, business associates and employees in ensuring an excellent all around operational performance.

For and on behalf of the Bo

the Board of Directors

Aditya Infotech Limited

ar (Shanker Khemka Chairman

(DIN: 00514501)

Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1

New Delhi-110048



Annexure- A

FORM NO. AOC- 2

(Pursuant to Clause (h) of Sub-Section (3) of Section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts / arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto:

- 1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis: Aditya Infotech Limited has not entered into any contract or arrangement or transaction with its related parties which is not on at arm's length during financial year 2023-24.
- 2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis: All the contracts or arrangement or transactions entered by Aditya Infotech Limited with its related parties are on at arm's length basis during the financial year 2023-24 and none of them were material in nature.

By order of the Board For Aditya Infotech Limited

Hari Shanker Khemka Chairman (DIN: 00514501) Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1

710'

New Delhi-110048

Place: Noida

Date: August 2, 2024



FORM AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

STATEMENT CONTAINING SALIENT FEATURES OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF SUBSIDIARIES/ASSOCIATE COMPANIES/JOINT VENTURES

PART "A": SUBSIDIARIES

1.	SI. No.	1
2.	Name of the subsidiary	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.
3.	The date since when subsidiary was acquired	30.12.2016
4.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	31.03.2024
5.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	RMB Exchange rate Opening Rate 11.9448 Closing Rate 11.5436 Average Rate 11.7442
6.	Share capital	1,11,88,775
7.	Reserves & surplus	69,44,179
8.	Total assets	2,03,68,768
9.	*Total Liabilities	22,35,815
10.	Investments	Nil
11.	*Revenue from Operations *Other income	1,94,83,153 6,61,213
12.	Profit/(Loss) before taxation	2,29,045
13.	Provision for taxation	Nil
14.	Profit/(Loss) after taxation	2,29,045
15.	Proposed Dividend	Nil
16.	Extent of shareholding (In percentage)	100%

^{*}Total Liabilities exclude Share capital and Reserves & surplus

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Notes: The following information shall be furnished at the end of the statement:

- 1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations - NIL
- 2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year -NIL.

For Aditya Infotech Limited

ker Khemka

Chairman (DIN: 00514501) Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1

New Delhi-110048

For Aditya Infotech Limited

Company Secretary & Compliance officer

Place: Nonda Date: August 2,2024

For Aditya Infotech Limited

Managing Director (DIN: 00514552)

Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1 New Delhi-110048

For Aditya Infotech Limited



PART "B": ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures –

Nam	e of associates/Joint Ventures	AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited
1.	Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31.03.2024
2.	Date on which the Associate or Joint Venture was associated or Acquired	08.02.2017
3.	Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end	
	Number	95,00,000
	Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture	(INR) 9,50,00,000/-
	Extend of Holding (In percentage)	50%
4.	Description of how there is significant influence	The Company is having control of 50% of total share capital of the JV and also controls the business decisions vide a joint venture agreement.
5.	Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	Not Applicable
6.	Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	
7.	Profit/Loss for the year	
	i. Considered in Consolidation	
	ii. Not Considered in Consolidation	

- 1. Names of associates or joint ventures which are yet to commence operations: NIL
- 2. Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year NIL

Note: This Form is to be certified in the same manner in which the Balance Sheet is to be certified.

For Aditya infotech Limited

Hari Shanker Khemka Chairman (DIN: 00514501) Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1 New Delhi-110048

For Aditya Infotech Limited

Roshni Tandon Company Secretary & Compliance officer

Place: Noida Date: August 2,2024 For Aditya Infotech Limited

Managing Director (DIN: 00514552)
Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1

New Delhi-110048

For Aditya Infotech Limited

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financia Officer



Annexure - D

ANNUAL REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) ACTIVITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company.

Refer Section on Corporate Social Responsibility in the Director Report

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka	(Chairman)	2	2
2	Mr. Aditya Khemka	(Member)	2	2
3	Mr. Abhishek Dalmia	(Member)	2	1

3	Web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company.	
4	The details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report).	

5 (a	Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5).	97,21,70,824/-
(t	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	1,94,43,416.48/-
(c	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years.	Nil
(0	Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if	
	any	Nil
(6	e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c).	1,94,43,416.48/-

6. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

(i) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
SI.	Name	Item	Local	Location of	Project	Amount	Amoun	Amount	Mode of	Mode of
No	of the	from	area	the project.	duratio	allocate	t spent	transferr	Implementati	Implementatio
•	Projec	the list	(Yes/No		n.	d for	in the	ed to	on - Direct	n - Through
	t.	of),			the	current	Unspent	(Yes/No).	Implementing
		activiti					financi	CSR		Agency

※CP PLUS

	Şch e V	in edul II to Act.	Stat e.	Distric t.		(in Rs.).	Account for the project as per Section 135(6) (in Rs.).	Nam e	CSR Registrati on number.
1.			-		Not Appli	cable			
	Total								

(ii) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	the project	(7)	(8) Mode of implementation - Through implementing agency.		
		Project the list of a	Local area (Yes/	the project.		Mode of implementation - Direct			
		schedule VII to the Act.	No).	State. District.	(in Rs.).	(Yes/No).	Name.	CSR registration number.	
		Promoting Health	Yes	Delhi	1NR 12,80,000	No	Rotary Foundation (India)	CSR00008486	
2.	Contributed to Shree Khemka Development Trust and Shree Khemka International School -For managing operations of Shree Khemka International School	Promoting education	Yes	Jhunjhunu (Rajasthan)	3,00,000/-	No	Seth Parmanand Khemka- Charitable Trust	CSR00002074	
3.	Contributed to Sankriti Sansad (Ganga Mahasabha) for cultural	Protection of culture activity	Yes	Varanasi (UP)	5,00,000/-	No	Seth Parmanand Khemka- Charitable Trust	CSR00002074	

※CP PLUS

[including complete address and location of the property]		beneficiary of the registered owner
	NA	

9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5).

There is no unspent amount during the financial year 2023 -24.

Aditya Khemka Director DIN: 00514552) B-51, Greater Kailash-1 New Delhi-110048 By order of the Board For Aditya Infotech Limited

Hari Shanker Khemka Director (DIN: 00514501) B-51, Greater Kailash-1 New Delhi-110048

Place: Noida

Date: August 2, 2024



CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO REQUIRED UNDER THE COMPANIES (ACCOUNTS) RULES, 2014

The details of conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo are as follows:

a) Conservation of energy

(i)	the steps taken or impact on conservation of energy	A multi-pronged approach is deployed in all offices including branches as well as products to infuse the concept of energy conservation such as replacement of CFL light with LED lights.
(ii)	the steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy	The Company is in process of exploring alternate source of energy.
(iii)	the capital investment on energy conservation equipment's	Nil

(b) Technology absorption

(i)	the efforts made towards technology	During the period under review technical personnel having relevant experience have been employed and efforts have been
	absorption	made to improve the quality of the products.
(ii)	the benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution	The Company continues to focus on the rapid technological changes and train the manpower accordingly to improve the productivity and drive cost reduction.
(iii)	in case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)-	There is no imported technology involved in the operations of the Company.
	(a) the details of technology imported	NA
	(b) the year of import;	NA .
	(c) whether the technology been fully absorbed	NA
	(d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof	NA



(iv) the expenditure incurred on Research and Development

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Aditya Infotech Limited

Place: Noida

Date: August 2, 2024

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman (DIN: 00514501) Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1

New Delhi-110048

Pawan Mahur & Associates Company Secretaries

Peer Review Audit No. I2016DE1492400

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

To

The Members

Aditya Infotech Limited

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase – 1

New Delhi-110020

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Aditya Infotech Limited** (hereinafter called the "Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, We hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024, according to the provisions of:

- i. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder to the extent of Regulation 76;
- Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- v. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'): Not Applicable

, 6th Floor, Pragati Tower, Rajendra Place, New Delhi – 110008 wanmahur@gmail.com I +91-8882282141| +91- 11 41411600

- a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992;
- c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
- d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999;
- e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
- f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; and
- h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998;
- vi. Other laws specifically applicable to the company are as under and it has been confirmed & declared by the management that the company has duly complied with the said laws:-
 - 1. The Employees Provident fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 along with labour laws
 - 2. Employees State Insurance Act, 1948
 - 3. Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
 - 4. Payment Gratuity Act, 1972
 - 5. The Legal Metrology Act read with packaged commodity Rules .
 - 6. The Environmental Act, 1986 and its allied applicable laws
 - 7. The Custom Act, 1962
 - 8. E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India and notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs.
- ii. SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015: Not Applicable.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes (appointment or otherwise) in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining

further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings are carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committee of the Board, as the case may be.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period no specific events/ actions took place having a major bearing on the Company's affair in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc.

We further report that:

a) the Company has declared a final dividend on October 28, 2023 in the Annual General Meeting of the Company. However, there was a slight delay from the Company's end in crediting the amount of Dividend declared into the special bank account, nonetheless the dividend was transferred to all the eligible shareholders within the prescribed period of 30 days from the date of declaration and has complied with the provisions of Section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013 in this regard.

For & on behalf of M/s. Pawan Mahur & Associates Company Secretaries

Pawan Kamar Mahur

Proprietor C. P. No. - 16961

Peer Review No.I2016DE1492400

Date:23.07.2024 Place: New Delhi

UDIN:F008462F000801958

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure-A and forms an integral part of this report.

Pawan Mahur & Associates Company Secretaries

Peer Review Audit No. I2016DE1492400



Annexure- A

To

The Members

Aditya Infotech Limited

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase - 1

New Delhi-110020

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on the random test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on random test basis.
- The secretarial audit report is neither as assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For & on behalf of

M/s. Pawan Mahur & Associates

Company Secretaries

Pawan Kumar Mahur

Proprietor

C. P. No. - 16961

Reer Review No. I2016DE1492400

Date:23.07.2024 Place: New Delhi

UDIN:F008462F000801958

21st Floor, DLF Square Jacaranda Marg, DLF Phase II, Gurugram - 122 002 Haryana, India

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Aditya Infotech Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Standalone Statement of Cash Flow and the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and its profit (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

4. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the financial information included in the Directors' Report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

- 5. The accompanying standalone financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 6. In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.
- As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10)
 of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout
 the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act
 we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate
 internal financial controls system with reference to standalone financial statements in
 place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty
 exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's
 ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists,
 we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the
 standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our
 opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our
 auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease
 to continue as a going concern; and
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 11. As required by section 197(16) of the Act based on our audit, we report that the Company has paid remuneration to its directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- 12. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act we give in the Annexure A a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- Further to our comments in Annexure A, as required by section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying standalone financial statements;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books, except for the matters stated in paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
 - The standalone financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;

- In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act;
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
- f) The modification relating to maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in paragraph 13(b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company as on 31 March 2024 and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure B wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company, as detailed in note 46 to the standalone financial statements, has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position as at 31 March 2024;
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2024;
 - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024.
 - iv. a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 56(h) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 56(i) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - c. Based on such audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
 - v. a. The final dividend paid by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024 in respect of such dividend declared for the previous year, is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend; and



- b. As stated in note 47 to the accompanying standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2024 which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company, in respect of financial year commencing on 1 April 2023, has used accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same have been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that the audit trail feature was not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes, as described in note 55 to the standalone financial statements. Further, during the course of our audit, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, where such feature is enabled.

ED ACC

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner Membership No.: 503843

UDIN: 24503843BKFAQQ7152

Place: Gurugram Date: 02 August 2024

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment, capital work-inprogress, investment property and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) The property, plant and equipment, capital work-in-progress, investment property and relevant details of right-of-use assets have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of physical verification program adopted by the Company, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
 - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties including investment properties held by the Company (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company. For title deeds of immovable properties in the nature of:

Type of Property	Property Address	Gross carrying value as at 31 March 2024 (Rs.in million)*	
Leasehold Land	Plot no. 12, Block A Sector-4, Noida, Uttar Pradesh	23.44	
Freehold Land	F-28, Okhla, New Delhi	50.04	
Investment Property - Building	Janki Centre, Andheri West, Mumbai	6.78	

*Gross carrying value represents acquisition cost of respective immovable properties

which have been mortgaged as security for loans or borrowings taken by the Company, confirmations with respect to title of the Company have been directly obtained by us from the respective lenders.

- d) The Company has adopted cost model for its Property, Plant and Equipment including rightof-use assets and intangible assets. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) (a) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate and no discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed.
 - (b) The Company has a working capital limit in excess of Rs 5 crore sanctioned by banks based on the security of current assets. The quarterly statements, in respect of the working capital limits have been filed by the Company with such banks and such statements are in agreement with the books of account of the Company for the respective periods, which were not subject to audit/ review.

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(iii) (a) The Company has provided loan to Joint Venture Company during the year as per details given below:

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	Loan
Aggregate amount provided during the year: - Joint Venture Company	80.00
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases: - Joint Venture Company	82.52*

*Includes closing balance of interest accrued as at balance sheet date.

- (b) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the terms and conditions of the grant of loan are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company. The Company has not provided any guarantee or given any security or granted any advances in the nature of loans during the year.
- (c) In respect of loan granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the principal amount is not due for repayment currently, however, the receipts of interest are regular.
- (d) There is no overdue amount in respect of loans or advances in the nature of loans granted to such companies, firms, LLPs or other parties.
- (e) The Company has not granted loan which has fallen due during the year. Further, no fresh loans were granted to any party to settle the overdue loan that existed as at the beginning of the year.
- (f) The Company has not granted any loan which is repayable on demand or without specifying any terms of period of repayment.
- (iv) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans and investments made and guarantees and security provided by it, as applicable.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there is no amount which has been considered as deemed deposit within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products/ services/ business activities. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities by the Company, though there have been slight delays in few cases. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.



Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Gross Amount (Rs. in millions) *	Amount paid under Protest (Rs. in millions)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income- tax Act, 1961	Income Tax on account of certain disallowances	197.43	3.80	Assessment year 2019-20	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
Income- tax Act, 1961	Income Tax on account of certain disallowances	0.40	•	Assessment year 2020-21	Assessing Officer
Income- tax Act, 1961	Income Tax on account of certain disallowances	0.63		Assessment year 2021-22	Assessing Officer
The Delhi Value Added Tax, 2004	Value Added Tax	0.15	10	Financial year 2012-13	Delhi VAT Appellate Authority
The Jammu and Kashmir Value Added Tax, 2005	Value Added Tax	2.55	0.07	Financial year 2016-17	J&K VAT Appellate Authority
The Jammu and Kashmir Value Added Tax, 2005	Value Added Tax	9,49	0.96	Financial year 2017-18	J&K VAT Assessing Authority
Customs Act, 1962	Short levy of Custom duty	5.16	0.13	Financial year 2020-21	Commissioner (Appeals) Mumbai
Customs Act, 1962	Short levy of Custom duty	17.79	1.33	Financial year 2020-21	Customs Audit Commissioner Tamil Nadu
Customs Act, 1962	Short levy of Custom duty	1.27	0.09	Financial year 2022-23	Commissioner (Appeals) Delh
Customs Act, 1962	Wrong availment of MEIS script benefits	2.67	0.10	Financial year 2016-17	Commissioner of Custom House
The Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	Wrong availment of ITC	0.37	0.25	Financial year 2017-18	Commissioner (Appeals) Chhattisgarh
The Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	Wrong availment of ITC	0.42	0.02	Financial year 2017-18	Commissioner (Appeals) Chandigarh
The Central Goods and Services Tax Act 2017	Wrong availment of ITC	4.15	0.21	Financial year 2018-19	Commissioner (Appeals) Mumbai

*Represents amounts as per demand orders and includes interest and penalties as per the respective orders, wherever applicable.

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been recorded in the books of accounts.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including representation received from the management of the Company and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, money raised by way of term loans were applied for the purposes for which these were obtained.
- (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, funds raised by the Company on short term basis have not been utilized for long term purposes.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiary or joint venture.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiary or joint venture company.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
 - (b) No report under section 143(12) of the Act has been filed with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable. Further, the details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements, as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system as required under section 138 of the Act which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered the reports issued by the Internal Auditors of the Company till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xv) of the Order with respect to compliance with the provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

- (b) Based on the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management of the Company, the Group (as defined in Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CIC.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred any cash loss in the current as well as the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any unspent amount in respect of any ongoing or other than ongoing project as at the expiry of the financial year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal Partner

Membership No.: 503843

UDIN: 24503843BKFAQQ7152

Place: Gurugram Date: 02 August 2024

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

 In conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ('the Company') as at and for the year ended 31 March 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the 'ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, and the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

EDACC

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal Partner

Membership No.: 503843

UDIN: 24503843BKFAQQ7152

Place: Gurugram Date: 02 August 2024

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

4 5 6 7 8A 8B		214.82 476.69 2.36 3.79 7.75	264.28 368.52 1.83 4.08
5 6 7 8A 8B		476.69 2.36 3.79	368.52 1.83
5 6 7 8A 8B		476.69 2.36 3.79	368.52 1.83
6 7 8A 8B		2.36 3.79	1.83
7 8A 8B		3.79	
8A 8B			4.08
8B 9		7.75	
9			11.53
		152.64	63.79
10		112.27	111.30
300000		46.59	179.17
11		69.77	56.74
12		8.03	8.03
13		111.25	41.63
		1,205.96	1,110.70
		56050000	
14		5,092.05	5,110.50
15		7,342.70	6,149.50
16		393.12	1,471.4
17		311.69	2,238.2
18		82.52	
19		1,814.21	632.4
20		294.07	171.3
	-	15,330.36	15,773.6
	1	16,536.32	16,884.3
		100750	50.5
			20.5
22	8-		2,878.8
	100	4,320.36	2,899.3
200		200 54	427.8
			96.8
24	6		72.6
	119	548.73	597.2
		200000	- 23.002
			3,668.1
5		129.11	75.8
26		79.99	115.0
		5,940.74	8,989.7
			246.
			64.
			33.
			1935
-30	,	101000000000000000000000000000000000000	13,387.
			16,884.
	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 5 24 25 5 24	10

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these standalone financial statements. This is the Standalone Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

HANDIOA

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Material accounting policy information

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mutal

Membership Nm.: 503843

or and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Kh Chairman

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida Date: 02 August 2024

sani Tandon

Company Secretary

Place: Gurugram Date: 02 August 2024

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Income:	02878	763868076878	an 0.15 17
Revenue from operations	31	27,824.26	22,845.47
Other income	32	134.68	137.32
l'otal income		27,958.94	22,982.79
Expenses:		= = = =	01.077.20
Purchases of stock-in-trade	33	22,698.63	21,076.39
Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade	34	20.77	(2,093.31)
Employee benefits expense	35	1,322.00	1,020.14
Finance costs	36	309,03	232.16
Depreciation and amortization expenses	.37	157.13	88.49
Other expenses	38	1,553.05	1,229.14
Total expenses		26,060.61	21,553.01
Profit before exceptional items and tax		1,898.33	1,429.78
Exceptional items (credit)/ expense	39	(42.14)	57.87
Profit before tax		1,940.47	1,371.91
Tax expense:	40		127,000,000
Current tax expense		506.93	346.35
Deferred tax (credit)/ expense		(8.00)	2.37
Earlier years (ax adjustments (net)		(4.46)	1.86
Total tax expense		494.47	350.58
Profit for the year		1,446.00	1,021.33
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Re-measurements of the defined benefit plans		(19.97)	1.36
Income tax relating to above item		5.03	(0.34)
Other comprehensive income		(14.94)	1.02
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,431.06	1,022.35
Earnings per equity share			21222
Basic and diluted	41	14.11	9.96
Material accounting policy information	3		
99 - 1990- 1990- 1990 -			

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these standalone financial statements. This is the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida

Date: 02 August 2024

DIN:00514552

Company Secretary

Place: Gurugram

Date: 02 August 2024

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

	mounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated) Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
A	Cash flow from operating activities	7 2 2 2	4 221 01
	Profit before tax	1,940.47	1,371.91
	Adjustments for:		0.00000000
	Depreciation and amortization expenses	157.13	88.49
	Interest income on bank deposits	(104.98)	(60.85)
	Interest income on security deposits	(1.55)	(0.50)
	Dividend income	(0.06)	(28.69)
	Liabilities no longer required written back	(6.25)	(15.34)
	Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	(2.02)	(0.01)
	Rental income	(4.22)	(4.68) 18.25
	Balances written off	7.56	7.51
	Foreign exchange (gain)/loss (net)	(8.46)	201.09
	Finance cost	279.02 26.06	13.40
	Interest expense on lease liabilities		(2.22)
	Gain on extinguishment of lease	(1.82)	1.82
	(Gain)/ loss on measurement of investment at FVTPL	(0.98)	1,590.16
	Operating profit before working capital changes	2,219.90	1,000.10
	Movement in working capital	40.45	(2,083.75)
	Decrease/(mcrease) in inventorics	18.45	(888.82)
	Increase in trade receivables	(1,200.68)	(3.24)
	Increase in other current assets and non current assets	(192.29)	(96.57)
	Increase in other financial assets	(320.86)	34.50
	Increase in other financial liabilities	1,077.71 79.62	(23.51)
	Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	43.03	1.66
	Increase in provisions	(3,075.64)	2,446.55
	Decrease/(increase) in trade payables	(1,290.77)	976.97
	Cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities post working capital changes	(509.94)	(422.15)
	Income tax paid(net) Not cash (used in)/generated from operating activities (A)	(1,800.71)	554.82
3207	0.054000 Bell Section (Section 10 April		
В	Cash flow from investing activities	(188.75)	(71.17)
В	Cash flow from investing activities Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development	(188.75)	(71.17)
В	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development	(188.75) 1,199.74	2000-000-000
В	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net)	motatue in	2000-000-000
В	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment	1,199.74	(1,295.33)
В	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party	1,199.74 124.63	(1,295.33)
в	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds	1,199.74 124.63	(1,295.33) 0.72
В	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds Rental income	1,199.74 124.63 (80.00)	(1,295.33) 0.72 - 52.60 4.68
В	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds Rental income Dividend income	1,199.74 124.63 (80.00)	(1,295.33) 0.72 - 52.60
В	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds Rental income	1,199.74 124.63 (80.00) 4.22 0.06	52.60 4.68 28.69
В	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds Rental income Dividend income Interest received Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B)	1,199.74 124.63 (80.00) 4.22 0.06 104.98	(1,295.33) 0.72 52.60 4.68 28.69 60.85
С	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds Rental income Dividend income Interest received Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B)	1,199.74 124.63 (80.00) 4.22 0.06 104.98	(1,295.33) 0.72 52.60 4.68 28.69 60.85 (1,218.96
С	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds Rental income Dividend income Interest received Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B) Cash flow from financing activities Finance cost paid	1,199.74 124.63 (80.00) 4.22 0.06 104.98 1,164.88	(1,295.33 0.72 52.60 4.68 28.69 60.85 (1,218.96
С	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds Rental income Dividend income Interest received Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B) Cash flow from financing activities Finance cost paid (Repsyment)/proceeds from related party loans	1,199.74 124.63 (80.00) 4.22 0.06 104.98 1,164.88	(1,295.33 0.72 52.60 4.68 28.69 60.85 (1,218.96
С	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds Rental income Dividend income Interest received Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B) Cash flow from financing activities Finance cost paid (Repsyment)/proceeds from related party loans Proceeds from long-term borrowings	1,199.74 124.63 (80.00) 4.22 0.06 104.98 1,164.88	(1,295.33, 0.72 52,60 4.68 28.69 60.85 (1,218.96 (201.09 300.00 25.00
С	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds Rental income Dividend income Interest received Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B) Cash flow from financing activities Finance cost paid (Repsyment)/proceeds from related party loans Proceeds from long-term borrowings Repayment of long term borrowings	1,199.74 124.63 (80.00) 4.22 0.06 104.98 1,164.88 (279.02) (273.93) 49.42	(1,295.33, 0.72 52,60 4.68 28.69 60.85 (1,218.96 (201.09 300.00 25.00 (389.09
С	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds Rental income Dividend income Interest received Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B) Cash flow from financing activities Finance cost paid (Repsyment)/proceeds from related party loans Proceeds from long-term borrowings Repayment of long term borrowings Proceeds from short term borrowings Proceeds from short term borrowings	1,199.74 124.63 (80.00) 4.22 0.06 104.98 1,164.88 (279.02) (273.93) 49.42 (197.07)	(1,295.33 0.72 52.60 4.68 28.69 60.85 (1,218.96 (201.09 300.00 25.00 (389.09 7,868.07
С	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds Rental income Dividend income Interest received Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B) Cash flow from financing activities Finance cost paid (Repayment)/proceeds from related party loans Proceeds from long-term borrowings Repayment of long term borrowings Proceeds from short term borrowings Repayment of short term borrowings Repayment of short term borrowings	1,199.74 124.63 (80.00) 4.22 0.06 104.98 1,164.88 (279.02) (273.93) 49.42 (197.07) 17,426.24	(1,295.33 0.72 52.60 4.68 28.69 60.85 (1,218.96 (201.09 300.00 25.00 (389.09 7,868.07 (5,616.09
С	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds Rental income Dividend income Interest received Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B) Cash flow from financing activities Finance cost paid (Repayment)/proceeds from related party loans Proceeds from loag-term borrowings Repayment of long term borrowings Proceeds from short term borrowings Repayment of short term borrowings Buy back of equity shares	1,199.74 124.63 (80.00) 4.22 0.06 104.98 1,164.88 (279.02) (273.93) 49.42 (197.07) 17,426.24 (17,054.76)	(1,295.33 0.72 52.60 4.68 28.69 60.85 (1,218.96 (201.09 300.00 25.00 (389.09 7,868.07 (5,616.09 (799.58 (38.50
С	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds Rental income Divident income Interest received Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B) Cash flow from financing activities Finance cost paid (Repayment)/proceeds from related party loans Proceeds from loag-term borrowings Repayment of long term borrowings Proceeds from short term borrowings Repayment of short term borrowings Buy back of equity shares Dividend paid during the year	1,199.74 124.63 (80.00) 4.22 0.06 104.98 1,164.88 (279.02) (273.93) 49.42 (197.07) 17,426.24 (17,054.76) (10.00) (77.36)	(1,295.33) 0.72 52.60 4.68 28.69 60.85 (1,218.96 (201.09 300.00 25.00 (389.09 7,868.07 (5,616.09 (799.58 (38.50 (43.94
С	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds Rental income Dividend income Interest received Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B) Cash flow from financing activities Finance cost paid (Repsyment)/proceeds from related party loans Proceeds from loag-term borrowings Repsyment of long term borrowings Repsyment of short term borrowings Repsyment of short term borrowings Buy back of equity shares Dividend paid during the year Principal payment of lease liabilities Interest payment of lease liabilities	1,199.74 124.63 (80.00) 4.22 0.06 104.98 1,164.88 (279.02) (273.93) 49.42 (197.07) 17,426.24 (17,054.76) - (10.00) (77.36) (26.06)	(1,295.33) 0.72 52.60 4.68 28.69 60.85 (1,218.96) (201.09 300.00 25.00 (389.09 7,868.07 (5,616.09 (799.58 (38.50 (43.94) (13.40)
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С	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds Rental income Dividend income Interest received Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B) Cash flow from financing activities Finance cost paid (Repsyment)/proceeds from related party loans Proceeds from loag-term borrowings Repsyment of long term borrowings Repsyment of short term borrowings Buy back of equity shares Dividend paid during the year Principal payment of lease liabilities Interest payment of lease liabilities Net cash (used in)/flow from financing activities (C)	1,199.74 124.63 (80.00) 4.22 0.06 104.98 1,164.88 (279.02) (273.93) 49.42 (197.07) 17,426.24 (17,054.76) (10.00) (77.36) (26.06) (442.54)	(1,295.33) 0.72 52.60 4.68 28.69 60.85 (1,218.96) (201.09 300.00 25.00 (389.09 7,868.07 (5,616.09 (799.58 (38.50 (43.94) (13.40
С	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net) Sale of property, plant and equipment Loan to related party Proceeds from redemption of bonds Rental income Dividend income Interest received Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B) Cash flow from financing activities Finance cost paid (Repsyment)/proceeds from related party loans Proceeds from long-term borrowings Repayment of long term borrowings Repayment of short term borrowings Buy back of equity shares Dividend paid during the year Principal payment of lease liabilities Interest payment of lease liabilities Net cash (used in)/flow from financing activities (C)	1,199.74 124.63 (80.00) 4.22 0.06 104.98 1,164.88 (279.02) (273.93) 49.42 (197.07) 17,426.24 (17,054.76) - (10.00) (77.36) (26.06)	(1,295.33) 0.72 52.60 4.68 28.69 60.85 (1,218.96) (201.09 300.00 25.00 (389.09 7,868.07 (5,616.09 (799.58 (38.50 (43.94 (13.40 1,091.37

1 X

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Standalone Statement of Cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
9000 1	
1.17	1.22
0.59	3.42
7.09	56.28
77.82	493.27
306.45	917.30
393.12	1,471.49
	31 March 2024 1.17 0.59 7.09 77.82 306.45

Also refer note 23 for changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

Note: The above standalone cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS-7) Statement of Cash Flow.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these standalone financial statements. This is the Standalone Statement of Cash flows referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

Date: 02 August 2024

Place: Gurugram





For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka Chairman DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida Date: 02 August 2024 رشد ۱

Rovini l'andon Company Secretary

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity share capital (refer note 21)

Particulars	Opening balance as at 1 April 2023	Issue during the year	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2024	
Equity share capital	20.50			20.50	

Previous reporting period Particulars	Opening balance as at 1 April 2022	Issue during the year	Changes in equity share capital during the year*	Balance as at 31 March 2023	
Equity share capital	25.00		(4.50)	20.50	

*Refer Note 21(f)

B. Other equity (refer note 22)

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus				
	Retained Barnings	General reserve	Capital Redemption reserve		
Balance as at 31 March 2022	2,519.62	170.42		2,690.04	
Profit for the year	1,021.33	14	+	1,021.33	
Premium paid on buy back of equity shares*	(644.86)	12	2	(644.86)	
Tax paid on buy back of equity shares*	(150.22)	19		(150.22)	
Transfer to capital redemption reserve upon buy back of equity shares*	(4.50)	- 27	4.50		
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax impact)	1.02			1.02	
Dividend paid during the year	(38.50)	4	8	(38.50)	
Bulance as at 31 March 2023	2,703.89	170.42	4.50	2,878.81	
Profit for the year	1,446.00			1,446.00	
Other compachensive income for the year (not of tax impact)	(14.94)		8	(14.94)	
Dividend paid during the year (refer note 47)	(10.00)		70.80	(10.00)	
Balance as at 31 March 2024	4,124.94	170,42	4.50	4,299.86	

^{*}Refer Note 21(f)

This is the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

Place: Gorogram Date: 02 August 2024



Place: Noida

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFO'I ECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka Chairman DX:00514552 DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Ani Tandon Company Secretary

Date: 02 August 2024

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

1 Corporate information

Aditya Infotech Limited ("the Company") is a Public limited company having CIN no. U74899DL1995PLC066784 and was incorporated on 27 March 1995 with Registrar of Companies, New Delhi. The Company's registered office is situated at F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase 1, New Delhi - 110020 and corporate office is situated at A- 12, Sector-4, Noida - 201301. The Company is engaged in trading of security and surveillance equipment and components under 'CP Plus' brand. Further, the Company is also engaged in trading of security and surveillance equipments and components manufactured by Dahua Technologies Group.

2 Basis of preparation of Standalone financial statements

'These standalone financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time, presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 ("Ind AS compliant schedule") and other relevant provisions of the Act

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities:

- a) Certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value; and
- b) Defined benefit plans-plan assets measured at fair value.

The standalone financial statements have been prepared and presented in INR, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in INR has been rounded to the nearest million unless, except when otherwise indicated.

Assets and liabilities are classified as current and non-current as per Company's normal operating cycle which is based on the nature of business of the Company. Current assets do not include elements which are not expected to be realised within 1 year and current liabilities do not include items which are due after 12 month, the period of 12 months being reckoned from the reporting date.

The standalone financial statements were approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 02 August 2024.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

3 Material accounting policy information

(a) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the entity and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made.

Revenue is measured at the transaction price for each separate performance obligation taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government. The transaction price is net of estimated customer returns, rebates, discounts and other similar allowances.

(i) Sale of security and surveillance equipment and components

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised goods to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which Company expects to receive in exchange of those goods. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control is transferred to the customer, based on terms of contracts with the customers which generally coincides with delivery of products to customers in case of domestic sales and on the basis of bill of lading in the case of export sales.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the control of the product is transferred, the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied;

- The Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods.
- . The Company has a present right to payment for the asset.
- The Company has transferred physical possession of the asset, whereby the customer has the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, the asset or to restrict the access of other entities to those benefits.

Provision for contractual warranty is recognised as per the principles defined under Ind AS 37 Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets. When the consideration is received, before the entity transfers a goods to the customer, the entity presents the consideration as contract liability.

(ii) Rendering of services including business support and technical training services

- (a) Revenue from business support services is recognised over a period of time when the services are rendered as per the terms of the respective contracts with the customers.
- (b) Revenue from other services including technical training services are recognised at a point in time as and when the services are rendered as per the terms of the respective contracts with the customers.









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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend is recognised when right to receive the payment is established.

(iv) Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised and accrued using effective interest rate method.

(v) Insurance & Other Claims

Revenue in respect of claims is recognized when no significant uncertainty exists with regard to the amount to be realized and the ultimate collection thereof.

Assets and liabilities arising from rights of return:

(i) Right of return assets

Right of return asset represents the Company's right to recover the goods expected to be returned by customers. The asset is measured at the former carrying amount of the inventory, less any expected costs to recover the goods, including any potential decreases in the value of the returned goods. The Company updates the measurement of the asset recorded for any revisions to its expected level of returns, as well as any additional decreases in the value of the returned goods.

(ii) Refund liabilities

A refund liability is the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from the customer and is measured at the amount the Company ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Company updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period.

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost determined on weighted average cost basis and net-realisable value. Cost includes freight, taxes and duties net of GST input tax credit, wherever applicable. Customs duty payable on material in bonded warehouse is added to the cost of the material.

Not realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated cost of completion and cost necessary to make the sale.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Property plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably. Property, Plant and Equipment which are significant to the total cost of that item of Property, Plant and Equipment and having different useful life are accounted separately. Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided using written down value method on depreciable amount. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act,

The estimates of useful life of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Particulars	Useful life as per Schedule II of the Act
Building	60 Years
Computers and Peripherals	
- Computers	3 Years
- Servers	6 Years
Office Equipment	5 Years
Furniture, Fixture and Fittings	10 Years
Motorcycles and scooters	10 Years
Motor cars	8 Years
Plant and machinery	15 Years

De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.



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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(d) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development costs are expensed as incurred unless technical and commercial feasibility of the project is demonstrated, future economic benefits are probable, the Company has an intention and ability to complete and use or sell the product and the costs can be measured reliably. The costs, which can be capitalized include the cost of material, direct labor, overhead costs that are directly attributable to prepare the asset for its intended use.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

Intangible assets	Useful life
Computer Software	6 years
Trademark	10 years

De-recognition

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gain or loss arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

(e) Intangible assets under development

Intangible assets under development represents expenditure incurred in respect of intangible assets under development and are carried at cost less accumulated impairment loss, if any. Cost includes related acquisition expenses, development costs, borrowing costs and other direct expenditure.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation, or both. Investment properties are measured initially at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost, if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Investment properties are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation on investment properties is provided on the written down value method computed on the basis of useful lives as prescribed in the Schedule II of the Act:

Investment property	Useful life as per Schedule II of the Act
Building	60 years

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at the end of each financial year.

Investment properties are de recognized either when they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss in the period of de-recognition.

(g) Impairment of non-financial assets- property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property

At the end of each reporting period, the entity reviews the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its zecoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generated unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand, cheques in hand and short-term deposits with an original of three months or loss, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of eash equivalents don and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.







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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(i) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the year is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

(i) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as share split, bonus issue that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted carnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

(k) Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets

(i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss.

(ii) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is recognised for:

Possible obligation which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company.

 Present obligation arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation cannot be made.

(iii) Contingent assets

Contingent assets are not recognised in the standalone financial statements. Contingent assets are disclosed in the standalone financial statements to the extent it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Company from such assets.

(f) Leases: Right-of-use asset and Lease liabilities

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for land and buildings- warehouse and office premises and vehicles. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset ("ROUP") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short term leases), and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognises the lease rentals as an operating expense in the statement of profit and loss account.

(i)Right-of-use assets

At the commencement date, the right of use assets is measured at cost. The cost includes an amount equal to the lease liabilities plus adjusted for the amount of prepaid or accrued lease payments. After the commencement date, the right of use assets is measured in accordance with the accounting policy for property, plant and equipment i.e. right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- · the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- · any initial direct costs, and
- · restoration costs,

(ii) Lease liabilities

The lease liability is initially measured at amortised cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination

Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows. The Company has used a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Company, the lessee's incremental horrowing rate is used.





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

At the commencement date, the Company determines the lease term which represents non-cancellable period of initial lease for which the asset is expected to be used, together with the periods covered by an option to extend or terminate the lease, if the Company is reasonably certain at the commencement date to exercise the extension or termination option.

(iv)Short term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis which is more representative of the pattern of use of underlying asset.

The following is the summary of practical expedients elected on initial application:

- (i) Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with a similar end date.
- (ii) Applied the exemption not to recognise right-of-use assets and liabilities for lesses with less than 12 months of lease term on the date of initial application and low value asset.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Payments associated with short-term leases of property, plant and office equipment and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

(m) Foreign Currencies

The Company's Financial Statements are presented in INR which is also the Company's functional currency. Foreign currency transaction are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency, using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities outstanding at the year-end are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the year-end and the gain or loss, is recognised in the Standalone statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

(n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

(o) Retirement and other employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as employees' state insurance, labour welfare fund, superannuation scheme, employee pension scheme etc. are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. Company's provident fund contribution, in respect of certain employees, is made to a Government administered fund and charged as an expense to the standalone statement of profit and loss. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company has no further defined obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

(ii) Defined benefit plan

Gratuity

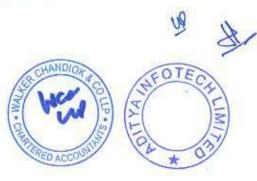
Gratuity is a post-employment benefit and is in the nature of a defined benefit plan. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. The defined benefit obligation is determined by actuarial valuation as on the balance sheet date, using the projected unit credit method. Remeasurements, comprising of actuarist gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- The date that the Company recognises related restructuring costs.

The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss:

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and nonroutine settlements; and
- · Net interest expense or income.





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(iii) Other long-term employee benefits (compensated absences)

Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed within one year from the balance sheet date is recognised on the basis of undiscounted value of estimated amount required to be paid or estimated value of benefit expected to be availed by the employees. Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed more than one year after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of an actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are credited or charged to the Statement of profit and loss in the year in which such gains or losses are determined.

(iv) Short-term and other long-term employee benefits

Expense in respect of other short-term benefits is recognised on the basis of the amount paid or payable for the period during which services are rendered by the employees.

Investments in subsidiary and joint venture

Investments representing equity interests in subsidiary and joint venture are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of these investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

(q) Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and the net change in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year. Current and deferred tax are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they selate to items that are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current income tax, assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the Income Computation and Disclosure Standards (ICDS) enacted in India by using tax rates and the tax laws that are enacted as at the reporting

Current income tax relating to item recognized outside the statement of profit and loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or equity). Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transactions either in OCI or directly in equity.

The Company's management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Current tax assets and current tax habilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in financial statements, except when the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill, an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the earry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

(iii) Indirect taxes

GST input tax credit on materials purchased / services availed are taken into account at the time of purchase and availing of services. GST input tax credit on purchase of capital items wherever applicable are taken into account as and when the assets are acquired. The GST input tax credits so taken are utilised for payment of GST on supply of goods and services. The unutilised GSF input tax credit is carried forward in the books of accounts as 'balance with government authorities'.









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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(r) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial asset or financial habilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction cost directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Assets except trade receivables are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of Financial Assets, which are not at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of Financial Assets are recognised using trade date accounting. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price.

B. Subsequent Measurement

a) Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost (AC)

A Financial Asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount

b) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A Financial Asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling Financial Assets and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

A Financial Asset which is not classified in any of the above categories is measured at FVTPL. Financial assets are reclassified subsequent to their recognition, if the Company changes its business model for managing those financial assets. Changes in business model are made and applied prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of immediately next reporting period following the changes in business model in accordance with principles laid down under Ind AS 109 -Hinancial Instruments.

C. Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

ECL is the weighted-average of difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate, with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

(i) Trade receivables

In respect of trade receivables, the Company applies the samplified approach of Ind AS 109, which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

(ii) Other financial assets

In respect of its other financial assets, the entity assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the entity measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

When making this assessment, the entity uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial asset. To make that assessment, the entity compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company treither transfers nor retains subsequently all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the entity recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for the amount it may have to

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset.











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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Financial liabilities

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Liabilities are recognized at fair value and in case of borrowings, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost.

B. Subsequent Measurement

Financial Liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Company. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and transactions costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is due within 12 months after reporting period. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

C. De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the halance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(s) Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Pair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the standalone financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

(t) Derivative financial instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any gains or losses from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to statement of profit and loss.

(u) Exceptional items

Items which are material by virtue of their size and nature are disclosed separately as exceptional items to ensure that financial statements allows an understanding of the underlying performance of the business during the year and to facilitate comparison with prior year.











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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(v) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM").

Identification of segments:

In accordance with Ind AS 108 Operating Segments, the operating segments used to present segment information are identified on the basis of information reviewed by the Company's management to allocate resources to the segments and assess their performance. An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it earns revenues and incurs expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Company's other components.

Results of the operating segments are reviewed regularly by the Chief Operating Decision Maker, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment

and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available.

(w) Significant estimates and judgements

The preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Standalone Financial Statements is included in the following notes:

Recognition and estimation of tax expense including deferred tax — Note 3(q), Note 11 and Note 40

Estimated impairment of financial assets and non-financial assets — Note 3(g) and Note 3(r)

- Assessment of useful life of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets Note 3(c), (d), (e) and Note 4, Note 7 and Note 8
- Estimation of assets and obligations relating to employee benefits Note 3(o) and Note 45

· Valuation of inventories - Note 3(b)

Recognition and measurement of contingent liabilities – Note 3(k) and Note 46

Leases - Note 3(f) and Note 5

- Fair value measurement Note 3(s) and Note 42
- Provision for warranty Note 3(a) and Note 24 and 28
- Expected credit loss Note 3(r) and Note 15

(x) Recent accounting pronouncements:

New and Amended Standards Adopted by the Company:

The Company has applied the following amendments for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 April 2023:

- (i) Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors The amendments to Ind AS 8 clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates, changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. They also clarify how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates.
- (ii) Ind AS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements The amendments to Ind AS 1 provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures. This amendment did not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements and disclosures.
- (iii) Ind AS 12 Income Taxes The amendments to Ind AS 12 Income Tax narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences such as leases and decommissioning liabilities. The Company previously recognised for deferred tax on leases on a net basis. Pursuant to the aforementioned amendment, the Company has grossed-up the Deferred tax assets (DTA) and Deferred tax liabilities (DTL) recognised in relation to leases w.c.f. 1 April 2022. However, the said gross-up has no impact on the net deferred tax liabilities/expense presented in the financial statements.
- (iv) New Standards/Amendments notified but not yet effective: Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. As at 31 March 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.







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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

4 Property, plant and equipment			70/	- 28 0.00000000000000000000000000000000000	Office	Vehicles	Furniture and	Total
Particulars	Land	Building	Plant and machinery	Computers	equipment	vemeres	fixtures	******
As at 31 March 2022	50.04	162.16	2.39	13.53	16.59	36.19	18.82	299.72
	2000	25		11.96	2.13	28.13	1.98	44.20
Additions		-		1-0000000	7.19	3.50	0.47	11.16
Disposals	50.04	162,16	2.39	25.49	11.53	60.82	20.33	332.76
As at 31 March 2023	50.04	102.10	2.45	23.06	5.91	56.21	7.78	95.41
Additions	1	400.04	1.81	2.43	6.96	8.88	11.09	139.21
Disposals		108.04			10.48	108,15	17.02	288.96
As at 31 March 2024	50.04	54.12	3.03	46.12	10,48	100,13	17.02	200170
Accumulated depreciation						40.77	0.22	48.50
As at 31 March 2022	131	15.58	0.83	6.78	6.62	10.37	8.32	
Charge for the year	157.0	7.15	0.29	7.74	3.83	8.63	2.79	30.43
Disposals	125	12/1	-	3	6.83	3.22	0.40	10.45
As at 31 March 2023	32	22.73	1.12	14.52	3.62	15.77	10.71	68.48
Charge for the year	122	5.48	0.21	12.45	3.20	20.47	2.93	44.74
ALC: CONTROL OF A PARTY.	540	18.23	0.96	1.81	5.06	5.61	7.41	39.08
Disposals As at 31 March 2024	-	9,98	0.37	25,16	1.76	30.63	6.23	74.14
572 777 5								071.00
Net block as at 31 March 2023	50.04	139.43	1.27	10.97	7.91	45.05	9.62	264.28
Net block as at 31 March 2024	50.04	44.14	2.66	20.96	8.72	77.52	10.79	214.82

(i) Contractual obligations

Refer note 46 for contractual commitments for acquisition of properly, plant and equipment as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

(ii) Capitalised borrowing costs There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

(iii) Property, plant and equipment pledged as security for borrowings

Property, plant and equipment have been pledged as security for horrowings, refer note 23 for details.













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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

5 Leases

14)	12.5	-	he	of.	1100
14.6	300	15.		100	rra.

Right of use	Leasehold land*	Office and warehouse	IT equipment	Vehicles	Total
Particulars	Lancinotti inita				
Right-of-usc assets	213.95	124.01	8	4.82	342.78
As at 31 March 2022	215.75	164-35	5.09	11.19	180.63
Additions	100	(55.66)		(1.66)	(57.32)
Deletions	217.05	232.69	5.09	14.35	466.09
As at 31 March 2023	213,95		3.67	4.25	237.46
Additions	W. O. T.	233.21		1.2	(27,27)
Deletions	(27.27)		f.00	18.60	676.28
As at 31 March 2024	186.68	465.90	5.09	18,00	070,20
Accumulated depreciation	200224			1.90	65.14
As at 31 March 2022	6.02	57.22		2520	
Charge for the year	3.01	47.69	1.27	1.90	53.88
Disposals		(21,07)	75.7	(0.38)	(21.45)
As at 31 March 2023	9.03	83.84	1.27	3,42	97.57
Charge for the year	2.85	98.71	1.70	3.28	106,54
Disposals	(4.52)	-	-	(H	(4.52)
As at 31 March 2024	7.36	17971179711	2.97	6.70	199,59
U2 HE 21 IMMICH SON-1					
Net Block as at 31 March 2023	204.92	148.85	3.82	10.94	368.52
Net Block as at 31 March 2024	179.32		2,12	11,90	476.69

^{*}Also refer note 52

Lagra Linkilling

Lease Landinty	AND NO. 4
Particulars	Total
As at 31 Murch 2022	74.75
Additions	177.76
Accretion of interest	13.40
Payments	(57.34)
Deletions	(35.87)
As at 31 March 2023	172,70
Additions	237.46
Accretion of interest	26.06
Payments	(103.42)
Gain on extinguishment and modification of lease	(1.82)
Deletions	(22.74)
As at 31 March 2024	308.24

Lease liability	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Current	129.11	75.86
Non-current	179.13	96.84
21011 (0)1.011	308.24	172.70

c) Company as a lessee

The Company has leases for the land, office building, warehouse facilities and vehicles. With the exception of short term leases and leases of low-value underlying assets, each lease is reflected on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. The Company classifies its right-of-use assets in a consistent manner to its property, plant and equipment.

Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Company to sublease the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Company. The Company is prohibited from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as security. Further, the Company is required to pay maintenance fees in accordance with the lease contracts.

i) The amounts recognized in statement of profit and loss:-

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	106.54	53.88
Interest expense on lease liabilities	26.06	13.40
Expense relating to short term leases	38.08	46.77
Gain on extinguishment/modification of lease	(1.82)	(2.22)
Net impact on statement of profit and loss	168.86	111.83

ii)

Amounts recognized in the cash flow statemen	t .	
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Payment of lease liabilities- principal and interest	103.42	57.34





iii) Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in Statement of profit and loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office furniture.

The Company has recognised Rs. 38.08 million pertaining to 31 March 2024 and Rs. 46,77 million pertaining to 31 March 2023 in respect of short term leases entered into by the Company.

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Company's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised in balance sheet:

The table below describes the nature of	31 Ma	rch 2024	31 March 2023		
Right of use asset	No, of right of use assets leased	Rauge of remaining term (in years)	No. of right of use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)	
Office building	37	2-6	28	2-6	
	- 8	2-3	9	2-3	
Warehouse facilities	37	2.4	12	2-5	
Vehicles	17		3	50-76	
Land	2	50-76	3		
IT Equipment	2	1-2	2	2-3	

v) Maturity of lease liabilities

		Minimum lease payments due					
31 March 2024	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
	(Alternative Parket)		24.70	90.19	368.2		
Lesse payments	139.66	86.70	61.70	80.18			

	TAN LEGITICATION .	lease payments du	16)	
Less than I year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
	83.60	27.47	15.35	214.77
	Less than I year 88.35	THE ST CHILLY YOU	Less than Lycar	Less than I year

vi) Information about extension and termination options

31 March 2024 Right of use assets	Number of leases	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term (in years)	Number of leases with extension option	Number of leases with purchase option	Number of leases with termination option
CS 700 6 70 57	37	2-6	4.00		-	37
Office building	8	2.3	2.50			8
Warehouse facilities	17	2-4	3.00		-	17
Vehicles	17	50-76	63.00			2
Land	2					2
TI' Founment	2	1-2	1.50			-

31 March 2023 Right of use assets	Number of leases	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term (in years)	Number of leases with extension option	Number of leases with purchase option	Number of leases with termination option
	28	2.6	4.00		-	28
Office building	2.0	2.3	2.50			9
Warehouse facilities	9		2000000			12
Vehicles	12	2-5	3.50			- 100
20 3. CM 1/CA	3	50-76	63.00		1.7	3
Land			2.50	-		2
IT Equipment	2	2.3	4			













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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

6. Capital Work in Progress

6. Capital Work in Flogress	
Particulars	Amount
Gross block	
As at 31 March 2022	Total
Additions	1.83
Capitalised	
As at 31 March 2023	1.83
Additions	0.53
Capitalised	1=1
As at 31 March 2024	2.36

(i) Ageing of capital work in progress:

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Amount	Total			
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	
Project in progress	0.53	1.83	3 4 0	()表)	2.36

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Amount	Total			
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	
Project in progress	1.83	-		-	1.83

- (ii) Capital work in progress, whose completion is overdue or exceeded its cost compared to its original plan: Nil (31 March 2023: Nil)
- (iii) Capital work in progress represents costs incurred on construction/development activities for the Noida property (also refer note 52).
- (iv) Refer note 46B for contractual commitments of capital work in progress as at 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023: Rs. Nil)









CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

7. Investment property

	Non factory Building	Total	
Particulars	Hon factory bunding	5-870	
Gross block	5.36	5.36	
As at 31 March 2022			
Additions	*	_ 5	
Disposals	* **	5.36	
As at 31 March 2023	5.36		
Additions		92	
Disposals			
As at 31 March 2024	5.36	5.36	
Accumulated depreciation			
As at 31 March 2022	0.97	0.97	
Charge for the year	0.31	0.31	
Disposals —			
As at 31 March 2023	1.28	1.28	
Charge for the year	0.29	0.29	
Disposals		T	
As at 31 March 2024	1.57	1.57	
As at 31 march 2024			
Net block as at 31 March 2023	4.08	4.08	
Net block as at 31 March 2024	3.79	3.79	
IVEL DIOCK AS AT 31 MAICH 2024	10000		

(i) Amount recognised in profit and loss for investment property:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Rental income	1.39	1.34
Less: direct operating expenses that generated rental income*		
Less: direct operating expenses that did not generate rental income*		101
Profit from leasing of investment property before depreciation	1.39	1.34
Less: depreciation expense	0.29	0.31
Profit from leasing of investment property after depreciation	1.10	1.03

^{*}Direct operating expenses attributable to investment property cannot be specifically identified with property, although management does not expect them to be material.

(ii) Fair value of investment property:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Fair value of office space at Janki Centre, Andheri, Mumbai	30.84	27.72
Pair value of office space at Janua Conne, random, random	30.84	27.72

The Company has appointed a registered valuer in accordance with Rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuer and Valuation) Rules, 2017 for the valuation of investment property. The fair value of investment property has been determined by external, independent property valuers, having appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued. The Company obtains independent valuation for its investment property at least annually and are considered to be a fair representation at which such properties can be sold in an active market. The fair value measurement of the investment property has been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used. Fair value has been determined using combination of market approach and cost approach. The market approach provides an indication of value by comparing the asset with identical or comparable (that is similar) assets for which price information is available whereas cost approach provides an indication of value using the economic principle that a buyer will pay no more for an asset than the cost to obtain an asset of equal utility, whether by purchase or by construction, unless undue time, inconvenience, risk or other factors are involved.

(iii) Contractual obligations

There are no contractual obligations outstanding as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

(iv) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.











CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

8A. Intangible assets

8A. Intangible assets	Committee	Trademark	Total
Particulars	Computer Software	Trademark	Total
Gross block			
As at 31 March 2022	10.57	11.55	22.12
Additions	3.02	23	3.02
Disposals	-	34	- 15
As at 31 March 2023	13.59	11.55	25.14
Additions	1.98	1.5	1.98
Disposals	120		_Y#3
As at 31 March 2024	15.57	11.55	27.12
Accumulated amortisation			
As at 31 March 2022	6.64	3.30	9.94
Charge for the year	2.22	1.65	3.87
Disposals	-	350	+
As at 31 March 2023	8.86	4.95	13.81
Charge for the year	3,91	1.65	5.56
Disposals			17 578
As at 31 March 2024	12.77	6.60	19.37
Net block as at 31 March 2023	4.73	6.60	11.33
Net block as at 31 March 2024	2.80	4.95	7.75







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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

8B. Intangible assets under development

8B. Intangible assets under development		
Particulars	Intangible assets under development	Total
Gross block	Tugar Barry	44.28
As at 31 March 2022	41.67	41.67
Additions	24.72	24.72
Capitalised	2.60	2.60
As at 31 March 2023	63.79	63.79
Additions	90.83	90.83
Capitalised	1.98	1,98
As at 31 March 2024	152.64	152.64

(i) Ageing of intangible asset under development:

As at 31 March 2024

As at 51 March 2024	Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of					
Particulars	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total	
Intangible assets under development	88.85	22.12	41.67		152.64	

As at 31 March 2023

	Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of					
Particulars	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total	
Intangible assets under development	22.12	41.67	-		63.79	

(ii) Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or exceeded its cost compared to its original plan: Nil (31 March 2023: Nil)

(iii) Contractual obligations

Refer note 46 for contractual commitments for acquisition of intangible assets as at 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023: Rs. Nil)

(iv) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.









CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupers millions, unless otherwise stated)

9 Investments	As at 31 March 2024 (No. of shares)	As at 31 March 2023 (No. of shares)	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Unquoted Investments Investment in equity instruments In subsidiaries (at cost) Shendhen CP Plus International Ltd, Chira, Equity Shares of 1 RMB each	1,(80,250 1,180,250	1,180,250 1,180,250	11.19 83.19	11.19
Total	4/200/100	Calcada		
In joint venture (at Cost) All, Dixon Technologies Private Limited, Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each Total	9,500,000 9,500,000	9,500,000 9,500,000	95.00 95.00	95.00 95.00
Onoted Investments Investment in equity instruments measured at fair value through profit & loss	25		6.08	3.11
Tamiliand Mercantile Bank Limited, Expity Shares of Rs. 10 each	12,525	12,525	\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	
Total	12,525	12,525	6.08	5.11
Total			112,27	111.30
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof			6.08	5.11
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value increase. Aggregate amount of unquoted investments.			106.19 112.27	106.19

10	Other	financial	assets

Fixed deposit with comaining maturity of more than 12 months?

Security deposits (carned at amortised cost)

*includes deposits appregating to Rs. 20.30 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 32.30 million) held as margin money and Rs. 0.09 million (31 March 2023; Rs 0.08 million) pledged with government authorities

As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
20.39	166.01
26.20	13.15
46.59	179.17

II Deferred tax assets (net)

Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) on account of :-

Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets Altowance for expected credit losses Lease liabilities

Right of use useds

Employee banehits Warranty provision

Other temporary differences

Investment carried at FVTPL

(i) Movement in deferred tax assets (net)

As at	As at
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
3.82	0.28
13.12	13.12
77.58	43.46
(74.83)	(11.17)
17.14	10.66
26.70	23.92
7.78	7.74
(1.53)	(1.28)
69.77	56.74

Particulats	As at 31 March 2023	Recognised/ (credited) through profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2024
Asacts/(Liabilities)	0.28	3.51		3.82
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets.	13.12			13.12
Allowance for expected credit losses	10.66	1.45	5.03	17.14
Freployee benefits	2007/200	0.6753860		(74.83
Right of one assets	(41.17)	31.11		77.58
Lease liabilities	(1.28)	43.34		(1.53
Investment carried at FVTPL	23.92	2.78		26.70
Warranty provision	10400000	0.04		7.78
Other temporary differences	7.74	8.00		69.77
Total	56.74	8.00		garer.

Particulors	As at 31 March 2022	Recognised/ (credited) through profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2023
Assets/(Liabilities)	0.48	(0.20)		0.28
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intengible assets	16.76	(3.64)	P	13.12
Allowance for expected credit losses	12.17	(1.17)	b company	10.66
Employee benefits	The state of the s	V 1000000000000000000000000000000000000		(41.17)
Right of use assets	(17.50)	43.46		43.46
Lesse liabilities	18.81	1.58	8	23.92
Warranty provision	22.34	0.72201		(1.28)
Investment carried at FVTPL	(1.69)		\$f	7.74
Other temporary differences	8.10	(0.37)		56.74
Total	59.44	(2.37)	(0.34)	- 50.74

12 Income tax assets

Advance tax paid (net of provision for treation)

13 Other non-corrent assets

Amounts paid under protest with statutory authorities







As at 31 March 2024	31 March 2023
8.03	8.03
8.03	8,03
As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
111,25	41.63
1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	41.43

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

14 Inventorics

(Valued at lower of cost or net realisable value, unless otherwise stated)

Trufed goods Others

31 March 2024 5,061.59 5,040.82 48.91 51.23 5,110.50 5.092.05

As at

As at 31 March 2023

6,168.71

2.60

50.39

52.13

6,201.71

6,149.58

(i) Inventories of traded goods include goods in transit uncoming to Rs. 44.47 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 120.00 million)
(ii) Inventories are not off of Rs. 208.69 million (34 March 2023; Rs. 136.56 million) representing water down of inventories to not realizable value, as ususesed by the management.

15 Trade receivables

As at 31 March 2024 As at 31 March 2023

7.363.75

7,312.70

Secured, considered good. Unsexured -considered good

-considered good, receivable from related parties

226 28.82 -which have significant increase in credit risk 7,394.83 52.13

Less: Allowance for expected credit loss

As at 31 March 2024 Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							Total	
Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years		
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	3,351.51	3,733.83	223,49	47.15	8.19	1.81	7,366.01	
(ii) Undisputed Track Receivables - which have segnificant increase in credit risk	Till I	35					-	
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	- 1	200	V 9	153				
(iv) Disputed Trule Receivables-considered good	-80			-	17/00		28.82	
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in crede risk		0.17	0.33	4.98	3.37	19,97	25.82	
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impoired	- 69.1	3.00				-	main	
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss					-	-	(52.13)	
Total	3,351.54	3,734.00	223.83	52.13	11.56	21.78	7,342.70	

As at 31 March 2023	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total		
Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Finds receivables - considered good	3,069.01	2,871.92	191.24	4,00	0.44	0.07	6,136.69
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have segnificant increase in credit risk			- E	- 1 - St			
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit imparted	*	tion to the last time time to the last time time time to the last time time time time time time time tim					21/6
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables—considered good		22.68	10.21	1000		1.74	34.63
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in creek risk	- A	0.45	7.13	1.64	1.22	19.97	30.39
(vi) Disputed Trule Receivables - credit unpared	-		130			10 98	300.00
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	- 3	***		-			(52.13)
Total	3,069.01	2,895.05	208.56	5.64	1.66	21.78	6,149.58

16 Cash and cash equivalents	
Balances with banks	
In current accounts	
In each credit account	
Cash in hand	
Cheques in hand	

Fixed deposits with original manufity of less than three months

As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
0.59	3.42
7.09	56:28
1.17	1.22
77.82	493.27
306.45	917.30
393,12	1,471.49
As at	As at
31 March 2024	31 March 2023

311.69

311.69

2,236.22

2,238,22

17 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Fixed deposit with original motority of more than three months and upto twelve months!

"includes fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 311.69 million (31 March 2023: Ils. 748.31 million) held as margin money with bank and colluterals against bank guarantees.











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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Ropics millions, unless otherwise stated)

18 Loans

(Unsecured and secured good)

Loans to related parties (refer note 45)*

As at 31 March 2023 As at 31 March 2024 82.52 82.52

 $t_{\rm Lemm}$ is repayable within one year and carries interest rate of 11% p.a.

Name of party	Business	Purpose of Joan	As at 31 March 2074	As at 31 March 2023
All. Dream Technologies Private Limited	Joint venture	General emporate purpose	82.52	55

49 Other financial ossets	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
	2 28	3.97
Security deposits	587.71	330.87
Vendor-claim receivable	100	0.18
Other receivable from related parties (refer note 43)	872-14	
Fixed deposes with remaining maturity upto 12 months*	351.78	297.41
Other receivable from customers	1,814.21	632.43

Findudes deposits aggregating to Rs. 670.29 million (31 March 2023: Rs. Nil million) held as margin money and deposits aggregating to Rs. 0.11 million (31st March 2023: Rs 0.09 million) pledged with government authorities

As at 3t March 2024	31 March 2023
30.56	28.36
134.11	57.14
3.24	7.36
	78.53
30.89	30.89
	(50.89)
294,07	171.39
	31 March 2024 30.56 134.11 3.24 37.24 88.92 30.89 (30.89)

*During the frameful year 2015- 16, the Company had reported an instance of misappropriation of funds/ current assets by certain employees and accordingly, a provision amounting to Rs. 30.89 million [31 March 2023; Rs. 6.95 million] from the alleged perpetuators is being curried as at 31 March 2024. A criminal complaint and recovery suit was field in relation to the said matter and the criminal complaint is persong holice District Court, Similput and the recovery proceedings are pensing holice the Honourylas High Court of Delhi, for disposal.

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

21. Espaity Share Capital

Authorized Share Capital (also refer note 53)

Equity share of ₹ 10 each with voting rights

Issued, subscribed and fully paid up (also refer note 53)

Equity share capital of face value of \$\mathbb{Z}\$ 10 each.

a. Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Balance at the beginning of the year

Issued during the year

Buy back during the year [refer note 21(f) below]

Balance at the end of the year

	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
-	Number	Amount	Number	
	5,050,000	50.50	5,050,000	50.50
_	5,050,000	50.50	5,050,000	50.50
	2,050,000	20.50	2,050,000	20,50
=	2,050,000	20.50	2,050,000	28.50
	2,050,000	20.50	2,500,000	25.00
		9	vestra Filmon	
			(450,000)	(4.50)
-	2,050,000	20.50	2,050,000	20.50

As at

% shareholding

31 March 2024 Number

h. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares (also refer note 53)

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of \$ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupers. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the crosswap Annual General Meeting. In the event of Equidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proposition to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. All shares can't equally with regard to Company's residual assets.

c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Name of the equity shareholder

Hari Shanker Khemka

Rishi Khenda

Aditya Khemka

19.24% 391.385 19.24% 394,395 19.00% 389,500 19.00% 389,500 59.62% 1,222,299 59.62% 1.222.299

As per the records of the Company, makeling its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations record from shareholders/ members regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial

d. No equity shares have been issued pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash or allotted as fully paid up by way of issue of leanus shares in the current reporting year and the last five years municipately preceding the current your-

e. Shareholding of promoters*

As at 31 Match 2004	Shares held by promoters at the end of the year			% of change during
S. No.	Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	the year
3.740.	Hun Shanker Khemka	394,385	19.24%	0.00%
	1 TOTAL MARKET CO.	1,222,299	59.62%	0.00%
2	Aditys Klicinka	399,500	19.00%	0.00%
3	Rishi Khemky	2,006,184	97.86%	70.000
Total		2,000,101	91,0076	

As at 31 March 2023

Shares held by promoters at the end of the year				
	No. of shares	% of total shares	(be year	
	394,383	19.24%	-59,80%	
	1,222,299	59.62%	65.59%	
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	389,500	19.00%	-48.07%	
rusm iknemika	2,006,184	97.86%		
	Shares held by promoters at the end of the year Promoter name Hari Shanker Khenika Adinya Khenika Rishi Khenika	Promoter name No. of shares Hari Shanker Khenika 304,385 Aditya Khenika 1,222,299 Rishi Khenika 389,500	Promoter name No. of shares % of total shares Hari Shanker Khenika 394,385 19,24% Adinya Khenika 1,222,299 196,62% Richi Khenika 389,500 19,00%	

^{*} Promoter here means promoter as defined in the Companies Act, 2013.

f. Buy back of shares

Long once or sources

Dating the previous year, the Board of directors in its meeting held on 04 January 2023, and approved a peoposal of burgback of 450,000 Equity shares (representing 18% of total paid up Equity shares capital of the Company) at price of Rs. 1,443/ (Indian Rupers One Thousand Four Hundred Forty-three only) per Equity shares which opened on 25 February 2023, for fitness days and settlement of buylonck offer date was 24 February 2023. Accordingly, the Company had bought tank and extinguished a vistal of 450,000 Equity shares at a buylonck prace of Rs. 1,443/ (Indian Rupers One thousand four hundred forty-three only) per Equity share. The hughack resided in a Cash conflow of Rs. 800,62 million (buylock value Rs.649.35 million plus buyback as amount Rs. 151.27 million under section 115QA of the faccome Tax Act 1951). Other three the above, buy back of shares during the previous year, the Company had not undertaken any buy book of shaces transaction during the last five years immediately proceeding the current year

22 Other equity	22	Other	equity
-----------------	----	-------	--------

General Reserve

Opening balance Add: Addition during the year

Closing balance (A)

Capital Redemption Reserve

Opening balance

Add: Addition during the year

Closing balance (B)

Retained earnings

Opening balance

Add: Profit for the year

Add: Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)

Less: Transfer to Capital Redemption Reserve upon buy back of equity shares [teter note 21(f)]

Lass: Premium paid on buy back of equity shares [refer note 21(t)]

Less : Tax paid on buy back of equity shares [refer note 21(f)] Less: Dividend said (refer note 47)

Closing balance (C)

Total (A + B+ C)

Nature and purpose of reserves other than retained earnings

General reserve

It represents appropriation of profits of the Congrary and is available for distribution as dividend.

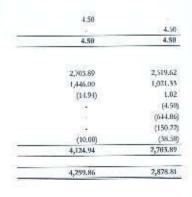
Retained earnings

Remined earnings is used to record bulinus; of statement of profit and loss and other equity adjustments.

Capital Redemption Reserve

It represents numinal value of the shares bought back as an appropriation from retained cornings.





As at 31 March 2023

170.42

170.42

As at 31 March 2023

% shareholding

Number



31 March 2024

170.42

170.42

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year coded 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupers millions, unless otherwise stated)

23. Borrowings

Secured		
Tenn loans		
Inden supee loan from banks*		
Vehicle Josna		
Indian rapee loan from brooks		
Indian rapee loan from other parties		
Unsecured		
Loan from related parties (also refer note 43)**		
Amount disclosed under Current borrowings as "Operent man	unities of long-term box	rowings" in Note 25
1 B. NO FU M.	och 2023: Re II St millio	nn)

^{*}includes interest accrued amounting to Rs. Nil milton (31 March 2023: Rs.0.34 million)
**includes interest accrued amounting to Rs. 0.30 million (31 March 2023: Rs.0.20 million)

Non-current		Current Ma	aturities
As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
237.55	360.01	122,50	107.8
42.61	16.28	18.20	13.2
29	1,52	1.52	3.1
	50.00		13.8
280.16	427.81	142.22	138.3
	7	142.22	138.5
280.16	427.81		

23.A Details of Borrowings	4	Type of asset sexued Terms of repayments
Particulars	Interest rate	Type of asset secured Terms of repayments
Term Iosaus Terminal Mescantile Bunk Iosm-1 Rs. 62.55 million, Current Maturity Rs. 62.50 million (31 March 2023: Rs. 125.01 million, Current Maturity Rs. 62.50 million)	8.25%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Repayable in 48 monthly installments. Naida and Mombon collareral in form of bank continencing from April 2022 fixed deposits and personal paratures of the Promoters who are directors in the Company.
Tamilnard Mercantile Bank Joon-11 Rs. 175.00 million, Current Maturity Rs. 60.00 million (31 March 2023: Rs. 235 million, Current Maturity Rs. 5 million)	8.25%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Repayable in 48 monthly installments Noods and Mumbur, collateral in form of bank commencing from Murch 2024 food deposits and personal guarantee of the Promotors who are directors in the Company.
Ves Bank Isan-I Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2023: Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 48.00 million)	9,90%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Repayable in 20 sparterly installments who are directors in the Company.
Vehicle Ioans 1CICI Bank vehicle Ioan Rs. Nil, Current Manurity Rs. Nil (31 March 2023; Rs. Nil, Current Manurity Rs. 3.29 million.)	7.80%	Exclusive charge on underlying rehicle Reposable in 36 monthly installments purchased. Reposable in 36 monthly installments commencing from March 2021
Axis Bank vehicle Ioan- I Rs. Nil, Corrent Manurity Rs. Nil (3) March 2023; Rs. Nil, Corrent Manurity Rs. 2.44 million.)	8.25%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle Repayable in 36 monthly installments purchased. Commencing from March 2021
Axis Bank vehicle toan-H Rs, 8.11 million, Current Manurity Rs. 8.17 million (3) March 2023; Rs. 16.28 million, Current Manurity Rs. 7.51 million)	8.50%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle Repsyable in 36 monthly installments purclosed. Repsyable in 36 monthly installments communing from February 2023
Axis Hanck vehicle Ioan-III Rs. 11.52 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.04 million (31 March 2023; Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil)	8.70%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle Repayable in 60 monthly installments commencing from June 2023
Axis Bank vehicle lum-IV Rs. 16-40 redline, Current Materity Rs. 3.48 million (31 March 2023; Rs. Nil, Current Materity Rs. Nil)	H.R0%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle Repsyable at 60 monthly installments commencing from Pehruary 2004
HDPC Bank vehicle loan-1 Rs. 6.58 million, Current Maturity Rs. 5.51 million (31 March 2023; Rs. Nii, Current Maturity Rs. Nii)	8.80%	Exclusive charge on undestying vehicle Reposable in 39 monthly installments purchased. Commencing from September 2023
Daimler Financial Services Private Limited vehicle loan Rs. Nol, Current Maturity Rs. 1.52 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 1.52 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.13 million)	7,40%	Psychology charge on underlying vehicle Repayable in 36 mouthly installments community, from September 2021
THEORY CO.		

23.B Details of Burrowings for related parties	Interest rate	Type of asset secured	Terms of repayments
Particulars	And the second s		Repayable on demand by lenders after giving
Loan from related parties	7.50%	Unsecuted	maximum 12 months prior notice in writing
Rs. Nil Corrent Maturity Rs. Nil (3) Murch 2023: Rs. 50 million, Corrent Manarity Rs. Nil)			minimum. 12 months prior notice

23.C Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The changes in the Company's liabilities exising from financing activities can be chasefied as follows:

Particulars

Balance as at	31 March	2022

Cash flows:

- Propeeds

- Repayment Non cash adjustments/ movements**

Balance se at 31 March 2023

Cash flows:

- Proceeds

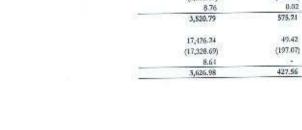
- Repayment

Non cash adjustments/ movements**

Balance as at 31 March 2024 Long team becowings as lade current maturities of lost

"Includes account interest

eiß term pottov	vings	11
Ini	lu lu	4
OK & CO	SFORE	2
W =	(A)	15
18	\\ _\)M
COUNTRE	(O)	63/
	W	



Short term

1,260.05

7,868.07

(5,616.09)

Long term

borrowings*

639.28

325.00

(389.09)





ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED CIN: U74899DL3995PLC066784 Notes to the standalone financial scatements for the year coded 31 March 2024 (All amounts are in Indias Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)		
24 Provisions- non-current	As at. 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2023
Provision for employee benefits	13,12	10.85
Granity (reformate 45) Comparisoned absences	31.77	28,53
Other provisions	44.33	38.23
Provision for warranty (also refer note 28)	89.44	72.61
25 Current borrowings	As at 3) March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Secured Current maturities of long term debts (refer note 23)	11272	13835 746.29

Cash credit from bunks [refer unto (i) helow] Working capital demand loon [refer note (a) helow] Unsecured Loan from related parties [refer note (ii) licksw]* *includes interest accused amounting to Rs. 0.30 million (31 March 2023: Rs.0.30 million) 3,618.34 2,509.10 3,394.24 3,760.56 13,80 273.93 13.80 273.93 3,668.17 3,774.36

6,020.73

9,164.83

Terms and conditions of short-term horrowings

Total

(i) The Company has availed cash credit facilities from banks aggregating to Rs. Nd (31 March 2023; Rs. 746.79 million) carrying interest rates ranging from 08.75% to 09.85% and are repayable on demand. (also refer note 42B)

(ii) The Company loss availed working capital demand loans from banks aggregating to its. 3,618,34 million (31 Morch 2023; Rs. 2,509.10 million) conving interest rates ranging from 7,50% in 8,90% and are repoyable on demand.

(ii) Unscented loans from Related Parties Particulars	Interest rate	Type of asset secured	Terms of rep	ayments
Loan from related partica-I Rs. Nil (34 March 2023: Rs. 22.88 million)	7.50%	Unsecured	Repsysble on demand by minimum 12 months prior r	
Loan from related parties-II Rs. Nil (31 March 2023: Es. 251.05 million)	7,50%	Unsertaned	Repopuble within 1 year distrursoment	s from the date of
taises-coopporate deposits Rs. 13.50 million , Current Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2023; Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Ps. 13.50 million)	10.00%	Ungcountail	Repoyable on demand as pe agreements between the par	
26 Trade payables			As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Total musticeding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note (i) below)			79.99	115.05
Total outstanding thies of creditors other than micro and small enterprises			5,940.74	8,989.78
TOWN TOWN THE TAX TO A TOWN THE TAX THE TAX TOWN THE TAX TOWN THE TAX TOWN THE			6,020.73	9,104.83

(i) Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act, 2006"):

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
i) the principal amount and the interest due thereon retrianning unpoid to any supplier as as the end of each accounting year ii) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the previous made to the supplier beyond the appointed day define each accounting year;	79.99 6.05	115.05 0.11
ii) the removal of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been poul but beyond the appointed day chang the year) but without adding the interest specified under the AISMED Act, 2006;	*	5.50
re) the automate of interest account and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting years and v) the automate of further interest remaining the and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest does as above are actually paid to the v) the automate of further interest remaining the and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest does as above are actually paid to the	0.05	10.03

(ii) Ageing disclosure:

As at 31 March 2024:		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
Paniculars	Not due	Less than I year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Micro, small and medium enterprises	65.76	11.23			F	79.99
(i) Others	2,439.48	3,450.33	5.41	0.50	1.20	5,887.92
(iii) Disponal dars – MSME	2.0		= 1		2	**
(a) Disputed dues - Others				740	18	
(v) Unbilled	52.92		5t		7.	52.82
Total	2,549.06	3,461.56	5.41	0.50	1.20	6,020.73

As at 31 Morch 2023:

As at 51 March 2023: Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
ANTOCHERS	Not due	Less than Lyear	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Micro, small and medium enterprises	75.02	40.03				11505
(i) Others	1,091.66	4,855.21	1.10	0.39	0.62	8,919.01
(ii) Disputed dues MSME.		38 11	383	13		
(iv) Disputed ducs - Others	ta ta		- 50	- 1	- · · ·	*
(v) Unbilled	10:77		4	40		40,77
Total	4,207.45	4,895.27	1,50	0.39	0.62	9,104.83









CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066781

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupers millions, unless otherwise stated)

27 /3/2	Birmanifel.	liabilities-current

Security deposits Psyable to employees

Derivative contracts fair valued through profit or loss

Capital conditions

Other liability- customer refund* Book ovenhaft (also refer note 42)

Other payable

Other acceptances

*A refund liability is the obligation to refund some or all of the consuleration received (or received) from the customer and is measured at the amount the Company ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Company updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction prior) at the end of each reporting period.

Asat	As at
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
1.10	.1.10
120.48	94.88
	1.51
2,86	23.75
105.86	172
927.03	63
1.58	
200.02	125.60
1,358.93	246.87

28 Provisions- corrent

Provision for employee benefits

Granity (refer note 45)

Compensated absences

Other provisions Provision for warranty

OFFICE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY				
Movement	in	provision	for	warrant

Opening balance

Provision created during the year

Provision utilised doring the year

Closing balance

Provision for warranty

Non-current

Current

29 Current tax liabilities (net)

Provision for income tax (net of advance tax)

30 Other current liabilities

Contract liability

Advance from customers:

Statutory dues payable TDS and TCS payable

- GST payable

- Others

As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
16.01	2.61
7.18	5.37
61.51	56.81
84.73	64.79

As at 31 March 2024	As 4t 31 March 2023
95.04	88.74
67.87	68.42
(56.81)	(62.13)
106.09	95.04

Asat	As at
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
41.55	38.23
61.54	56.81
106.09	95.04

As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
26.07	33.53
26.07	33.53

As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
16.05	21.19
66.74	56.62
117.08	75.30
43,43	10.58
273.30	193.69







CIN: U74899D1.1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

31 Revenue from operations	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Operating revenue	27.702.70	22 910 66
Sale of traded goods- security and surveillance equipments and components	27,798.60	22,819.66
Service revenue	17.32	16.22
TAX	27,815.92	22,835.88
Other operating revenue	6.00	6.00
Business support services	2.34	3.59
Technical training services	8,34	9,59
	8.34	
	27,824.26	22,845.47
(i) Assets and liabilities related to contract with customers:		
Particulars	As at	As at
1 attentions	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Contract liabilities	1005	21.19
Advance from customers	16.05	21.17
Trade receivables	7,342.70	6,149.58
(ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities		
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Right to return asset	88.92	
Refund liabilities arising from rights of return	105.86	
(iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115:		
Disaggregation by	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Type of goods/service	27,798.60	22,819.66
Sale of goods	17.32	16.22
Sale of services	8.34	9.59
Other operating revenue	27,824.26	22,845.47
Total revenue from contract with customers	27,737.20	22,734.54
India	87.06	110,93
Outside India	27,824.26	22,845.47
Total revenue from contract with customers	21,021.20	
Timing of revenue recognition		
Goods transferred at a point in time	27,798.60	22,819.66
Services transferred at a point in time	19.66	19.81
Services transferred over the period of time	6.00	6:00
Total revenue from contract with customers	27,824.26	22,845.47
Giv) Performance obligation		-37

(iv) Performance obligation

The Company's primary performance obligation under contract with customers for sale of goods and services is satisfied as the goods are delivered/ control is transferred to the customers and services are rendered.

(v) Reconciliation of transac Particulars	Z/	1=			For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
	1=	13	12	(A)	30,456.47	24,905.66
Contract price	101	121	- 53	(B)	2,632.21	2,060.19
Rebates/ discounts Not revenue recognised	*	03/		(C=A-B)	27,824.26	22,845.47







CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

And the Control of th	
32 Other income	For the year end 31 March 20
Interest income:	104.9
- on bank deposits	1000
- on security deposits	1.5
- from customers	-
on bonds	-
- others	2.5
Dividend income	0.0
Provisions/ Liabilities no longer required written back	6.2
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	2.3
Rental income	4.3
Gain on extinguishment/modification of lease [refer note 5(c)(i)]	1.3
Gain on investment measured at FVTPL	0.0
Gain on currency fluctuation and translation (other than considered as finance cost)	8.
Miscellancous income	1.
	134.
33 Purchase of Stock -in -trade	For the year end
35 I dichase of Stock in Mary	31 March 20
Purchase of products and components	22,698.
Porchase of products and components	22,698.
34 Changes in inventories of Stock-in-trade	For the year end
54 Changes in inventories of Stock-in-Lade	31 March 2
Inventory at the beginning of the year	5,061.
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	(5,040.
16-76-76-76-76-76-76-76-76-76-76-76-76-76	20.

35 Employee benefits expense

Salaries, wages and bonus Contribution to provident and other funds Gratuity expense (refer note 45) Staff welfare expenses

36 Finance costs

Interest expense on

Credit facilities/ loans from banks

- -Withholding tax and goods and service tax
- -Delayed payment of income tax
- -Loan from related parties (refer note 43)

Others

Other finance and bank charges Interest on lease liability (refer note 5)

37 Depreciation and amortization expense

Depreciation and amortization expense (refer note 4 and 8) Depreciation on right- of- use assets (refer note 5) Depreciation on investment property (refer note 7)







For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2024
60.85	104.98
0.50	1,55
2.52	22
0.40	1/2
	2.91
28.69	0.06
15.34	6.25
-0	2.02
4.68	4.22
2.22	
	1.82
	0.98
22.12	8.46
	1.43
137.32	134.68
For the year ended	For the year ended
31 March 2023	31 March 2024
21,076.39	22,698.63
21,076.39	22,698.63
For the year ended	For the year ended
31 March 2023	31 March 2024
2,968.28	5,061.59
(5,061.59)	(5,040.82)
(2,093.31)	20.77
For the year ended	For the year ended
31 March 2023	31 March 2024
973.91	1,237.12
28.48	38.00
10.89	10.85
6.86	36.03
1,020.14	1,322.00
.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,324.00
For the year ended	For the year ended
31 March 2023	31 March 2024
172.08	260.74
0.58	
2.74	0.16 3.95
4.97	
14.36	7.74
24.03	0.65
	9,73
13.40	26,06
232.16	309.03

1/2	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
	50.30	34.30
	106.54	53.88
	0.29	0.31
	157.13	88.49





CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

38 Other expenses	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Rent (also refer note 5)	38.08	46.77
Rates and taxes	3.16	13.68
Insurance	28.99	18.88
Travelling and conveyance expenses	86.95	59.50
Logal and professional expenses	74.67	65.06
Yees and subscription	19.34	10.63
Telephone and internet charges	7.63	5.66
Payment to auditors*	5.44	6.88
Electricity and water expenses	10.91	9.38
Repair and maintenance-building	6.42	2.70
40.00 (A. O.	29.39	22.71
Repair and maintenance others Advertisement and business promotion expenses	656.21	488.56
Freight, cartage and handling charges	201.51	155.52
	94.52	95.39
Product service and warranty expenses	0.83	0.90
Charity and donation	19.65	10.74
Corporate Social responsibility expenses (also refer note 49)	59.74	47.26
Warehouse handling charges	31.59	14.92
Technical testing and certification fees	55.45	40.16
Web and IT Services	7.56	18.25
Balances written off		7.51
Net (gain) / loss on currency fluctuation and translation(other than considered as finance cost)	23.07	18.53
Vendor and logistic support	5.23	4.90
Recruitment expenses	5.93	2.76
Vehicle running and maintenance	8.98	4.89
Printing and stationery	2.89	3.02
Security expenses	5.41	4.89
Training expenses	1.07	1.02
Postage and courier charges	0.73	0.70
Director's sitting fee	0.13	1.82
Loss on investment measured at fair value through profit or loss	7.06	1,520
E- waste management (also refer note 46 (c))	54.64	45.55
Miscellaneous expenses	1,553.05	1,229.14
	1,00000	
	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
*P		
*Payment to auditors comprises of: #	5.20	6.10
Statutory Audit/ Limited reviews		0.50
Other services	0.24	0.28
Out of pocket expenses	5,44	6.88

[#] Excludes applicable taxes







CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

39 Exceptional items	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Loss of stock in fire incident		57.87
Insurance claim received related to loss of stock	(42.14)	
Insurance claim received related to loss of stock	(42.14)	57.87
40 Income tax	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Tax expense comprises of:	506.93	346.35
Current tax expense	(8.00)	2.37
Deferred tax expense/ (credit)	(4.46)	1.86
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)	***************************************	350.59
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	494.47	330.37

The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expected tax expense based on the domestic effective tax rate of the Company at 25.168% (31 March 2023: 25.168%) and the reported tax expense in profit or loss are as follows:

Accounting profit before income tax At India's statutory income tax rate of 25.168% (31 March 2023: 25.168%)	1,940.47 488.38	1,371.91 345.29
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income: Difference in depreciation charged as per Income-tax Act, 1961 vis-à-vis depreciation as per books of	3.13	(0.30)
accounts	2.92	(0.72)
Employee benefits	6.16	6.14
Expenses never allowed under Income tax Act, 1961	6.35	(4.05)
Others items disallowed/(allowed) under Income-tax Act, 1961	506.93	346.35
to the state of loss	(8.00)	2.37
Deferred tax expense/ (credit) recognised in statement of profit and loss	(4.46)	1.86
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)	494.47	350.59
Income (ax expense		
41 Earnings per share	For the year ended	For the year ended

41 Earnings per share	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Net Profit attributable to equity shareholders	1,446.00	1,021.33
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year (nominal value of equity share- Rs. 10 each)	2,050,000	2,500,000
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year (nominal value of equity share. Rs. 10 each)	2,050,000	2,050,000
Weighted average number of equity shares considered for calculation of earnings per share, after considering share split and bonus issue, subsequent to year- end* (nominal value of equity share Re.1	102,500,000	102,500,000
cach) (refer note 53) Basic and diluted earnings per share (in Rs.) (nominal value of equity share Re. 1 each)	14.11	9,96

^{*}In accordance with provisions of Ind AS 33- Earnings per share











CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year caded 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

42 Financial instruments and financial risk management

i) Financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amounts of financial instruments by category are as follows:

Financial instruments measured at rail value mixing profit of 1033	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	
Particulars	Carrying value	Carrying value	
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	7.00	5.11	
Investments	80,6	5.11	
Derivative contracts			
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		1.54	
Derivative contracts			

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024 Carrying value	As at 31 March 2023 Carrying value
Financial assets*	7,342.70	6,149.58
Trade receivables	393.12	1,471.49
Cash and cash equivalents	311.69	2,238.22
Other bank balances	1,860.80	811.60
Other financial assets	9,908.31	10,670.89
Total financial assets	7,710.31	
Financial liabilities*	4,054.52	4,095.99
Bornwings	308.24	172.70
Lease liabilities	6,020.73	9,104.83
Trade payables	1,358.93	245.33
Other financial liabilities	11,742,42	13,618.85
Total financial liabilities	11,746,46	25,010100

^{*}There are no financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Investment in subsidiaries and joint venture are measured at cost as per Ind AS 27, 'Separate financial statements' and hence, not presented here.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in the financial statements and are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical financial instruments.

Level 2: Directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and

Level 3: Inputs which are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). The input factors considered are Estimated cash flows and other assumptions.

Fair value of instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss

Fair value of instruments measured at fair value throug profit or loss for which fair value is disclosed is as follows, these fair values are calculated using Level 1 and Level 2 inputs:

		As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
Particulars	Fair value hierarchy	Carrying yalue	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Financial assets	- 1		V 28		611
Investments	Level 1	6.08	6.08	5.11	5.11
Financial liabilities				1.54	1.54
Denyative contracts	Level 2	-			1.54

Significant inputs used in Level 2 fair value of derivatives measured at FVTPL is marked to market value as on balance sheet date of such derivative transaction.

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost for which fair value is disclosed is as follows, these fair values are calculated using Level 2 inputs:

Pair value of instruments measured at amortised cost for which	As at 31 M	arch 2024	As at 31 March 2023	
Particulars	Carrying value*	Fair value	Carrying value*	Fair value
Financial assets	7,342.70	7,342.70	6,149.58	6,149,58
Trude receivables Cash and cash equivalents	393.12	393.12	1,471.49	1,471.49
Cush and cash equivalents	311.69	311.69	2,238.22	2,238.22
Other bank balances	1,860.80	1,860.80	811.60	811.60
Other financial assets Total financial assets	9,908.30	9,908.30	10,670.89	10,670.89
	The second secon			57096073
Pinancial liabilities Bornwings	4,054.52	4,054.52	4,095.99	4,095.99
(+)	308.24	308.24	172.70	172.70
Lease liabilities	6,020.73	6,020.73	9,104.83	9,104.83
Trade payables CHANDIOA	1,358.93	1,358.93	245.33	245.33
Other financial liabilities Total financial liabilities	11,742.42	11,742,42	13,618.85	13,618.85

diabilities represents the best estimated values. *Carrying value of these financia







CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments, loans and other financial assets measured at amortised cost	Ageing analysis	Diversification of bank deposits and regular monitoring
Liquidity risk	Borrowings, lease liabilities and other financial liabilities	Cash flow forecasts	Availability of funds and credit facilities.
Market risk - foreign exchange	Future commercial transactions Recognised financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian supee (INR)	Cash flow forecasting Sensitivity analysis	Forward foreign exchange contracts

A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial asset fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each financial asset. The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure. The Company monitors its exposure to credit risk on an ongoing basis.

a) Credit risk management

Credit risk rating

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets. The Company assigns the following credit ratings to each class of financial assets based on the assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

A: Low credit risk

B: Moderate credit risk

C: High credit risk

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Asset groups	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments, loans, and other financial assets	Life time expected credit loss

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a higgation decided against the Company. The Company continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. Recoveries made are recognised in statement of profit and loss.

Credit rating	Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments, loans, and other financial assets	9,908.31	10,670.89

Cash and each equivalents and wher bank balances

Credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits is managed by only diversifying bank deposits and accounts in different banks. Credit risk is considered low because the Company deals with reputed banks,

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers The Company munitors the economic environment in which it operates. The Company manages its credit risk through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring credit worthiness of the customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Company has also obtained debtor insurance up to Rs. 500.00 millions (31 March 2023: 40 times of the premium paid) to cover its risks of bad debts. The Company also uses an expected credit loss model to assess the impairment loss on such receivables. The Company uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables. The provision matrix takes into account available internal credit risk factors such as the Company's historical experience for customers.

Loans and other finuncial assets

Loans and other financial assets measured at amortized cost includes security deposits and other receivables. Credit risk related to these financial assets is managed by monitoring the recoverability of such amounts continuously. Ciedit risk is considered low because the Company is in possession of the underlying asset. Further, the Company creates provision by assessing individual financial asset for expectation of any credit loss basis expected credit loss model.

ii) Concentration of financial assets

The Company carries on the business of trading of security and surveillance equipments. Loans and other financial assets majorly represents loans to related parties and deposits given for business purposes.











ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED CIN: U74899DI.1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

b) Credit risk exposure

i) Provision for expected credit losses

The Company provides for 12 month expected credit losses for following financial assets:

Ac at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	393.12		393.12
Other bank balances	311.69		311.69
Investments	112.27		112.27
Trade receivables	7,394.83	(52.13)	7,342.70
Other financial assets	1,860.80		1,860.80

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Estimated gross Expected credit carrying amount at default losses		Carrying amount net of impairment provision
ers to our flooring and areas	1,471.49	-	1,471.49
Cash and cash equivalents Other bank balances	2,238.22		2,238.22
	111.30		111.30
Investments Trade receivables	6,201.71	(52.13)	6,149.58
Other financial assets	811.60	5-5	811.60

citiveien of expected credit loss for other financials asset and trade receivables:

Reconciliation of loss allowance	Trade receivables	Investments	Loans
Loss allowance on 31 March 2022	66.58		
Allowance for expected credit loss (net)	(14.47)		
Loss allowance on 31 March 2023	52.13		
Allowance for expected credit loss (net)		The second secon	d
Loss allowance on 31 March 2024	52.13	Nº 1	

B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering each or another financial asset.

Further, the Company manages its liquidity risk in a manner so as to meet its normal financial obligations without any significant delay or stress. Such risk is managed through ensuring operational cash flow while at the same time maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalents position. The management has arranged for diversified funding sources and adopted a policy of managing assets with liquidity in mind and monitoring future cash flows and liquidity on a regular basis. Surplus funds not immediately required are invested in certain financial assets which provide flexibility to liquidate at short notice such as fixed deposits with Bank etc..

The Company has developed appropriate internal control systems and contingency plans for managing liquidity risk. This incorporates an assessment of expected cash flows and availability of alternative sources for additional funding, if required.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The robles below unalyse the Compose's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities.

The tables below analyse the Company's manufactures and 31 March 2024	Less than 1	1 - 5 years	More than 5	Total
Non-derivatives	2-3000000	to a second		105155
Horrowings	3,774.36	280.16	-	4,054,52
Trade payables	6,020.73	- 4	-	6,020.73
Other financial liabilities	1,358.93	34	9#8	1,358.93
Total	11,154.02	280.16		11,434.18
31 March 2023	Less than 1	1 - 5 years	More than 5	Total
Non-derivatives	Age age as a	427.81		4,095.98
Borrowings	3,668.17	427.81	5.	
Trade payables	9,104.83	- 12	-3	9,104.83
Other financial liabilities	245.33	120	n	245.33
Total	13,018.33	427.81	- 22	13,446.14

The Common had screen to following funding facilities:

Funding facilities	Total facility	Drawn	Undrawn*
As at 31 March 2024	4,840.00	3,570.34	1,269.66
As at 31 March 2023	4,200.00	3,716.60	483.40
LAS OF ST MINTED 2023			

*As at 31 March 2024, the Company had made payment through issuance of cheques drawn on cash credit accounts, to various vendors aggregating to Rs. 927.03 million in the normal course of business (that got cleared subsequent to the year end), against the undrawn facility of Rs. 1,269.66 million available to the Company. Such amounts have been presented as 'Book overdraft' under note 27.













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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Ropees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exclusing rates and interest rates will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

a) Liabilities

The Company has been availing the borrowings on a finating rate of interest based on bank MCLR. These borrowings are carried at amortised cost. The borrowings on a fixed rate of interest basis are not subject to the interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor future cash flows will fluctuate because of change in market interest rates. The borrowings on a variable rate of interest are subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107.

Sensitivity of profit and loss due to change in interest rate with respect to variable rate horrowings;

1000 000 4074000	As at 31 M	1arch 2024	024 As at 31 March 2023		
	0.5% increase	0.5% decrease	0.5% increase	0.5%	
	(22.50)	22.50	(18.58)	18.58	

Impact on statement of profit and loss

The Company's fixed deposits are carried at amortised cost and are fixed rate deposits. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in fureign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency).

Particulars of unhedged foreign currency exposures as at the reporting date:		As at 31)	March 2024	As at 31 M	arch 2023
Párticulars	Currency Symbol	Amount in foreign currency	Amount in Rs.	Amount in foreign currency	Amount in Rs.
(i) Receivable/Loans/or any other FC asset	7609/9509	CONSTRUCTION OF THE PERSON OF		2007	2.72
United States Dollar	USD	0.10	8.03	0.11	8.66
Renminhi (Chinese Yuan)	RMB	1.18	11.19	1.18	11.19
Total		1.28	19.22	1.29	19.85
(ii) Payable/Borrowings/or any other FC liability					0100000
United States Dollar	USD	0.91	75.92	2.40	197.00
Singapore Dollar	SCD	0.01	0.31	- 2	
Total		0.92	76.22	2.40	197.00

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's profit before s in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities. Sensitivity due to unhedged foreign exchange exposures is as follows:

Particulars		Currency	As at 31 A	darch 2024	As at 31 M	arch 2023
		Symbol	3% increase	3% decrease	3% інсгеаве	3% decrease
(i) Receivable/Loans/or any other FC asset		520155	5948			
United States Dollar		USD	0.24	(0.24)	0.26	(0.26)
Renminbi (Chinese Yuan)	- m	RMB	0.34	(0.34)	0.34	(0.34)
Total		-	0.58	(0.58)	0.60	(0.60)

Particulars	Currency	As at 31 M	arch 2024	As at 31 Ma	rch 2023
- 11.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.	Symbol	3% decrease	3% increase	3% decrease	3% increase
(ii) Payable/Borrowings/or any other FC liability	44770000				
United States Dollac	USD	2.28	(2.28)	5.91	(5.91)
Singapore Dollar	\$GD	0.01	(0.01)		-
Total		2.28	(2.28)	5.91	(5.91)

Foreign exchange derivatives and exposures outstanding at the year end; As at 31 March 2023 As at 31 March 2024 Particulars HSD Rs. HSD Hedging on account of underlying exposure 501.23 0.68 56.68 6.10 Hedged - Shipped 76.22 2.40 197.00 0.92 Unhedged - Open Exposure

Foreign exchange	derivatives	contracts at	the	year end:

	Maturity		
	Upto 6 months	More than 6 months	
FOTECK			

As at 31 March 2024

Foreign exchange forward contracts (highly probable forecast purchases)

Notional amount (USD)

Average forward rate

As at 31 March 2023

Foreign exchange forward contracts (highly probable forecast purchases)

Notional amount (USD)

Average forward rate





1
V
(XX
\$C)

0.68 83.95

6.10

82.36



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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

43 Related party transactions

In accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 24, 'Related Party Disclosures', the names of the related party where control exists/able to exercise significant influence along with the transactions and year-end balances with them as identified and certified by the management are given below:

a) Details of related parties:

Description of relationship	Names of related parties
Subsidiary Company	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.
Joint Venture Company	AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited
Key management personnel (KMP)	
Chairman	Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka
Managing Director	Mr. Aditya Khemka
Independent Director	Ms. Ritu Khurana (till 01 November 2023)
Independent Director	Mr. Abhishek Dalmia
Independent Director	Ms. Ambika Shanna (w.c.f. 01 November 2023)
Independent Director	Mr. Manish Sharma (w.e.f. 01 November 2023)
Chief Financial Officer	Mr. Yogosh Sharma (w.e.f. 24 Msy 2024)
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	Ms. Roshni Tandon (w.e.f. 24 May 2024)
Relative of Key management personnel	Mr. Rishi Khemka (Son of Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka)
Relative of Key management personnel	Mr. Ananmay Khemka (Son of Mr. Aditya Khemka)
Relative of Key management personnel	Mrs. Shradha Khemka (Wife of Mr. Aditya Khemka)
Enterprises having common KMPs/ in which KMPs are interested	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.
7 (37)	Aditya Security & Safety LLP
	Trend Setter Promoters LLD
	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust
	YPO Dellii Chapter
	YPO Gurgaon Chapter (w.e.f. 06 July 2023)
	Aditya Colonizers LLP

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

b) Statement of transactions with related parties -

articula	rs	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023	
(i)	Sale of goods			
25.50	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	0.07	0.19	
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	0.62	1.70	
(ii)	Business support services provided to	753	3903	
	All, Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	6.00	6.00	
(iii)	Purchase of goods		0.07	
	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd. AII. Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	11,986.92	9,463.3	
rien.	Repayment of loan			
(iv)	Hari Shanker Khemka	12.50	1 to	
		10.00		
	Aditya Khemka Rishi Khemka	300.00		
(v)	Electricity and water charges paid/ payable (reimbursed)	- 000	1.13	
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. I.d.	0.98	1.1.	
(vi)	Loan given to			
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	80.00		
(vii)	Remuneration*			
	Hari Shanker Khemka	34.80	28.2	
	Aditya Khemka	188.38	158.6	
	Ananmay Khemka	6.99	2.3	
(viii)	Interest on loan taken			
	Hari Shanker Khemka	0.78	1.3	
	Aditya Khemka	0.63	1.0	
	Rishi Khemka	4.98	1.1	
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	1.35	1.3	
(ix)	Rent expense paid/ payable			
	Aditya Khemka	7.50	6.0	
	Hari Shankar Khemka	7.50	4.2	
	Shradha Khemka	1.50	1.8 0.5	
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	1.59		
(x)	Rental income		77.0	
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	2.48	3.0	
	Aditya Safety & Security LLD	0.13	0.1	
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	0.18	.0.1	
(xi)	Electricity and water charges paid/ payable			
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	0.28		
	Aditys Safety & Security LLP	*	0.0	
(iix)	Purchase of property, plant and equipment		25100	
- 45550	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	2	1.2	
(xiii)	Professional charges paid/ payable			
50	Trend Setter Promoters LLD	1.80	1.6	

^{*} does not include provision made for gratuity and compensated absences as the same is determined for the Company as a whole











Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

articula	es .	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
(xiv)	CSR Contribution		
34 K	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust	19.65	10.6
(xv)	Donation Paid		0.00
	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust	0.30	0.8.
(mail)	Vendor and logistic support charges paid/ payable		
(xvi)	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	23.07	18.5
		20035	
(xvii)	Membership and subscription charges paid/ payable		
	YPO Delhi Chapter	1.65	0.1
	YPO Gurgaon Chapter	1.00	-
(xviii)	Dividend paid		
Mark and Mark	Hari Shanker Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	2.00	15.4
	Aditya Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	5.96	11.3
	Rishi Khemka	1.90	11.5
	Shradha Khemka	0.05	0.1
	Ananmay Khemka	0.09	0.0
(xix)	Loan Proceeds		
(~1~)	Rishi Khemka	91	300.0
(xx)	Travelling expense reimbursement	No.	
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.		0.0
(xxi)	Advertisement and business promotion expenses		
()	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	1000 1000 00 - 000	0.0
	YPO Delhi Chapter	0.01	0.5
Z27\	Commission and Brokerage		
(xxii)	Aditya Colonizers LLP		0.0
(xxiii)	Expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of		0.1
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP	0 = 1 = 0	0.1
(xxiv)	Interest Income on loan		
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	2.92	133
(xxv)	Sale of Leasehold Land and PPE	11074	12
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	119.74	
(xxvi)	Buy back of shares [also refer note 21(f)]		
Managar Vis	Hari Shanker Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUP)		259.
	Aditya Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	4	191.1
	Rishi Khemka		2.5
	Shradha Khemka	61	194.1
	Ananmay Khemka	- 4	0.0
(xxvii)	Director Sitting Fees		
	Abhishek Dılmia	0.28	0.1
	Ambika Sharma	0.11	
	Manish Sharma	0.14	
	Riru Khurana	0.20	0.4
(xxviii)	Job work charges paid/ payable	=	
(AAVIII)		0.32	
	All. Dixon Technologics Pve Dd.		



CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

c) Outstanding balances at the year end

articula	rs	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
(i)	Trade Payables	- 19600	PART HE CO
10:51	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	399.33	2,795.80
	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	18.55	14.95
(ii)	Trade Receivables	9020	200
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	2.26	2.60
(iii)	Investments		13.97
	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	11.19	11.19
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	95.00	95.00
(iv)	Borrowings		12.50
	Hari Shanker Khemka	-	10.0
	Aditya Khemka Rishi Khemka		300.0
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	13.50	13.5
(v)	Interest Payable		
	Hari Shanker Khemka	19	0.2
	Aditya Khemka	-	0.1
	Rishi Khemka		1.0
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	0.30	0.3
(vi)	Other Receivables		0.1
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP		0,10
(vii)	Remuncration Payable		
	Hari Shanker Khemka	0.65	0.6 10.2
	Aditya Khemks	13.19 0.23	0.1
	Ananmay Khemka	0.23	161
(viii)	Loan to group companies (gross)	00720	
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	82.52	

(d) Terms and conditions with related partics

All transactions with related parties are made on the terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and within the ordinary course of business. Outstanding balances at respective year ends are unsecured and settlement is generally done in cash.

(c) The Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken as at each reporting date.



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(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

44 Capital management

The Company's capital includes issued share capital and all other distributable reserves. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise shareholder value and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company have both long and short term borrowings.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Long term borrowings	280.16	427.81
Short term borrowings (including current maturities of long term horrowings)	3,774.36	3,668.17
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(393.12)	(1,471.49)
Ner debt (a)*	3,661.40	2,624.49
Total Equity (b)	4,320.36	2,809,32
Equity and not debt $(c = (a) + (b))$	7,981.77	5,523.81
Gearing Ratio (d = a/c)	0.46	0.48

^{*}Excludes impact of book overdaft (refer note 42B)

45 Employee benefits

The Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) - 19 for Employee Benefit as under:

Defined contribution plans

The Company makes contribution towards employee's provident fund and employee's state insurance. The Company has contributed Rs. 38:00 million (31 March 2023, Rs. 28:48 million) during the year ended 31 Murch 2024 as contribution towards these schemes.

Defined benefit plans

Gratuity

The Company has a defined benefit granuity plan. Every employee is entitled to gratuity as per the provisions of the Psyment of Granuity Act, 1972. The liability of Granuity is recognized on the basis of actuarial valuation.

Salary increases	Actual salary increases will increase the plan's limbility. Increase in salary increase rate assumption in future valuations will also increase the liability.
Investment risk	If plan is funded then assets liabilities mismatch and actual investment return on assets lower than the discount rate assumed at the last valuation date can impact the liability.
Discount rate	Reduction in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the plan's linbility.
Moreality & disability	Actual deaths and disability cases proving lower or higher than assumed in the valuation can impact the liabilities.
Withdrawals	Actual withdrawals proving higher or lower than assumed withdrawals and change of withdrawal rates at subsequent valuations can impact plan's liability.

ounts recognised in the balance short:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Present value of the obligation	104.75	74.41
Fair value of plan assets	75.62	60.95
Net liability/(prepaid asset)	29.13	13.46

Amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss:		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Actuarial loss/ (income) recognised during the year	19.97	(1.36)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Current service cost	11.61	9,77
Past service cost	(1.33)	
Interest cost (net).	0.57	1.12
Cost recognised during the year	10.85	10.89











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(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

Movement in the	tiability recognised	in the balance sheet is as under	÷

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	74.41	64.59
Current service cost	11.61	9.77
Past service cost	(1.33)	130
Interest cost	5.48	4.56
Actuarial (gain)/loss net		
Acquaind loss on acising from change in demographic assumption	5.52	
Actuarial loss on avising from change in financial assumption	11.84	(2.18
Actuated loss on azising from experience adjustment	2.23	0.78
Benefits paid	(5,01)	(3.11
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	104.75	74.41

Particulars.	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Present value of plan value assets at the heginning of the year	60.94	44.27
Transfer at/(out) plan assets	0.16	10.5%
Interest income	4.91	3.44
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest income	(0.38)	(0.04)
Contributions by Employer	15.00	16.39
Renefits paid	(5.01)	(3.11)
Present value of plan value assets at the end of the year	75,62	60.95

The Company expects to make a contribution of Rs. 16.01 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 2.61 million) to the defined benefit plans during the next function year.

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Discount rate	7.30%	7.50%
Salary escalation rate	10.00%	8,00%
Withdrawal rate	- >> 70.77	
Less than 30-years	11.00%	3.00%
From 30 to less 44 years	11.00%	3.00%
44 years and above	11.00%	3.00%
Weighted average duration of PBO	7.44	12.43

Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation:

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Weighted Average Duration (Years) as at valuation date	7.44 Years	12.43 Years

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Within pext I year	9.97	2.61
Between 1-5 years	35.56	14.81
Over 5 years	59,23	31.5
Total	104.76	48.95

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	104.75	74.41
a) Impact of the change in discount rate		
Tempsor due to increase of 0.5 %	-3.38%	-5.51%
Impact due to decrease of 0.5 %	3.60%	5.99%
b) Impact of the change in salary increase		
Impact due to increase of 0.5 %	236%	-3.81%
Impact due to decrease of 0.5 %	-2.41%	3,92%
e) Impact of the change in withdrawal rate		
Impact due to increase of 10 %	-0.41%	0.31%
Long and the transfer and 10 %	0.36%	-0.36%

Sensitivities due to mortality is not material. Hence, impact of change is not calculated.

Sensitivities as to rate of inflation, rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement and life expectancy are not applicable being a lump sum benefit on retirement.









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(All amounts are in Indian Ropces millions, unless otherwise stated)

46 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

A. Contingent liabilities

(i) Inland Bank Guarantees

31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
50.17	-49.67	
50.17	49.67	

(ii) Income tax matters

(a)An Income Tax survey under section 133 A of Income-tax Act, 1961 was carried out at the Company's premises on 18 February 2019. During the course of the survey, the tax officials raised certain concerns and instated on declaration of additional income amounting to Rs. 403.82 million. The Company's Board of Directors considered all the points mixed by the survey team and were of the considered view that no additional income needs to be offered to tax as the actual income for the said assessment year has been correctly /duly accounted for in the hooks of accounts.

The Assessment proceedings for the said assessment year have got concluded by the Assessing Officer (AO), who vide order dated 30 September 2021 has raised tax demand of Rs.189.59 million (31 March 2023: Rs.189.59 million) and has also initiated penalty proceedings. The Company has contested the said order before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appenls) wherein the Company has contended that the AO has erred both on facts and in law, in making the additions, spanning the settled position of law that the statements recorded during the course of survey has no evidentiary value and cannot be regarded as conclusive evidence and that the AO has made additions without bringing on record any contrary evidence in respect of the submissions made by the Company. The Company had deposited Rs. 38.00 million, under protest and the appeal in the matter is currently pending desposal. During the previous year 2022-23, the Company received an order u/s 151 dated 09 May 2022 mising the demand of Rs. 7.80 million on account of wrong calculation of interest u/s 234D in the order dated 30 September 2021. Further, during the financial year 2023-24, rejoinder to remond report has been filed on 16 June 2023, however, the final hearing before Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) is yet to be fixed.

Based on imputs by tax experts, the management believes that the chances of any liability devolving on the Company in the above matter is not probable and accordingly, no adjustment is cuttently necessary in these standalone financial statements at this stage.

(iii) Indirect tax matters		
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(a) VAT matters		
Demands mised under respective VAT Acts	13.19	14.76
Amounts paid under protest	1.02	2.98
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(h) GST matters*		
Demands raised under GST regulations	4.95	4.53
Amounts paid under protest	0.49	0.24
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(c) Customs matters		
Demands raised under Customs Act	26.89	20.73
Amounts paid under protest	1.65	0.22

Based on inputs by tax experts, the management believes that the chances of any liability devolving on the Company in the above matters is not probable and accordingly, no adjustment is currently necessary in these standalone furancial statements at this stage.

*The Company has received multiple show cause notices from Goods and Services Tax ("GSF") authorities of the State of Tamil Nadu, Telangara, West Bengal, Kannataka, Punjab, Rajasthan and Kerala, in relation to thus under the Goods and Services Tax Regulations (both Central and State Goods and Service Tax Acts and Rules thereunder), aggregating to Rs.31.47 million for the financial years 2017-2018 to 2021-2022, on account of differences between ITC claimed in Form GSTR-3B vs ITC appearing in GSTR-2A, difference between turnover reported in GSTR-1 and GSTR-3B ctc.

The Company has already filed appropriate replies against the above show cause notices, against which the authorities are yet to respond. As assessed by the management, issues raised in the above notices are arbitrary in nature and the Company's management believes that the likelihood of any liability devolving on the Company is not probable and hence, no adjustment is considered necessary in these standalone financial statements at this stage.

(at) Claims by customers (alongwith interest) in the normal course of business may be payable as and when the outcome of the related matters are finally determined. Management based on the legal inputs and historic trends, believes that no material liability will devolve on the Company, in respect of such matters.

Estimated amount of contract remaining to be executed on capital and other commitments not provided for (net of advances) is Rs. 613.90 million (31 March 2023: Rs. 11.45 million). Apart from above mentioned amount, certain purchase orders issued to suppliers are for open quantities, during the normal course of business.

C. F.- waste (Management)

Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change has essued E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2022, as senended ("T-waste Rules"), which requires the producers to obtain and implement extended producer responsibility taggets as per Schedule III and Schedule IV of the said Rules. Basis management's internal assessment of E-waste rules, management believes that the Company has an obligation to fulfil the Extended Producer Responsibility targets, only if it is a participant in the market during a financial year. The obligation for the financial year are measured based on sales made in the preceding years.

During the current year, as per the directions given by Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB), the Company has fulfilled its obligation for the current financial year. Basis management assessment and in accordance with Appendix B of Ind AS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets', the Company will have an e-waste obligation for future years, only if it participates in the market in such years.

a)The Company's Board of Directors at their meeting held on 23 October 2023 recommended dividend on equity shares @ Rs. 4.88 per equity share for the furnicial year 2022-23 that was approved by the shareholders in their Annual General Meeting held on 28 October 2023. The total outgo as dividend to the shareholders during the year amounted to Rs. 10 million.

b)The Company's Board of Directors at their meeting held on 02 August 2024 have proposed final dividend on equity shares @ Rs. 1.76 per equity share for the financial year 2023-24 (total outgo being Rs. 180 million), subject to approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

Particulars -	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023		Method of accounting
	Ownership %	Place of business	Ownership %	Place of business	and the supplier of the suppli
Subsidiary companies					
Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	100%	Chirox	100%	China	At cost
Joint venture*					
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	- 50%	India	50%	India	At cost

*Also refer note \$3











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(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

49 Corporate Social Responsibility	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	19,44	10.73
Amount of expenditure incurred	19.65	10.74
Shortfall at the end of the year	2.0	
Total of previous years shortfall		19
Reason for shortfall		100 Tan 100 Ta
Details of related party transactions	Refer Note 43	Refer Note 43

Nature of CSR activities includes donation to education institutions, hospitals etc. through a related party. Such activities are covered under eligible CSR activities under Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

50 Segment reporting

The Company has only one operating segment and is primarily engaged in the business of trading of security and surveillance equipments. Accordingly, the figures appearing in these standakone financial statements relate to the Company's single operating segment. The Board of Directors of the Company consider reading of security and surveillance equipments and related activities as the main business of the entity. Accordingly, there are no other separate reportable segments in terms of Ind AS 108 on 'Operating Segments'.

(a) There are no major customers having revenue of more than 10% of the reportable segment.

(b) Information about geographical areas: The Company sells goods and provides services to customers which are domiciled in India as well as outside India. All the non-current assets of the Company are located in India. The amount of revenue from external customers broken down by the location of the customers is as follows:

Attributed to the Company's country of domicile, India Attributed to foreign countries.

For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
27,737.20	22,734.54
87.06	110.93
27,824.26	22,845.47

51 Other disclosures

51.1 The Code on Social Security, 2020 (Code) relating to employee benefits during employment and post employment, acceived Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India, however, the thre on which the Code will come into effect is yet to be notified and final tules/interpretation are yet to be issued. The Company will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code and the rules thereon becomes effective.

51.2 Details of assets pledged

The carrying values of assets pledged as security against bocrowings are as under:

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	214.82	264.28	
Right of use assets	18.47	204.92	
Investment property	3,79	4.08	
Total	237,08	473,28	
Current assets			
Inventories	5,092.05	5,110.50	
Trade receivables	7,342.70	6,149.58	
Total .	12,434.74	11,260.08	

- 51.3 Research and development costs incurred during the pear ended 31 March 2021 that have been capitalised, aggregates to Rs. 89.75 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 21.87 million). Research and development costs that were not eligible for capitalisation and have been expensed off during the year ended 31 March 2021, apprepates to Rs. 63.24 million (31 March 2025; Rs. 56.03 million).
- 52. Pursurant to Transfer Memorandum dated 12 June 2018, the New Okhla Industrial Development Authority ("Needa Authority") transferred the allotment and lease of the land located at 12A, Sector 135, Noida, Uttar Pradesh, in Company's favour, that the Company has been carrying as "Right of use Asset" as per Ind AS 116. As per the terms of the transfer reconorandom and the lease deed, the Company was required to undertake construction/ development activity on the said land within the prescribed timelines. The North Authority vide its letter dated 24 March 2022 had granted extension for completion of construction till 31 December 2022 and the Company had initiated the construction and development activities by awarding of the contracts/ work orders for site cleaning, soil investigation and architectural services. However, the Company could not complete the construction activities by the prescribed date, consequent to which the Norda Authority, relying on the Government of Uttar Pradesh Ordinance dated 7 January 2022 (Ordinance), issued a show cause notice dated 19 January 2023 for cancellation of the lease deed and subsequently, vide its letter dated 19 May 2023 cancelled the lease deed and allotment of the said land.

The Company approached the Noida Authority for revocation of cancellation and restoration of the allotment of said and and had also filed a letter dated 5 September 2023. On 20 December 2023, vide amendment to the Ordinance dated 7 January 2022, the State Government extended the time period for development of leased lands till 31 December 2024 for all allottees. Further, on 11 March 2024, the State Government vide its order number 1631/77-4-24/123/Appeal/23, set aside the Noids Authority's order dated 19 May 2023 and restored the allotment of said land in Company's favour, subject to payment of extension charges, that the Company discharged on 24 May 2024. Subsequently, the Company recommenced the construction and development activities at the project site that are currently progressing at full pace. The management, taking ento consideration the carrent progress of work, is confident of completing the construction/ development activities on the said land within the prescribed intellines and accordingly, believes that no adjustment is necessary in these standalone financial statements at this stage.

53. Events after the reporting period

(a) On 8 July 2024, the Company entered into Share Subscription and Porchase Agreement ("SSPA") with Discon Technologies India Limited ("Discon") and All. Discon Technologies Private Limited ("All. Discon") for acquiring 95,00,000 fully past-up equity shares of Rs. 10 each representing balance 50% equity share capital of ALL Dixon- the joint venture company, for consideration other than cash through and in exchange of issuance of additional 7,305,805 equity shares of Re. 1 exch representing 6.50% equity share capital on a fully diluted basis, of the Company. Such acquisition is subject to fulfillment of certain condition precedents including receipt of regulatory approvals. Post fulfilment of all formulities and acquisition of control, All. Dixon shall become wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

(ii) Subsequent to the year, end, the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on 12 June 2024 approved the following:

a) Increase in the authorised share capital from existing 5,050,000 equity shares to 15,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each, which was subsequently approved by the shareholders through ordinary resolution passed in their Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 17 June 2024;

b) Sub decision of the existing authorised share capital of the Company from 15,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each anto 150,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 1 each and existing paid-up capital from 2,050,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each to 20,500,000 copity shares of Rs. 1 each, which was approved by the shareholders through an ordinary resolution passed in their Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 17 June 2024;

c) Post sub division of the existing authorised and issued share capital as above, the Board had approved the honus issue of four new equity shares for every one share held on record date, which was subsequently approved by the shareholders through an ordinary resolution passed in their Estra Ordinary General Meeting held on 17 June 2024. Consequently, the Company allotted 82,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 1 each by way of bonus issue to its shareholders in the ratio of 4:1 on 17 June 2021.

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

54 Financial ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	As at 31 March 2024 Ratio	As at 31 March 2023 Ratio	% Change (31 March 2024)	Reason for variance of more than 25% (31 March 2024)
Debrequity estio	Total debt [Non-current borrowings + Current borrowings]	Total equity	0.94	1.41	-34%	Refer note A below
Debt service aswerage ratio	Earnings before depreciation and amortisation and interest [Profit/loss after tax + Depreciation and amortisation expense 1 Finance costs (excluding interest on lease liabilities)]	Interest expense (including capitalised) + Principal repayment (including prepayments)	7.02	7.72	9%	
Return on equity ratio	Profit after tax-preference dividend	Average shareholder's equity	0.40	0.36	10%	
Inventory tumover ratio	Costs of goods sold	Average inventories	4.45	4.67	-5%	
	Revenue from operations (net)	Average trade receivables	4.12	4.01	3%	
Trade payables turnover	Purchases (net)	Average trade payables	3.00	2,67	12%	
Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue from operations	Working capital [Current assets - Current liabilities]	7.60	9.58	21%	
Net profit ratio	Profit after tax	Revenue from operations (net)	0.05	0.04	16%	
Return on capital employed	Liamings before interest and tax = Profit/loss before tax + Depreciation and amortisation expense + Finance costs	Capital employed [Total assets - Current liabilities + current borrowings]	0.27	0.24	12%	
Return on investment	Interest (Finance Income)	Investment (Bank deposits and Ioans given)	0.07	0.02	239%	Refer note B below

Notes- reasons for variances:

- A. Variance in ratios is attributable to decrease in overall borrowings and increase in equity the to profits during the year.
- B. Variance in ratio is attributable to increase in interest income during the year.











ADITYA INFOTECH LTD.

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

- The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a new requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled.

 The Company has used an accounting software for maintaining books of accounts which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that, the audit trail feature is not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes, used for maintaining accounting records. Further, there was no instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, as noted by the management.
- 56 Additional regulatory information not disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements
- (a) The Company does not have any transactions with struck-off companies under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies act 1956.
- (b) The Company has not undertaken any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- (c) The Company has not been declared a 'Wilful Defaulter' by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.
- (d) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Larces) Rules, 2017.
- (e) The Company does not have any Benami property and no proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property, under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- (f) The Company does not have any charge or satisfaction of charge which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- (g) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the current and previous financial year,
- (h) The Company has not advanced or provided lum to or invested funds in any entity(is) including foreign entities (Intermedianes) or to any other person(s), with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (i) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ics), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (i) directly or inclinectly lend or invest in other persons or emities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- The Company has been sanctioned facilities from banks on the basis of security of current assets. The periodic returns filed by the Company with such banks are in agreement with the books of accounts of the Company.
- 57 Certain previous year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. Such reclassification did not have any impact on the current year Standalone financial statements.
- 58 The figures have been sounded off to the nearest million of rupees upto two decimal places. The figure 0.00 wherever stated represents value less than Rs. 50,000 -

In terms of our report attached of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Weepos W

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

Hari Shanker Khemka

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of

ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemk Chairman

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Place: Gurugram Date: 02 August 2024

arma Koshoi Tandon cial Officer dompany Secretary

mka

:00514552

Place: Gurugram Date: 02 August 2024



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Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Aditya Infotech Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiary (the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as 'the Group') and its joint venture, as listed in Annexure 1, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiary and joint venture, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its joint venture, as at 31 March 2024, and their consolidated profit (including other comprehensive income), consolidated cash flows and the consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its joint venture in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained together with the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their report referred to in paragraph 12 and 13 of the Other Matters section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

4. We draw attention to note 52 of the consolidated financial statements which describes Group's share of loss of ₹ 294.50 million in respect of loss incurred due to fire by its joint venture, AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited, as per the principles of Ind AS 28, basis assessment of related insurance and other claim receivables by the Group management. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

- The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Holding Company's Board of Directors. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its joint venture in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are also responsible for ensuring accuracy of records including financial information considered necessary for the preparation of consolidated Ind AS financial statements. Further, in terms of the provisions of the Act the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its joint venture company covered under the Act are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. These financial statements have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.
- 7. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its joint venture are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its joint venture to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the companies included in the Group and of its joint venture.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 9. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.
- As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also
 responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal
 financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in place and the operating
 effectiveness of such controls;
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists
 related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its
 joint venture to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we
 are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated
 financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions
 are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future
 events or conditions may cause the Group and its joint venture to cease to continue as a going
 concern;
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation; and
 - Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information/ financial statements of the entities or business activities within the Group and its joint venture, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements, of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by the other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- 11. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Other Matters

12. We did not audit the financial statements of the subsidiary incorporated outside India, whose financial statements reflect total assets of ₹ 20.37 million and net assets of ₹ 18.13 million as at 31 March 2024, total revenues of ₹ 20.14 million and net cash outflows amounting to ₹ 2.78 million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements.

Further, the subsidiary is located outside India whose financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in its country and which have been audited by other auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in its country. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial statements of such subsidiary located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in its country to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's management. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of such subsidiary located outside India, is based on the report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and audited by us.

13. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit (including other comprehensive income) of ₹ 42.73 million for the year ended 31 March 2024 before further adjustments as explained in note 52, in respect of the joint venture, whose financial statements has not been audited by us. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of such joint venture, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary and joint venture, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, are not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done by and the reports of the other auditors.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 14. As required by section 197(16) of the Act based on our audit, we report that the Holding Company incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have paid remuneration to their respective directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act. Further, we report that the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act are not applicable to the subsidiary company located outside India and joint venture company incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, since none of such companies is a public company as defined under section 2(71) of the Act.
- 15. As required by clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 of Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act based on the consideration of the Order reports issued till date by us and by the respective other auditors as mentioned in paragraph 13 above, of companies included in the consolidated financial statements and covered under the Act, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks reported in the respective Order reports of such companies.
- 16. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and other financial information of the joint venture incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;



- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors except for the matters stated in paragraph 16(h)(v) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
- The consolidated financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
- In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015;
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company, and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, and the reports of the statutory auditor of its joint venture company, covered under the Act, none of the directors of the Holding Company and its joint venture company, are disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) The modification relating to maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith with respect to the consolidated financial statements are as stated in paragraph 16(b) above and paragraph 16(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its joint venture company covered under the Act, and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure A' wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statement and other financial information of the joint venture incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act:
 - The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group and its joint venture as detailed in Note 46 to the consolidated financial statements;
 - ii. The Holding Company and its joint venture company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2024;
- There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its joint venture company covered under the Act, during the year ended 31 March 2024;
- iv. a. The respective managements of the Holding Company and its joint venture company incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditor of such joint venture that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 54(h) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or its joint venture company to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company, or its joint venture company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- b. The respective managements of the Holding Company and its joint venture company have represented to us and the other auditor of such joint venture that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 54(i) to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or its joint venture company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company, or its joint venture company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- c. Based on such audit procedures performed by us and that performed by the auditor of the joint venture, as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our or other auditor notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- d. (i) The final dividend paid by the Holding Company during the year ended 31 March 2024 in respect of such dividend declared for the previous year, is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend;
 - (ii) As stated in note 47 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company have proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2024 which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.
- v. Based on our examination which included test checks, performed by us on the Holding Company and by the respective auditors of the joint venture of the Holding Company which are companies incorporated in India and audited under the Act, the Holding Company and its joint venture, in respect of financial year commencing on 1 April 2023, have used accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same have been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that, the audit trail feature was not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes by the Holding Company, as described in note 56 to the consolidated financial statements. Further, during the course of our audit, we and respective auditors of the joint venture did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, where such feature are enabled.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

UDIN: 24503843BKFAQR8866

Place: Gurugram Date: 02 August 2024

Annexure 1

List of entities included in consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

1. Aditya Infotech Limited, Holding Company, India

Wholly owned subsidiary

2. Shenzhen CP Plus International Limited, Shenzhen, China

Joint venture

3. AlL Dixon Technologies Private Limited, India



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

1. In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiary (the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as 'the Group') and its joint venture as at and for the year ended 31 March 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its joint venture, which are companies covered under the Act, as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

2. The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its joint venture, which are companies covered under the Act, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Group's business, including adherence to the Group's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its joint venture company, as aforesaid, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by other auditor in terms of their report referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its joint venture company as aforesaid.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditor on internal controls with reference to financial statements of its joint venture company, the Holding Company and its joint venture company, which are companies covered under the Act, have, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Other Matter

9. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit (including other comprehensive income) of ₹ 42.73 million for the year ended 31 March 2024 before further adjustments as explained in note 52, in respect of the joint venture, which is a company covered under the Act, whose internal financial controls with reference to financial statements has not been audited by us. The internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in so far as it relates to such joint venture company have been audited by other auditor whose report has been furnished to us by the management and our report on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements for the Holding Company and its joint venture company, as aforesaid, under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act in so far as it relates to such joint venture company is based solely on the report of the auditor of such company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done by and on the reports of the other auditor.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

UDIN: 24503843BKFAQR8866

Place: Gurugram Date: 02 August 2024

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	214.82	264.25
Right of use assets	5	476.69	368.5
Capital work in progress	6	2.36	1.8
nvestment property	7	3.79	4.0
Other intangible assets	8A	7.75	11.3
ntangible assets under development	8B	152.64	63.7
nvestment accounted for using the equity method	9A		294.5
inancial assets	8270	92	
Investments	9B	6.08	5.1
Others financial assets	10	46.59	179.1
Deferred tax assets (net)	11	79.58	66.5
ncome tax assets (net)	12	8.03	8.0
Other non current assets	13		
JURICI 11091 CHITCHI 705CIS	3.3	111.25	41.6
	_	1,109,58	1,308.8
Current assets	200		5930/93
nventories	14	5,092.05	5,110.5
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	1.5	7,342.70	6,149.5
Cash and cash equivalents	16	394.67	1,476.4
Other bank bolances	17	311.69	2,238.2
1.oans	18	82.52	50
Other financial assets	19	1,814.48	632.6
Other current assets	20	294.07	171.3
Cotal current assets		15,332,18	15,778.8
l'otal assets	=	16,441.76	17,087.6
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	21	20.50	20.5
Wher equity	22	4,221.59	3,095.4
Squity attributable to owners of Holding Company	3 5	4,242.09	3,115.9
Non-controlling interests			
Fotal equity	-	4,242.09	3,115.9
Non current fiabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	23	280.16	427.8
Lease liabilities	5	179.13	96.8
Provisions	24	89.44	72,6
Total non current liabilities	***	548.73	597.20
Current liabilities			
inancial liabilities			
Borrowings	25	3,774.36	3,668.1
Lease habilities	5	PO\$10000 100000	CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE
	2.	129.11	75.8
Trade payables	40	70.00	145.0
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	26	79.99	115.0
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	26	5,922.31	8,974.9
Other financial liabilities	27	1,359.96	247.5
rovisions	28	84.73	64.7
turrent tax liabilities (net)	29	26.07	33.5
Ather ourrent liabilities	30	274,41	194.4
otal current liabilities	172	11,650.94	13,374.4
otal equity and liabilities		16,441.76	17,087.60
6. 0	2		
faterial accounting policy information	3		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

This is the Consolidated Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mattal

Partner Membership No.: 503843

HANDIO CDACC

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

ker Khemka Chairing

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida Date: 02 August 2024

shin Tandon mpany Secretary

Place: Gunigram Date: 02 August 2024

CIN: U74899D1.1995PLC066781

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2024

Income: Revenue from operations Other income Total income Expenses: Purchases of stock-in-trade	31 32	27,824.26 135.34	22,845.47
Other income Total income Expenses:		135.34	22,845.47
Fotal income Expenses:	32	THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	
Expenses:			110.09
30.6 (30.6) 10.0 (10.0		27,959.60	22,955.56
Purchases of stock-in-tracks			
	33	22,698.63	21,083.83
Changes in inventories of strick in trade	34	20.77	(2,093.31
Employee benefits expense	35	1,338.57	1,032.46
Finance costs	36	309.09	232.23
Depreciation and amortization expenses	37	157.13	88.52
Other expenses	38	1,536.86	1,217.01
Total expenses	-	26,061,05	21,560.74
Profit before share of profit in joint venture and tax		1,898.55	1,394.82
Share of profit in joint venture (also refer note 52)			94.87
Profit before exceptional items and tax		1,898.55	1,489.69
Exceptional items	39		
Share of loss in joint venture (also refer note 52)		294.50	
Others	2	(42.14)	57.87
Profit before tax	-	1,646.19	1,431.82
Tax expense:	40		
Current tax expense		506.93	346.35
Deferred tax expense/(czcdit)		(8.00)	0.50
Earlier years tax adjustments (nct)		(4.46)	1.86
Total tax expense		494.47	348,71
Profit after tax		1,151.72	1,083.11
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of defined employee benefit plans		(19.97)	1.36
Income tax effect of above		5.03	(0.34
Share of other comprehensive income in joint venture			0.13
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations		(0.63)	10.0
Other comprehensive income		(15.57)	1.16
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,136.15	1,084.27
Profit after tax attributable to:		1,151.72	1,083.11
Owners of the Holding Company Non-controlling interests		1,151.72	1,005.11
Other comprehensive income attributable to:		(15.57)	1.16
Owners of the Holding Company Non-controlling interests		(13.31)	
100 N			
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		1,136.15	1,084.27
Owners of the Holding Company		*********	Lineties
Non-controlling interests			10
Earnings per equity share	7,786	95029	50. PT
Basic and diluted	-41	11.24	10.57
Material accounting policy information	3		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

This is the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

ED ACCO

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Membership No.: 503843

A LION ON LINE

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka Chalunan

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer Adirya Rhepilo Managing Oirector DIN:00514552

Roslini Tandon Company Secretary

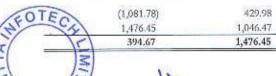
Place: Gurugram Date: 02 August 2024 Place: Noida Date: 02 August 2024

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

	amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated) Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
A	Cash flow from operating activities	1 212 12	2717-12
	Profit before tax	1,646.19	1,431.82
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and amortization expenses	157.13	88.52
	Interest income on bank deposits	(104.98)	(60.85
	Interest income on security deposits	(1.55)	(0.50
	Dividend income	(0.06)	(0.19
	Liabilities no longer required written back	(6.25)	(15.34
	(Gain)/Loss on currency fluctuation and translation	(9.07)	6.24
	Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	(2.02)	(0.01
	Rental income	(4.22)	(4.68
	Balances written off	7.56	18.25
	Share of loss/(profit) in joint venture	294.50	(87.43
	Finance costs	279.09	201.16
	Interest expense on lease liabilities	26.06	13.40
	Gain on extinguishment of lease	(1.82)	(2.22
	(Gain)/ loss on measurement of investment at FVTPL	(0.98)	1.82
	Operating profit before working capital changes	2,279,58	1,589.99
	5.500.686.7711 \$ [5] \$70:		
	Movement in working capital		THE STREET STREET
	Decrease/(increase) in inventories	18.45	(2,083.75
	Increase in trade receivables	(1,200.68)	(895.07
	Increase in other current assets and non current assets	(192.29)	(3,19
	Increase in other financial assets	(320.89)	(96.58
	Increase in other financial liabilities	1,095.57	49.89
	Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	79.93	(22.78
	Increase in provisions	43.03	1.66
	Decrease/(increase) in trade payables	(3,096.79)	2,439.60
	Cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities post working capital changes	(1,294.09)	979.76
	Income rax paid(net)	(509.96) (1,804.05)	(422.14 557.62
	Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities (A)	(1,004.03)	331.02
В	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Additions to properly, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets		
	and intangible under development	(188.75)	(71.17
	Sale of property, plant and equipment	124.63	0.72
	Loan (o related party	(80.00)	81
	Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net)	1,199.74	(1,295.33
	Proceeds from redemption of bonds	**	52.60
	Kental income	4.22	4.68
	Dividend income	0.06	28.69
	Interest received	104.98	60.85
	Net cash flow from/ (used in) investing activities (B)	1,164.88	(1,218.96
C	Cash flow from financing activities	/272 (22)	300.00
	(Repayment)/proceeds from related party loans	(273.93)	25.00
	Proceeds from long-term borrowings	49.42 (197.07)	(389.09
	Repayments of long-term borrowings	WANDERSTO	(5,616.09
	Repayment of short-term borrowings	(17,054.76) 17,426.24	7,868.07
	Proceeds from short-term borrowings	17,120.24	(799.58
	Buy back of equity shares	(279.09)	(201.16
	Finance cost paid	(10.00)	(38.50
	Dividend paid during the year	(77.36)	(43.94
	Principal payment of lease liabilities	(26.06)	(13.40
	Interest payment of lease liabilities Net cash (used in)/flow from financing activities (C)	(442.61)	1,091,31
	the same from the same same same same same same same sam	Harris Land Land Land Land Land Land Land Land	V-610-1870
	Net increase/(decrease) in each and each equivalents (A+B+C)	EOTEC (1,081.78)	429.98
	Cush and eash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,476.45	1,046.4
		304 67	1 476 48

Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year







CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Balances with scheduled banks and cash in hand:

- Cash in hand
- In current accounts
- In eash credit account
- Cheques in hand
- Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months

Total cash and cash equivalents (refer note 16)

Also refer note 23 for changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

Note: The above consolidated cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS-7) Statement of Cash flow.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

This is Consolidated statement of cash flows referred to in our report of even date

VED ACC

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Place: Gurugram

Date: 02 August 2024

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

THEOTECH LIMITY

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida

Date: 02 August 2024

Adioy Khemka Managang Lizector

As at

1.17

2.14

7.09

77.82

306.45 394.67

31 March 2024

As at

1.22

8.38

56.28

493.27

917.30

1,476.45

31 March 2023

Rosini Tandon Ompany Secretary

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity share capital (refer note no. 21)

Current Reporting Period

Particulars	Opening balance as at 1 April 2023	Issue during the year	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2024
Equity share capital	20.50			20.50

Particulars	Opening balance as at 1 April 2022	Changes in equity share capital during the year*	Balance as at 31 March 2023
Equity share capital	25.00	4.50	20.50

B. Other equity (refer note no. 22) Particulars	Res	serves and Sur	plus	Foreign currency	Capital	Total attributable to	Total
	Retained earnings	General	Capital reserve	translation reserve	2 5		
Balance as at 31 March 2022	2,669.87	170.42	0.06	4.40		2,844.75	2,844.75
Profit for the year	1,083.11	-	92		1.60	1,083.11	1,083.11
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax impact)	1.02	9	2	-	026	1.02	1.02
Share of other comprehensive income in joint venture (net of tax impact)	0.13			-		0.13	0.13
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations	-			0.01	55	0.01	0.01
Premium paid on buy back of equity shares*	(644.86)	-	27			(644.86)	(644.86)
Tax paid on buy back of equity shares*	(150.22)	34				(150.22)	(150.22)
Transfer to Capital Redemption Reserve upon buy back of equity shares*	(4.50)	2		19	4.50	-	•
Dividend paid during the year	(38.50)	12				(38.50)	(38.50)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	2,916.05	170.42	0.06	4.41	4.50	3,095.44	3,095.44
Profit for the year	1,151.72	-	•		-	1,151.72	1,151.72
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax impact)	(14.94)			(2)		(14.94)	(14.94)
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations		383	7.0	(0.63)		(0.63)	(0.63)
Dividend paid during the year (refer note 47)	(10.00)	-				(10.00)	(10.00)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	4,042.83	170.42	0.06	3.78	4.50	4,221.59	4,221.59

^{*}Refer note 21(f)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

This is Consolidated statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

HANDIOA

RED ACC

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Miyal Partner Membership No.: 503843

Place: Gurugram Date: 02 August 2024

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Chairman DIN:00514501

NEOTEC

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida Date: 02 August 2024

CIN: U74899DT.1995PT.C866784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

The consolidated financial statements comprise financial statements of Aditya Inforech Limited ("the Holding Company" or "the Company"), its subsidiary company (collectively referred as "Group") and joint venture for the year ended 31 March 2024. The Company is a Public limited Group having CIN no. U74899DL1995PLC066784 and was incorporated on 27th March 1995 with Registrar of Companies, New Delhi. The Company's registered office is situated at F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase-I, New Delhi - 110020 and corporate office is situated at A-12, Sector-4, Noida - 201301. The Company is engaged in trading of security and surveillance equipment and components under 'CP Plus' brand. Further, the Holding Company is also engaged in trading of security and surveillance equipment and components manufactured by Dahua Technologies Group.

Basis of preparation of Consolidated financial statements

These consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities:

- a) Certain financial assets and habilities that are measured at fair value; and
- b) Defined benefit plans-plan assets measured at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared and presented in INR, which is the Group's functional currency. All financial information presented in INR has been rounded to the nearest million unless, except when otherwise indicated.

Assets and liabilities are classified as current and non-current as per Holding Company's normal operating cycle which is based on the nature of business of the Holding Company. Current assets do not include elements which are not expected to be realised within 1 year and current liabilities do not include items which are due after 12 month, the period of 12 months being reckoned from the reporting date.

The consolidated financial statements were approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 02 August 2024.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses: during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in estimates are reflected in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Basis of consolidation

Subsidiary

Subsidiary is a entity controlled by the Company. The Company controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiary is included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control is acquired until the date on which control crases to exist.

The Group combines the financial statements of the holding company and its subsidiary line by line, by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiary have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiary are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated balance sheet respectively.

Goodwill is mitially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the approprie consideration transferred, the Group re-assesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognised at the acquisition date.

If the reassessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognised in OCI and accumulated in equity as capital reserve. However, if there is no clear evidence of bargain purchase, the Group recognises the gain directly in equity as capital reserve, without muting the same through

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, guodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's eash generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. The considerations made in determining joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over the subsidiary. The Group's investments in joint venture are accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in a joint venture is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the joint venture since the acquisition date. Groubvill relating to the joint venture is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment individually. The consolidated statement of profit and loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the joint venture. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCL. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint venture. The aggregate of the Group's share of profit or loss of a joint venture is presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit and loss-

(d) Foreign currency translation

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee, which is the functional and presentation currency and include the financial position and results in respect of foreign operations, initially measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates (i.e. their functional currency) and translated as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates;
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income;

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Material accounting policy information

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic henefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made.

Revenue is measured at the transaction price for each separate performance obligation taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government. The transaction price is not of estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

(i) Sale of security and surveillance equipment and components

Revenue is accognised upon transfer of control of promised goods to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which Group expects to receive in exclusinge of those goods. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control is transferred to the customer, based on the terms of contract with customers which generally coincides with dispatch of products to the customers in case of domestic sales and on the basis of bill of lading in the case of export sales.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the control of the product is transferred, the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- The Group has a present right to payment for the asset;
- . The Group has transferred physical possession of the asset, whereby the customer has the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, the asset or to restrict the access of other entities to those benefits.

Provision for contractual warranty is accognised as per the principles defined under Ind AS 37 Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets.

When the consideration is received, before the Group transfers goods to the customer, the Group presents the consideration as contract liability.

(ii) Rendering of services including business support and technical training services

- (a) Revenue from business support services is reengassed over a posted of time when the services are rendered as per the terms of the respective contracts with the customers.
- (b) Revenue from other services including technical training services are recognised at a point in time as and when the services are rendered as per the terms of the respective contracts with the customers

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend is recognised when right to receive the payment is established.

(iv) Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised and accraed using effective interest rate method.

(v) Insurance and other claims

Revenue in respect of claims is recognized when no significant uncertainty exists with regard to the amount to be realized and the ultimate collection thereof.

Assets and liabilities arising from rights of return:

(i) Right of return assets

Right of tetum asset represents the Holding Company's right to recover the goods expected to be returned by customers. The asset is measured at the former carrying amount of the inventory, less any expected costs to recover the goods, including any potential decreases in the value of the returned goods. The Holding Company updates the measurement of the asset recorded for any revisions to its expected level of returns, as well as any additional decreases in the value of the returned goods,

A refund liability is the ubligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from the customer and is measured at the amount the Holding Company ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Company updates its estimates of refund habitities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period

Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost determined on weighted average cost basis and net-realisable value. Cost includes freight, taxes and duties net of GST input tax credit, wherever applicable. Customs duty payable on material in bonded watchouse is added to the cost of the material.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated cost of completion and cost necessary to make the sale,

Property, plant and equipment

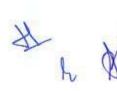
Property plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost can be measured reliably. Property, Plant and Equipment which are significant to the total cost of that item of Property, Plant and Equipment and having different useful life are accounted separately. Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided using written down value method on depreciable amount. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

tes of morbil life of Prosperty. Plant and Equipments are as follows:

Particulars	Useful life as per Schedule II of the Act
Building	60 Years
Computers and Peripherals	100.000
Computers	3 Years
- Servers	6 Years
Office Equipment	5 Years
Furniture, Fixture and Fittings	10 Years
Motorcycles and scooters	10 Years
Motor cars	8 Years
Plant and machinery	15 Years

De-recognition of Property, plant & equipment

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in consolidated profit or loss

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on unital recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development costs are expensed as incurred unless technical and commercial feasibility of the project is demonstrated, future economic benefits are probable, the Group has an intention and ability to complete and use or sell the product and the costs can be measured reliably. The costs, which can be capitalized include the cost of material, direct labor, overhead costs that are directly attributable to prepare the asset for its intended use.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of cattying value of another asset.

Intangible assets	Amortisation period
Computer Software	6 years
Trademark	10 years

De recognition of Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic henefits are expected from use or dispusal. Gain or loss arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the ner disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in consolidated profit or less when the asset is derecognised.

(e) Intangible assets under development

Intangible assets under development represents expenditure incurred in respect of intangible assets under development and are carried at cost less accumulated impairment loss, if any. Cost includes related acquisition expenses, development costs, horrowing costs and other direct expenditure.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation, or both. Investment properties are measured initially at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises putchase price, borrowing cost, if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in consolidated statement of profit or loss as incurred

Investment properties are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation on investment properties is provided on the written down value method computed on the basis of useful lives as prescribed in the Schedule II of the Act.

Investment property	Useful life as per Schedule II of the Act
Building	60 years

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at the end of each financial year.

Investment properties are de-accognized either when they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the currying amount of the asset is recognized in consolidated profit or loss in the period of de-recognision.

(g) Impairment of non-financial assets- property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs When a masonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount mre that reflects cutrent market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its accoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash generated unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of consolidated cash flow statement comprise each at bank and in hand, cheques in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for wishdrawal and usage.

(i) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the year is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accounts of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Group are segregated.

(j) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as share split, fresh issue, bosos issue that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

Diluted earnings per shate reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

(k) Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets

(i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

(ii) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is recognised for

- Possible obligation which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Group.
- Present obligation arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a schiable estimate of the amount of obligation cannot be made.

(iii) Contingent assets

Contingent assets are not recognised in the consolidated financial statements. Contingent assets are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements to the extent it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Group from such assets.

(f) Leases: Right-of-use asset and Lease liabilities

The Group's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for land and buildings—warehouse and office premises and vehicles. The Group assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Group has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Group recognises a right of use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lease, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases), and low value leases. For these short-term, and low value leases, the Group recognises the lease tentals as an operating expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss account.

(i)Right-of-use assets

At the commencement date, the right of use assets is measured at cost. The cost includes an amount equal to the lease liabilities plus adjusted for the amount of prepaid or accrued lease payments. After the commencement date, the right of use assets is measured in accordance with the accounting policy for property, plant and equipment i.e. right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accomplated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. Right of use assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the period of the lease term.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- · the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- · any initial direct costs, and
- * restoration costs.

(ii)Lease liabilities

The lease liability is initially measured at amortised cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental horrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Group changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the consolidated Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows. The Group has used a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental horrowing rate is used.

(iii)Lease term

At the communication date, the Group determines the lease from which represents non-cancellable period of initial lease for which the asset is expected to be used, together with the periods covered by an option to extend or terminate the lease, if the Group is reasonably certain at the commencement date to exercise the extension or termination option.

(iv)Short term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognision excusption to its short term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low value assets excusption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short term leases and leases of low value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis which is more representative of the pattern of use of underlying asset.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

The following is the summary of practical expedients elected on initial application:

(i) Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with a similar end date.

(ii) Applied the exemption not to recognise right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term on the date of initial application and low value

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asser's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Payments associated with short-term leases of property, plant and office equipment and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

(m) Foreign Currencies

The Group's Financial Statements are presented in INR which is also the Group's functional currency. Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency, using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities outstanding at the year-end are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the yearend and the gain or loss, is accognised in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items incasured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss assing on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

(n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an Group incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs

(o) Retirement and other employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as employees' state insurance, labour welfare fund, superannoation scheme, employee pension scheme etc. are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. Group's provident fund contribution, in respect of certain employees, is made to a Government administered fund and charged as an expense to the consolidated statement of profit and loss. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Group has no further defined obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

(ii) Defined benefit plan

Circlinate

Gratuity is a post-employment benefit and is in the nature of a defined benefit plan. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the bulance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. The defined benefit obligation is determined by actuarial valuation as on the halance sheet date, using the projected unit credit method. Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to consolidated profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in consolidated profit or loss on the earlier of:

- The date of the plan amendment or custailment, and
- · The date that the Group recognises related restructuring costs.

The Group recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss:

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, spans and losses on curtaliments and nonroutine settlements; and
- · Net interest expense or income.

(iii) Other long-term employee benefits (compensated absences)

Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed within one year from the balance sheet date is recognised on the basis of undiscounted value of estimated amount required to be paid or estimated value of benefit expected to be availed by the employees. Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed more than one year after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of an actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are credited or charged to the consolidated Statement of profit and loss in the year in which such gains or losses are determined

(iv) Short-term and other long-term employee benefits

Expense in respect of other short-term benefits is recognised on the basis of the amount past or payable for the period during which services are rendered by the employee.

(p) Taxes

Current income tax, assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the Income Computation and Disclosure Standards (ICDS) enacted in India by using tax rates and the tax laws that are enacted as at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to item recognized outside the consolidated statement of profit and loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or equity). Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transactions either in OCI or directly in equity.

The Group's management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis.









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Notes to consulidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Deferred income tax is recognised using the halance sheet approach. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in consulidated financial statements, except when the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill, an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting not taxable profits or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asser realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

GST input tax credit on materials purchased/ services availed for production/ input services are taken into account at the time of purchase and availing services. GST input tax credit on purchase of capital items wherever applicable are taken into account as and when the assets are acquired. The GST input tax credit so taken is utilised for payment of GST on supply of goods and services. The unutilised GST input tax credit is carried forward in the books of accounts as 'halance with government authorities'.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial assets and financial) at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the fanancial asset or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction cost directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Assets except trade receivables are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of Financial Assets, which are not at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of Financial Assets are recognised using trade date accounting. . Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price.

B. Subsequent Measurement

a) Financial Assets Measured at Amortiscd Cost (AC)

A Financial Asser is measured at Amortised Cost of it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

b) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A Financial Asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling Financial Assets and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give use on specified dates to each flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

A Financial Asset which is not classified in any of the above categories is measured at FVTPL. Financial assets are reclassified subsequent to their recognition, if the Group changes its business model for managing those financial assets. Changes in business model are made and applied prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of immediately next reporting period following the changes in business model in accordance with principles laid down under Ind AS 109 - Financial Instruments

C. Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

ECL is the weighted-average of difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate, with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. When estimating the cash flows, the Group is required to consider

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms

In respect of trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach of Ind AS 109, which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

(ii) Other financial assets

In respect of its other financial assets, the Group assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit

When making this assessment, the Group uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial asset. To make that assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Group acither transfers not retains subsequently all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for the amount it may have to pay.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is accuguised in consolidated profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in consolidated profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset.

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Financial liabilities

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Liabilities are recognized at fair value and in case of horrowings, not of directly attributable cost. Fees of recorning nature are directly recognised in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost.

B. Subsequent Measurement

Financial Liabilities are extried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Group. After initial recognition, interest-hearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are detecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and transactions costs that are an integral part of the ISIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent habilities for goods and services provided to the Group poor to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as content liabilities unless payment is due within 12 months after reporting period. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same leader on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognision of the original liability and the recognision of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheer if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(r) Fair value measurement

The Group measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either.

- · In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-linancial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use

The Group uses valuation recliniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value incasurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

(s) Derivative financial instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward corrency contracts to hedge its foreign corrency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are extried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any gains or lesses from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to consolidated statement of profit and loss.

(t) Exceptional items

Items which are material by virtue of their size and nature are disclosed separately as exceptional items to ensure that financial statements allows an understanding of the underlying performance of the business during the year and to facilitate comparison with prior year.

(u) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM")

Identification of segments:

In accordance with Ind AS 108 Operating Segments, the operating segments used to present segment information are identified on the basis of information reviewed by the Group's management to allocate resources to the segments and assess their performance. An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it earns revenues and incurs expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components.

earns revenues and neurs expenses, including very reviewed regularly by the Chief Operating Decision Maker, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(v) Significant estimates and judgements

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

- Recognition and estimation of tax expense including deferred tax Note 3(p), Note 11 and Note 40
 Estimated impairment of financial assets and non-financial assets Note 3(g) and Note 3(q)
- Assessment of useful life of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets Note 3(c), (d), (f) and Note 4, Note 7 and Note 8A
- Estimation of assets and obligations relating to employee benefits Note 3(o) and Note 45
- · Valuation of inventories Note 3(b)
- Recognition and measurement of contingent liabilities Note 3(k) and Note 46
- · Leases Note 3(I) and Note 5
- Fair value measurement Note 3(r) and Note 42
- Provision for warranty Note 3(n) and Note 24 and 28
- . Expected credit loss Note 3(q) and Note 15

(w) Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below

(i) Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - The amendments to Ind AS 8 clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates, changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. They also clarify how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates.

(a) Ind. AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - The amendments to Ind. AS 1 provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their significant accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures. This amendment did not have any material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

(iii) Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes - The amendments to Ind AS 12 Income Tax narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences such as leases and decommissioning liabilities.

The Group previously recognised for deferred tax on leases on a net basis. Pursuant to the aforementioned amendment, the Group has grossed-up the Deferred tax assets (DTA) and Deferred tax liabilities (DTL) recuspised in solution to leases w.e.f. 1 April 2022. However, the said gross-up has no impact on the net deferred tax liabilities/expense presented in the consolidated financial statements.

(iv) New Standards/Amendments notified but not yet effective: Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. As at 31 March 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Group.

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

4 Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Land	Building	Plant and machinery	Computers	Office equipment	Vehicles	Furniture and fixtures	Total
Balance as at 31 March 2022	50.04	162.16	2.39	13.53	16.59	36.19	18.82	299.72
Additions	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	023	949	11.96	2.13	28.13	1.98	44.20
Disposals		120	919		7.19	3.50	0.47	11.16
Balance as at 31 March 2023	50.04	162.16	2.39	25.49	11.53	60.82	20.33	332.76
Additions	77 (BRAV AR	-	2.45	23.06	.5.91	56.21	7.78	95.41
Disposals	#3	108.04	1.81	2,43	6.96	8.88	11.09	139.21
As at 31 March 2024	50.04	54.12	3.03	46.12	10.48	108.15	17,02	288.96
Accumulated depreciation							2 2/3/200	1700100
Balance as at 31 March 2022	2	15.58	0.83	6.78	6.62	10.37		48.50
Charge for the year	-	7.15	0.29	7.74	3.83	8.63	2.79	30.43
Disposals	95		=	7	6.83	3.22	0.40	10.45
Balance as at 31 March 2023		22.73	1.12	14.52	3.62	15.77	10.71	68,48
Charge for the year	¥	5.48	0,21	12.45	3.20	20.47	2.93	44.74
Disposals	20	18.23	0.96	1.81	5.06	5.61	7.41	39,08
As at 31 March 2024		9.98	0.37	25.16	1.76	30.63	6.23	74.14
Net block as at 31 March 2023	50.04	139.43	1.27	10.97	7.91	45.04	9.62	264.28
Net block as at 31 March 2024	50.04	44.14	2.66	20.96	8.72	77.52	10.79	214.82

(i) Contractual obligations

Refer note 46 for contractual commitments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

(ii) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

(iii) Property, plant and equipment pledged as security for borrowings

Property, plant and equipment have been pledged as security for borrowings, refer note 23 for details.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Ropecs millions, unless otherwise stated)

5 Leases

Right of use assets Particulars	Leasehold land*	Office and warehouse	IT equipment	Vehicles	Total
Right-of-use assets	9950000	HONOGE		1000000	V = 2 = 2 = 2
As at 31 March 2022	213.95	124.01	721	4.82	342.78
Additions	1	164.35	5.09	11.19	180.63
Deletions		(55.66)		(1.66)	(57.3)
As at 31 March 2023	213.95	232.69	5.09	14.35	466.09
Additions	17	233.21	70	4.25	257.4
Deletions	(27.27)) ***S	- 62	200	(27.2
As at 31 March 2024	186.68	465.90	5.09	18.60	676.2
Accumulated depreciation					
As at 31 March 2022	6.02	57.22		1,90	65.1
Charge for the year	3.01	47.69	1.27	1.90	53.8
Disposals	1	(21.07)	- 20	(0.38)	(21.4
As at 31 Murch 2023	9.03	83.84	1.27	3.42	97.5
happe for the year	2.85	98.71	1.70	3.28	106.5
Disposals	(4.52)	11117007			(4.5
As at 31 March 2024	7.36	182.55	2.97	6.69	199.5
Net Block as at 31 March 2023	284,92	148.85	3.82	10.94	368.5
Net Block as at 31 March 2024	179.32	285.35	2.12	11.90	476.6

^{*}Also refer note 52

STORE STREET

Particulars	Total
As at 31 March 2022	74.75
Additions	177.76
Accresion of interest	13.40
Payments-	(57.34)
Deletions	(35.87)
As at 31 March 2023	172.70
Additions	237.46
Acception of interest	26.06
Payments	(103.42)
Gain on extinguishment and modification of lease	(1.62)
Deletions	(22.74)
As at 31 March 2074	308.24

Lease liability	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Current	129.11	75.86
Non-correst	179.13	96.81
A CONTROL OF THE STATE OF	308.24	172.70

c) Group as a lessee

The Group has leases for the land, office building, warehouse facilities, IT equipment and vehicles. With the exception of short term leases and leases of low-value undedring assets, each lease is reflected on the balance sheet as a cight of use asset and a lease liability. The Group classifies its replicated on the balance sheet as a cight of use asset and a lease liability. The Group classifies its replicated on the balance sheet

Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a connectual right for the Group to sublease the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Group. The Group is probabled from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as security without prior permission of the lessor. Further, the Group is respired to pay maintenance fees in accordance with the lease contracts.

i) The amounts recognized in consolidated statement of profit and loss:-

Particulars	For the year coded 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Depreciation expense of right of use assets	106.51	53.88
Interest expense on lease liabilities	26.06	13,40
Expense relating to short term leases	38.06	47.79
Gain on extinguishment /modification of lease	(1.82)	(2.22)
Net impact on consolidated statement of profit and loss	168.86	112.81

ii) Amounts recognized in the consolinated cash now statistic		For the year ended
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Payment of lease liabilities principal and interest	103.12	57.34

iii) Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in consolidated statement of profit and loss. Short term leases with a lease term of 12 months or least 1.000-value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office furniture.

The Group has recognised Rs. 38.08 million pertaining to 31 March 2024 and Rs. 46.77 million pentaining to 31 March 2023 in respect of short term leases entered into by the Group.











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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

iv) The table below describes the nature of the Group's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised in consolidated balance sheet:

The table below describes the nature of the Group's least Right of use asset	31 Mai	31 March 2023		
	No. of right of use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)	No. of right of use assets leased	Range of reseasoing term (in years)
Office booking	37	2-6	28	2-6 years
Watehouse facilities	8	23	9	2.3 years
Vehicles	17	2-4	12	2.5 years
Land	2	50.76	3	50 76 years
IT Formment	2	1-2	2	2-3 years

v) Maturity of lease liabilities

31 March 2024	memoring out the state of the	Minimun	n lease payments	due	
31 544100 2024	Less than I year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Lease payments	139.66	86,70	61.70	80.18	368.24

31 March 2023	Minimum lesse payments due						
or marin was	Less than I year	1-2 years	2-3 уелтв	More than 3 years	Total		
Lease payments	8835	83.60	27.47	15.35	214.77		

vi) Information about extension and termination options

31 March 2024 Right of use assets	Number of leases	Range of remaining recon (in years)	Average remaining lease term (in years)	Number of leases with extension option	Number of leases with purchase option	Number of leases with termination option
Office building	37	2-6	4.00	- 8		37
Watchouse facilities	8	3-3	2.50	12-		8
Vehicles	17	2.1	3.00			17
Land	2	50-76	63.00		-	2
IT Equipment	2	1.2	1.50			2

31 March 2023 Right of usc assets	Number of leases	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term (in years)	Number of leases with extension option	Number of Jeases with puschase option	Number of Jeases with germination option
Office building	28	2.6	4.00	- 8		28
Warehouse facilities	9	2-3	2.50			9
Vehicles	12	2.5	3.50	*	-	12
Land	3	50-76	63.00			3
(T Equipment	2	2.3	2.50			2











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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

6 Capital Work in Progress

90820A0001800711
Amount
1.83
-
1.83
0.53
=
2.36

(i) Ageing of capital work in progress:

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Amount in capital work in progress for a period of				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	
Project in progress	0.53	1.83		2	2.36

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Amou	Amount in capital work in progress for a period of					
-51-070-070-070-070	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years			
Project in progress	1.83	7-1	- 2	¥ .	1.83		

- (ii) Capital work in progress, whose completion is overdue or exceeded its cost compared to its original plan: Nil (31 March 2023: Nil)
- (iii) Capital work in progress represents costs incurred on construction/development activities for the Noida property (also refer note 51).
- (iv) Refer note 46B for contractual commitments of capital work in progress as at 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023: Rs. Nil)







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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

7 Investment property

Non factory Building	Total	
5.36	5.36	
	-	
18 To	26	
5,36	5.36	
- 12 ± 2		
5,36	5.36	
0.97	0.97	
0.31	0.31	
1.28	1.28	
0,29	0.29	
1.57	1.57	
4.08	4.08	
3.79	3.79	
	5.36 5.36 5.36 0.97 0.31 1.28 0.29 1.57	

(i) Amount recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss for investment property

(i) Amount recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss for investment property Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Reatal income	1.39	1.34
Less: direct operating expenses that generated rental income*		2.5
Less: direct operating expenses that did not generate rental income*		
Profit from leasing of investment property before depreciation	1,39	1.34
Less: depreciation expense	(0.29)	(0.31)
Profit from leasing of investment property after depreciation	1,10	1.03

^{*}Direct operating expenses attributable to investment property cannot be specifically identified with property, although management does not expect them to be material.

(ii) Fair value of investment property

Particulais	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Office space at Janki Centre, Andhen, Mumbai	30.84	27.72
Total	30.84	27.72

The Group has appointed a registered valuer in accordance with Rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuer and Valuation) Rules, 2017 for the valuation of investment property. The fair value of investment property has been determined by external, independent property valuers, having appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued. The Group obtains independent valuation for its investment property at least annually and are considered to be a fair representation at which such properties can be sold in an active market. The fair value measurement of the investment property has been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used. Fair value has been determined using combination of market approach and cost approach. The market approach provides an indication of value by comparing the asset with identical or comparable (that is similar) assets for which price information is available whereas cost approach provides an indication of value using the economic principle that a buyer will pay no more for an asset than the cost to obtain an asset of equal utility, whether by purchase or by construction, unless undue time, inconvenience, risk or other factors are involved.

(iii) Contractual obligations

There are no contractual obligations outstanding as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

(iv) Capitalised borrowing costs

These were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Ropecs millions, unless otherwise stated)

			DOM:		
84	Terri	amo	ible	assets	2
432 X.a.	4.144	10131125	200.00	Section Property	,

	Contraction of the Contraction o	- ASSESSMENT OF THE
Computer Software	Trademark	Total
10.57	11.55	22.12
3.02		3.02
	525	
13,59	11.55	25.14
1.98	54	1.98
	828	
15.57	11,55	27.12
6.64	3.30	9.94
2.22	1.65	3.87
8.86	4.95	13,81
3.91	1.65	5.56
	-	
12.77	6.60	19.37
4.73	6.60	11.33
2.80	4,95	7.75
	10.57 3.02 13.59 1.98 15.57 6.64 2.22 8.86 3.91	Software 10.57











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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

8B. Intangible assets under development

Particulars	Intangible assets under development	Total
Balance as at 31 March 2022	41.67	41.67
Additions	24.72	24.72
Capitalised	2.60	2.60
Balance as at 31 March 2023	63.79	63.79
Additions	90.83	90.83
Capitalised	1.98	1.98
Balance as at 31 March 2024	152.64	152.64

(i) Ageing of intangible asset under development:

As on 31 March 2024

Particulars	Amount in	Total			
1 Milesano	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	
Intanoible assets under development	88.85	22.12	41,67	-	152.64

As on 31 March 2023

Particulars	Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	
Intangible assets under development	22.12	41.67	026		63.79

(ii) Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or exceeded its cost compared to its original plan; Nil (31 March 2023; Nil)

(iii) Contractual obligations

Refer note 46 for contractual commitments for acquisition of intangible assets as at 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023; Rs. Nil)

(iv) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.









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CIN: U7489901.1995PLC066784

Notes to consulidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (All amounts are in Indian Rupets millions, unless otherwise stated)

The state of the plant state of the section of the				
9 Investments	As at 31 March 2024	As as 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
9A Investment in equity instrument	No of shares	No of shares	Amount	Amount
Investment in joint venture accounted for using the equity method				
Investment -AII. Dixon Technologies Private Limited (also refer note 52)	9,500,000	9,500,000	59	294.50
Total	9,500,000	9,500,000		294.50
9B Other investments				
Quoted Investments				
Investment in equity instruments measured at fair value through profit & loss	O several	337444	2.00	50000
Tamiland Mercantile Bank Limined, Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each.	12,525	12,525	6.08	5.11
Total	12,525	12,525	6.08	5.11
Total			6.08	299.61
Appregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof			6.08	5.11
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments				294,50
Aggregate assistant of medianter investments		-	6.08	299.61
th Other financial sessets (non-carrent)		-	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
E =		3	20.39	166.04
Fixed deposit with remaining manuary of more than 12 months*			26.20	13.13
Security deposits (curried at amortised cost)		8	46.59	179.17
*includes deposits apprepating to Rs. 20.30 million (31 March 2023: Rs. 32.30 million) held as margina. March 2023: Rs 0.38 million) pledged with government authorisies.	money and Rs. 0.09 million (31	8		
11 Deferred tax assets (net)			As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) on account of :-			923	434
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets			3.82	0.28
Allowance for expected credit losses			14.49	14.49
Employee benefits			17.14	10.66
Warrante provision			26.70	23.92
Right of use assets			(74.83)	(41.17
Lense liabilities			77.58	43.46
Other temporary differences			16.21	16.17
Investment carried at FVTPL			(1.53)	(1.28
			79.58	66.53

(i) Movement in deferred tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	Recognised/ (reversed) through profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2024
Assets/(Liabilities)		4754		3.82
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets	0.28	3.54	- E	14.49
Allowance for expected credit losses	14,49		928	
Employee benefits	10.66	1.45	5.03	17.14
Right of use assets	(41.17)	(33.67)		(74.83)
Lease liabilities	43.46	34.11	9.	77.58
	23.92	2.78		26.70
Warranty provision	(1.38)	(0.25)		(1.53)
Investment carried at FVIPL	16.17	0.04	15	16.21
Other temporary differences	44777	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	5.03	79.58
Total	66.53	8.01	3.03	1,74,00

Particulars	As at 1 April 2022	Recognised/ reversed through profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2023
Assets/(Liabilities)	0.48	(0.20)	720	0.28
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intengible assets	20060	221/4/01		
Allowance for expected credit losses	18.13	(3.64)	48,675,00	14.49
Employee benefits	12.17	(L.17)	(0.34)	10.66
Kight of use assets	(17.54)	(42.44)		(41.17)
Lease liabilities	18.81	43.46		43.46
	22.34	1.58	8.50	23.92
Wheranty provision	(1.69)	10000		(1.28)
Investment carried at FVTPL	14,67	1.50		16.17
Other temporary differences	The second secon	The second secon	10.00	66.53
Total	67.37	(0.49)	(11.34)	00.00





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces mellions, unless otherwise stated)

12 Income (ax assets (net)

13 Other non-current assets

Advance tax paid (not of provision for taxation)

Amounts paid under protest with statutney authorities

As at As at 31 March 2023 31 March 2024 8.93 8.03

As at As at 31 March 2023 31 March 2021 111.25

Ac at

41.63 111.25 41.63

14 Inventories

(Valued at lower of cost or not realisable value, unless otherwise stated)

Traded goods

Others

31 March 2024	31 March 2023
5,010.82	5,061.59
51.23	48,91
5,092.05	5,110.50

Notes

(i) Inventories of traded goods include goods in transit amounting to Rs. 44.47 million (31 March 2023: Rs. 120.00 million)

(ii) Inventories are not off of Rs. 208.69 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 136.56 million) representing write down of inventories to not realisable value, as assessed by the management.

15 Trade receivables	As at 31 March 2024	As at 51 March 2023
Secured, considered good		
Unsecured	7,363.75	6,168.72
- considered good - from others	2.26	2.60
considered good - from selated parties		
- which have significant increase in credit visk	28.82	30.39
CALLED NO FOR SUPPLIES CONT. CENTER CONT.	7,394.83	6,201.71
Less: Allowance for expected coedit loss	52.13	52.13
	7,342.70	6,149.58
Total		

Ageing schedule

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
- 4400	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	I-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	3,351.54	3,733.83	223.49	47.15	8.19	1.81	7,366.01
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk		2		90	-		
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good					500		
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk		0:17	0.33	4.98	3.37	19.97	28.82
Less: Allowance for had and doubtful debts	- 50		= =	*			(53.13)
Total	3,351.54	3,734.00	223.83	52,13	11.56	21.78	7,312.70

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(a) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	3,069.01	2,871.92	191.24	4.00	0.14	0.07	6,136.69
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	= " =	14	92	¥3	- 14	LA.	
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good		22,68	10.21		- 4	1.74	34.63
(ny) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	22	0.45	7:11	1.64	1,22	19.97	30.38
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts			34		32		(52.13)
Total	3,069.01	2,895.04	208.57	5.64	1.66	21,80	6,149.58







CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated linancial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

16 Cash and cash equivalents			31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Balances with bunks			2.14	6.38
In current accounts			7.02	56.21
In each credit account			1.17	1.23
Cash in bond			77.83	193.2
Cheques in hand			306.45	917.30
Fixed deposits with original materity of less than	three months		394.67	1,476.45
17 Bank balances other than cash and each eq	quivalents		As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Fixed deposit with original maturity of more than	three months and upt	(we've months*	311.69	2,238.2
1000000000 M 92			311.69	2,238.22
*uncludes fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 311.69	million (31 March 20)	 Rs. 748.31 million) held as margin money with bank and cullate 	rals against bank guacantees.	
18 Loans			As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
(Unsecured good)			87.52	-
Louis to related parties (refer note 43)*			82.52	
*Loan is repayable within one year and carries in	nterest rate of 11% p.a.			
Details of loans given, inter corporate given,	investments made an	d guarantee given covered u/s 186 (4) of the Companies Act	, 2013.	
Name of purty	Business relationship	Purpose of loan	As at. 31. March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
All Dixon Technologies Provate Louised	Joint venture company	General corporate purpose	82.52	
19 Other financial assets			As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023

19 Other financial assets	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Complete Array 21	2.55	1.22
Security deposit	587.71	330.87
Vendur claim receivable	2479200	0.18
Other receivable from related parties (refer note 13)	972 11	0/2000
Fixed deposits with remaining maturity upto 12 months*	872.44	
Other receivable from customers	351.78	297.41
	1,814.48	632.68
A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR O		

Ameludes deposits appreparing to Rs. 670.29 million (31 March 2023: Rs. Nil million) held as margin money and deposits appreparing to Rs. 0.11 million

(31 March 2023: Rs 0.09 million) pledged with government authorities	14-1-07	4000
20 Other current assets	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Prepaid expenses	30.56	28.36
Balances with statutory authorities	134.11	57.14
Advance to employees	3.74	7.36
Advances to vendors	37.24	78.53
Right to Return asset	88.92	100
Other recoverable*	30.89	30.89
Considered doubsful	(30.89)	(30.89)
Less: Allowance for impairment (net)	294.07	171.39

*During the financial year 2015-16, the holding company had reported an instance of misappropriation of funds/ current assets by certain employers and accordingly, a provision amounting to its 30.89 million [31 March 2023; Rs. 6.95 million] from the alleged perpetrators is being carried as at 31 March 2024. A criminal enoughbut and recovery suit was filled in relation to the said matter and the criminal compliant is pending before District Court, Surajpur and the recovery proceedings are pending before the Honourable High Court of Delhi, for disposal.







As at

As at

CIN: U74899DI.1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rapers millions, unless otherwise stated)

As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
Number	Amount	Number	Amount
5,050,000	50.50	_5,050,000	50.50
5,050,000	50.50	5,050,000	50.50
2 050 000	20.50	2,050,000	20.50
2,050,000	20.50	2,050,000	20.50
	31 March 2 Number 5,050,000 5,050,000 2,050,000	31 March 2024 Number Amount 5,050,000 50.50 5,050,000 50.50 2,050,000 20.50	31 March 2024 31 March 2 Number Amount Number

of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

a. Reconciding of number of equity states of stationary at the page		As at 31 March 2024		2023
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,050,000	20.50	2,500,000	25.00
Lesucel during the year		53		- 58
Buy back during the year [refer note 21(f) below]	- man 25		(450,000)	(4.50)
Balance at the end of the year	2,050,000	20,50	2,050,000	20.50

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares (also refer note 53)

The Holding Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is critical to one vote per share. The Holding Company declares and pays decidend in hufein cupies. The dividend proposed by the Board of Owertors in any financial year is subject to the approval of the observiolaters in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except interim dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Holding Company, the bolders of equity shares will be critical to receive remaining assets of the Holding Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. The equity shares shall be transferable subject to the provisions contained in the Articles of Association and in the agreements entered/to be entered into with the investors/shareholders from time to time.

e. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Holding Company Name of the equity shareholder	As as 31 March		As at 31 March 20)23
Name of the equity sourcessage	Number	% shareholding	Number	% shareholding
Hari Shanker Khemka	394,385	19.24%	394,385	19.24%
Rishi Khunka	389,500	19.00%	389,500	19.00%
Aditya Khemka	1,222,299	59.62%	1,222,299	59.62%

As per the records of the Holding Company, uncluding its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders/ members regarding beneficial interest, the above share represents hoth legal and beneficial ownership of shares

d. No equity shares have been assued pursuant to contract without payment being received in each or allotted as fully paid up by way of usue of bonus shares in the current reporting year and the last five years immediately perceding the current year.

e. Shareholding of promoters*

As at 31 March 2024 Shares held by	promoters at the end of the year	% of Change during the year
Promoter name	No. of shares % of total shares	
Shri Hari Shanker Khemka	394,385 19.34%	0.00%
	1,722,299 59.62%	0.00%
Shei Aditya Khemka	389,500 19,00%	0.00%
Shri Rishi Khemka	2,006,184 97.86%	

As at 31 March 2023	Shares held by promoters at the end of the year			% of Change during the year
Promoter name		No. of shares	% of total shares	
Shri Hari Shanker Khemka		394,385	19,21%	-59.80%
The state of the s		1,222,299	59.62%	65.59%
Shri Aditya Khenka		389,500	19.00%	-48.07%
Shoi Rishi Khemka		2,006,184	97.86%	

^{*} Promoter here means promoter as defined in the Companies Act, 2013.

to make of snares

During the previous year, the Board of Directors in its meeting held on 04 January 2023, had approved a proposal of buyback of 450,000 Equity shares (representing 18% of total paid up Equity shares capital of the Holding Company) at price of Rs. 1,443/- (Indian Rupers One Thousand Four Hundred Forty-three only) per Equity shares which opined on 23 February 2023, for fifteen days and settlement of buyback offer date was 24 February 2023. Accordingly, the Holding Company had bought back and estinguished a total of 150,000 Equity shares at a buyback price of Rs. 1,443/- (Indian Rupers One thousand four hundred forty three only) per Equity share. The buyback resulted in a Cash outflow of Rs. 800.62 million (buyback value Rs.649.35 million plus buyback as amount Rs. 151.27 million under section 115QA of the lacount Tax Act 1961). Other than the above buy back of shares during the previous year, the Group has not undertaken any buy back of shares transaction during the bat five years immediately preceeding the current year.







CIN: U74899D1.1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All ansounts are in fudian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

22. Other equity	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Foreign currency translation reserve	4.41	4.40
Opening balance		0.01
Add: (Deletion)/ Addition during the year.	(0.63)	4.41
Clusing balance (A)	3.78	4.41
Capital reserve	ORGANIC CONTRACTOR	0.08
Opening balance	.0.06	37.00
Change thring the year	0.06	0.06
Closing balance (B)	0.06	16.00
General reserve	170,42	170.42
Opening halance	170.12	
Add: Addition during the year	170.42	170,42
Closing halance (C)	110.44	2700114
Capital Redemption Reserve	450	5±0
Opening balance		4.50
Add: Addison during the year	4,50	4.50
Closing balance (D)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	AHME.
Retained earnings	2,916.05	2,669.87
Opening balance	1,151.72	1,083.11
Add: Profit for the year	(14.94)	1.15
Add: Other comprehensive income for the year (net of sax impact)	ESTAGE .	(644.86)
Less: Premium paid on buy back of equity shares [refer note 21(f)]		(150.22)
Less: Tax paid on buy back of copicy shares [refer note 21(f)]		(4.50)
Less: Transfer to Capital Redemption Reserve upon buy back of capity shares [refer note 21(f)]	(10.00)	(38.50)
Less: Dividend paid during the year (refer note 47)	4,042.83	2,916.05
Closing balance (E)	4,042.8.1	24/10003

Total (A+B+C+D+ E)

Nature and purpose of other reserves

It represents appropriation of profits of the Group and is available for distribution as dividend.

It is not available for distribution to the shareholders.

Poreign currency translation reserve

Poscipa currency translation reserve represents exclusing differences on translation of foreign operations which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Retained earnings is used to accord behave of consolidated statement of profit and loss and other equity adjustments.

Capital Redemption Reserve

It represents nominal value of the shares hought back as an appropriation from retained carnings.









4,221.59

3,095.44

ADITYA INFOTECII LIMUTED

CIN: U74899D1.1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

T.O.	Non-	current	Current in	aturities
23. Barrowings	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Secured				
Term loans Indian rope load from banks*	237.55	360.01	122.50	107.81
Vehicle loans	10.21	16.28	18,20	13.24
Indian ropee loan from banks	42.61		1.52	3.47
Indian rapee loan from other parties	5)	1.52	1.52	13.46
Unsecured		7200		13.80
Lyan from related parties (also refer note 43)**	1100	50.00	- Van WAY	
777Filiana Anatorin de alla mentente	280.16	427.81	147,22	138,35
Amount this losed under Short term borrowings as "Current maturities of long-term has covages" under note 25	±4	2.52	142.22	138.35
The transmitted with the control of	280.16	427.81		
De Nil million (32 Morch 2023 Pe 0 34 million)				

^{*}includes interest acceused amounting to Rs. Nil million (31 March 2023; Rs.0.34 million)

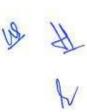
23B. Details of Borrowings

Particulars	Interest rate	Type of asset secured Terms of repayments
Term Josus Tamiland Mercantile Bank Joan-I Rs. 62.55 million, Corrent Matarity Rs. 62.50 million (31 March 2023: Rs. 125.01 million, Current Maturity Rs. 62.50 million)	8.25%	Secured by change on immoveable property at Nooth and Monthai, collateral in form of bank. April 2022. April 2022. Repayable in 48 monthly installments commencing from April 2022. April 2022.
Tamilinad Mercantile Bank Ioan-H Rs. 175.00 million, Current Maturity Rs. 60.00 million (31 March 2023: Rs. 235 million, Current Maturity Rs. 5 million)	8.25%	Secured by charge on immoveshile property at North and Monthsi; collateral in form of book fixed deposits and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company.
Yes Bank foan-I Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2023: Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 40.00 million).	9.90%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Noida and personal generative of the Promoters who are directors in the Company. Repayable in 20 quarterly installments commencing from November 2018
Vehicle Ioans ICICI Bank vehicle Ioan Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2023; Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 3.29 million)	7.80%	Faclusive charge on underlying vehicle Repopable in 36 monthly installments commencing from purchased March 2021
Axis Bank vehicle Ioan- I Rs. Nil, Current Mannity Rs. Nil (31 March 2023: Rs. Nil, Current Mannity Rs. 2.44 million)	8.25%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle Repayable in 36 amountly installments commercing from purchased. March 2021
Axis Bank vehicle Inan-II Rs. 8.11 million, Current Materity Rs. 8.17 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 16.28 million, Current Matunty Rs. 7.51 million)	8.50%	Fachusive charge on underlying vehicle Repsyable in 36 monthly installments commencing from purchased. February 2023
Axis Bank vehicle Ioan-III Rs. 11.52 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.64 million (31 March 2023; Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil)	870%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle Repayable in 60 monthly installments commencing from June 2023
Axis Bank vehicle Ioan-IV Rs. 16.40 million, Current Manacity Rs. 3.48 million (31 March 2023: Bs. Nil, Cucrent Manacity Rs. Nil)	8.80%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle Repayable in 60 monthly installments commercing from purchased. February 2024
HDPC Bank vehicle loan-1 Rs. 6.58 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.51 million (31 Mayer) 2023; Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil)	8.80%	Faclusive charge on underlying vehicle Repayable in 39 monthly installments commencing from purchased September 2023.
Daimler Financial Services Private Limited vehicle Ioan Rs. Nil, Current Manuaty Rs. 1,52 million (31 March 2023: Rs. 1,52 million, Current Manuaty Rs. 3,43 million)	7.40%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle Repayable in 36 monthly installments erimmenting from purchased. September 2021

23.H Details of Borrowings for related parties	Interest rate	Type of asset secured	Terms of repayments
Particulars Loan from related parties Rs. Nil, Current Manurity Rs. Nil (31 March 2023; Rs. 50 million, Current Manurity Rs. Nil)	7.50%	Mosecured	Repayable on densind by lenders after giving minimum 12 months point notice in writing







^{**}includes interest account amounting to Rs. 0.30 million (31 March 2023; Rs.0,30 million)

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupers millions, unless otherwise stated)

23C. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities	
The changes in the Company's labilities arising from financing activities can be classified as follows:	

The changes in the Company's liabilities arising from financing activities can be classified as follows:	Short term	Long term
Particulars	borrowings	borrowings*
Balance as at 31 March 2022	1,260.05	639.78
Cash flows:	7.868.07	325.00
- Proceeds	(5,616.09)	(389.09)
- Repayment	8.76	0.02
Non cash adjustments/ movements**	3,520.79	575.21
Balance as at 31 March 2023	3,520.79	373.41
Cash flows:	17,426.24	49.42
PowerII	Lagrana and	2000

- Proceeds **Repayment**

Non cash adjustments/ movements**

Balance as at 31 March 2024 *Long term borrowings include corrent maturities of long term borrowings

** Includes accound inserest

24 Provisions-mon-current

Provision for employee benefits

Gratinity (cefer note 45)

Compensated absences

Other provisions Provision for warranty (also refer note 28)

25	Current borrowings	

Secured Current manufacts of long term debts (refer note 23)

Cash credit from banks [refec note (i) below] Working capital demand loan [refer note (ii) below]

Unsecured Lossy from related parties [refer note (iii) below]

Rs. 13.50 million)

*includes interest account amounting to Rs. 0.30 million (31 March 2023; Rs.0.30 million)

Terms and conditions of short-term horrowings	2.000
or control of the Con	. No. (34 March 2023: Rs. 746.79 million) carrying interest rules camping from 08.75% to 09.85% and are repsyable on demand. (absorption note 42B)
(d) The Company has account cash credit facilities from mans appropriate to a	AND 10 THE RESERVE OF

(ii) The Company has availed working capital demand loans from bunks aggregating to Rs. 3,618.34 million (31 March 2023: Rs. 2,509.10 million) carrying interest rates ranging from 7.50% to 8.90% and are repsyable on demand.

(ii) Unsecured lowns from Related Parties		22 - 12	Terms of repayments
Particulars	Interest rate	Type of asset secured	
Loan from related partics-I Rs. Nil (31 March 2073: Rs. 22.88 million)	7.50%	Unsecured	Repsyable on demand by lenders after giving minimum 12 mouths prior notice in writing
Loan from related parties-II. Rs. Nil (31 March 2023: Rs. 251.05 million)	7.50%	Unsecured	Repayable within 1 year from the date of dishusement
Totes-corporate deposits Rs. 13.50 million , Corrent Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2023; Rs. Nil, Corrent Maturity Rs.	10.00%	Unsecured	Repayable on demand as per the mutual agreements between the parties

26 Teade payables	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note (i) below)	79.99	115.05
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	5,922.31	8,974.96
THE ORIGINAL SHOWN TO SERVICE AND THE SERVICE	6,002.30	9,090.01

(j) Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Faterprises Development Act, 2000 (*2000) 2000 j. Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
i) the principal amount and the interest due thereou remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year.	79.99	115.05
if the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the apparated day during	0.03	0.11
in the amount of satesest due and payable for the period of deby in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but in the amount of satesest due and payable for the period of deby in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act;	B	E
iv) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; surl	53	100
by the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the	0.05	0.03







(17,328.69)

3,626.98

As at 31 March 2024

31 March 2024

8.64

13.12

31.77

44.55

89.44

142.22

3,618.34

3,760.56

13,80

13,80

3,774.36

(197.08)

427.56

10.85

23.53

38.23

72,61

138.35

746.79

2,509.10

3,391.24

273.93

273.93

3,668.17

As at 31 March 2023

As at

31 March 2023

ADITYA INFOTECII LIMITEO

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

(ii) Ageing disclosure:

As at 31 March 2024:

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
Littleman	Not due	Less than I year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	20.000
out water	65.76	14.23	2	-		79.99
(g) Micro, small and medium coscoposes	2,430,48	3,431.90	5.41	0.50	1.20	5,869.49
(a) Others	aprior se	3,431.90	78.44	thota	3	Translation (III)
(iii) Disputed dura – MSME	R.	-	2 2	- 22		-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others			-	27/4		52.82
(v) Unbilled	52.82		31	529		
Total	2,549.06	3,446.13	.5.41	0.50	1.20	6,002.30

As at 31 March 2023

Particulare	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total	
Particulars	Not due	Less than I year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Micco, small and medium enterprises	75.02	40.03	2		=	115.05
(ii) Others	4,091.74	4,810.31	130	0.39	0.63	8,934.18
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME		- 2	*	+2)		
(iv) Disputed dues - Others		77	-			
(v) Unbilled	40.77	-	- 3			40.77
Total	4,207.53	4,880.37	1.10	0.39	0.62	9,090,01

27 Other floancial liabilities - current	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
WORD FOR THE CONTROL OF T	1.10	1.10
Security deposits	121.36	95.59
Papable to employees	200.07	125.60
Other acceptanors	200.07	1.51
Derivative contracts fair valued through profit or loss	105,86	-
Other liability- customer refund*		
Book overdraft (also refer note 42B)	927.03	8
Other papable	1.73	
Capital creditors	2.86	23.75
sapital measure	1,359.96	247.58

A refund liability is the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from the customer and is measured at the amount the Group ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Group updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting perind.

28 Provisions - corrent
Provision for employee benefits
Gratuity (refer note 45)
Property of the Parket of the

Compensated absences Other provisions

Provision for warranty

As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
16.01	2.61
7.18	5.37
61.54	56.81
84.73	61.79

Movement in provision for warranty

Opening balance

Provision created during the yes-Provision utilised during the year

Closing balance

84.73	61.79
As at	As at
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
95.04	88.74
67.87	68.43

Provision for warranty

Current

29 Current tax liabilities (net)

Provision for income tax (not of advance tax)

As at	As at
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
95.04	88.74
67.87	68.43
(56.80)	(62.13)
106.09	95.04

As at
31 March 2023
38.23
56.81
95.04

As at	As at
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
26.07	33.53
26,07	33.53

	30	Other	current	Babilities
--	----	-------	---------	------------

Contract liability

- Advance from customers

Statutory dues payable

- TDS and TCS payable
- GST payable
- Others







As at	As at
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
16.05	21.19
66.71	56.62
147.08	75.30
44.54	41.37
274.41	194.48

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

31 Revenue from operations	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Operating revenue	27,798.60	22,819.66
Sale of traded goods- security and surveillance equipments and components	17.32	16.22
Service revenue	27,815.92	22,835.88
Other operating revenue	(000	6.00
Business support services	6.00	3.59
Technical training services	2.34 8.34	9.59
	27,824.26	22,845.47
(i) Assets and liabilities related to contract with customers:		
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Contract liabilities	(25)	
Advance from customers	16.05	21.19
Trade receivables	7,342.70	6,149.58
(ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities		
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Right to return asset	88.92	-
Right to return asset Refund liabilities arising from rights of return	88.92 105.86	-
Refund liabilities arising from rights of return	105.86	-
Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115:		
Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service	For the year ended 31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods	105.86 For the year ended 31 March 2024 27,798.60	
Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services	105.86 For the year ended 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32	31 March 2023 22,819.66
Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue	105.86 For the year ended 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32 8.34	31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22
Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers	27,798.60 17.32 8.34 27,824.26	31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22 9.59
Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India	105.86 For the year ended 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32 8.34	31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22 9.59 22,845.47 22,734.54
Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers	105.86 For the year ended 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32 8.34 27,824.26 27,737.20	31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22 9.59 22,845.47 22,734.54 110.93
Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India Outside India Total revenue from contract with customers	105.86 For the year ended 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32 8.34 27,824.26 27,737.20 87.06	31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22 9.59 22,845.47 22,734.54 110.93
Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India Outside India Total revenue from contract with customers Timing of revenue recognition	105.86 For the year ended 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32 8.34 27,824.26 27,737.20 87.06	31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22 9.59 22,845.47 22,734.54 110.93 22,845.47
Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India Outside India Total revenue from contract with customers Timing of revenue recognition Goods transferred at a point in time	105.86 For the year ended 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32 8.34 27,824.26 27,737.20 87.06 27,824.26	31 March 2023 22,819.66 16.22 9.59 22,845.47 22,734.54 110.93 22,845.47
Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India Outside India Total revenue from contract with customers Timing of revenue recognition	105.86 For the year ended 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32 8.34 27,824.26 27,737.20 87.06 27,824.26	16.22 9.59 22,845.47 22,734.54 110.93 22,845.47

(iv) Performance obligation

The Group's primary performance obligation under contract with customers for sale of goods and services is satisfied as the goods are delivered/ control is transferred to the customers and services are rendered.

Particulars			For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Contract price		(A)	30,456.47	24,905.66
Rebates/ discounts	HANDION	(B)	2,632.21	2,060.19
Net revenue recognised	(8)	(C=A-B)	27,824.26	22,845.47

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

Depreciation on investment property (refer note 7)

(All alliconts are in treatments, the same of the same	V2	110
32 Other income	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Interest income:		Marine In
- on bank deposits	104.98	60.85
- on security deposits	1.55	0.50
- from customers	200	2.52
- others	2.91	2-
- on bonds	*3	0.40
Dividend income	0.06	0.19
Provisions/Liabilities no longer required written back	6.25	15.34
Gain on currency fluctuation and translation (other than considered as finance cost)	9.07	1.27
	4.22	4.68
Rental income	0.98	
Gain on investment measured at FVTPL	2.02	
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	1.82	2.22
Gain on extinguishment and modification of lease [refer note 5(c)(i)]	1.48	22.12
Miscellaneous income	135.34	110.09
	For the year ended	For the year ended
33 Purchase of Stock -in -trade	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Purchase of products and components	22,698.63	21,083.83
1000000	22,698.63	21,083.83
34 Changes in inventories of finished goods, Stock-in-trade and work-in-progress	For the year ended	For the year ended 31 March 2023
34 Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work in progress	31 March 2024	
Inventory at the beginning of the year	5,061.59	2,968.28
Loss: Inventory at the end of the year	(5,040.82)	(5,061.59)
Catholine Processing Control of the Control of Control	20.77	(2,093.31)
20523 S N B D	For the year ended	For the year ended 31 March 2023
35 Employee benefits expense	31 March 2024	
Salaries, wages and bonus	1,253.69	986.23
Contribution to provident and other funds	38.00	28.48
Gratuity expense (refer note 45)	10.85	10.89
Staff welfare expenses	36.03	6.86
	1,338.57	1,032.46
36 Finance costs	For the year ended 31 March 2024	
30 Finance costs	JI March 2021	
Interest expense	200.74	172.08
Credit facilities/loans from banks	260.74	0.58
-Withholding tax and goods and service tax	0.16	2.74
-Delayed payment of income tax	3.95	
-1.0an from related parties (refer note 43)	7.74	4.97
-Others	0.65	14.36
Other finance and bank charges	9.79	24.10
Interest on lease liability (refer note 5)	26.06	13.40 232.23
	-	
37 Depreciation and amortization expense	For the year ended 31 March 2024	
The state of amorphism appears (refer note 4 and 8)	50.30	34.33
Depreciation and amortization expense (refer note 4 and 8)	TEO 106.54	53.88
Depreciation on right of- use assets (refer note 5)	0.29	0.31
The same of the same state of		

0.29 0.31 88.52 157.13





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

38 Other expenses	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Rent (also refer note 5)	39.08	47.75
Rates and taxes	3.16	13.68
Insurance	28.99	18.88
Travelling and conveyance expenses	88.28	60.10
Legal and professional expenses	74.99	65.34
Fees and subscription	19.34	10.63
Telephone and internet charges	7.78	5.77
Payment to auditors	5.44	6.88
Electricity and water expenses	10.98	9.41
Repair and maintenance- building	6.42	2.70
	29.39	22.71
Repair and maintenance- others	656.21	488,46
Advertisement and business promotion expenses	201.51	155.52
Freight, carrage and handling charges	94.52	95.39
Product service and warranty expenses	0.83	0.90
Charity and donation	19.65	10.74
Corporate Social responsibility expenses (also refer note 48)	59.74	47.26
Warehouse handling charges	31.59	14.92
Technical testing and certification fees	55.45	40.16
Web and IT Services	7.56	18.25
Balances written off	-7,596	7.51
Net (gain)/loss on currency fluctuation and translation (other than considered as finance cost)	5.23	4.90
Recruitment expenses	J.4.J	0.09
Office maintenance	5.93	2.76
Vehicle running and maintenance	8.98	4.89
Printing and stationery	2.89	3.02
Security expenses		4.89
Training expenses	5.41	
Postage and courier charges	1.07	1.02
Loss on investment measured at fair value through profit or loss	- -	1.82
Director's Sitting Fees	0.73	0.70
E waste management (also refer note 46 (c))	7.06	10.00
Miscellaneous expenses	58.65	49.90
	1,536.86	1,217.01
	For the year ended	For the year ende
39 Exceptional items	31 March 2024	31 March 202
Share in loss of joint venture (refere note 52)	294.50	14
Loss of stock in fire incident	=======================================	57.8
Insurance claim received related to loss of stock	(42.14)	
	252.36	57.87









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Others items disallowed/(allowed) under Income-tax Act, 1961

41 Earnings per share

40 Income tax	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Tax expense comprises of:	- Control	2000
Current tax expense	506.93	346.35
Deferred tax expense/(credit)	(8.00)	0.50
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)	(4.46)	1.86
Income tax expense reported in the consolidated statement of profit and loss	494.47	348.71
Ades madis before income tay	1,646.19	1,431,82
Accounting profit before income tax	1,646.19 414.31	1,431,82 360.36
At India's statutory income tax rate of 25.168% (31 March 2023: 25.168%)	414.31	300,30
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:		785500089
Difference in depreciation charged as per Income-tax Λct, 1961 vis-à-vis depreciation as per	3,13	(0.30)
books of accounts	2.92	(0.72)
Employee benefits	6.16	6.14
Expenses never allowed under Income- tax Act, 1961	0.10	/10.13\

Deferred tax expense/ (credit) recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss Earlier years tax adjustments (net)	(8.00)	0.50
	(4.46)	1.86
Income tax expense	494.47	348.71
Theolife tax expense.		

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Holding Company	1,151.72	1,083.11
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year (nominal value of equity share- Rs. 10 each)	2,050,000	2,500,000
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year (nominal value of equity share- Rs. 10 each)	2,050,000	2,050,000
Weighted average number of equity shares considered for calculation of earnings per share, after considering share split and bonus issue, subsequent to year- end* (nominal value of equity share- Re.1 each) (refer note 53)	102,500,000	102,500,000

*In accordance with provisions of Ind AS 33- Earnings per share



Basic and diluted earnings per share (in Rs.) (nominal value of equity share-Re. 1 each)









11.24

(19.13)

10.57

346.35

For the year ended

80.42

506.93

For the year ended

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, ualess otherwise stated)

42 Financial instruments

i) Financial assets and liabilities

amid instruments by cutsuury are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
4,04397	Carrying value	Carrying value
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		277
Investments	6.08	5.11
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		200
Decivative contracts		1.54

naid assets and foldition measured at amortised cost

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024 Carrying value	As at 31 March 2023 Carrying value
Financial assets*		6,149.58
Trade receivables	7,342.70	9300.2000.00
Cash and cash equivalents	394.67	1,476.45
Other bank balances	311.69	2,238.22
Other financial assets	1,861.07	811.84
Total financial assets	9,910.13	10,676.09
l'inancial liabilities*		1005 00
Borrowings	4,054.52	4,095.98
Lease liabilities	308.24	172.70
Trade payables	6,002.30	9,090.02
Other financial liabilities	1,359.96	246.04
Total financial liabilities	11,725.02	13,604.74

^{*}There are no financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

ii) Fair value hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in the consolidated financial statements and are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level I: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments,

Level 2: Directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and

Level 3: Inputs which are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). The input factors considered are Estimated cash flows and other assumptions.

Fair value of instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss

Fair value of instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss for which fair value is disclosed is as follows, these fair values are calculated using Level 1 and 2 inputs:

Particulars	Fair value	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 M	arch 2023
Financial assets	hierarchy	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Investments	Level 1	6.08	6.08	5.11	5.11
Financial liabilities					1127
December contracts	Level 2	(2)	9	1.54	1.54

Significant inputs used in Level 2 fair value of derivatives measured at FVTPL is marked to market value as on balance sheet date of such derivative transaction.

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost for which fair value is disclosed is as follows, these fair values are calculated using Level 1 and 2 inputs:

Particulars	As at 31 Ma	erch 2024	As at 31 M	arch 2023
	Carrying value*	Fair value	Carrying value*	Fair value
Financial assets			White-eff # 10	
Trade receivables	7,342.70	7,342,70	6,149.58	6,149.58
Cash and cash equivalents	394.67	394.67	1,476,45	1,476.45
Other bank hulances	311.69	311.69	2,238.22	2,238.22
Other financial assets	1,861.07	1,861.07	811.84	811.84
Total financial assets	9,910.13	9,910.13	10,676.09	10,676.09
Financial liabilities			15325000	1,007,00
Borrowings	4,054.52	4,054.52	4,095.98	4,095.98
Lease liabilities	308.24	308.24	172.70	172.70
Trade payables	6,002.30	6,002.30	9,090.02	9,090.02
Other financial liabilities	1,359.96	1,359.96	246.04	246.04
Total financial liabilities	11,725.02	11,725.02	13,604.74	13,604.74

^{*}Carrying value of these financial assets and financial liabilities represents the best estimated values.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Financial risk management

The Group's activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Group's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is expused to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the consolidated financial statements.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, loans and other financial assets measured at amortised cost	Ageing analysis	Diversification of bank deposits and regular monitoring
Equidity risk	Borrowings, lease liabilities and other financial liabilities	Cash flow forecasts	Availability of funds and credit facilities.
Market risk - foreign exchange	Future commercial transactions Recognised financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian rupee (INR)	Cash flow forecasting Sensitivity analysis	Forward foreign exchange contracts

A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterpacty to a financial asset fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each financial asset. The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure. The Group monitors its exposure to credit risk on an ongoing basis.

a) Credit risk management

i) Credit risk rating

The Group assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets. The Group assigns the following credit ratings to each class of financial assets based on the assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

- A: Low credit risk
- B: Moderate credit risk
- C: High credit risk

The Communication for expected credit loss board on the following:

Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, loans, and other financial assets	Life time expected credit loss

Assets are written aff when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Group. The Group continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. Recoveries made are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss-

Credit rating	Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments and other financial assets	9,910.13	10,676.09

Cash and cash equivalents and other bank halances

Credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits is managed by only diversifying bank deposits and accounts in different banks. Credit risk is considered low because the Group deals with reputed banks.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue carned from customers The Group monitors the economic environment in which it operates. The Group manages its credit risk through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring credit worthiness of the customers to which the Group grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Group has also obtained debtor insurance upto Rs. 500.00 millions (31 March 2023; 40 times of the premium paid) to cover its risks of bad debts. The Group also uses an expected credit loss model to assess the impairment loss on such receivables. The Group uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance for traile receivables. The provision matrix takes into account available internal credit risk factors such as the Group's historical experience for customers.

Loans and other financial assets

Loans and other financial assets measured at amortized cost includes security deposits and other receivables. Credit risk related to these financial assets is manageal by monitoring the recoverability of such amounts continuously. Credit risk is considered low because the Group is in possession of the underlying asset except for loan given to joint venture company -Further, the Group creates provision by assessing individual financial asset for expectation of any credit loss basis expected credit loss model.

ii) Concentration of financial assets

The Group carries on the business of trading of security and surveillance equipments and related activities. Loans and other financial assets represents deposits given for business purposes and other receivables arising in normal course of operations.











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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

b) Credit risk exposure

i) Provision for expected credit losses

The Group provides for 12 month expected credit losses for following financial assets:

As at 31	M. Care	accelled T	MICHAEL AND A

As at 31 March 2024		The Strategic Charles of Control of the Control of	O I
Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and eash equivalents	394.67		394.67
Other bank balances	311.69	970	311.69
Investments	6.08	22	6.08
Trade receivables	7,394.83	(52.13)	7,342.70
Other financial assets	1,861.07	10 A	1,861.07

4 - - 21 March 2023

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and eash equivalents	1,476.45	-	1,476.45
Other bank halances	2,238.22	-	2,238.22
Trivestments	299.61	2	299.61
Trade receivables	6,201.71	(52.13)	6,149.58
Other financial assets	811.84	** **	811.84

Reconciliation of expected credit loss for other financials asset and trade receivables:

Reconciliation of loss allowance	Trade receivables
Loss allowance on 31 March 2022	66.58
Allowance for expected credit loss (net)	(14.47)
Loss allowance on 31 March 2023	52,13
Allowance for expected credit loss (net)	(*)
Loss allowance on 31 March 2024	52.13

B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial

Further, the Group manages its liquidity risk in a manner so as to meet its normal financial obligations without any significant delay or stress. Such risk is managed through ensuring operational cash flow while at the same time maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalents position. The management has arranged for diversified funding sources and adopted a policy of managing assets with liquidity in mind and monitoring future cash flows and liquidity on a regular basis. Surplus funds not immediately required are invested in certain financial assets which provide flexibility to liquidate at short notice such as fixed deposits with Bank etc.

The Group has developed appropriate internal control systems and contingency plans for managing liquidity risk. This incorporates an assessment of expected cash flows and availability of alternative sources for additional funding, if required.

Maturities of financial liabilities

1 c 11 L Vid. The allower marketin representation based on their contraction matheties

The tables below analyse the Group's instructal naturales 31 March 2024	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives	3,774.36	280.16		4,054.52
Borrowings	6,002-30	200119		6,002.30
Trade payable Other financial liabilities	1,359.96	91.1	78	1,359.96
Total	11,136.62	280.16	-	11,416.78

31 March 2023	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives Borrowings	3,668.17	427.81		4,095.98
Trade payable	9,090.02	E+3	2.	9,090.02 246.04
Other financial liabilities	246.04			927852
Total	13,004.23	427.81	•	13,432.04

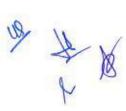
The Group had access to following funding facilities:

Funding facilities	Total facility	Drawn	Undrawn*
As at 31 March 2024	4,840.00	3,570.34	1,269.66
140000000000000000000000000000000000000	4,200.00	3,716.60	483.40
As at 31 March 2023		and the second s	D- 027.02 william in

^{*}As at 31 March 2024, the Holding Company had made payment through issuance of cheques drawn on cash credit accounts, to various vendors aggregating to Rs. 927.03 mil the normal course of business (that got cleared subsequent to the year end), against the undrawn facility of Rs. 1,269.66 million available to the Holding Company. Such amounts have been presented as 'Book overdraft' under note 27.







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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

C) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates - will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return-

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

a) Liabilities

The Group has been availing the horrowings on a floating rate of interest based on bank MCLR. These borrowings are carried at amortised cost. The borrowings on a fixed rate of interest basis are not subject to the interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor future cash flows will fluctuate because of change in market interest rates. The horrowings on a variable rate of interest are subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107.

Sensitivity of profit and loss due to change in interest rate with respect to variable rate horrowings:

	As at 31 M	arch 2024	As at 31 N	March 2023
	0.5% increase	0.5% decrease	0.5% increase	0.5% decrease
Impact on statement of profit and loss	(22.50)	(22.50)	(18.58)	18.58

b) Assets

The Group's fixed deposits are carried at amortised cost and are fixed rate deposits. They are therefore our subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

Forcign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future rash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency).

Particulars of unhedged foreign currency exposures as at the reporting date:

		As at 31 M	arch 2024	As at 31 N	farch 2023
Particulars	Currency Symbol	Amount in foreign currency (millions)	Amount in Rs.	Amount in foreign currency (millions)	Amount in Rs. millions
(i) Receivable/Loans/or any other FC asse		V07288	8.03	0.11	8.66
United States Dollar	USD	0.10	8.03	0.11	
Total		0.10	8.03	0.11	8.66
(ii) Payable/Borrowings/or any other FC b	iability				7.58284
United States Dollar	USD	0.91	75.92	2.40	197.00
Singapore Dollar	SGD	0.01	0.31		
Total		0.92	76.22	2,40	197.00

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Group's profit before es in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities. Sensitivity due to unhedged foreign exchange exposures is as follows:

Particulars	Currency	Currency		As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
Standard	Symbol		3% încrease	3% decrease	3% increase	3% decrease	
(i) Receivable/Loans/	or any other FC asset	STOME STATE OF THE		Withdrawa		m ac	
United States Dollar		USD	0.24	(0.24)	0.26	(0.26)	
Total			0.24	(0.24)	0,26	(0.26)	

Particulars	Currency		As at 31 Marc	:h 2024	As at 31 Man	ch 2023
	Symbol		3% decrease	3% increase	3% decrease	3% increase
(ii) Payable/Borrowing	s/or any other FC lia	bility				75588
United States Dollar		USD	2.28	(2.28)	5.91	(5.91)
Singapore Dollar		SGD	0.01	(0.01)	6.	+
Total			2,29	(2.29)	5.91	(5.91)

Poreign exchange derivatives and exposures outstandin Particulars	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
Patticulars	USD	Rs.	USD	Rs.
Hedging on account of underlying exposure	25000	120020	707.98	501.23
Hedged	0.68	56.68	6.10	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Unhedged - Open Exposure	0.92	76.22	2.40	197.00

Foreign exchange derivatives contracts at the year end:

T.	faturity
Upto 6 months	More than 6 months

As at 31 March 2024

Foreign exchange forward contracts (highly probable forecast purchases)

Notional amount (USD)

Average forward rate

As at 31 March 2023

Foreign exchange forward contracts (highly probable forecast purchases)

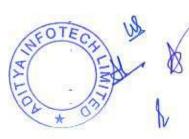
Notional amount (USL))

Average forward rate

6	HANDIO	F.
	Men	
CHER		Similar
10	RED ACC	OUL

1	0.68
8	3.95

6.10 82.36



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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

43 Related party transactions

In accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 24, 'Related Party Disclosures', the names of the related party where control exists/able to exercise significant influence along with the transactions and year-end balances with them as identified and certified by the management are given below:

a) Details of related parties:

Description of relationship	Names of related parties
Joint Venture Company	AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited
Key management personnel (KMP)	
Chairman	Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka
Managing Director	Mr. Aditya Khemka
Independent Director	Ms. Ritu Khurana (till 01 November 2023)
Independent Director	Mr. Abhishek Dalmia
Independent Director	Ms. Ambika Sharma (w.e.f. 01 November 2023)
Independent Director	Mr. Manish Sharma (w.e.f. 01 November 2023)
Chief Financial Officer	Mr. Yogosh Sharma (w.e.f. 24 May 2024)
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	Ms. Roshni Tandon (w.e.f. 24 May 2024)
Relative of Key management personnel	Rishi Khemka (Son of Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka)
Relative of Key management personnel	Ananmay Khemka (Son of Mr. Aditya Khemka)
Relative of Key management personnel	Shradha Khemka (Wife of Mr. Aditya Khemka)
Enterprises having common KMPs/ under control of KMPs	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.
	Aditya Security & Safety LLP
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP
	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust YPO Delhi Chapter
	YPO Gurgaon Chapter (w.e.f. 06 July 2023)
	Aditya Colonizers LLP
	Authya Conordizers Last

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

b) Statement of transactions with related parties -

o) Statement of transactions with related parties - Particulars		For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023	
(i)	Sale of goods			
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	0.07	0.19	
	All, Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	0.62	1.70	
(ii)	Business support services provided to	N	- W2001	
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	6.00	6.00	
(iii)	Purchase of goods	= 1	0.07	
	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	44.004.00		
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	11,986.92	9,463.37	
(iv)	Repayment of loan			
	Hari Shanker Khemka	12.50		
	Aditya Khemka	10.00	8	
	Rishi Khemka	300.00	-	
(v)	Expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of			
	Aditya Safery & Security LLP	7.0	0.1	
(vi)	Remuneration Paid*	W.C. 1726	- Superior	
	Hari Shanker Khemka	34.80	28.2	
	Aditya Khemka	188.38	158.6	
	Ananmay Khemka	6.99	2.3	
(vii)	Interest on loan taken		1992	
	Hari Shanker Khemka	0.78	1,3	
	Aditya Khemka	0.63	1.0	
	Rishi Khemka	4.98	1.1	
	Trend Setter Promoters LJ.P	1.35	1.3	
(viii)	Rent expense paid/ payable	7.50		
	Aditya Khemka	7.50	6.0	
	Hari Shankar Khemka	7,50	4.2	
	Shradha Khemka	1.59	0.5	
	ARK Infosolution Pvr 1.td.	1.59	0.3	
(ix)	Rental income	2.48	3.0	
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	0.13	0.1	
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP Trend Setter Promoters LLP	0.18	0.1	
	Frend Setter Promoters 13.3P	3000		
(x)	Electricity and water charges paid/ payable	1954950		
00000	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	0.28	19	
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP	3	0.0	
(xi)	Electricity and water charges paid/ payable (reimbursed)	90.446.00 - 0.	00%	
127/08	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	0.98	1.1	

^{*} does not include provision made for gratuity and compensated absences as the same is determined for the Group as a whole.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

articula	rs	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
(xii)	Purchase of property, plant and equipment		
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	g 16	1.28
(xiii)	CSR Contribution		
8 8	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust	19.65	10.6
(xiv)	Donation Paid	000 to 500	
	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust	0.30	0.8
(xv)	Professional charges paid/ payable		1212
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	1.80	1.6
(xvi)	Membership and subscription charges paid/ payable	1.65	0.1
	YPO Delhi Chapter		10.1
	YP() Gurgaon Chapter	1.00	
(xvii)	Dividend Paid	200	15.4
	Hari Shanker Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUP)	2.00	15.4
	Aditya Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	5.96	11.3
	Rishi Khemka	1.90	11.5
	Shradha Khemka	0.05	0.1
	Ananmay Khemka	0.09	0.0
(xviii)	Loan Proceeds		
	Rishi Khemka	135	300.0
(xix)	Travelling expense reimbursement		ntgesta
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	5	0.0
(xx)	Commission and Brokerage		0.0
	Aditya Colonizers I.J.P		
(xxi)	Advertisement and business promotion expenses	- 1	0.1
	YPO Delhi Chapter	0.01	0.5
(xxii)	Buy back of shares [also refer note 21(f)]		250
	Hari Shanker Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)		259.7
	Aditya Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	2	191.8
	Rishi Khemka	2	2.9
	Shradha Khemka	T 5	194.8
	Ananmay Kherika	-	0.0
(xxiii)	Job work charges paid/ payable	0.32	-44
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	0.32	
(xxiv)	Loan given to	100.00	
	AII. Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	80,00	-
(xxv)	Interest Income on loan	1000	
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	2.92	<u></u>
(xxvi)	Sale of Leasehold Land and PPE		
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	119.74	-
(xxvii)	Director Sitting Fees	10	
	Abhishek Dalmia	0.28	0.
	Ambika Sharma	0.11	975
	Manish Sharma	0.14	
	Ritu Khurana	× 100 100	0 0

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Outstanding balances at the year end		As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
(i)	Trade Payables		
********	All Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	399.33	2,795.80
(ii)	Trade Receivables		1912
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	2.26	2.6
(iii)	Investment in Joint Venture*		2000
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.		294.50
(iv)	Borrowings		12.5
	Hari Shanker Khemka	(e)	10.0
	Aditya Khemka	38	300.0
	Rishi Khemka Trend Setter Promoters LLP	13,50	13.5
(v)	Interest Payable		10.1 (0.00)
3000	Hari Shanker Khemka	183	0.2
	Aditya Khemka	10	0.1
	Rishi Khemka		1.0
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	0.30	0.3
(vi)	Remuneration Payable	80-90	
	Hari Shanker Khemka	0.65	0.6 10.2
	Aditya Khemka	13.19 0.23	0.1
	Ananmay Khemka	0.23	0.1
(vii)	Other Receivables		
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP	a a	0.1
(viii)	Loan to group companies (gross)		
1,,	All, Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	82.52	

^{*}Also refer note 52 for adjustment relating to loss incurred by joint venture

Terms and conditions with related parties

(i) All transactions with related parties are made on the terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and within the ordinary course of business. Outstanding balances at respective year ends are unsecured and settlement is generally done in cash.

(ii) The Group has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken at each reporting date.









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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

44 Capital management

The Group's capital includes issued share capital and all other distributable reserves. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maximise shareholder value and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the east of capital. The Group has both long and short term borrowings.

Particulars	As nt 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Long term borrowings	280.16	427.81
Short term burrowings (including current maturities of long term borrowings)	3,774.36	3,668.17
Loss: Cash and cash equivalents	(394.67)	(1,476.45)
Net debt (a)*	3,659.85	2,619.53
Total Equity (b)	4,242.09	3,115.94
Equity and not dobt (c = (a) + (b))	7,901.94	5,735.47
Gearing Ratio (d = a/c)	0.46	0.46

^{*}Excluding the impact of book overdaft (refer note 428)

45 Employee benefits

The Group has adopted Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) - 19 for Employee Benefit as under:

Defined contribution plans

The Holding Company makes contribution towards employee's provident fund and employee's state insurance. The Holding Company has contributed Rs. 38.00 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 28.48 million) during the year ended 31 March 2024 as contribution towards these schemes,

Defined benefit plans

Gratuity (unfunded)

The Group has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee is entitled to gratuity as per the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The liability of Gratuity is recognized on the basis of actuarial valuation.

Salary increases	Actual salary increases will increase the plan's liability. Increase in salary increase rate assumption in future valuations will also increase the liability.
Discount rate	Reduction in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the plan's liability.
Moctality & disability	Actual deaths and disability cases proving lower or higher than assumed in the valuation can impact the liabilities.
Withdrawsls	Actual withdrawals proving higher or lower than assumed withdrawals and change of withdrawal rates at subsequent valuations can impact plan's liability.

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Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Present value of the obligation	104.75	74.41
Fair value of plan assets	75.62	60.95
Net liability/(prepaid assets)	29.13	13.46

ate recognised in statement of profit and loss:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Actuarial loss recognised during the year	19.97	(1.36

to the common strange and the

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Current service cost	11.61	9.77
Past service cost	(1.33)	53
Interest cost (nct)	0.57	1.12
Cost recognised during the year	10.85	10.89











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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Ropees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Movement in the liability recognised in the balance sheet is as under:

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	74:41	64.59
Current service cost	11.61	9.77
Past service cost	(1.33)	
Interest cost	5.48	4.56
Actuarial (gain)/loss net		
Actuarial loss on arising from change in demographic assumption	5.52	- 7.0
Actuarial loss on arising from change in financial assumption	11.84	(2.18)
Actuarial loss on arising from experience adjustment	2.23	0.78
Benefits paid	(5.01)	(3.11)
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	104.75	74.41

Movement in the plan assets recognised in the balance sheet is as under: Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Present value of plan value assets at the beginning of the year	60.94	44.2
Transfer in/(out) plan assets	0.16	¥.,
Interest income	4.91	3.44
Interest income Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in	(0.38)	(0.0)
Contributions by Employer	15.00	16.39
DESCRIPTION OF THE STATE OF THE	(5.01)	(3.11
Benefits paid Present value of plan value assets at the end of the year	75.62	60.95

The Holding Company expects to make a contribution of Rs. 16.01 million (31 March 2025: Rs. 2.61 million) to the defined benefit plans during the next financial year.

For determination of the liability of the Group the following actuarial assumptions were used:

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Discount rate	7.20%	7.50%
Salary escalation rate	10.00%	8.00%
Retirement age (Years)		
Wishdrawal cate	90000	
Less than 30 years	11.00%	3.00%
From 30 to less 44 years	11,00%	3,00%
44 years and above	11.00%	3.00%
Weightest average duration of PBO	7.44	12.43

Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation: Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Weighted Average Duration (Years) as at valuation date.	7.44 Years	12.43 Years
The Expected maturity analysis of discounted defined benefit liability is as follows:	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Particulars	9.97	2.6
	2.21	
	75.16	14.81
	35.56	14.81
Within next 1 year Between 1-5 years Over 5 years	35.56 59.23 104.76	14.81 31.57 48.99

Sensitivity analysis for gratuity liability: Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	104.75	74.41
a) Impact of the change in discount rate		
Impact due to increase of 0.5 %	-3.38%	-5.515
Impact due to decresse of 0.5 %	3,60%	5.999
b) Impact of the change in salary increase		
Impact due to increase of 0.5 %	2.36%	-3.819
Impact due to decrease of 0.5 %	-2.41%	3.929
b) Impact of the change in withdrawal rate		
Impact due to increase of 10 %	-0.41%	0.319
Impact due to decrease of 10 %	0.36%	-0.369

Sensitivities due to mortality is not material. Hence impact of change is not calculated.

Sensitivities as to rate of inflation, rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement and life expectancy are not applicable being a lump sum benefit on retirement.



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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupues millions, unless otherwise stated)

46 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

A. Contingent liabilities

(i) Inland bank guarantees

31 March 2024	31 March 2023
50.17	49.67
50.17	49.67

(ii) Income-tax matters

(a) An Income Tax survey under section 133 A of Income- tax Act, 1961 was carried out at the Holding Company's premises on 18 February 2019. During the course of the survey, the tax officials raised certain concerns and insisted on declaration of additional income amounting to Rs. 403.82 million. The Holding Company's Board of Directors considered all the points raised by the survey team and were of the considered view that no additional income needs to be offered to tax as the actual income for the said assessment year has been correctly /duly accounted for in the books of

The Assessment proceedings for the said assessment year have got concluded by the Assessing Officer (AO), who vide order dated 30 September 2021 has raised tax demand of Rs.189.59 million (31 March 2023; Rs.189.59 million) and has also initiated penalty proceedings. The Holding Company has contested the said order before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) wherein the Holding Company has contended that the AO has excel both on facts and in law, in making the additions, ignoring the settled position of law that the statements recorded during the course of survey has no evidentiary value and cannot be regarded as conclusive evidence and that the AO has made additions without beinging on record any contrary evidence in respect of the submissions made by the Holding Company. The Holding Company had deposited Rs. 38.00 million under protest and the appeal in the matter is currently pending disposal. During the previous year 2022-23, the Holding Company received an order u/s 154 dated 09 May 2022 raising the demand of Rs. 7.80 million on account of wrong calculation of interest u/s 234D in the order dated 30 September 2021. Further, during the financial year 2023-24, rejoinder to remand report has been filed on 16 June 2023 however, the final hearing before Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) is yet to be fixed. Based on inputs by tax experts, the management believes that the chances of any liability devolving on the Group in the above matter is not probable and accordingly, no adjustment is currently necessary in these consolidated financial statements at this stage.

(iii) Indirect tax matters

(a) VAT matters Demands raised under respective VAT Acts Amounts paid under protest

(b) GST matters*

Demands mised under GST regulations (other than matters under*) Amounts paid under protest

(c) Customs matters

Demands raised under Customs Act Amounts paid under protest

31 March 2024	31 March 2023
12.19	14.76
1.02	2.98
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
4.95	4.53
0.49	0.24
31 March 2024	31 March 2023
26.89	20.73
1.65	0.22

Based on inputs by tax experts, the management believes that the chances of any liability devolving on the Group in the above matters is not probable and accordingly, no adjustment is currently necessary in these consolidated financial statements at this stage.

*The Holding Company has received multiple show cause notices from Goods and Services Tax ("GST") authorities of the State of Tamil Nado, Telangana, West Bengal, Kamataka, Ponjab, Rajasthan and Kerala, in relation to dues under the Guuds and Services Tax Regulations (both Central and State Goods and Service Tax Acts and Rules thereunder), aggregating to Rs.31.47 million for the financial years 2017-2018 to 2021-2022, on account of differences between FTC claimed in Form GSTR-3B vs FTC appearing in GSTR-2A, difference between mirrover reported in GSTR-1 and GSTR-3B etc.

The Holding Company has already filed appropriate replies against the above show cause notices, against which the authorities are yet to respond. As assessed by the management, assues caused in the above notices are arbitrary in nature and the Holding Company's management believes that the likelihoud of any liability devolving on the Holding Company is not probable and hence, no adjustment is considered necessary in these consolidated financial statements at this stage,

- (iv) Claims by customers (alongwith interest) in the normal course of business may be payable as and when the nutcome of the related matters are finally determined. Management based on the legal inputs and historic trends, believes that no material liability will devolve on the Group, in respect of such matters.
- (v) In addition to above, the Group's share of joint venture's contingent liability amounts to Rs. 165.63 million (31 March 2023; Rs. Nil).

Estimated amount of contract remaining to be executed on capital and other commitments not provided for (net of advances) is Rs. 613,90 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 11.45 million). Apart from above mentioned amount, certain purchase orders issued to suppliers are for open quantities, during the normal course of business.

C. E- waste (Management)

Ministry of Finvironment, Forest and Climate Change has issued E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2022, as amended ("E-waste Rules"), which requires the producers to obtain and implement extended producer responsibility targets as per Schedule III and Schedule IV of the said Rules. Basis management's internal assessment of E-waste rules, management believes that the Holding Company has an obligation to fulfil the Extended Producer Responsibility targets, only if it is a participant in the market during a financial year. The obligation for the financial year are measured based on sales made in the preceding years.

During the current year, as per the directions given by Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB), the Company has fulfilled its obligation for the current financial year. Basis management assessment and in accordance with Appendix B of Ind AS 37, "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets", the Group will have an e-waste obligation for future years, only if it participates in the

market in such years.







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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

47 Dividend

- a) The Holding Company's Board of Directors at their meeting held on 23 October 2023 recommended dividend on equity shares @ Rs. 4.88 per equity shares for the financial year 2022-23 that was approved by the shareholders in their Annual General Meeting held on 28 October 2023. The total outgo as dividend to the shareholders during the year amounted to Rs. 10 million.
- b) The Holding Company's Board of Directors at their meeting held on 02 August 2024 have proposed final dividend on equity shares @ Rs. 1.76 per equity share for the financial year 2023-24 (total outgo licing Rs. 180 million), subject to approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

48 Corporate Social Responsibility

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Amount required to be spent by the Holding Company during the year	19.44	10.73
Amount of expenditure incurred	19.65	10.74
Shortfall at the end of the year	55	
Yotal of previous years shortfall		343
Reason for shortfall	DESIGNATION OF THE STATE OF THE	100 Page 100 CO (\$1.00)
Details of related party transactions	Refer Note 43	Refer Note 43

Nature of CSR activities includes donation to education institutions, hospitals etc. through its related party. Such activities are covered under eligible CSR activities under Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

49 Segment information

The Group has only one operating segment and is primarily engaged in the business of trading of security and survelliance equipments. Accordingly, the figures appearing in these consolidated financial statements relate to the Group's single operating segment. The Board of Directors consider trading of security and survelliance equipments and related activities as the main business of the Group. Accordingly, there are no other separate reportable segments in terms of Ind AS 108 on 'Operating Segments'.

(a) There are no major customers having sevenue of more than 10% of the reportable segment.

(b) Information about geographical areas: The Group sale goods and provides services to customers which are domiciled in India as well as outside India. The amount of revenue from external customers broken down by the location of the customers is as follows:

Attributed to the Holding Company's country of domicile, India Attributed to foreign countries

For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
27,737.20	22,734.54
87.06	110.93
27,824.26	22,845.47

50 Other disclosures

50.1 The Code on Social Security, 2020 (Code) relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment, received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India, however, the date on which the Code will come into effect is yet to be notified and final rules/ interpretation are yet to be issued. The Group will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code and the rules thereon becomes effective.

50.2 Details of assets pledged

The carrying values of assets pledged as security against borrowings are as under:

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	214.82	264.28
Right-of-use assets	18.47	204.92
Investment property	3.79	4.08
Total	237.08	473,28
Current assets		
Inventories	5,092.05	5,110.50
Trade receivables	7,342.70	6,149.58
Total	12,434.75	11,260.08

- 50.3 Research and development costs incurred during the year ended 31 March 2024 that have been capitalised, aggregates to Rs. 89.75 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 21.87 million). Research and development costs that were not eligible for capitalisation and have been expensed off during the year ended 31 March 2024, aggregates to Rs. 63.24 million (31 March 2023; Rs. 56.03 million).
- 51. Pursuant to Transfer Memorandum dated 12 June 2018, the New Okhla Industrial Development Authority ("Nuida Authority") transferred the allotment and lease of the land located at 12A, Sector 135, Noida, Uttar Pradesh, in Hulding Company's favour, that the Group has been earrying as "Right of use Asset" as per Ind AS 116. As per the terms of the transfer memorandum and the lease deed, the Holding Company was required to undertake construction/ development activity on the said land within the prescribed timelines. The Noida Authority vide its letter dated 24 March 2022 had granted extension for completion of construction till 31 December 2022 and the Holding Company had initiated the construction and development activities by awarding of the contracts/ work orders for site cleaning, soil investigation and architectural services. However, the Holding Company could not complete the construction activities by the prescribed date, consequent to which the Nosda Authority, relying on the Government of Uttar Pradesh Ordinance dated 7 January 2022 ("Ordinance"), issued a show cause noise dated 19 January 2023 for cancellation of the lease deed and subsequently, vide its letter dated 19 May 2023 cancelled the lease deed and allotment of the said land.

The Holding Company approached the Noida Authority for revoration of cancellation and restoration of the allouncut of said land and had also filed a letter dated 5 September 2023. On 20 December 2023, vide amendment to the Ordinance dated 7 January 2022, the State Government extended the time period for development of lessed lands till 31 December 2024 for all allounces. Further, on 11 March 2024, the State Government vide its order number 1631/77-4-24/123/Appeal/23, set aside the Noida Authority's order dated 19 May 2023 and restored the allotment of said land in Company's favour, subject to payment of extension charges, that the Holding Company discharged on 24 May 2024. Subsequently, the Holding Company recommenced the construction and development activities at the project site that are currently progressing at full pace. The management, taking into consideration the current progress of work, is confident of completing the construction/development activities on the said land within the prescribed timelines and accordingly, believes that no adjustment is necessary in these constributed financial statements at this stage.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

52. In January 2024, the joint venture entity. All, Dixon Technologies Private Limited ("All, Dixon") had suffered loss of stock due to fire at the custom bonded warehouse resulting in destruction of stock of Rs. 1,769.94 million. The management of All, Dixon promptly filed the claims with the warehouse owner and the insurance provider for secovery of such loss and had assessed full recovery of the loss upon conclusion of the insurance procedures.

As at 31 March 2023, the Holding Company held investment in AIL Dixon at a carrying value of Rs 294.50 million, and on the basis of audited financial information of AIL Dixon, its share of profit and share of other comprehensive loss for the year ended 31 March 2024 amounts to Rs 42.94 million and Rs, 0.21 million, respectively.

However, during the process of compiling of consolidated financial statements of Aditya Inforech Limited ("AIL"), the Group management has reassessed the claims towards loss of stock filed by AIL Dixon and taking into consideration factors like the warehouse owners not worth/ financial capability and insurance cover held vis à vis the value of goods stored, has concluded that full recovery of loss is not probable. Consequently, the Group management on product basis, has recognised its proportionate share in such loss equivalent to the amount of opening carrying value of its investment in AIL Dixon i.e. Rs. 294.50 million and has presented such loss as 'exceptional item' in the Consolidated Statement of profit and loss for the year.

53. Events after the reporting period

(i) On 8 July 2024, the Holding Company entered into Share Subscription and Purchase Agreement ("SSPA") with Dixon Technologies India Lamited ("Dixon") and AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited ("AIL Dixon") for acquiring 95,00,000 fully paid-up equity shares of Rs. 10 each representing balance 50% equity share capital of AIL Dixon the joint venture company, for consideration other than each through and in exchange of issuance of additional 7,305,805 equity shares of Re. 1 each representing 6.50% equity share capital on a fully diluted basis, of the Holding Company, Such acquisition is subject to fulfillment of certain condition precedents including receipt of regulatory approvals. Pust fulfillment of all formalities and acquisition of control, AIL Dixon shall become wholly owned subsidiary of the Holding Company.

(ii) Subsequent to the year end, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company at its meeting held on 12 June 2024 approved the following:

a) Increase in the authorised share capital from existing 5,050,000 equity shares to 15,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each, which was subsequently approved by the shareholders through ordinary resolution passed in their Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 17 June 2024;

b) Sub-division of the existing authorised share capital of the Holding Company from 15,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each into 150,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 1 each and existing paid- up capital from 2,050,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each to 20,500,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 e

c) Post sub-division of the existing authorised and issued share capital as above, the Board had approved the bonus issue of four new equity shares for every one share held on accord date, which was subsequently approved by the shareholders through an ordinary resolution passed in their Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 17 June 2024. Consequently, the Holding Company allotted 82,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 1 each by way of bonus issue to its shareholders in the ratio of 4:1 on 17 June 2024.

54. Additional regulatory information not disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements

(a) The Group does not have any transactions with struck-off companies under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.

- (b) The Group has not undertaken any transaction which is not accorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income tax Act, 1961).
- (c) The Group has not been declared a "Withit Defaulter" by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof, in secondance with the guidelines on wiful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.

(d) The Group has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

- (e) The Group does not have any Benami property and no proceedings have been instinted or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property, under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- (f) The Group does not have any charge or satisfaction of charge which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

(g) The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the current and previous financial year.

(h) The Group has not advanced or provided loan to or invested funds in any cutity(ses) including foreign entities (Intermediaties) or to any other person(s), with the understanding that the Intermediaty shall:

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on helialf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(i) The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(i) The Group has been sunctioned facilities from the basis of security of current assets. The periodic returns filed by the Group with such banks are in agreement with the books of accounts of the Group.









CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Ropers millions, unless otherwise stated)

55. Additional disclosure required under Schedule III of the Act of the entities consolidated as subsidiary and joint venture. As at 31 March 2024

As at 31 March 2024 Name of the entity	Net assets i.e. total assets minus total liabilities		Share in statement of profit and loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of	Amount	As % of	Amount	As % of	Amount	As % of	Amount
	Consolidated net assets	(Rs. in million)	Consolidated profit/(loss) after tax	(Rs. in million)	Consolidated other comprehensive income	(Rs. in million)	Consolidated total comprehensive income	(Rs. in million)
Holding Company					20000000			
Aditya Infotech Limited	101.85%	4,320.36	125.55%	1,446.00	95.98%	(14.94)	125.96%	1,431.05
Subsidiary								
Foreign								
Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	0.43%	18.13	0.02%	0.22	0.00%		0.02%	0.27
Joint Venture								
Indian								7.50.000.00
AIL Dison Technologies Private Limited (also refer note 52)	0.00%		-25,57%	(294.50)	0.00%		-25.92%	(294.50)
Eliminations and consolidation adjustments	-2.27%	(96.40)	0.00%	-	4.02%	(0.63)	0.06%	(0.63)
Total	100%	and the second		1,151.72	100%	(15.57)	100%	1,136.15

	Net assets i.e. total assets minus total liabilities		Share in statement of profit and loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of	Amount	As % of	Amount	As % of	Amount	ACCOUNT OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Amount
	Consolidated net assets	(Rs. in million)	Consolidated profit	(Rs. in million)	Consolidated other comprehensive income	(Rs. in million)		(Rs. in million)
Holding Company					2800016			
Aditya Inforech Limited	93.05%	2,899.51	94.30%	1,021.33	87.82%	1.02	94,29%	1,022.35
Subsidiaries								
Foreign								
Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd	0,59%	18.53	0.09%	1,00	0.00%		0.499%	1.00
Joint Venture								
Indian			8	1		2007		
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	9.45%	294.50	6.13%	66.37	11.58%	0.13	6.13%	66.50
Eliminations and consolidation adjustments	-3.09%	(96.40)	-0.52%	(5.59)	0.60%	-	-0.51%	2000
Total	100%	3,115.94	100%	1,083.11	100%	1.10	100%	1,084.27

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CIN: U74899131.1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupces millions, unless otherwise stated)

56 Group information

 (a) Information about subsidiaries and j Name of the Company 	Relationship with	Nature of business	Country of	Proportion of ownership interest (%)		
Canada da como como posso por como como como como como como como co	Holding Company	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	incorporation	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Sheuzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	Subsidiary	Business Consultancy Service	Clúna	100%	100%	
AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd. (also refer note 53)	Joint venture	Manufacturing and trading of goods	India	50%	50%	

(b) Summarised financial information for joint venture

The table below provides summarised financial information for joint venture that is material to the Holding Cumpany. The information disclosed reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the relevant joint venture and not Aditya Infotech Limited's share of those amounts. They have been amended to reflect adjustments made by the entity when using the equity method, including fair value adjustments made at the time of acquisition and modifications for differences in accounting policies, if any.

Summarised balance sheet Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current assets	1005596	002/075
Cash and cash equivalents	836.20	25.92
Other assets	4,505.66	5,284.19
Total current assets	5,341.86	5,310,11
Property, plant and equipment	.952.59	493.89
Capital work-in-progress	10.97	264.31
Right -of-use asset	105.91	110.36
Other non-current assets	20.57	19.78
Total non-current assets	1,090.04	888.34
Current liabilities	SPANOVA	
Financial liabilities	5,480.48	5,311.47
Other liabilities	5.50	3.58
Total current fiabilities	5,485.98	5,315.05
Non-current liabilities		2460.00
Financial liabilities	162.51	195.76
Other liabilities	41.91	31.63
Total non-current liabilities	204.42	227.39
Net assets	741.50	656.01

Summarised statement of profit and loss Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Revenue	12,652.52	9,845.81
	1.68	2.98
Other income	12,654.20	9,848.79
Total income		9,185.77
Cost of goods sold	11,761.54	VA 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10
Employee benefits expense	170,94	88.19
Finance costs	35.04	15.67
Depreciation and amortisation	70.61	36.15
Other expenses	474.55	275.84
Profit before tax	141.52	247.17
	55.62	57.43
Tax expense	85.90	189,74
Profit for the year	(0.42)	0,27
Other comprehensive income		
Total comprehensive income	85.48	190.01

Reconciliation to carrying amount of investment Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Opening net assets	713.04	523.03
Profit / (loss) for the year*	(1,684.05)	189.74
Other comprehensive income	(0.42)	0.27
Closing net assets	(971.43)	713.04
Holding Company's share in %	50%	50%
Company's share in Indian Rupees**		356.52
Less: Unrealised profit on upstream and downstream transactions**	T	(62.02
Carrying amount	- 4	294.50

^{*} Includes adjustment on account of loss incorrect by joint venture due to fire (also refer note 52)

^{**} Unrecognised share of loss of the Group in the joint venture amounts to Rs. 590.47 million (31 March 2023; Rs. Nil)





ADITYA INFOTECH LTD.

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

57 The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a new requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of seconding audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and costroing that the audit trail cannot be disabled.

The Holding Company and its joint venture have used accounting software for maintaining their books of account, where the feature of recording audit trail has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except for the instance mentioned below:

For the holding company, the audit trail (edit logs) feature for any direct changes made at the database level was not enabled for the accounting software used for maintenance of accounting records and after sales services. However, the audit trail (edit log) at the application level of the accounting software were operating for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.

- 58 Certain previous year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. Such reclassification did not have any impact on the current year consolidated financial statements.
- 59 'The figures have been rounded off to the nearest million of ropees upto two decimal places. The figure 0.00 wherever stated represents value less than Rs. 50,000/-.

In terms of our report attached of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Heeper Miller

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

CHANDION & COLLEGE

Place: Gucugram. Date: 02 August 2024 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Rhemka Chairman DIN 00514501

11.Cha

Yogosh Sharma Chief Hinancial Officer

Place: Noids Date: 02 August 2024 oditya khemka Managang Disector DIN 00514552

Veshoi Tandon Company Secretary





ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED BOARD'S REPORT FOR FINANCIAL YEAR 2024-25



BOARD'S REPORT

Dear Members,

The Board of Directors ("Board") are pleased to present the 30th Annual Report on the business and operations of the Aditya Infotech Limited ("Company'), together with the Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025 ("FY 2024-25").

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Company's performance during the FY 2024-25, as compared to the previous year, is summarized below:

(*Amounts in ₹Million, except earnings per share)

Particulars	Conso	lidated	Standalone Year ended	
	Year	ended		
1	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Revenue from Operations	30,658.26	27,824.26	30,658.17	27,824.26
Add: Other Income	112.05	135.34	115.86	134.68
Total Income	30,770.31	27,959.60	30,774.03	27,958.94
Less: Expenditure	28,186.44	25,594.83	28,282.55	25,594.45
-Finance Cost	418.10	309.09	415.11	309.03
-Depreciation/ Amortization	311.24	157.13	252.44	157.13
Exceptional items				
Share of loss in joint venture		294.50	-	-
Others	(2,486.30)	(42.14)		(42.14)
Profit / (Loss) before taxes	4,340.83	1,646.19	1,823.94	1,940.47
Less: Taxes and Provisions				
- Current tax	567.61	506.93	547.14	506.93
-Income tax for earlier years	(1.51)	(4.46)	(1.51)	(4.46)
-Deferred tax charge /(credit)	261.78	(8.00)	(74.65)	(8.00)
Profit /(Loss) for the Year	3,512.94	1,151.72	1,352.96	1,446.00
Add: Other Comprehensive income / expense	(3.27)	(15.57)	(3.57)	(14.94)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	3,509.67	1,136.15	1,349.39	1,431.06
Transfer to Reserves	Č.			
Basic EPS (in actual figures)	33.02	11.24	12.72	14.11

^{*}Amounts rounded off to the nearest rupee

BUSINESS OPERATIONS/STATE OF AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

Your Company remains steadfast in its mission to make the world a safer and more secure place. CP PLUS has continued to strengthen its market leadership through sustained investments in technological innovations, R&D and localization, manufacturing excellence, and customer-centric growth strategies.

Building on the momentum of the previous year, the Company made significant strides in expanding its operational capabilities. Key focus areas included deeper backward integration, accelerated R&D, and broadened market reach across all customer segments and verticals — especially in deeper geographies across Bharat.

A major highlight of the year was the attainment of the prestigious Standardization Testing and Quality Certification (STQC) from the Government of India. This certification underscores CP PLUS's commitment to designing and manufacturing fully compliant, secure CCTV and surveillance solutions, powered by its proprietary CTC technology. It not only enhances customer confidence but also positions CP PLUS as a preferred partner for mission-critical Government infrastructure, Enterprise projects, and the SME and home segments — fully aligned with national initiatives such as *Make in India*, *Atmanirbhar Bharat* and *Digital India*.

The CP PLUS Next-Gen Experience Centres, first introduced last year, have now expanded into all major metro cities across India. These centres serve as interactive innovation hubs where partners, integrators, and customers can explore state-of-the-art security technologies and solutions and gain insights into the future of surveillance.

The year also marked progress in supply chain digitization and strategic talent acquisition and development. Your company also achieved the prestigious globally recognised Great Place to Work (GPW). It signifies your company's commitment to creating an environment where employees feel trusted, respected, and fairly treated. Our R&D teams continue to drive innovation with a focus on self-reliance and global competitiveness, enabling the Company to stay ahead of market trends and proactively meet evolving customer needs.

Despite a dynamic and competitive business environment, your Company has demonstrated consistent growth and operational resilience. Looking ahead, the Management remains highly optimistic about the upcoming financial year, with upcoming listing on the stock exchanges, ushering in a phase of more ambitious growth and market share, with a strong focus on profitability, continued product innovation, and deeper penetration in both domestic and international markets.

AWARDS AND RECOGNITIONS

During the financial year 2024-25, the Company has received the following awards:

- Mr. Aditya Khemka Honored with the "Pioneer in Surveillance Industry Award 2025" Viksit Delhi Summit & Awards
- Best Smart Security Solutions Brand Award 2025 NDTV Gadgets360
- Women Leadership Excellence Award 2025
- Mr. Aditya Khemka Wins the CX Leader of the Year Award 2025
- CP PLUS Wins the CX Best Customer Experience Award 2025
- CP PLUS Wins the Prestigious Outlook Business Spotlight Achiever's Award for Securing the Future: Surveillance Brand of the Year
- CP PLUS Wins Prestigious 'Brand of the Year' Award at the ELETS India Brand Awards 2024
- CP PLUS Wins 'Long-Term Marketing Strategy' Award at the ELETS India Brand Awards 2024
- CP PLUS Wins the Channel Favorite Product Award 2024 for its CP-Z44R 4MP Solar-Powered 4G Camera at the SME Channel's 14th Channel Accelerator Award 2024
- CP PLUS Wins the "Best Electronic Security Company Make in India Award 2024" at VarIndia Star Nite Awards

- Product of the Year Award 2024 Video Surveillance Systems FIST Awards 2024 presented by FSAI
- CP PLUS Wins the Prestigious 'Brand of the Decade Award 2024' Presented by BARD and Herald Global
- World Leaders Recognition Award 2024 World Business Summit hosted by Al Makhtoum Group in Dubai
- ❖ Most Admired Brand 2024 VarIndia
- CP PLUS Wins India's Top Security & Surveillance Provider Award at the 16th NCN Innovative Products Award
- CP PLUS Wins Leading Surveillance Brand Award & Best Customer Experience Brand Awards at the India Brand Summit & Awards 2024
- CP PLUS wins the Best Smart Security Solution Brand Award at the NDTV Gadgets 360 Awards 2024
- Emerging Global Organization of the Year Award presented at National Skills Awards for Eminence by the Electronics Sector Skills Council of India ESSCI 2024

CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY

During the year under review, there was no change in the nature of the business of the Company.

DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors are pleased to recommend a final dividend of INR 1.64 /- approx. (Indian Rupees One Point Six Four, approximately) per equity share of INR 1/- (Indian Rupees One only) each aggregating to INR 18,00,000,00/- (Indian Rupees Eighteen Crores only) on equity share capital of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 out of the profits of the Company.

The payment of dividend is subject to approval of the shareholders at the ensuing 30th Annual General Meeting (AGM) scheduled to be held on Monday, July 7, 2025 and shall be subject to deduction of income tax at source as may be applicable under the Law.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

The Board of Directors does not propose to transfer any amount to general reserve and has decided to retain the entire amount of profit for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 appearing in the Statement of profit and loss.

MATERIAL EVENTS DURING FY 2024-25 UNDER REVIEW

Acquisition of the remaining 50% equity shares of AIL Dixon

Pursuant to the terms of the Share Subscription and Purchase Agreement dated July 8, 2024 (the "SSPA"), entered into among our Company, Dixon Technologies (India) Limited ("DTIL"), and AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited ("AIL Dixon"), the Company, on September 18, 2024, acquired DTIL's equity shares in AIL Dixon in consideration for the issuance of 7,305,805 equity shares of face value ₹1 each of the Company, representing 6.65% of the total issued and paid-up equity share capital of the Company.

Prior to the above-mentioned acquisition, AIL Dixon was a joint venture between the Company and DTIL, established pursuant to a joint venture agreement, under which AIL Dixon was engaged in manufacturing

the Company's products. With this acquisition, the Company has consolidated all operations at the group level, while AIL Dixon continues to serve as a key manufacturing entity for the Company's products.

Filing of Draft offer documents ("DRHP") with SEBI.

During the Financial Year 2024–25, the Company successfully filed its Draft Red Herring Prospectus ("DRHP") with the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") on September 30, 2024.

Following the submission, the Company received certain observations on the DRHP from SEBI and Stock Exchanges. These observations relate to various aspects of the offer documents, including but not limited to, risk factors, management structure, capital structure, and recent changes in the Company's management and promoter group.

In consultation with its Book Running Lead Managers ("BRLMs") and Legal Counsels, the Company has duly responded to the observations, including the filing of an addendum to the DRHP, and has submitted the requisite clarifications to SEBI and Stock Exchanges within the prescribed timelines.

Thereafter, Stock Exchanges have granted in-principle approval for the proposed public issue of equity shares of the Company on January 9, 2025, and SEBI issued its final observations for the proposed IPO of the Company on January 29, 2025.

As on the date of this Report, the Company, along with its BRLMs and Legal Counsels, is actively engaged in finalizing the updated draft offer documents, which will be filed with SEBI in due course.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Authorised Share Capital

During FY 2024-25, pursuant to a resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at an Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on June 17, 2024, the Authorized Share Capital of the Company was:

- a. Increased from INR 5,05,00,000 (Indian Rupees Five Crore and Five Lakhs Only) divided into 50,50,000 (Fifty Lakhs and Fifty Thousand) Equity Shares of INR 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten only) to INR 15,00,00,000 (Indian Rupees Fifteen Crore Only) divided into 1,50,00,000 (One Crore Fifty Lakhs) Equity Shares of INR 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten only); and
- b. Sub-divided from INR 15,00,00,000 (Indian Rupees Fifteen Crores only) divided into 1,50,00,000 (One Crores Fifty Lakhs) equity shares of INR 10 (Indian Rupees Ten) each to INR 15,00,00,000 (Indian Rupees Fifteen Crores only) divided into 15,00,00,000 (Fifteen Crores) equity shares of INR 1 (Indian Rupee One).

The authorized share capital of the Company, as on March 31, 2025, stood at INR 15,00,00,000 (Indian Rupees Fifteen Crores only) divided into 15,00,00,000 (Fifteen Crores) equity shares of INR 1 (Indian Rupee One).

Issued, Subscribed & Paid-Up Share Capital

During the Year under review, pursuant to a resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at an Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on June 17, 2024, the Company issued bonus equity shares to its

existing equity shareholders in the proportion of 4 (Four) new bonus equity shares of INR 1 (One) each for every $\hat{1}$ (One) existing fully paid up equity shares of INR 1 (One) each aggregating to 8,20,00,000 (Eight Crores Twenty Lakhs) equity shares of INR 1 (One).

Further, at the same Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on June 17, 2024, the shareholders approved subdivision of equity shares of the Company from ₹ 10/- each to ₹ 1/- per each.

Subsequently, on September 18, 2024, the Company made a preferential allotment of 7,305,805 equity shares of face value INR 1 each at a premium of INR 339.32 per share (issue price of INR 340.32 per equity share) to Dixon Technologies (India) Limited, on preferential cum private placement basis.

This allotment was made pursuant to the Share Subscription and Purchase Agreement dated July 8, 2024, executed among the Company, Dixon Technologies (India) Limited, and AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited ("AIL Dixon"). The preferential issue was undertaken as part of the strategic transaction involving the acquisition of the remaining 50% equity stake in AIL Dixon from Dixon Technologies (India) Limited, thereby making AIL Dixon a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

The issued, subscribed and paid-up equity share capital as on March 31, 2025 stood at INR 10,98,05,805/-(Indian Rupees Ten Crores Ninety Eight Lakhs Five Thousand Eight Hundred Five only) divided into 10,98,05,805 (Ten Crores Twenty Five Lakhs) Equity Shares of INR 1/- (Indian Rupee One) each.

DEPOSITS

In terms of the provisions of Section 73 of the Act read with the relevant Rules of the Act, the Company had no opening or closing balances and also has not accepted any deposits during the financial year under review and as such, no amount of principal or interest was outstanding as on March 31, 2025;

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the Financial Year ended 31st March 2025, all the contracts and arrangements entered into by the Company with the related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis and were in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act 2013. Further, all the transactions were entered on arm's length basis and none of them are material in nature. Accordingly, the information required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 with respect to particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties is attached as **Annexure**

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

The particulars of Investments, Loans and Guarantees covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the rules made thereunder are disclosed in the Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING AND OUTGO

The details of Foreign Exchange earning and outgo is as follows:

- a. The foreign exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year: INR 8,29,91,375
- b. Foreign exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflows: INR 92,38,31,732



SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

During the year under review, your company has Two (2) wholly owned subsidiary Companies, as listed below.

Sr. No.	Name of Company	Country	% of holding	Nature
1.	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	China	100%	Wholly owned Subsidiary
2.	*AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	India	100%	Wholly owned subsidiary

^{*} Acquired during the year on September 18, 2024

In accordance with Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, during the period under review, the Company has prepared its Consolidated financial statement and also of its subsidiaries in the same form and manner as that of its own and shall be laid before the members at the ensuring Annual General Meeting of the Company. Further, a Statement containing salient features of the Financial Statements of the Subsidiaries and Joint Venture in the prescribed form AOC-1 appended hereto as **Annexure-'B'** to this report.

VIGIL MECHANISM

Your Company has established a vigil mechanism through which Directors, employees and business associates may report unethical behavior, malpractices, wrongful conduct, fraud, violation of Company's code of conduct, without fear of reprisal. Our Vigil Mechanism Policy intends to provide mechanism for reporting genuine concern's or grievance and ensure that deviation from the company's business mission and values are dealt with in a fair and unbiased manner as laid down in the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The procedure and mechanism for reporting / resolution of the complaints have been laid down in the said mechanism policy.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

As on March 31, 2025, the Board comprised of Eight (8) members with appropriate mix of Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors in compliance with the provisions of the Act. The Board consists of eminent individuals of diverse backgrounds with skills, experience and expertise in various areas.

Inductions

Directors

During the FY 2024-25, in terms of the provisions of the Act and based on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC"), the Board has appointed:

Mr. Chetan Kajaria (DIN:00273928) as a Non-Executive Independent Director for a term of five (5) years commencing with effect from September 10, 2024.

- Mr. Atul Behari (DIN:00781436) Lall as Non-Executive Director with effect from September 12, 2024
- Mr. Ananmay Khemka (DIN: 10782656) as Whole-time Director for a term of five (5) years commencing with effect from September 23, 2024.
- Mr. Himanshu Baid (DIN: 00014008) as a Non-Executive Independent Director for a term of five (5) consecutive years commencing with effect from March 18, 2025

Key Managerial Personnel

During FY 2024-25, in terms of the provisions of the Act and based on the recommendation of NRC, the Board has appointed:

- Mr. Yogesh Chand Sharma as Chief Financial Officer of the Company with effect from May 24, 2024.
- Ms. Roshni Tandon as Company Secretary & Compliance Officer of the Company with effect from May 24, 2024.

Director liable to retire by rotation:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and in terms of the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka (DIN: 00514501), Director of the Company is liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, seeks re-appointment. Your Board of Directors recommends his re-appointment at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

Cessation

Directors

During FY 2024-25, following persons ceased to be Director of the Company:

- Mr. Rishi Khemka (DIN: 00514590) resigned from the position of Non-Executive Director of the Company with effect from September 23, 2024.
- Mr. Abhishek Dalmia (DIN: 00011958) ceased to be a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company upon completion of his second term of five (5) years with effect from close of business hours on March 29, 2025.

Independent Directors

The Independent Directors have submitted their declaration of Independence, stating that:

- they continue to fulfil the criteria of independence as required pursuant to Section 149 read with Schedule IV of the Act and Regulation 16 and 25 of the SEBI Listing Regulations;
- ii. they are not debarred from holding the office of Director pursuant to any SEBI order or order of any such authority; and

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iii. there has been no change in the circumstances affecting their status as Independent Director of the Company.

All Independent Directors have affirmed compliance to the Code of Conduct for Independent Directors as prescribed in Schedule IV to the Act. In the Board's opinion, the Independent Directors are persons of high repute, integrity and possess the relevant expertise and experience in their respective fields. The Independent Directors have also confirmed that they have complied with the Company's Code of Conduct. Independent Directors have also confirmed that they have registered their names in the Independent Directors' databank with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs.

Meetings of the Board and Committees:

The Board and other statutory Committees meetings were duly convened as in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder. The Details of all such Meetings held during the Financial Year 2024-25 are mentioned herein below:

Details of Board & Committee Meetings convened during the financial year 2024-25:

Board Meetings	Audit Committee Meetings	Nomination & Remuneration Committee Meetings	Corporate Social Responsibility Committee Meetings	Risk Management Committee Meetings	Stakeholder's Relationship Committee Meetings
24-May-2024	+ +	24-May-2024	-		-
12-June-2024	12-June-2024	12-June-2024	-	1 -	-
17-June-2024	-	17-June-2024	-	-	-
02-Aug-2024	02-Aug-2024	-	7+	181	-
10-Sep-2024	-	10-Sep-2024	10-Sep-2024	-	-
12-Sep-2024	-	12-Sep-2024		-	-
18-Sep-2024	*	= 1	+	÷1	1-1-
23-Sep-2024	23-Sep-2024	23-Sep-2024		-	
27-Sep-2024	=	-		, A	
30-Sep-2024	30-Sep-2024	-	46	7	3
17-Dec-2024	17-Dec-2024	17-Dec-2024	, *	17-Dec-2024	
18- Mar-2025	18-Mar-2025	18- Mar-2025	=	18- Mar-2025	18- Mar-2025
	24-May-2024 12-June-2024 17-June-2024 02-Aug-2024 10-Sep-2024 12-Sep-2024 23-Sep-2024 27-Sep-2024 30-Sep-2024 17-Dec-2024	Meetings Committee Meetings 24-May-2024 12-June-2024 12-June-2024 12-June-2024 17-June-2024 02-Aug-2024 10-Sep-2024 12-Sep-2024 18-Sep-2024 23-Sep-2024 23-Sep-2024 23-Sep-2024 30-Sep-2024 30-Sep-2024 17-Dec-2024 17-Dec-2024	Meetings Committee Meetings Remuneration Committee Meetings 24-May-2024 24-May-2024 12-June-2024 12-June-2024 17-June-2024 17-June-2024 02-Aug-2024 10-Sep-2024 10-Sep-2024 10-Sep-2024 12-Sep-2024 12-Sep-2024 23-Sep-2024 23-Sep-2024 27-Sep-2024 30-Sep-2024 30-Sep-2024 17-Dec-2024 17-Dec-2024 17-Dec-2024	Meetings Committee Meetings Remuneration Committee Meetings Responsibility Committee Meetings 24-May-2024 24-May-2024 12-June-2024 12-June-2024 12-June-2024 12-June-2024 17-June-2024 17-June-2024 17-June-2024 10-Sep-2024 10-Sep-2024 10-Sep-2024 12-Sep-2024 12-Sep-2024 10-Sep-2024 18-Sep-2024 23-Sep-2024 23-Sep-2024 27-Sep-2024 30-Sep-2024 - 30-Sep-2024 17-Dec-2024 - 17-Dec-2024 17-Dec-2024 -	Meetings Committee Meetings Remuneration Committee Meetings Social Responsibility Committee Meetings Management Committee Meetings 24-May-2024 24-May-2024 - - 12-June-2024 12-June-2024 - - 17-June-2024 17-June-2024 - - 02-Aug-2024 02-Aug-2024 10-Sep-2024 - 10-Sep-2024 12-Sep-2024 10-Sep-2024 - 18-Sep-2024 23-Sep-2024 - - 23-Sep-2024 23-Sep-2024 - - 30-Sep-2024 30-Sep-2024 - - 17-Dec-2024 17-Dec-2024 - 17-Dec-2024

The intervening gap between any two meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013



CONSTITUTION OF BOARD & COMMITTEES

Board of Directors	Audit Committee	Nomination & Remuneration Committee	Corporate Social Responsibility Committee	Risk Management Committee Meetings	Stakeholder's Relationship Committee Meetings
Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka Mr. Aditya	Mr. Chetan Kajaria (Chairman) Ms. Ambika	Mr. Chetan Kajaria (Chairman) Mr. Manish	Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka (Chairman) Mr. Aditya	Himanshu Baid (Chairman) Hari Shanker	Mr. Chetan Kajaria (Chairman) Hari Shanker
Khemka	Sharma (Member)	Sharma (Member)	(Member)	(Member)	Khemka, (Member)
Mr. Manish Sharma	Mr. Manish Sharma (Member)	Ms. Ambika Sharma (Member)	Ms. Ambika Sharma (Member)	Aditya Khemka (Member)	Aditya Khemka (Member)
Ms. Ambika Sharma	Mr. Aditya Khemka (Member)	-	-	Anup Nair (Member)	2
Chetan Kajaria	-		-	-	-
Atul Behari Lall	-	-	-		
Ananmay Khemka	-	-	*	*	-
Himanshu Baid	-	*	-	+	-

OTHER COMMITTEES

Apart from the above statutory committees, the Board had constituted the IPO Committee and Management Committee to meet the specific business and compliance requirements.

The constitution of IPO Committee and Management Committee is as follows:

IPO Committee	Management Committee		
Hari Shanker Khemka (Chairman)	Hari Shanker Khemka (Chairman)		
Aditya Khemka (Member)	Aditya Khemka (Member)		
Himanshu Baid (Member)	Ananmay Khemka (Member)		

COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company has duly complied with applicable Secretarial standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India in terms of section 118(10) of the Act.

REMUNERATION POLICY

In accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules made thereunder, the Company's policy on Nomination and Remuneration of Directors, KMPs and Senior Management is available on the website of the Company i.e. www.adityagroup.com



STATUTORY AUDITORS & AUDITOR'S REPORT

At the 27th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company the shareholders approved the appointment of M/s. Walker Chandiok & Co LLP (FRN No. 001076N/N5500013) as Statutory auditors of the Company to hold the office for a period of five (5) years commencing from the conclusion of the 27th AGM till the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting to be held for the financial year 2025-26 at such remuneration as may be fixed by the Board of Directors of the Company, in addition to the out-of-pocket expenses, incurred by them during the course of the aforesaid Audit.

M/s Walker Chandiok & Co LLP (FRN No. 001076N/N5500013), Chartered Accountants, have submitted their Report on the Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year 2024-25, which forms part of the Annual Report 2024-25. The Report was self-explanatory and there were no adverse remarks/ observation were made by the Auditors which seeks any explanation from the Board of Directors.

There have been no instances of fraud reported by the Statutory Auditors, the Internal Auditors or the Secretarial Auditors as under Section 143(12) of the Act and Rules framed thereunder to the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors or to the Central Government

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS & SECRETERIAL AUDIT REPORT

In compliance with provisions of section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, M/s Pawan Mahur & Associates, Company Secretaries were appointed as the Secretarial Auditors of the Company for the financial year 2024-25. The Secretarial Audit Report submitted by them in the prescribed Form MR- 3 is attached as 'Annexure C' to this report.

Further, the Report submitted by the Secretarial Auditor for the year under review was self-explanatory and there were no adverse remarks/ observation which seeks any explanation from the Board of Directors.

INTERNAL AUDITORS

M/s D.P. Kapoor & Co. were appointed as the internal auditor of the Company for the FY 2024-25 on such remuneration as may be decided by the Board of Directors of the Company.

The Internal Audit Report made by M/s D.P. Kapoor & Co. was presented at before the Audit Committee Meeting and Board Meeting and the same contains no qualification, reservation or adverse remarks which requires explanation from the Board of Directors of the Company.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

Except as disclosed elsewhere in the report, no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statement relates and the date of this report.



RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK AND INTERNAL ADEQUACY

The Board of Directors of the Company, at its meeting held on September 10, 2024, approved the Risk Management Policy and constituted a Risk Management Committee to oversee the development and implementation of the Company's risk management framework.

The Risk Management Committee is entrusted with the responsibility of reviewing the risk management plan periodically and ensuring its continued effectiveness. In the opinion of the Board, there are no material risks at present that may threaten the existence or long-term viability of the Company.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Company's internal financial control systems are commensurate with its size and the nature of its operations. The Company deploys robust system of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements that is complete, reliable and understandable. These controls have been designed to provide reasonable assurance with regard to recording and providing reliable financial and operational information, adherence to the Company's policies, safeguarding of assets from unauthorized use and prevention and detection of frauds and errors.

During the year, such controls were tested and no reportable material weakness was observed. The report on the Internal Financial Control was reviewed by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors and no major weaknesses were observed.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Company has formulated a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee and during the year the Committee was re-constituted and consists of the following members as on March 31, 2025:

Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka - Chairman of the Committee

Mr. Aditya Khemka

- Member

Ms. Ambika Sharma

- Member

The CSR Policy of the Company formulated by the Board of Directors and composition of the CSR Committee of the Company is available on the website of the Company i.e. www.adityagroup.com

The Company's CSR activities and spending was majorly focused on promotion of health, education and animal welfare as we undertook projects for establishment of fodder hall for cattle welfare, Contributed for promotion of primary as well as senior level education under the Company's CSR activities and initiatives. The detailed Annual Report on CSR activities for the Financial Year 2024-25 as required under Section 134 and 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is attached as **Annexure – 'D'** to this Report.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134 (3) (c) read with Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors state:

- that in the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2025, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) that the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of your Company as on March 31, 2025 and of the profits of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- (c) that proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of your Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) that the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- (e) that proper internal financial controls laid down by the Directors were followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- (f) that proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws were in place and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

Employee Stock Option Schemes

During the financial year under review, pursuant to a resolution passed by the Board of Directors on June 12, 2024, and by Shareholders on June 17, 2024, the Company has adopted an Employees Stock Option Scheme named as Aditya infotech Employee Stock Option Plan 2024.

The objective of the ESOP Scheme 2024 is among others, to attract and retain employees with employee stock options as a compensation tool. Through the ESOP Scheme, 2024, your Company intends to align the interests of those employees who have contributed or are expected to contribute to the growth and development of your Company.

The Statement containing relevant disclosures pursuant to Rule 12(9) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 is annexed herewith as **Annexure-'E'**

Prevention of Sexual Harassment at Workplace

Your Company is committed to provide a safe environment for all its women employees at the workplace. We have in place a Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 for ensuring safe working space for women. The Company has also constituted an Internal Committee for the redressal of all sexual harassment complaints.

During the period under review, there were no cases filed pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at



Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

Information about Remuneration and Particulars of Employees

The information as required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(2) and Rule 5(3) of the above-mentioned Rules pertaining to the names of top ten employees and other particulars of employees is provided in a separate annexure. However, as per the provisions of Section 136(1) of the Act and the Rules thereunder, the Annual Report and the financial statements, excluding the aforesaid annexure, are being sent to the Members, and other persons entitled thereto. Any Member interested in obtaining a copy of the same may write to the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer at companysecretary@adityagroup.com.

OTHER INFORMATION

Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

The information on conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo as stipulated under Section 134(3) (m) read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is annexed herewith as **Annexure** – 'F' to this report.

Corporate Governance

Your Company is committed to maintain the highest standards of Corporate Governance and adhere to the best Corporate Governance practices as prevalent globally. The processes of Corporate Governance reflect our commitment to disclose accurate and timely information about our financial and operation performance as well as Company's Governance and leadership structure. We follow an established framework of corporate governance.

The Board of Directors shapes the long-term vision and policy approach to steadily elevate the quality of Governance in our organization. The objective is to emerge as a market leader in our industry with focus on creating greater value for all those who have a stake in our progress.

Annual Return

The Annual Return in Form No. MGT – 7 of the financial year 2024-25 in accordance with the provisions of Section 92 & 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 is available at the website of the Company namely www.adityagroup.com.

GENERAL

Your Directors state that no disclosure is required in respect of the following items, as there were no transactions on these items took place during the year under review:-

- 1. Issue of equity shares with differential voting rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
- 2. The Whole-time Director of the Company does not receive any remuneration or commission from any of its subsidiaries.
- 3. The Company is not required to maintain cost records under Section 148 of the Act; and
- 4. No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the



going concern status and Company's operations in future.

- 5. No application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (31 of 2016) during the year along with their status as at the end of the financial year.
- 6. Details of difference between amount of the valuation done at the time of one time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the banks or financial institutions along with the reasons thereof.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors place on record their gratitude to the Central Government, State Governments and Company's Bankers for the assistance, co-operation and encouragement they extended to the Company. Your Directors also wish to place on record their sincere thanks and appreciation for the continuing support and unstinting efforts of investors, vendors, dealers, business associates and employees in ensuring an excellent all around operational performance.

> For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Aditya Infotech Limited

> > mker Khemka

(DIN: 00514501)

Chairman

Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1

New Delhi-110048

Place: Noida

Date: July 2, 2025



FORM NO. AOC-2

(Pursuant to Clause (h) of Sub-Section (3) of Section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts / arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto:

- 1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis: Aditya Infotech Limited has not entered into any contract or arrangement or transaction with its related parties which is not on at arm's length during financial year 2024-25.
- 2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis: All the contracts or arrangement or transactions entered by Aditya Infotech Limited with its related parties are on at arm's length basis during the financial year 2024-25 and none of them were material in nature.

By order of the Board For Aditya Infotech Limited

Place: Noida

Date: July 2, 2025

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman (DIN: 00514501)

Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1

New Delhi-110048



FORM AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

STATEMENT CONTAINING SALIENT FEATURES OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF SUBSIDIARIES/ASSOCIATE COMPANIES/JOINT VENTURES

PART "A": SUBSIDIARIES

(All amounts in INR)

		(All amounts in INR)			
1.	SI. No.	1	2		
2.	Name of the subsidiary	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited*		
3.	The date since when subsidiary was acquired	December 30, 2016	September 18, 2024		
4.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	March 31, 2025			
	Reporting currency and Exchange	RMB Exchange rate			
5.	rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	Opening Rate 11.5436 Closing Rate 11.7833 Average Rate 11.66345			
6.	Share capital	1,11,88,775	19,00,00,000		
7.	Reserves & surplus				
8.	Total assets	2,09,66,089	6,18,13,56,000		
9.	Total Liabilities	16,58,545	6,55,58,29,000		
10.	Investments	NIL	NIL		
	Turnover				
11,	*Revenue from Operations *Other income	2,14,93,659 5,59,425	13,93,81,16,000 5,09,27,000		
12.	Profit/(Loss) before taxation	10,23,534	(1,49,04,70,000)		
13.	Provision for taxation	2,33,587	(37,38,39,000)		
14.	Profit/(Loss) after taxation	7,89,947	(1,11,66,31,000)		
15.	Proposed Dividend	Nil	Ni		
16.	Extent of shareholding (In percentage)	100%	100%		

Notes: The following information shall be furnished at the end of the statement:



- 1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations NIL
- 2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year -NIL.
- * Acquired during the year on September 18, 2024 and accordingly, there is no JV as on March 31, 2025

For Aditya Infotech Limited

For Aditya Infotech Limited

Hari Shanker Khemka Chairman (DIN: 00514501) Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1

New Delhi-110048

For Aditya Infotech Limited

Roshni Tandon

Company Secretary & Compliance officer

Date: July 2, 2025

Managing Director (DIN 00514552) Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1

New Delhi-110048

For Aditya Infotech Limited

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Pawan Mahur & Associates Company Secretaries

Peer Review Audit No. I2016DE1492400



Form No.MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

To

The Members
Aditya Infotech Limited

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784 F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase – 1

New Delhi-110020

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Aditya Infotech Limited** (hereinafter called the "**Company**"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, We hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2025 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2025, according to the provisions of:

- i. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder to the extent of Regulation 76;
- iv. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- v. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
 - a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; Not Applicable

De Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992;

611, 6th Floor, Pragati Tower, Rajendra Place, New Delhi - 110008 pawanmahur@gmail.com | +91-8882282141 | +91-1141411600

- C) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018; (During the year under review, the Company, at its Extraordinary General Meeting (EGM) held on September 27, 2024, passed a resolution approving the issuance of shares to the public under the applicable regulations for the purpose of the Initial Public Offering (IPO). Subsequently, the Draft Red Herring Prospectus (DRHP) dated September 30, 2024 was filed with BSE Limited and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("Stock Exchanges") on dated September 30, 2024 followed by filing of Addendum to DRHP on December 17, 2024. Further, Inprinciple approval was received from Stock Exchanges on January 09, 2025.
- d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; Not Applicable
- e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; Not Applicable
- f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; Not Applicable
- g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; and Not Applicable
- h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998; Not Applicable
- vi. Other laws specifically applicable to the company are as under and it has been confirmed & declared by the management that the company has duly complied with the said laws:-
 - 1. The Employees Provident fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 along with labour laws
 - 2. Employees State Insurance Act, 1948
 - 3. Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
 - 4. Payment Gratuity Act, 1972
 - 5. The Legal Metrology Act read with packaged commodity Rules
 - 6. The Environmental Act, 1986 and its allied applicable laws
 - 7. The Custom Act, 1962
 - 8. E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- i. Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India and notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs.
- ii. SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015: Not Applicable.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes (appointment or otherwise) in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance or as agreed by the Board of Directors, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings are carried out unanimously/with majority as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committee of the Board, as the case may be.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period no specific events/ actions took place having a major bearing on the Company's affair in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc.

For & on behalf of

M/s. Pawan Mahur & Associates

Company Secretaries & A.

Pawan Kumar Mahur Proprietor

C. P. No. - 16961 Peer Review No.I2016DE1492400

UDIN: F008462G000690330

Date: 01.07.2025 Place: New Delhi

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure-A and forms an integral part of this report.

Pawan Mahur & Associates Company Secretaries

Peer Review Audit No. I2016DE1492400



Annexure- A

To

The Members

Aditya Infotech Limited

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784 F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase – 1

New Delhi-110020

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on the random test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on random test basis.
- 6. The secretarial audit report is neither as assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For & on behalf of M/s. Pawan Mahur &

Company Secretaries

Pawan Kumar Mahuring

Proprietor C. P. No. – 16961

Peer Review No. I2016DE1492400

Date: 01.07.2025 Place: New Delhi



Annexure - D

ANNUAL REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) ACTIVITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company.

At Aditya Infotech Limited, we believe that Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") is strongly connected with the principles of sustainability and as an organization we should make our decisions based not only on financial factors, but also on the social and environmental consequences.

The Board of Directors ("Board") of the Company has adopted a revised CSR policy w.e.f. September 10, 2024, the same is also available at the website of the Company at www.adityagroup.com

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka	(Chairman)	1	1
2	Mr. Aditya Khemka	(Member)	1	1
3	Mr. Ambika Sharma	(Member)	1* (Entitled to Attend : 0)	NA

^{*}Ms. Ambika Sharma, Independent Director of the Company, had been inducted as member of the CSR Committee w.e.f March 18, 2025.

3	Web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company.	
4	The details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report).	

1,48,47,70,389/-	(a) Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5).	5
2,96,95,408/-	(b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	
Nil	(c) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of previous financial years.	
Nil	(d) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any	
2,96,95,408/-	(e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c).	

- 6. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:
- (i) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(!	5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		(11)
SI. No	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of activiti	area (Yes/N o).	project.		Project Amount A durati allocate on. d for the s project i (in Rs.). c	nt spent in the	transferr ed to Unspent CSR	Implementa tion - Direct (Yes/No).	Mode of Implementati on - Through Implementing Agency		
		es in Sched ule VII to the Act.		State.	District		financ final property final property final statements from the statement from the stateme	as per Section		Na me	CSR Registrati on number.	
1	Contributi on for Constructi on & Renovatio n of the Dharamsh ala of SKDT at Buhana (Raj)		Yes	Rajast han	Jhunjh unu		40,00,0 00	NIL	40,00,0 00	Direct	NA	
2	Setting up 'Diabetic Retinopat hy Centre' at Brij Healthcar e & Research Centre, Vrindavan through Dr. Shroff Chairty Eye Hospital		Yes	Uttar Prades h	Mathur a		40,95,0 00	NIL	40,95,0 00	Rotary Foundatio n India		CSR00008 486
3	Installatio n of CCTV surveillanc		Yes	Delhi	Delhi		58,00,0 00	NIL	58,00,0 00	Sabhyata Foundation		

	e at Archaeolo gical sites at 5 historic monumen ts in Delhi through Sabhyata Foundatio n							CSR00021 742
4	Setting up school at Kadapa or YEDA(Gr. NOIDA)	Yes	Andhr Kadapa a Prades h	98,00,0 00	NIL	98,00,0	Seth Parmanan d Khemka- Charitable Trust	CSR00002 074
	Total			2,36,95, 000		2,36,95, 000		

(ii) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)		(8)			
SI. No.		the list of activities in		the p	tion of project.	the project	spent for the project	spent for the project	spent for implement the project - D	Mode of implementation - Direct	Mode of implementatio - Through implementing agency.	
		schedule VII to the Act.	No).	State.	District.		(Yes/No).	Name.	CSR registration number.			
	Contributed to Child Right and You (CRY) through our trust for Supporting child education		Yes	Delhi		3,60,000	Yes	Seth Parmanand Khemka- Charitable Trust	CSR00002074			
		Animal welfare	Yes	Delhi		30,00,000	No	Rotary Foundation (India)	CSR00008486			

	Godam) at						
	Shri'Godham Mahateerth Pathmedia Lok Punyarth Nyas (Rajasthan) for the noble cause of Cattle Welfare						
3.	Contributed	Yes	Jhunjhunu (Rajasthan),	2,00,000/-	No	Seth Parmanand Khemka- Charitable Trust	CSR00002074
4.	Contribution made to Shri Godham Mahateerth Pathmedia Lok Punyarth Nyas for construction of "Fodder Hall (Chara Godam) at (Rajasthan) for the noble cause of Cattle Welfare	Yes	Sirohi (Rajasthan)	25,00,000	No	Seth Parmanand Khemka- Charitable Trust	CSR00002074
	Total			60,60,000			

(b) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads

Nil

(c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable

Nil

(d) Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e): Rs. 2,97,55,000

(e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year: Rs.

		Amount Unspent (in Rs.)							
Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. (in Rs.)	Unspent CSR	transferred to Account as per 135(6).	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso t section 135(5).						
	Amount.	Date of transfer.	Name of the Fund	Amount.	Date of transfer.				



60,60,000	40,00,000/-	24.04.2025	-	-
<i>a</i> 5	1,96,95,000/-	28.04.2025		
	Total			
	2,36,95,000/-			

(f) Excess amount for set off, if any- NA

Si. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	•
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	*
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	
	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	*
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	•

7. Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years:

There is no unspent CSR amount from the preceding three financial years.

8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through CSR amount spent in the financials years: No

Furnish details relating to such assets so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year:

S. No.	Short particulars of the property or asset(s) [including complete address and location of the property]	Pincode of the property or Asset(s)	Date of creation	Amount of CSR Spent	Details of entity/ Authority/ beneficiary of the registered owner
			NA		



9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5).

Not Applicable

By order of the Board For Aditya Infotech Limited

Hari Shanker Khemka Director (DIN: 00514501)

New Delhi-110048

B-51, Greater Kailash-1

Director DIN. (005/14552) B-51, Greater Kailash-1

New Delhi-110048

Place: Noida

Date: July 2, 2025



ANNEXURE - 'E'

Statement pursuant to Rule 12(9) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014

S. No.	Particulars	Options details
1.	Options granted during the year	26,54, 560
2.	Options vested during the year	11,950
3.	Options exercised during the year	NIL
4.	The total number of shares arising as a result of exercise o option	f 26,05,270
5.	Options lapsed	49,290
6.	The exercise price	INR 292.68 per share
7.	Variation of terms of options	Nil
8.	Money realized by exercise of options	Nil
9.	Total number of options in force	26,05,270
10.	i. Key managerial personnel a) Yogesh Chand Sharma b) Roshni Tandon ii. any other employee who receives a grant of options in any one year of option amounting t five percent or more of options granted during that year.	
	identified employees who were granted optio during any one year, equal to or exceeding on percent of the issued capital (excluding outstanding warrants and conversions) of the company at the time of grant;	



CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO REQUIRED UNDER THE COMPANIES (ACCOUNTS) RULES, 2014

The details of conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo are as follows:

a) Conservation of energy

(i)	the steps taken or impact	A multi-pronged approach is deployed in all offices including
	on conservation of	branches as well as products to infuse the concept of energy
	energy	conservation such as replacement of CFL light with LED lights.
		Introduction of power saving modes in CP PLUS products and
		R&D led efforts to design energy efficient surveillance solutions.
(ii)	the steps taken by the	The Company is in process of exploring alternate source of
	Company for utilizing	energy. Notably, its material subsidiary has already adopted
	alternate sources of	solar energy at its manufacturing facility, supporting cleaner and
	energy	more cost-effective operations.
(iii)	the capital investment on	Nil
	energy conservation	
	equipment's	

(b) Technology absorption

(i)	the efforts made	During the period under review technical personnel having
	towards technology	relevant experience have been employed and efforts have been
	absorption	made to improve the quality of the products. A major initiative
		was the scaling of the in-house R&D centre in Noida, comprising
		a team of 110 professionals engaged in product engineering,
		software and firmware development, intelligent analytics, and
		cloud platforms. The team focused on the integration of AI/ML
		into surveillance systems, enabling advanced features such as
		number plate recognition, helmet detection, reverse driving
		detection, and intrusion alerts
(ii)	the benefits derived like	The Company continues to focus on the rapid technological
	product improvement,	changes and train the manpower accordingly to improve the
	cost reduction, product	productivity and drive cost reduction. The Company has
	development or import	improved product features through AI/ML integration, reduced
	substitution	costs via local manufacturing and automation, and accelerated
		product development with in-house R&D. Collaborations for
		indigenous chipsets and STQC-certified products have supported
		import substitution in line with the 'Make in India' initiative
(iii)	in case of imported	There is no imported technology involved in the operations of
	technology (imported	the Company. The Company has focused on local manufacturing,
	during the last three	R&D, and innovation, supported by strategic partnerships, to
	years reckoned from the	drive self-reliance

	beginning of the financial year)-	
	(a) the details of technology imported	NA
	(b) the year of import;	NA
	(c) whether the technology been fully absorbed	NA
	(d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof	NA
(iv)	the expenditure incurred on Research and Development	Research and development costs incurred during the year ended 31 March 2025 that have been capitalised, aggregates to Rs. 70.79 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 89.75 million). Research and development costs that were not eligible for capitalisation and have been expensed off during the year ended 31 March 2025, aggregates to Rs. 105.27 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 63.24 million

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Aditya Infotech Limited

Place: Noida Date: July 2, 2025

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman (DIN: 00514501) Add: B-51, Greater Kailash-1

New Delhi-110048

Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

21st Floor, DLF Square Jacaranda Marg, DLF Phase II, Gurugram - 122 002 Haryana, India

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Aditya Infotech Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Standalone Statement of Cash Flow and the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2025, and its profit (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

4. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' Report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with

the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement in this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

- 5. The accompanying standalone financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 6. In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 7. The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.



- As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also
 responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial
 controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such
 controls:
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern; and
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 11. As required by section 197(16) of the Act, based on our audit, we report that the Company has paid remuneration to its directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- 12. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure A a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 13. Further to our comments in Annexure A, as required by section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying standalone financial statements;
 - b) Except for the matters stated in paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;

The standalone financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;

Accountants

- In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act;
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
- f) The modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in paragraph 13(b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended).
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as on 31 March 2025 and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure B wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) The Company, as detailed in note 48A to the standalone financial statements, has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position as at 31 March 2025.
 - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2025;
 - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025;
 - (iv) a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 57(h) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
 - b. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 57(i) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - c. Based on such audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
 - (v) a. The final dividend paid by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025 in respect of such dividend declared for the previous year, is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend.
 - b. As stated in note 49 to the accompanying standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2025 which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.

(vi) As stated in Note 56 to the standalone financial statements and based on our examination which included test checks, the Company, in respect of financial year commencing on 1 April 2024, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that the audit trail feature was not enabled at the database level for accounting software to log any direct data changes, used for maintenance of all accounting records by the Company. Further, during the course of our audit, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with other than the consequential impact of audit trail feature not enabled at the database level. Furthermore, except for audit trail feature not enabled at the database level, the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal Partner

Membership No.: 503843

UDIN: 25503843BMLCQW9790

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment, capital work-inprogress, investment property and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) The property, plant and equipment, capital work-in-progress, investment property and relevant details of right-of-use assets have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. With respect to moulds, which are in possession of third parties, it is not possible for the management to physically verify such assets and hence, the management has verified the existence of these moulds, on the basis of confirmations received from the third parties. No material discrepancies were noted on aforesaid verifications performed by the management. In our opinion, the frequency of physical verification programme adopted by the Company, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
 - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties including investment properties held by the Company (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company. However, for title deeds of immovable properties in the nature of:

Type of Property	Property Address	Gross carrying value as at 31 March 2025 (Rs.in million)*	
Leasehold Land	Plot no. 12, Block A Sector-4, Noida, Uttar Pradesh	23.44	
Freehold Land	F-28, Okhla, New Delhi	50.04	
Investment Property - Building	Janki Centre, Andheri West, Mumbai	6.78	

^{*}Gross carrying value represents acquisition cost of respective immovable properties

which have been mortgaged as security for loans or borrowings taken by the Company, confirmations with respect to title of the Company have been directly obtained by us from the respective lenders.

For properties where the Company is a lessee, the lease arrangements have been duly executed in favour of the Company except in following case:

Description of property	Right- of- Use Asset Value (Rs. In millions)*	Location	Details of Lessor	Period held	Reason for non-execution of lease agreement
Leasehold Land	173.31	Plot no. 12A, Sector- 135, Noida, Uttar Pradesh	Aditya Infotech Limited	Since 28 July 2018	The title of leasehold land is subject to receipt of extension of term beyond 31 December 2024 from Noida Authority. [Also, refende 54 of the standalone financial statements]

^{*}Gross carrying value represents acquisition cost of respective immovable property

d) The Company has adopted cost model for its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

D ACCCHArtered Accountants

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

- (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year, except for goods-in-transit and inventory lying with third parties. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate and no discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed as compared to book records.
 - (b) As disclosed in Note 25 to the standalone financial statements, the Company has been sanctioned a working capital limit in excess of Rs. 5 crores by banks based on the security of current assets. The quarterly statements, in respect of the working capital limits have been filed by the Company with such banks and such statements are in agreement with the books of account of the Company for the respective periods, which were not subject to audit/review.
- (iii) The Company has not provided any guarantee or security or granted any advances in the nature of loans to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships during the year. Further, the Company has made investments in subsidiary during the year, in respect of which:
 - (a) The Company has provided loan to subsidiary during the year as per the details below:

Particulars	Loan (Rs. in million)
Aggregate amount provided/granted during the year:	
- Subsidiary	80.00
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date:	
- Subsidiary	81.95

- (b) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the terms and conditions of the grant of loan provided are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company. The Company has not provided any guarantee or given any security or granted any advances in the nature of loans during the year.
- (c) In respect of loan granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and principal amount is not due for repayment currently. However, the receipts of the interest are regular.
- (d) There is no overdue amount in respect of loan granted to such subsidiary.
- (e) The Company has granted loan which had fallen due during the year and such loan was extended during the year. The details of the same are given below:

 (Rs. in millions)

Name of the party	Total loan amount of granted overdues of during the vear* Aggregate amount of overdues of existing loans extended		Nature of extension	Percentage of the aggregate to the total loans granted during the year
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	80.00	80.00	Extended	100%

^{*} Loans extended have been considered as "loans granted during the year" for the purpose of reporting under this clause.

(f) The Company has not granted any loans, which is repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

D AC Chartered Accountants

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

- (iv) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans and investments made and guarantees and security provided by it, as applicable.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there are no amounts which have been deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products/ services / business activities. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii)(a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities by the Company, though there have been slight delays in few cases. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that there are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Gross Amount (Rs. in millions)*	Amount paid under Protest (Rs. in millions)*	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income- tax Act, 1961	Income Tax on account of certain disallowances	197.43	3.80	Assessment year 2019-20	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
Income- tax Act, 1961	Income Tax on account of certain disallowances	0.40		Assessment year 2020-21	Assessing Officer
Income- tax Act, 1961	Income Tax on account of certain disallowances	0.63		Assessment year 2021-22	Assessing Officer
The Delhi Value Added Tax, 2004	Value Added Tax	0.15	-	Financial year 2012-13	Delhi VAT Appellate Authority
The Jammu and Kashmir Value Added Tax, 2005	Value Added Tax	2.55	0.07	Financial year 2016-17	J&K VAT Appellate Authority
Customs Act, 1962	Short levy of Custom duty	5.16	0.13	Financial year 2020-21	Commissioner (Appeals) Mumbai
Customs Act, 1962	Short levy of Custom duty	17.79	1.33	Financial year 2020-21	Customs Audit Commissioner Tamil Nadu
Customs Act, 1962	Short levy of Custom duty	1.27	0.09	Financial year 2022-23	Commissioner (Appeals) Delhi
Customs Act, 1962	Wrong availment of MEIS script benefits	2.67	0.10	Financial year 2016-17	Commissioner of Custom House

THE RED ACCOUNTAINTS

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Gross Amount (Rs. in millions)*	Amount paid under Protest (Rs. in millions)*	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Customs Act, 1962	Short levy of Custom duty	103.29	60.00	Financial year 2023- 2024	Commissioner of Customs, Chennai II (Import), Chennai
The Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	Wrong availment of ITC	0.37	0.25	Financial year 2017-18	Commissioner (Appeals) Chhattisgarh
The Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	Wrong availment of ITC	0.42	0.02	Financial year 2017-18	Commissioner (Appeals) Chandigarh
The Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	Wrong availment of ITC	4.15	0.21	Financial year 2018-19	Commissioner (Appeals) Mumbai
The Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	Wrong availment of ITC	10.34	0.33	Financial year 2024- 2025	The Assistant Commissioner of Central Tax, Kolkata North CGST & CX Bidhannagar Division, Kolkata North Commissionerate

^{*}Represents amounts as per demand orders and includes interest and penalties as per the respective orders, wherever applicable.

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been previously recorded in the books of accounts.
- (ix) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, money raised by way of term loans were applied for the purposes for which these were obtained.
 - (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised by the Company on short term basis have, prima facie, not been utilised for long term purposes.
 - (e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
 - (f) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries.

The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

Chartered Accountants

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

- (b) During the year, the Company has made private placement of shares. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the requirements of section 42 and section 62 of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder with respect to the same. Since no money has been received against the private placement of shares during the year, the question of reporting on utilization of fund does not arise.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, no report under sub-section 12 of section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable. Further, the details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements, as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business as required under the provisions of section 138 of the Act.
 - (b) We have considered the reports issued by the Internal Auditors of the Company till date for the period under audit.
 - (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xv) of the Order with respect to compliance with the provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
 - (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) Based on the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management of the Company, the Group (as defined in Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CIC.
 - (xvii) The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the current financial year as well as the immediately preceding financial year.
 - (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information in the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- (xx)(a)In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has transferred unspent amounts towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) in respect of other than ongoing projects to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Act within a period of six months of the expiry of the financial year in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act.
 - (b)In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no unspent amounts towards Corporate Social Responsibility pertaining to any ongoing project as at end of the current financial year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

ANDIC

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

UDIN: 25503843BMLCQW9790

Place: Noida

Date: 02 July 2025

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

 In conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ('the Company') as at and for the year ended 31 March 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note ('the Guidance Note') on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the 'ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the ICAI prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, and the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.



Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2025, based on the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

UDIN: 25503843BMLCQW9790

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			7.544
Property, plant and equipment	4	243.65	214.82
Right- of- use assets	5	600.88	476.69
Capital work in progress	6	144.37	2.36
nvestment property	7	3.54	3.79
Other intangible assets	8A	56.00	7.75
ntangible assets under development	8B	130.95	152.64
Financial assets			
Investments	9	2,597.65	112.27
Other financial assets	10	102.63	46.59
Deferred tax assets (net)	.11	145.60	69.77
ncome tax assets (net)	12	8.03	8.03
Other non-current assets	13	142.21	111.25
		4,175.51	1,205.96
Current assets	4.4	503204	E 002.05
nventories	14	5,946.94	5,092.05
rinancial assets		10.493.01	7 7 10 7
Trade receivables	15	10,360.94	7,342.70
Cash and cash equivalents	16	534.13	393.04
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	17	459.35	311.77
Loans	18	81.95	82.52
Other financial assets	19	2,670.94	1,814.2
Other current assets	20	492.55	294.0
Total current assets		20,546.80	15,330.30
Total assets		24,722.31	16,536.32
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	21	109.81	20.50
Other equity	22	7,984.10	4,299.80
Total equity		8,093.91	4,320.30
Non current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	23	149.89	280.1
Lease liabilities	5	284.93	179.1
Provisions	24	120.94	89.4
Total non current liabilities		555.76	548.7
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities	25	3,921.86	3,774.3
Borrowings	5	159.73	129.1
Lease liabilities	26	520.52	
Supplier's credit	20	Green alex	
Trade payables and other acceptances	27	202.48	79.5
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	27	8,534.30	5,940.7
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		1,978.97	1,358.
Other financial liabilities	28		84.
Provisions	29	93.84	26.0
Current tax liabilities(net)	30	115.07	
Other current liabilities	31	545.87	273.3
Total current liabilities		16,072.64	11,667.2
Total equity and liabilities		24,722.31	16,536.3

Material accounting policy information

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these standalone financial statements. This is the Standalone Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Neepe mitte

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

CHANDION & COLLEGE CHANDION & CO

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of

ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka Chairman

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025



Managing Director DIN:00514552

Roskni Tandon Company Secretary

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Income:			
Revenue from operations	32	30,658.17	27,824.26
Other income	33	115.86	134.68
Total income		30,774.03	27,958.94
Expenses:			
Purchases of stock-in-trade	34	25,348.73	22,698.63
Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade	.35	(816.44)	20.77
Employee benefits expense	36	1,665.01	1,322.00
Finance costs	37	415.11	309.03
Depreciation and amortization expenses	38	252.44	157.13
Other expenses	39	2,085.22	1,553.05
Total expenses		28,950.07	26,060.61
Profit before exceptional items and tax		1,823.96	1,898.33
Exceptional items- expense/ (credit)	40		(42.14)
Profit before tax		1,823.96	1,940.47
Tax expense:	41		
Current tax expense		547.15	506.93
Deferred tax expense/ (credit)		(74.63)	(8.00)
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)		(1.51)	(4.46)
Total tax expense		471.01	494.47
Profit for the year		1,352.95	1,446.00
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Re-measurements of the defined benefit plans		(4.77)	(19.97)
Income tax relating to above item		1.20	5.03
Other comprehensive income		(3.57)	(14.94)
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,349.38	1,431.06
Earnings per equity share			
Basic (in Rs.) (Nominal value: Rs. 1 each)	42	12.72	14.11
Diluted (in Rs.) (Nominal value: Rs. 1 each)		12.72	14.11
Material accounting policy information	3		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these standalone financial statements. This is the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

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For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Weeper Miles

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025



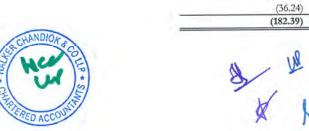
Adity a Khemka Managing Director DIN:00514552

Roshni Tandon Company Secretary

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)						
	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024			
A	Cash flow from operating activities					
	Profit before tax	1,823.96	1,940.47			
	Adjustments for:					
	Depreciation and amortization expenses	252.44	157.13			
	Interest income on bank deposits	(93.42)	(104.98)			
	Interest income on loan given	(8.80)	(2.91)			
	Unwinding of discount on security deposit	(2.66)	(1.55)			
	Dividend income	(0.11)	(0.06)			
	Liabilities no longer required written back	(0.61)	(6.25)			
	Loss/ (Profit) on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	2,05	(2.02)			
	Rental income	(2.84)	(4.22)			
		66.70	(1.22)			
	Allowance for expected credit loss					
	Share based payment expense	117.44	200			
	Balances written off	5.27	7.56			
	Foreign exchange (gain)/loss (net)	(4.52)	(8.46)			
	Finance cost	375.10	275.07			
	Interest expense on lease liabilities	36.24	26.06			
	Gain on extinguishment of lease	(0.55)	(1.82)			
	Loss/ (Gain) on measurement of investment at FVTPL	0.94	(0.98)			
	Operating profit before working capital changes	2,566.63	2,273.04			
	Movement in working capital					
	(Increase)/ decrease in inventories	(854.89)	18.45			
	Increase in trade receivables	(3,090.21)	(1,200.68)			
	Increase in other current assets and non current assets	(211.53)	(192.29)			
	Increase in other financial assets	(1,216.50)	(320.86)			
	Increase in other financial liabilities	566.43	1,080.62			
		272.57	79.62			
	Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	35.82	43.03			
	Increase in provisions	2,722.00	(3,075.65)			
	Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	790.32	(1,294.72)			
	Cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities post working capital changes	(456.64)	(509.94)			
	Income tax paid (net) Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities (A)	333.68	(1,804.66)			
4						
В	Cash flow from investing activities	(272.00)	(188.75)			
	Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible assets under development	(272.00)	, , ,			
	Proceeds from/(investments) in fixed deposits (net)	153.89	1,199.66			
	Sale of property, plant and equipment	2.17	124.63			
	Repayment received from/ (loan given to) related party (also refer note 44)	10.51	(80.00)			
	Rental income	2.84	4.22			
	Dividend income	0.11	0.06			
		102.79	104.98			
	Interest received Net cash (used in)/ generated from investing activities (B)	(10.20)	1,164.80			
C		44.4	John Com			
	Finance cost paid	(362.28)	(275.07			
	Repayment of loans to related party	(0.30)	(273.93			
	Supplier's credit availed (net)	520.52				
	Proceeds from long-term borrowings	109.25	49.42			
	Repayment of long term borrowings	(161.38)	(197.07			
	Proceeds from short term borrowings	22,041.83	17,426.24			
	Repayment of short term borrowings	(21,985.00)	(17,054.76			
	Dividend paid during the year	(180.00)	(10.00)			
	Principal payment of lease liabilities	(128.79)	(77,36			
	Interest payment of lease liabilities	(36,24)	(26.06			
		(



CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Standalone Statement of Cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2025

nts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	141.09	(1,078.45)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	393.04	1,471.49	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	534.13	393.04	

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
Components of cash and cash equivalents:			
Balances with banks			
In current accounts	1.58	0.51	
In cash credit account	2.06	7.09	
Cash in hand	1.30	1.17	
Cheques in hand	456.14	77.82	
Fixed deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months	73.05	306.45	
Total cash and cash equivalents (refer note 16)	534.13	393.04	
스러 시작하는 교육을 교육하는 기계를 가고 있다. 이 중에 가지 않는데 이 기계를 가고 있다면 가는데 있다.			

Also, refer note 23 for changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

Note: The above standalone statement of cash flows has been prepared under the "Indirect method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS-7) Statement of Cash Flows.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these standalone financial statements. This is the Standalone Statement of Cash flows referred to in our report of even date.

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For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025

Roshni Tandon ompany Secretary

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity share capital (refer note 21)

Current Reporting Period

Particulars	Opening balance as at 1 April 2024	Issue during the year*	Changes in equity share capital during the year**	Balance as at 31 March 2025
Equity share capital	20.50	7.31	82.00	109.81

Previous reporting period Particulars	Issue during the year	Changes in equity share capital during	Balance as at 31 March 2024	
			the year	
Equity share capital	20.50	+	11	20.5

*Refer note 9 -- Refer note 21 (f)

B. Other aquity (refer note 22)

B. Other equity (refer note 22) Particulars	Reserves and Surplus				Total	
	Retained Earnings	General reserve	Securities Premium	Shaere based payment reserve	Capital Redemption reserve	
Balance as at 31 March 2023	2,703.88	170.42			4.50	2,878.80
Profit for the year	1,446.00	T.	-	41	9.7	1,446.00
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax impact)	(14.94)	- 4		200	2.0	(14.94)
Dividend paid during the year	(10,00)					(10.00)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	4,124.94	170.42		46	4.50	4,299.86
Profit for the year	1,352.95	-				1,352.95
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax impact)	(3.57)		-	-	-	(3.57)
Shares issued towards purchase consideration of subsidiary company (refer note 9)		8.1	2,479.01	1131	E 1	2,479.01
Employee stock options granted during the year (refer note 47)			-	117.85	2.7	117.85
Bonus share issued		(77.50)	-	-	(4.50)	(82.00)
Dividend paid during the year (refer note 49)	(180.00)	A-14		34.5	-	(180.00
Balance as at 31 March 2025	5,294.32	92.92	2,479.01	117.85		7,984.10

"Refer Note 21(f)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these standalone financial statements.

This is the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date.

CHANDIOA

ERED ACCO

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Membership No.: 503843

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025 VALLE OTECH LIMITE

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

57

Chairman DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025 Roshni Tandon Company Secretary

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

1 Corporate information

Aditya Infotech Limited ("the Company") is a Public limited company having CIN no. U74899DL1995PLC066784 and was incorporated on 27 March 1995 with Registrar of Companies, New Delhi. The Company's registered office is situated at F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase-1, New Delhi - 110020 and corporate office is situated at A-12, Sector-4, Noida - 201301. The Company is engaged in the business of security and surveillance equipment and components under 'CP Plus' brand. Further, the Company is also engaged in trading of security and surveillance equipments and components manufactured by Dahua Technologies Group.

2 Basis of preparation of Standalone financial statements

These standalone financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time, presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 ("Ind AS compliant schedule") and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities:

- a) Certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value; and
- b) Defined benefit plans-plan assets measured at fair value.

The standalone financial statements have been prepared and presented in INR, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in INR has been rounded to the nearest million unless, except when otherwise indicated.

Assets and liabilities are classified as current and non-current as per Company's normal operating cycle which is based on the nature of business of the Company. Current assets do not include elements which are not expected to be realised within 1 year and current liabilities do not include items which are due after 12 month, the period of 12 months being reckoned from the reporting date.

The standalone financial statements were approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 02 July 2025.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

3 Material accounting policy information

(a) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the entity and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made.

Revenue is measured at the transaction price for each separate performance obligation taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government. The transaction price is net of estimated customer returns, rebates, discounts and other similar allowances.

(i) Sale of security and surveillance equipment and components

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised goods to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which Company expects to receive in exchange of those goods. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control is transferred to the customer, based on terms of contracts with the customers which generally coincides with delivery of products to customers in case of domestic sales and on the basis of bill of lading in the case of export

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the control of the product is transferred, the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods.
- The Company has a present right to payment for the asset.
- The Company has transferred physical possession of the asset, whereby the customer has the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, the asset or to restrict the access of other entities to those benefits.

Provision for contractual warranty is recognised as per the principles defined under Ind AS 37: Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets.

When the consideration is received, before the entity transfers a goods to the customer, the entity presents the consideration as contract liability.

(ii) Rendering of services including business support, survelliance and cloud storage and technical training services

- (a) Revenue from business support services, survelliance services and cloud storage services is recognised over a period of time when the services are rendered as per the terms of the respective contracts with the customers.
- (b) Revenue from other services including technical training services are recognised at a point in time as and when the services are rendered as per the terms of the respective contracts with the customers.





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend is recognised when right to receive the payment is established

(iv) Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised and accrued using effective interest rate method.

(v) Insurance & Other Claims

Revenue in respect of claims is recognized when no significant uncertainty exists with regard to the amount to be realized and the ultimate collection thereof.

Assets and liabilities arising from rights of return:

(i) Right of return assets

Right of return asset represents the Company's right to recover the goods expected to be returned by customers. The asset is measured at the former carrying amount of the inventory, less any expected costs to recover the goods, including any potential decreases in the value of the returned goods. The Company updates the measurement of the asset recorded for any revisions to its expected level of returns, as well as any additional decreases in the value of the returned goods.

(ii) Refund liabilities

A refund liability is the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from the customer and is measured at the amount the Company ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Company updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period.

(b) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost determined on weighted average cost basis and net-realisable value. Cost includes freight, taxes and duties net of GST input tax credit, wherever applicable. Customs duty payable on material in bonded warehouse is added to the cost of the material.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated cost of completion and cost necessary to make the sale.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Property plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably. Property, Plant and Equipment which are significant to the total cost of that item of Property, Plant and Equipment and having different useful life are accounted separately. Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided using written down value method on depreciable amount. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except in respect of certain category of assets as mentioned below in respect of which the useful life has been assessed based on technical assessment.

The estimates of useful life of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Particulars	Useful life as per management assessment	Useful life as per Schedule II of the Act	
Building	60 years		
Computers and Peripherals		1000000	
- Computers	3 years	3 years	
- Servers	6 years	6 years	
Office Equipment	5 years	5 years	
Furniture, Fixture and Fittings	10 years	10 years	
Motorcycles and scooters	10 years	10 years	
Motor cars	8 years	8 years	
Plant and machinery-moulds	5 years	8 years	
Plant and machinery	15 years	15 years	

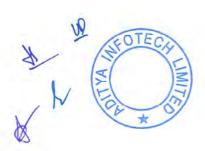
De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Capital Work in Progress

Capital work-in-progress is recorded at its cost, which encompasses expenses incurred during the construction period. This cost also includes interest on the amount borrowed for the acquisition of qualifying assets and other expenses related to project implementation, to the extent that these expenses pertain to the period before the commencement of commercial production/ use.





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(d) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development costs are expensed as incurred unless technical and commercial feasibility of the project is demonstrated, future economic benefits are probable, the Company has an intention and ability to complete and use or sell the product and the costs can be measured reliably. The costs, which can be capitalized include the cost of material, direct labor, overhead costs that are directly attributable to prepare the asset for its intended use.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

Intangible assets	Useful life	
Computer software	6 years	
Trademark	10 years	
Technology Platform	3 - 6 years	
Technical know how	4 - 5 years	

De-recognition

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gain or loss arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

(e) Intangible assets under development

Intangible assets under development represents expenditure incurred in respect of intangible assets under development and are carried at cost less accumulated impairment loss, if any. Cost includes related acquisition expenses, development costs, borrowing costs and other direct expenditure.

(f) Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation, or both. Investment properties are measured initially at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost, if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Investment properties are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation on investment properties is provided on the written down value method computed on the basis of useful lives as prescribed in the Schedule II of the Act.

Investment property	Useful life as per Schedule II of the Act
Building	60 years

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at the end of each financial year.

De-recognition

Investment properties are de-recognized either when they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss in the period of de recognition.

(g) Impairment of non-financial assets- property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property

At the end of each reporting period, the entity reviews the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent, asser's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asser's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generated unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.



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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand, cheques in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

(i) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the year is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

(j) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as share split, bonus issue that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

(k) Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets

(i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss.

(ii) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is recognised for:

- · Possible obligation which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company.
- Present obligation arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation cannot be made.

(iii) Contingent assets

Contingent assets are not recognised in the standalone financial statements. Contingent assets are disclosed in the standalone financial statements to the extent it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Company from such assets.

(l) Leases: Right-of-use asset and Lease liabilities

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for land and buildings- warehouse, experience centres, office premises and vehicles. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases), and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognises the lease rentals as an operating expense in the statement of profit and loss account.

(i)Right-of-use assets

At the commencement date, the right of use assets is measured at cost. The cost includes an amount equal to the lease liabilities plus adjusted for the amount of prepaid or accrued lease payments. After the commencement date, the right of use assets is measured in accordance with the accounting policy for property, plant and equipment i.e. right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- · the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- · any initial direct costs, and
- · restoration costs.





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(ii)Lease liabilities

The lease liability is initially measured at amortised cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows. The Company has used a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Company, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used.

(iii)Lease term

At the commencement date, the Company determines the lease term which represents non-cancellable period of initial lease for which the asset is expected to be used, together with the periods covered by an option to extend or terminate the lease, if the Company is reasonably certain at the commencement date to exercise the extension or termination option.

(iv)Short term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis which is more representative of the pattern of use of underlying asset.

(v)Others

The following is the summary of practical expedients elected on initial application:

- (i) Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with a similar end date.
- (ii) Applied the exemption not to recognise right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term on the date of initial application and low value asset.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Payments associated with short-term leases of property, plant and office equipment and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

(m) Foreign Currencies

The Company's Financial Statements are presented in INR which is also the Company's functional currency. Foreign currency transaction are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency, using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities outstanding at the year-end are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the year-end and the gain or loss, is recognised in the Standalone statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

(n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

(o) Retirement and other employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as employees' state insurance, labour welfare fund, superannuation scheme, employee pension scheme etc. are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. Company's provident fund contribution, in respect of certain employees, is made to a Government administered fund and charged as an expense to the standalone statement of profit and loss. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company has no further defined obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

(ii) Defined benefit plan

Gratuity

Gratuity is a post-employment benefit and is in the nature of a defined benefit plan. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. The defined benefit obligation is determined by actuarial valuation as on the balance sheet date, using the projected unit credit method. Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.



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Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- . The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- The date that the Company recognises related restructuring costs.

The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss:

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and nonroutine settlements; and
- · Net interest expense or income.

(iii) Share Based Payment

Employees of the Company also receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions under Company's Employee Stock Option Scheme.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model. That cost is recognized, together with a corresponding increase in share based payment reserve in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in 'employee benefits expense'. The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest.

The Statement of Profit and Loss expense or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period and is recognized in employee benefits expense.

When the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognized is the expense had the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognized for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification. Where an award is cancelled by the entity or by the counterparty, any remaining element of the fair value of the award is expensed immediately through profit or loss.

(iv) Other long-term employee benefits (compensated absences)

Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed within one year from the balance sheet date is recognised on the basis of undiscounted value of estimated amount required to be paid or estimated value of benefit expected to be availed by the employees. Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed more than one year after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of an actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are credited or charged to the Statement of profit and loss in the year in which such gains or losses are determined.

(v) Short-term and other long-term employee benefits

Expense in respect of other short-term benefits is recognised on the basis of the amount paid or payable for the period during which services are rendered by the employees.

(p) Investments in subsidiary and joint venture

Investments representing equity interests in subsidiary and joint venture are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of these investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

(q) Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and the net change in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year. Current and deferred tax are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in equity, respectively.

(i) Current tax

Current income tax, assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the Income Computation and Disclosure Standards (ICDS) enacted in India by using tax rates and the tax laws that are enacted as at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to item recognized outside the statement of profit and loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or equity). Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transactions either in OCI or directly in equity.

The Company's management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis.





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(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in financial statements, except when the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill, an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

(iii) Indirect taxes

GST input tax credit on materials purchased / services availed are taken into account at the time of purchase and availing of services. GST input tax credit on purchase of capital items wherever applicable are taken into account as and when the assets are acquired. The GST input tax credits so taken are utilised for payment of GST on supply of goods and services. The unutilised GST input tax credit is carried forward in the books of accounts as 'balance with government authorities'.

(r) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial asset or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction cost directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Assets except trade receivables are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of Financial Assets, which are not at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of Financial Assets are recognised using trade date accounting. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price.

B. Subsequent Measurement

a) Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost (AC)

A Financial Asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A Financial Asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling Financial Assets and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

A Financial Asset which is not classified in any of the above categories is measured at FVTPL. Financial assets are reclassified subsequent to their recognition, if the Company changes its business model for managing those financial assets. Changes in business model are made and applied prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of immediately next reporting period following the changes in business model in accordance with principles laid down under Ind AS 109 – Financial Instruments.





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C. Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

ECL is the weighted-average of difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate, with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider –

- · All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- · Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

(i) Trade receivables

In respect of trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach of Ind AS 109, which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

(ii) Other financial assets

In respect of its other financial assets, the entity assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the entity measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

When making this assessment, the entity uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial asset. To make that assessment, the entity compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company neither transfers nor retains subsequently all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the entity recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for the amount it may have to pay.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset.

Financial liabilities

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Liabilities are recognized at fair value and in case of borrowings, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost.

B. Subsequent Measurement

Financial Liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Company. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and transactions costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is due within 12 months after reporting period. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

C. De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(s) Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- . In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the standalone financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

(t) Derivative financial instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any gains or losses from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to statement of profit and loss.

(u) Exceptional items

Items which are material by virtue of their size and nature are disclosed separately as exceptional items to ensure that financial statements allows an understanding of the underlying performance of the business during the year and to facilitate comparison with prior year.

(v) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM").

Identification of segments:

In accordance with Ind AS 108 Operating Segments, the operating segments used to present segment information are identified on the basis of information reviewed by the Company's management to allocate resources to the segments and assess their performance. An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it earns revenues and incurs expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Company's other components.

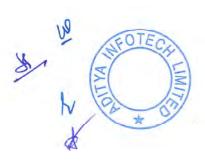
Results of the operating segments are reviewed regularly by the Chief Operating Decision Maker, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available.

(w) Initial public offer related transaction costs

The expenses pertaining to Initial Public Offer CIPO') includes expenses pertaining to fresh issue of equity shares and offer for sale by selling shareholders. Such expenses have been accounted for as follows:

- i. Incremental costs that are directly attributable to issuing new shares have been deferred until successful consummation of IPO upon which it shall be deducted from equity;
- ii. Incremental costs that are not directly attributable to issuing new shares or Offer for sale by selling shareholders, have been recorded as an expense in the Statement of profit and loss as and when incurred; and
- iii. Costs that relate to fresh issue of equity shares and offer for sale by selling shareholders are allocated between those functions on a rational and consistent basis as per agreed terms.





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(x) Significant estimates and judgements

The preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Standalone Financial Statements is included in the following notes:

- · Recognition and estimation of tax expense including deferred tax Note 3(q), Note 11 and Note 41
- Impairment testing of financial assets and non-financial assets Note 3(g), Note 3(p) and Note 3(r)
- Assessment of useful life of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets Note 3(e), (d), (f) and Note 4, Note 7 and Note 8
- Estimation of assets and obligations relating to employee benefits Note 3(o) and Note 46
- Valuation of inventories Note 3(b)
- Recognition and measurement of contingent liabilities Note 3(k) and Note 48
- · Leases Note 3(1) and Note 5
- Fair value measurement Note 3(s) and Note 43
- Provision for warranty Note 3(a) and Note 24 and 29
- Expected credit loss Note 3(r) and Note 15
- Share based payments Note 3(o)(iii) and Note 47

(y) Recent accounting pronouncements:

I. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') vide its notifications dated 12 August 2024 and 09 September 2024 had issued Companies (India Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2024 and Companies (India Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2024, which introduced amendments in certain Indian Accounting Standards that are effective from 1 April 2024:

(i) Ind AS 117 – Insurance contracts - MCA notified Ind AS 117, a comprehensive standard that prescribe, recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements, to avoid diversities in practice for accounting insurance contracts and it applies to all companies i.e., to all "insurance contracts" regardless of the issuer. However, Ind AS 117 is not applicable to the entities which are insurance companies registered with IRDAI.

(ii) Ind AS 116-The amendments require an entity to recognise lease liability including variable lease payments which are not linked to index or a rate in a way it does not result into gain on right-of-use asset it retains.

The Company has reviewed the new pronouncements and based on its evaluation has determined that these amendments do not have a significant impact on the standalone financial statements.

II. New Standards/Amendments notified but not yet effective: - Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. As at 31 March 2025, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company that are not yet effective.

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

4 Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Land	Building	Plant and	Computers	Office	Vehicles	Furniture and	Total
Tatuculais	Laud	Dunuing	machinery*	(including servers)	equipment	remeies	fixtures	Total
As at 31 March 2023	50.04	162,16	2.39	25.49	11.53	60.82	20,33	332.76
Additions	- 1	2	2.45	23.06	5.91	56.21	7.78	95.41
Disposals		108.04	1.81	2.43	6.96	8.88	11.09	139.21
As at 31 March 2024	50.04	54.12	3.03	46.12	10.48	108.15	17.02	288.96
Additions	-	_	55.91	32.12	5.73	3	3.53	97.29
Disposals	-	-	0.92	4.04	5.82	2	2.13	12.91
As at 31 March 2025	50.04	54.12	58.02	74.20	10.39	108.15	18.42	373.34
Accumulated depreciation								
As at 31 March 2023		22.74	1.12	14.52	3.62	15.77	10.71	68.48
Charge for the year	-	5.48	0.21	12.45	3.20	20.47	2.93	44.74
Disposals		18.23	0.96	1.81	5.06	5.61	7.41	39.08
As at 31 March 2024		9.99	0.37	25.16	1.76	30.63	6.23	74.14
Charge for the year	-	2,15	10.76	21.72	4.50	24.25	2.92	66.30
Disposals	2.1		0.84	3.82	4.48		1.61	10.75
As at 31 March 2025	19	12.14	10.29	43.06	1.78	54.88	7.54	129.69
Net block as at 31 March 2024	50.04	44.13	2.66	20.96	8.72	77.52	10.79	214.82
Net block as at 31 March 2025	50.04	41.98	47.73	31.14	8.61	53.27	10.88	243.65

^{*}Also includes moulds

(i) Contractual obligations

Refer note 48B for contractual commitments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

(ii) Capitalised borrowing costs

No borrowing cost have been capitalised for the year ended 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: Rs Nil).

(iii) Property, plant and equipment pledged as security for borrowings

Property, plant and equipment have been pledged as security for borrowings, refer note 23 for details.





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

5 Leases

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2)	Kı	ght	10	11150

Particulars	Leasehold land*	Building [Office, Warehouse and Experience centres]	IT equipment	Vehicles	Total
Right-of-use assets					
As at 31 March 2023	213.95	232.70	5.09	14.35	466.09
Additions		233.21	A	4.25	237.46
Deletions	(27.27)	-		-	(27.27)
As at 31 March 2024	186.68	465.91	5.09	18,60	676.28
Additions	121	281.78		1.26	283.04
Deletions		(38.26)		(1.11)	(39.37)
As at 31 March 2025	186.68	709.43	5.09	18.75	919.95
Accumulated depreciation	44				
As at 31 March 2023	9.03	83.85	1.27	3.42	97.57
Charge for the year	2.85	98.71	1.70	3.28	106.54
Disposals	(4.52)	12	~	2.	(4.52)
As at 31 March 2024	7.36	182.56	2.97	6.70	199.59
Charge for the year	2.59	139.35	1.70	3.32	146.96
Disposals	× 1	(27.07)	-	(0.41)	(27.48)
As at 31 March 2025	9.95	294.84	4.67	9.61	319.07
Net Block as at 31 March 2024					
	179.32	283.35	2,12	11.90	476.69
Net Block as at 31 March 2025	176.73	414.59	0.42	9.14	600.88

^{*}Also refer note 54

b) Lease Liability

Particulars	Total
As at 31 March 2023	172.70
Additions	237.46
Accretion of interest	26.06
Payments	(103.42)
Gain on extinguishment and modification of lease	(1.82)
Deletions	(22.74)
As at 31 March 2024	308.24
Additions	278,06
Accretion of interest	36.24
Payments	(165.03)
Gain on extinguishment and modification of lease	(0.55)
Deletions	(12.30)
As at 31 March 2025	444.66

Lease liability	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
Current	159.73	129.11	
Non-current	284.93	179.13	
	444.66	308.24	

c) Company as a lessee

The Company has leases for land, building for office, warehouse facilities, experience centres, IT equipments and vehicles. With the exception of short term leases and leases of low-value underlying assets, each lease is reflected on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. The Company classifies its right-of-use assets in a consistent manner to its property, plant

Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Company to sublease the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Company. The Company is prohibited from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as security. Further, the Company is required to pay maintenance fees in accordance with the lease contracts.

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	146.96	106.54
Interest expense on lease liabilities	36.24	26.06
Expense relating to short term leases	34.43	38.08
Gain on extinguishment/modification of lease	(0.55)	(1.82)
Net impact on statement of profit and loss	217.08	168.86





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

ii) Amounts recognized in the cash flow statement

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Payment of lease liabilities- principal and interest	165.03	103.42

iii) Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in Statement of profit and loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office furniture.

The Company has recognised Rs. 34.43 million pertaining to 31 March 2025 and Rs. 38.08 million pertaining to 31 March 2024 in respect of short term leases entered into by the Company.

iv) The table below describes the nature of the Company's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised in balance sheet:

Right of use asset	31 N	Aarch 2025	31 March 2024		
	No. of right of use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)	No. of right of use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)	
Office building	70	1-5	37	2-6	
Warehouse facilities	8	1-4	8	2-3	
Experience centre	5	0-6	4	1-7	
Vehicles	18	1-5	17	2-4	
Land	2	49-75	2	50-76	
IT Equipment	2	0.25	2	1-2	

v) Maturity of lease liabilities

The lease liabilities are secured by the related underlying assets. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

31 March 2025		Minimum lease payments due						
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total			
Lease payments	148.80	147.07	133.90	92.96	522.73			

31 March 2024		Minimum lease payments due							
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total				
Lease payments	139.66	86.70	61.70	80.18	368.24				

vi) Information about extension and termination options

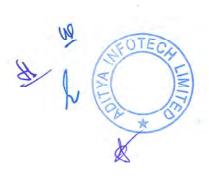
31 March 2025

Right of use assets	Number of leases	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term (in years)	Number of leases with extension option	Number of leases with purchase option	Number of leases with termination option
Office building	70	1-5	3.00	-		70
Warehouse facilities	8	1-4	2.50		-	8
Experience centre	5	0-6	2.80			5
Vehicles	18	1-5	3.00	1	-	18
Land	2	49-75	62.00		-	2
IT Equipment	2	0.25	0.25	1		2

31 March 2024

Right of use assets	Number of leases	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term (in years)	Number of leases with extension option	Number of leases with purchase option	Number of leases with termination option
Office building	37	2-6	4.00	-	7-	37
Warehouse facilities	8	2-3	2,50		1	8
Experience centre	4	1-7	3.80			4
Vehicles	17	2.4	3.00		-	17
Land	2	50-76	63.00	-	1 4	2
IT Equipment	2	1-2	1.50	-	14	2





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

6. Capital Work in Progress

Particulars	Amount
Gross block	
As at 31 March 2023	1.83
Additions	0.53
Capitalised	-
As at 31 March 2024	2.36
Additions	142.01
Capitalised	5
As at 31 March 2025	144.37

(i) Ageing of capital work in progress:

As at 31 March 2025

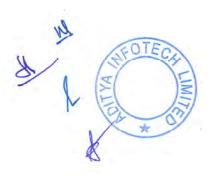
Particulars	Amount	Total			
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Project in progress	142.01	0.53	1.83		144.37

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Amount	Total			
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Project in progress	0.53	1.83			2.36

- (ii) Capital work in progress, whose completion is overdue or exceeded its cost compared to its original plan: Nil (31 March 2024: Nil)
- (iii) Capital work in progress represents costs incurred on construction/development activities for the Noida property and Kolkata office (also refer note 54).
- (iv) The borrowing costs amounting to Rs. 3.37 million have been capitalised during the year ended 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: Rs. Nil). The rate used to determine the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation was 8.75%, which is the effective interest rate of the specific borrowing.
- (v) Refer note 48B for contractual commitments of capital work in progress as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

7. Investment property

Particulars		
Gross block	Non factory Building	Total
As at 31 March 2023	5.36	5.36
Additions		
Disposals	Q1	
As at 31 March 2024	5.36	5.36
Additions		
Disposals	X+1	-
As at 31 March 2025	5.36	5.36
Accumulated depreciation		
As at 31 March 2023	1.28	1.28
Charge for the year	0.29	0.29
Disposals		
As at 31 March 2024	1.57	1.57
Charge for the year	0.25	0.25
Disposals		
As at 31 March 2025	1.82	1.82
Net block as at 31 March 2024	3.79	3.79
Net block as at 31 March 2025	3.54	3.54

(i) Amount recognised in profit and loss for investment property:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Rental income	1.26	1.39
Less: direct operating expenses that generated rental income*	i.	
Less: direct operating expenses that did not generate rental income*	-	
Profit from leasing of investment property before depreciation	1.26	1.39
Less: depreciation expense	0.25	0.29
Profit from leasing of investment property after depreciation	1.01	1.10

^{*}Direct operating expenses attributable to investment property cannot be specifically identified with property, although management does not expect them to be material.

(ii) Fair value of investment property:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Fair value of office space at Janki Centre, Andheri, Mumbai	33.05	30.84
a man that or other space in jump a survey of	33.05	30.84

The Company has appointed a registered valuer in accordance with Rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuer and Valuation) Rules, 2017 for the valuation of investment property. The fair value of investment property has been determined by external, independent property valuers, having appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued. The Company obtains independent valuation for its investment property at least annually and is considered to be a fair representation at which such property can be sold in an active market. The fair value measurement of the investment property has been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used. Fair value has been determined using combination of market approach and cost approach. The market approach provides an indication of value by comparing the asset with identical or comparable (that is similar) assets for which price information is available whereas cost approach provides an indication of value using the economic principle that a buyer will pay no more for an asset than the cost to obtain an asset of equal utility, whether by purchase or by construction, unless undue time, inconvenience, risk or other factors are involved.

(iii) Contractual obligations

There are no contractual obligations outstanding as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

(iv) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Q A	Intangible assets	

8A. Intangible assets					
Particulars	Technical know how	Technology Platform	Computer Software	Trademark	Total
Gross block			7.0	1.5	
As at 31 March 2023			13.59	11.55	25.14
Additions	-	100	1.98		1.98
Disposals	-19			-	, e
As at 31 March 2024		(4)	15.57	11.55	27.12
Additions	53.89	30.66	2.63	۲.	87.18
Disposals	-	-2	4-	, E.	1.5
As at 31 March 2025	53.89	30.66	18.20	11.55	114.30
Accumulated amortisation			100		
As at 31 March 2023	- 2	12.4	8.86	4.95	13.81
Charge for the year	_	-	3.91	1.65	5.56
Disposals		- T	_	-	-
As at 31 March 2024			12.77	6.60	19.37
Charge for the year	19.09	15.66	2.53	1.65	38.93
Disposals		-	-		(8)
As at 31 March 2025	19.09	15.66	15.30	8.25	58.30
Net block as at 31 March 2024	4		2.80	4.95	7.75
Net block as at 31 March 2025	34.80	15.00	2.90	3.30	56.00

(i) Contractual obligations

Refer note 48B for contractual commitments for acquisition of intangible assets as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

(ii) Capitalised borrowing costs

No borrowing cost have been capitalised for the year ended 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: Rs Nil).





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts arc in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

8B. Intangible assets under development

Particulars	Intangible assets	Total	
r articulars	under development		
Gross block		1000	
As at 31 March 2023	63.79	63.79	
Additions	90.83	90.83	
Capitalised	1.98	1.98	
As at 31 March 2024	152.64	152.64	
Additions	84.36	84.36	
Capitalised	106.05	106.05	
As at 31 March 2025	130.95	130.95	

(i) Ageing of intangible asset under development:

As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of				
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Intangible assets under development	84.36	46.59	-	- 1	130.95

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Amount in int	Total			
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Intangible assets under development	88.85	22.12	41.67	7. 1	152.64

(ii) Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or exceeded its cost compared to its original plan: Nil (31 March 2024: Nil)

(iii) Contractual obligations

Refer note 48B for contractual commitments for acquisition of intangible assets as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

(iv) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

9 Investments	As at 31 March 2025 (No. of shares)	As at 31 March 2024 (No. of shares)	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Unquoted Investments				
Investment in equity instruments				
In subsidiaries (at cost)	V4.000000	11,80,250	11.19	11.19
Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd, China, Equity Shares of 1 RMB cach	11,80,250	11,80.250		11.12
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited, Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each (refer note (i) below)	1,90,00,000		2,581.31	
Total		-	2,592.50	11.19
In Joint ventre (at cost)				
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited, Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	91	95,00,000		95.00
Total		107	-	95.00
Quoted Investments				
Investment in equity instruments measured at fair value through profit & loss				
Tamiload Mercanile Bank Limited, Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	12,525	12,525	5.15	6.08
Total		1.3	5.15	6.08
Total			2,597.65	112.27
To the second of			5.15	6.08
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof			2,592.50	106.19
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments		-	2,597.65	112.27
			mjo / ttee	

Notes
(i) On 8 July 2024, the Company entered into Share Subscription and Purchase Agreement ("SSPA") with Dixon Technologies India Limited ("Dixon") and AlL Dixon Technologies Private Limited ("AlL Dixon") for acquiring 9,500,000 fully paid up equity shares of Rs. 10 each representing balance 50% equity shares of Rs. 1, each representing 6.65% equity shares of Rs. 1, each representing 6.65% equity shares on a fully diluted basis).

On 18 September 2024, the Company discharged the purchase consideration for the aforesaid transaction by way of issue of 7,305,805 equity shares of the Company, having a face value of Rs. 1, at security premium of Rs. 339.32 per share.

10 Other financial assets	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Fixed deposit with remaining maturity of more than 12 months*	65.74 36.89	20.39 26.20
Security deposits (carried at amortised cost)	102.63	46.59
*includes deposits aggregating to Rs. 65.65 million (31 March 2024; Rs. 20.30 million) held as margin money and Rs. 0.09 million (31 March 2024; Rs 0.09 million) pledged with government authorities:		

11 Deferred tax assets (net)	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) on account of :-	(2.0)	3.82
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets	16.91	
Allowance for expected credit losses	29.91	13.12
Employee benefits including share based payments	52,62	17.14
	111.91	77.57
Lease liabilities	31.09	26.70
Waeranty provision	11.21	7.79
Other temporary differences	(106.75)	(74.84)
Right of use assets	4.0.00	(1.53)
Investment carried at FVIPL	(1.30)	
	145.60	69.77

(i) Movement in deferred tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	Recognised/ (credited) through profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2025
Assets/(Liabilities)	202	13.09		16.91
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets	3.82	10.00	1	29.91
Allowance for expected credit losses	13.12	125.50	1.20	52.62
Employee benefits	17.14	34,28		111.91
Lease liabilities	77.57	34.34		
Warranty provision	26.70	4.39	4	31.09
Other temporary differences	7.79	3.42	9 1	11.21
Right of use assers	(74.84)	(31,91)		(106.75
Investment carried at FVTPL	(1.53)		1-	(1.30
Total	69.77	74.63	1.20	145.60

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	Recognised/ (credited) through profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2024
Assets/(Liabilities)	0.20	3.54		3.82
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets	0.28	10000		13.12
Allowance for expected credit losses	13.12			
Employee benefits	10.66		5.03	17.14
Lease liabilities	43.46	34.11	6.	77.57
Warranty provision	23.92	2.78		26.70
	7.75	0.04	8 1	7.79
Other temporary differences	(41,17)	100		(74.84
Right of use assets		(4) (5)		(1.53
Investment carried at FVTPL	(1.28)			
Total	56.74	8.00	5.03	69.77

12 Income tax assets

Advance tax paid (net of provision for taxation)



	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	8.03	8.03
10	8.03	8.03
/ V		

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(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

13	Other	non-current	assets

Amounts paid under protest with statutory authorities Capital advances

As at 31 March 2025 As at 31 March 2024 111.25 124.30 17.91 111.25 142.21

(Valued at lower of cost or net realisable value, unless otherwise stated)

Traded goods Others

14 Inventories

As at 31 March 2025 As at 31 March 2024 5,857.26 5,040.82 51.23 89.68 5,946.94 5,092.05

(i) Inventories of traded goods include goods in transit amounting to Rs. 159.50 million (31 March 2024; Rs. 44.47 million)
(ii) Inventories are net off of Rs. 329.44 million (31 March 2024; Rs. 208.69 million) representing write down of inventories to net realisable value, as assessed by the management.

15 Trade receivables

As at 31 March 2025 As at 31 March 2024

Secured, considered good

Unsecured

-considered good -considered good, receivable from related parties -which have significant increase in credit risk

Less: Allowance for expected credit loss Total

118.83	52.13
10,479.77	7,394.83
110.61	28.82
2.94	2.26
10,366.22	7,363.75
1-	*

7,342.70

10,360.94

Particulars	Unbilled dues Not d	Artica .	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
		Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	1.08	5,894.55	4,134.04	251.33	70.95	10.75	6.46	10,369.16
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	- 5		9	4.	-	-	0.5	
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired		-		-		-	-	- A
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good		-	4	- 2		- 1		
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk		0.08	8.08	6.39	65.99	17.53	12.54	110.61
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	E - 14 U			-	- 1		8.
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss			1-1	-	-	-	A-C	(118.83)
Total	1.08	5,894.63	4,142.12	257.72	136.94	28.28	19.00	10,360.94

Particulars	** *** * *	30.00	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Unbilled dues Not	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good		3,351.54	3,733.83	223.49	47.15	8.19	1.81	7,366.01
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	7.5				- 1	-		
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired		1.0)÷ [-			-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good	-			3-4	2.	9		14
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	12.0	- 3	0.17	0.33	4.98	3,37	19.97	28.82
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	1	C-20	8.3		- 1			
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss		+6	-		4.1			(52.13
Total	5-1	3,351.54	3,734.00	223.82	52.13	11.56	21.78	7,342.70

16 (ash	and	cash	ea	uiv	alents

Balances with banks

In current accounts In cash credit account

Cash in hand

Cheques in hand Fixed deposits with original maturity of less than three months

As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
1.58	0.51
2.06	7.09
130	1.17
456.14	77.82
73.05	306.45
534.13	393.04

17 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Earmarked balances-dividend account

Fixed deposit with original maturity of more than three months and upto twelve months*

As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
0.08	0.08
459.27	311.69
459.35	311.77

^{*}includes fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 458.62 million (31 March 2024; Rs. 311.69 million) held as margin money with bank as collaterals and Rs. 0.65 million (31 March 2024; Rs Nil) pledged with government authorities









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Notes to the standaloue financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

(Unsecured and secured good) Loans to related parties (refer note 44)*

As at As at 31 March 2025 31 March 2024 81.95 82.52 81.95 82.52

*Loan is repayable within 1 year and carries interest rate of 11% p.a.

petails of loans given, inter corporate given, investments made and guarantee given covered u/s 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Name of party	Business relationship	Purpose of loan	As at 31 March 2025
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	Subsidiary company	General corporate purpose	81.95

Name of party	Business relationship	Purpose of loan	As at 31 March 2024
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	Joint venture company	General corporate purpose	82.52

19 Other financial assets	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Security deposits	2,81 1,662,60	2.28 587,71
Vendor claims receivable Other receivable from related parties (also refer note 44).	0.41	
Fixed deposits with remaining maturity upto 12 months* Other receivable from customers	525.63 479.49	872.44 351.78
CHE ICCIPANT HOST CONTINUES	2,670.94	1,814,21

"includes deposits aggregating to Rs. 524.51 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 670.29 million) held as margin money and deposits aggregating to Rs. 1.20 million (31 March 2024: Rs 0.11 million) pledged with government authorities

20 Other current assets	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Prepaid expenses	39.26	30.56
Initial public offer related transaction costs*	85.32	
Balances with statutory authorities	161.25	134.11
Advance to employees	4.80	3.24
Advances to vendors	64.85	37.24
Right to Return asset	137.07	88.92
Other recoverable**	30.89	-30.89
Considered doubtful		
Less: Allowance for impairment (net)	(30.89)	(30.89)
	492.55	294.07

*As at 31 March 2025, the Company has incurred an expenditure of Rs. 85.32 million (31 March 2024: Nil) towards proposed initial public offer which has been classified as 'other current financial assets'. The Company expects to recover certain amount from existing shareholders (as per the arrangement) and balance amount would be adjusted against securities premium account, in accordance with section 52 of the Companies Act 2013, upon the shares being issued.

**During the financial year 2015- 16, the Company had reported an instance of misappropriation of funds/ current assets by certain employees and accordingly, a provision amounting to Rs. 30.89 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 30.89 million); nor the alleged perpetrators is being carried as at 31 March 2025. A criminal complaint and recovery suit was filed in relation to the said matter and the criminal complaint is pending before District Court, Suraipur and the recovery proceedings are pending before the Honourable High Court of Delhi, for disposal.



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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

21	D.	terr	Chann	Cal	.test	
21.	Eq	unty	Share	La.	pital	

Authorized Share Capital (refer note (f) below) Equity share of Rs. 1 each (31 March 2024; Rs. 10 each) with voting rights

31 March 2024 31 March 2025 Number Amount 150.00 Number Amount 50.50 15,00,00,000 150,00 50,50,000 50.50 15,00,00,000

As at

Issued, subscribed and fully paid up

Equity state capital of nominal value of Rs 1 each (31 March 2024; Rs. 10 each)

10 98 05 805 100.81 20.50.000 20.50 10,98,05,805 109.81 20,50,000 20.50

a. Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Balance at the beginning of the year

Balance at the end of the year

Increase on account of split of face value of equity shares during the year (refer note (f) below)

Issue of bonus shares during the year (refer note (f) below) Issued during the year (also refer note 9)

20,50,000 20,50,000 20.50 20.50 2,05,00,000 20.50 8,20,00,000 82.00 73.05.805 7.31 20.50 20,50,000 109.81

10,98,05,805

b. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 1 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors in any financial year is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except interim dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. The equity shares be transferable subject to the provisions contained in the Articles of Association and in the agreements entered/ to be entered into with the investors/ shareholders from time to time.

c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Name of the equity shareholder

Hari Shanker Khemka Rishi Khemka Aditya Khemka Dixon Technologies (India) Ltd.

	As at 31 March 2	1025	As at 31 March	
_	Number	% shareholding	Number	% shareholding
	1,97,19,250	17.96%	3,94,385	19.24%
	1,47,16,749	13.40%	3,89,500	19.00%
	6,11,14,950	55,66%	12,22,299	59.62%
	73,05,805	6.65%		1

As per the records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders/ members regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

d. Shareholding of promoters*

	Shares held by promoters at the end of the year (nominal	value of Rs. 1 each)		% of change during
S. No.	Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	the year
1	Hari Shanker Khemka	1,97,19,250	17.96%	-1.28%
2	Aditya Khemka	6,11,14,950	55.66%	-3.97%
3	Rishi Khemka	1,47,16,749	13.40%	-5.60%
4	Ananmay Khemka	9,25,400	0.84%	-0.06%
Total	Amanina) Nacansa	9,64,76,349	87.86%	

	Shares held by promoter group at the end of the year (nominal	value of Rs. 1 cach)		% of change during
S. No.	Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	the year
1	Hari Shanker Khemka (HUF)	7,80,350	0.71%	-0.05%
2	Aditya Khemka (HUF)	21,050	0.02%	0.00%
3	Sharddha Khemka	4,64,000	0.42%	100.00%
4	Ruchi Khemka	47,58,251	4.33%	100.00%
Total	Total Foreign	60,23,651	5.49%	

Ac at 31 March 2024

at 51 March 2024	Shares held by promoters at the end of the year (nominal value of Rs. 10 each)	I a series of the series of th		% of change during
S. No.	Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	the year
1	Hari Shanker Khemka	3,94,385	19.24%	0.00%
2	Adirya Khemka	12,22,299	59.62%	0.00%
2	Rishi Khemka	3,89,500	19.00%	0.00%
3	Telephot Conference	18,500	0.90%	100.00%
m . 1	Alfalitay Kilelika	20,24,684	98.77%	
4 Total	Ananmay Khemka			

	Shares held by promoter group at the end of the year (nominal v	alue of Rs. 10 each)		% of change during
S. No.	Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	the year
1	Hari Shanker Khemka (HUF)	15,607	0.76%	0.00%
2	Aditya Khemka (HUF)	421	0.02%	0.00%
Total	Autya Kienka (101)	16,028	0.78%	

^{*} Promoter here means promoter as defined under the Companies Act, 2013.

e. Buy back of shares

During the earlier year, the Board of directors in its meeting held on 04 January 2023, had approved a proposal of buyback of 450,000 Equity shares (representing 18% of total paid up Equity shares capital of the Company) at price of Rs. 1,445/- (Indian Rupes One Thousand Four Hundred Forty-three only) per Equity shares which opened on 23 February 2023, for fifteen days and settlement of buyback offer date was 24 February 2023. Accordingly, the Company had bought back and extinguished a total of 450,000 Equity shares at a buyback price of Rs. 1,443/- (Indian Rupess One thousand four hundred forty-three only) per Equity share. The buyback resulted in a Cash outflow of Rs. 800.62 million (buyback value Rs.649.35 million plus buyback tax amount Re. 151.27 million under section 115QA of the Income Tax Act 1961). Other than the above buy back of shares during the previous year, the Company has not undertaken any buy back of shares transaction during the last five years immediately preceeding the current year.

£ The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on 12 June 2024 approved the following

(a) Increase in the authorised share capital from existing 5,050,000 equity shares to 15,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each, which was subsequently approved by the shareholders through ordinary resolution passed in their Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 17 June 2024;

held on 17 June 2024;
(b) Sub-division of the existing authorised share capital of the Company from 15,000,000 equity shares of Re. 10 each into 150,000,000 equity shares of Re. 1 each and existing paid-up capital from 2,050,000 equity shares of Re. 10 each to 20,500,000 equity shares of Re. 1 each, which was approved by the shareholders through an ordinary resolution passed in their Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 17 June 2024;
(c) Post sub-division of the existing authorised and issued share capital as above, the Board had approved the bonus issue of four new equity shares for every one share held on record date, which was subsequently approved by the shareholders through an ordinary resolution passed in their Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 17 June 2024. Consequently, the Company allowed 82,000,000 equity shares of Re. 1 each by voy of bonus issue to its shareholders in the ratio of 154 on 17 June 2024. The Company utilised capital redemption reserve of Rs. 4.50 million and general reserve of Rs. 77.50 million for issue of bonus shares, as per section 63 of the Companies Act, 2013.

g. Agreement dated September 27, 2024 ("Inter-se Agreement"), entered amongst Aditya Khemka, Shradha Khemka, Ananmay Khemka, Aditya Khemka (HUF), Hari Khemka Business Family Trust, Aditya Khemka Hari Shanker Khemka (HUF), Rishi Khemka Ruchi Khemka and ARK Business Propositive Trust (collections). nka, Hari Shankar Khemka (HUF), Rishi Khemka, Ruchi Khemka and ARK Business Prosperity Trust (collectively, "Parties")

The Parties have executed the Inter-se Agreement to record certain inter-se rights and obligations of the Company and other related matters, including, (i) appointment of Aditya Khemka as authorised representative to exercise any and all rights to participate and vote on hehalf of each of the other Parties; (ii) right of Aditya Khemka to nominate directors on the Board and on the board of subsidiary/ joint ventures in which the Company has a right to nominate board of certain conditions mentioned in the Inter-se Agreement; (iii) certain transfer related rights, including tag-along rights with respect to Equity Shares that are proposed to be transferred to third parties by either of the Parties from the date of listing of the Equity Shares on the recognised Stock Exchange until the compalytion of the lock-in as defined in the Inter-se Agreement; and (iv) an understanding between the parties in relation to any sale of shares until listing.

The Company is not a party to the Inter-se Agreement and the same shall terminate automatically upon either by way of the mutual written consent of Aditya Khemika and Rishi Khemika or when either Hari Shanker Khemika or certain of the other Parties

The Company is not a party to the Inter-se Agreement and the Salar State of the Company.

Case to hold any Equity Shares in the Company.

Subsequent to the free this inter-se Agreement, the individual Promoters, Hari Shanker Khemka, Aditya Khemka and Rishi Khemka transferred 19,719,150 Equity Shares of face value of Rs.1 each to Hari Khemka Business Family Trust and 100 Equity Shares of face value of Rs.1 each to ARK Business Prosperity Trust, respectively on 23 April 2025. Trust, 100



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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

22 Other equity	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
General Reserve		
Opening balance	170.42	170.42
Add: Addition during the year		
Less: Bonus share issued (also refer note 21(f))	(77.50)	76.0
Closing balance (A)	92.92	170.42
Capital Redemption Reserve		
Opening balance	450	4.50
Add: Addition during the year (also refer note 21(f))	× ×	
Less: Bonus share issued	(4.50)	
Closing balance (B)		4.50
Security Premium Reserve		
Opening balance		
Add: Addition during the year (also refer note 9)	2,479.01	
Closing balance (C)	2,479.01	- 4
Shared based payment reserve		
Opening balance		
Add: Addition during the year (also refer note 47)	117.85	121
Closing balance (D)	117.85	45
Retained earnings		
Opening balance	4,124.94	2,703.88
Add: Profit for the year	1,352.95	1,446.00
Add: Other comprehensive income for the year (ner of tax)	(3.57)	(14.94)
Less: Dividend paid (refer note 49)	(180.00)	(10.00)
Closing balance (E)	5,294.32	4,124.94

Nature and purpose of reserves

Total (A + B+ C+D+E)

General reserve

It represents appropriation of profits of the Company utilised the capital redemption reserve for issuance of bonus shares as per Companies Act, 2013. During the current year, the Company utilised the capital redemption reserve for issuance of bonus shares as per provisions of Section 63 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings is used to record balance of statement of profit and loss and other equity adjustments.

Security premium reserve

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.

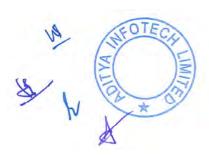
Capital redemption reserve

The same has been created in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to buy-back of equity shares. During the current year, the Company utilised the capital redemption reserve for issuance of bonus shares as per provisions of Section 63 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Share based payment reserve

The share based payment reserve represent the expense recognised at fair value on the grant date, on issue of employee stock options to the employees of the Company and its subsidiary company.





7,984,10

4,299.86

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts are in Indian Ropees millions, unless otherwise stated)

23. Borrowings

Secured	
Term loans	
Indian rupee loan from banks	
Vehicle loans	
Indian rupee loan from banks	
Indian rupee loan from financial institutions	
Amount disclosed under Current borrowings	

Non-cur	rent	Current Maturities		
As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
126.32	237.55	206.50	122,50	
23,57	42.61	19.04	18.20	
149,89	280.16	225.54	1.53	
245.05	200,20	225,54	142.2	
149.89	280.16	- 1	-	

articulars	Interest rate	Type of asset secured	Terms of repayments	
Term Ioans amilnad Mercantile Bank Ioan-I ss.Nil million, Current Maturity Rs. 62.50 million (31 March 2024; Rs. 62.55 million, Current Maturity Rs. 62.50 million)	8.25%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Noida and Mumbai; collateral in form of bank fixed deposits and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company.	Repayable in 48 monthly installments commencing from April 2022	
Camilnad Mercantile Bank loan-II ks. 115.07 million, Current Maturity Rs. 60.00 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 175 million, Current Maturity Rs. 60 million)	8.25%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Noida and Mumbai; collateral in form of bank fixed deposits and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company.	Repayable in 48 monthly installments commencing from March 2024	
axis Bank Ioan -I Rs. 11.25 million, Current Maturity Rs. 84 million (31 March 2024: Rs Nil,Current Maturity Rs Nil.)	8.75%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Plot No 12 A, Sector 135, Noida, Utar Pradesh; collateral in form of personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company. Also refer note 57 (f).	Repayable in 65 monthly installments commencing from February 2025	
Vehicle loans Lais Bank- vehicle Ioan-II Ls. Nal, Current Maturity Rs. 8.11 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 8.11 million, Current Maturity Rs. 8.17 million)	8.50%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased.	Repayable in 36 monthly installments commencing from February 2023	
Axis Bank-vehicle Ioan-III Rs. 8.20 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.31 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 11.52million, Cutrent Maturity Rs.3.04)	8.70%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased.	Repayable in 60 monthly installments commencing from June 2023	
Axis Bank- vehicle loan-IV 8s. 12.62 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.79 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 16.40, Current Maturity Rs. 3.48)	8.80%a	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased.	Repayable in 60 monthly installments commencing from February 2024	
HDFC Bank-vehicle loan-I 8s. 2.75 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.83 million (31 March 2024; Rs.6.58 million, Current Maturity Rs.3.51 million)	8.80%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased.	Repayable in 39 monthly installments commencing from September 2023	
Daimler Financial Services Private Limited- vehicle loan Rs. Nil, Current Manutity Rs.Nil (31 March 2024: Rs.Nil, Current Manutity Rs. 1.52 million)	7.40%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased.	Repayable in 36 monthly installments commencing from September 2021	

23.B Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The changes in the Company's liabilities arising from financing activities can be classified as follows: Particulars

31 March	2023
	t 31 March

Cash flows:

- Proceeds - Repayment

Non cash adjustments/ movements**

Balance as at 31 March 2024

Cash flows: - Proceeds

- Repayment

Non cash adjustments/ movements**

Balance as at 31 March 2025

*Long term borrowings include current maturities of long term borrowings

** Includes accrued interest

"Represents net proceeds, outstanding as at balance sheet date. Also, refer note 26.

For changes in lease liability refer note 5 (b)

Short term borrowings	Long term borrowings*	Supplier credit [^]		
3,520.79	575.21	-		
17,426.24	49.42			
(17,328.69)	(197.07)			
8.64	- G	-		
3,626.98	427.56	-		
22,041.83	109.25	520.50		
(21,985.30)	(161.38)	-		
12.82				
3,696.33	375.43	520.52		

23.C Subsequent to year end, Company's credit rating for its borrowing facilities was revised from CARE A. Stable and CARE A2+ to CARE BBB+ Stable and CARE A2 respectively. In terms of the sanction letters, the Company could be liable for additional interest in case of downward revision of credit rating, however, till date, no such interest has been charged/ demanded by the respective lenders. As per management, the adjustment in this regard is not expected to be material, requiring any adjustment in these standalone financial statements and further, the management has assessed this event to be non-adjusting event for financial year 2024-25.





CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

24	Provisions-	non-current

Provision for employee benefits

Gratuity (refer note 46) Compensated absences

Other provisions

Provision for warranty (also refer note 20)

As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
23,80	13.12
40.46	31.77
56.68	44.55

25 Current borrowings

Current maturities of long term debts (refer note 23) Working capital demand loan [refer note (ii) below]

Unsecured

Loan from related parties [refer note (iii) below]*

*includes interest accrued amounting to Rs. Nil (31 March 2024; Rs.0.30 million)

Total

56.68	44.55
120.94	89.44
As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
225.54	142.22
3,682.82	3,618.34
3,908.36	3,760.56
13.50	13.80
13,50	13,80
3,921.86	3,774.36

Terms and conditions of short-term borrowings

(i) The Company has availed cash credit facilities from bunks that are repayable on demand. (also refer note 43B). However, such facilities remain undrawn as at 31 March 2025.

(ii) The Company has availed working capital demand loans from banks aggregating to Rs. 3,682.82 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 3,618.34 million) carrying interest rates ranging from 7.50% -8.60% and are repayable on demand.

(iii) Unsecured loans from Related Parties

Interest rate Type of asset secured Terms of repayments Particulars Repayable on demand as per the munial agreement between the parties 10.00% Inter-corporate deposits Rs. 13.50 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 13.50 million)

26 Supplier's credit

Supplier's credit

As at	As at
31 March 2025	31 March 2024
520.52	
520.52	

Supplier's credit represents the arrangement where suppliers of goods and services are initially paid by A.TReDS Limited and settlement with the A.TReDS Limited is normally effected within a period of 90 days.

27 Trade payables

Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note (i) below)

Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises

As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
202.48	79.99	
8,534.30	5,940.74	
8,736,78	6,020.73	

(i) Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act, 2006"):

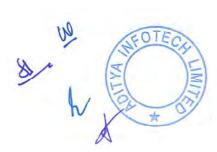
Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
i) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year	202.48	79,99
in) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	0.05	0.03
iii) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006;		
iv) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and	0.47	0.05
by the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the number of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	0.47	0.05

(ii) Ageing disclosure:

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Micro, small and medium enterprises	194.98	7.38	1-11		-	202.30
(ii) Others	4,253.77	4,207.60	0.38	0.26	0.83	8,462.8
(ii) Disputed dues – MSME		0.06	0.06	Э.		0.12
(iv) Disputed dues - Others				-	- 3	-
(v) Unbilled	71.46	4	+ 1		*	71.40
Total	4,520.21	4,215.04	0.44	0.26	0.83	8,736.78

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Not duc	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Micro, small and medium enterprises	65.76	14.23		14.		79.99
(ii) Others	2,430.48	3,450.33	5.41	0.50	1.20	5,887.92
(iii) Disputed dues – MSME						
(iv) Disputed dues - Others						-
(v) Unbilled	52.82		9	-	7.	52.82
Total	2,549.06	3,464.56	5.41	0.50	1.20	6,020.73





ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED
CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784
Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

28 Other Financial liabilities-current	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Security deposits	0.54	1.10
Payable to employees	204,40	120.48
Derivative contracts fair valued through profit or loss	0.84	- 6
Capital creditors	55,62	2.86
Other liability- customer refund*	157.10	105.86
Book overdraft (also refer note 43B)	1,423.56	927.03
Other payable		1.58
Other acceptances	136.91	200.02
	1,978.97	1,358.93

	1,978.97	1,358.93
*A refund liability is the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration re of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the	eceived (or receivable) from the customer and is measured at the amount the Company ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Company ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Company ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Company ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Company ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Company ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Company ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer.	oany updates its estimates
42.00		
29 Provisions- current	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Provision for employee benefits		
Granuty (refer note 46)	18.56	16.01
Compensated absences	8.43	7.18
Other provisions		
Provision for warranty	66.85	61.54
	93.84	84.73
Movement in provision for warranty	S	
	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
0.1.11	106.09	95.04
Opening balance	78.98	67.86
Provision created during the year		
Provision utilised during the year	(61.54)	(56.81)
Closing balance	123.53	106,09
Provision for warranty	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Non-current	56.68	44.55
Current	66.85	61.54
	123.53	106.09
30 Current tax liabilities (net)	As at	As at
Sy Correit as natinues (net)	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Provision for income tax (net of advance tax)	115.07	26.07
	115.07	26.07
31 Other current liabilities	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Contract liability (Refer note 32 (i))		4000
Advance from customers	97.22	16.05
Deferred revenue	11.64	
Statutory dues payable	67.79	66.74
- TDS and TCS payable	362.09	147.08
- GST payable	7.13	43.43
- Others	545.87	273.30
	343.87	6/3.30





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
30,614.09	27,798.60
35.00	17.32
30,649.09	27,815.92
6.00	6.00
3.08	2.34
9.08	8.34
30,658.17	27,824.26
	31 March 2025 30,614.09 35,00 30,649.09 6.00 3.08 9.08

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024

97.22 16.05 Advance from customers 11.64 Deferred revenue

Contract liability is the Company's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration from the customer in advance. Contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights become unconditional and contract liabilities are recognized as and when the performance obligation is satisfied.

Contract assets

Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15)

1.08 10,360.94

7,342.70

Trade receivables (refer note 15)

(ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Right to return asset	137.07	88.92
Refund liabilities arising from rights of return	157.10	105.86

Disaggregation by	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 202
Type of goods/service		
Sale of goods	30,614.09	27,798.60
Sale of services	35.00	17.32
Other operating revenue	9.08	8.34
Total revenue from contract with customers	30,658.17	27,824.26
India	30,558.06	27,737.20
Outside India	100.11	87.06
Total revenue from contract with customers	30,658.17	27,824.26
Timing of revenue recognition		
Goods transferred at a point in time	30,614.09	27,798.60
Services transferred at a point in time	21.31	19.66
Services transferred over the period of time	22.77	6.00
Total revenue from contract with customers	30,658.17	27,824.26

(iv) Performance obligation

The Company's primary performance obligation under contract with customers for sale of goods and services is satisfied as the goods are delivered/control is transferred to the customers and services are rendered.

(v) Reconciliation of transaction price to revenue from contract with customers

Particulars		For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Contract price	(A)	33,996.61	30,456.47
Rebates/ discounts and other adjustments	(B)	3,338.44	2,632.21
Net revenue recognised	(C=A-B)	30,658.17	27,824.26





CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

33	Other	income
33	Other	mcome

Interest income:
- on bank deposits
- loan given (refer note 44)
Unwinding of discount on security deposits
Dividend income
Provisions/ Liabilities no longer required written back
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment(net)
Rental income
Gain on extinguishment/modification of lease [refer note 5(c)(i)]
Gain on investment measured at FVTPL

Gain on currency fluctuation and translation (other than considered as finance cost)(net)

34 Purchase of Stock -in -trade

Miscellaneous income

Purchase of products and components

35 Changes in inventories of Stock-in-trade

Inventory at the beginning of the year Less: Inventory at the end of the year

36 Employee benefits expense

Salaries, wages and bonus Contribution to provident and other funds Share based payment expense (refer note 47) Gratuity expense (refer note 46) Staff welfare expenses

37 Finance costs

Interest expense on

-Credit facilities/ loans from banks

-Withholding tax and goods and service tax

-Delayed payment of income tax

-Loan from related parties (refer note 44)

-Supplier's credit

-Others

Other finance and bank charges

Interest on lease liability (refer note 5)

Less: Amount transferred to Capital work in progress (refer note 6)

38 Depreciation and amortization expense

Depreciation and amortization expense (refer note 4 and 8) Depreciation on right- of- use assets (refer note 5) Depreciation on investment property (refer note 7)

(3)	CHANDIOA	8 Co
AMM # CHI	Man	The STV
PIE	RED ACC	JUNIA

5	For the year ended 31 March 2024
	31 Warch 2024
	104.98
	2.91
	1.55
	0.06
	6.25
	2.02
	4.22
	1.82
	0.98
	8.46
	1.43
	134.68
1	For the year ended
5	31 March 2024
	22,698.63
-	22,698.63
	22,070.00
1	For the year ended
5	31 March 2024
2	5,061.59
)	(5,040.82)
)	20.77
1	Total
d 5	For the year ended
	1,237.12
	38.00
	100
	10.85
	36.03
	1,322.00
d	For the year ended
5	31 March 2024
	260.74
	0.16
	3.95
	7.74
	0.65
	9.73
	26.06
	309,03
	207102
F-	200.02
()	309.03

For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2025
50.30	105.23
106.54	146.96
0.29	0.25
157.13	252.44



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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

39 Other expenses	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Rent (also refer note 5)"	34.43	38.08
Rates and taxes	28.52	3.16
Insurance	30.06	28.99
Travelling and conveyance expenses	102.44	86.95
Legal and professional expenses	69.24	74.19
Fees and subscription	27.59	19.34
Telephone and internet charges	8.97	7.63
Payment to auditors*	7.65	5.92
Electricity and water expenses	14.72	10.91
Repair and maintenance- building	9.59	6.42
Repair and maintenance- others	26.17	29.39
Advertisement and business promotion expenses	922.00	653.08
Freight, cartage and handling charges	234.45	201.51
Product service and warranty expenses	148.39	94.52
Charity and donation	0.78	0.83
Corporate social responsibility expenses (also refer note 51)	29.70	19.65
Loss on sale/ write off of property, plant and equipment(net)	2.05	
Warehouse handling charges	66.73	59.74
Technical testing and certification fees	45.10	31.59
Web and IT Services	115.71	55.45
Allowance for expected credit losses	66.70	-
Balances written off	5.27	7.56
Vendor and logistic support	29.50	23.07
Recruitment expenses	8.07	5.23
Vehicle running and maintenance	5.02	5.93
Printing and stationery	9.35	8.98
Security expenses	3.43	2.89
Training expenses	6.78	5.41
Postage and courier charges	1.58	1.07
Director's sitting fee (also refer note 44)	2.42	0.73
Loss on investment measured at fair value through profit or loss	0.94	
E- waste management (also refer note 48C)	4.79	7.06
Commission and brokerage	3.30	3,13
Miscellaneous expenses	13.78	54.64
E	2,085.22	1,553.05
	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
*Payment to auditors comprises of (excluding applicable taxes):	6.80	5.20
Statutory audit**		0.48
Other services	0.48 0.37	0.48
Out of pocket expenses	7.65	5.92
	7.05	5.92

^{**}Excludes remuneration for services in connection with the Initial Public Offering (IPO), including reimbursement of expenses, amounted to Rs. 11.45 million during the year ended 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024; Nil.) that has been included in the "Initial public offer related transcation costs" under "Other current assets".

40 Exceptional items

Insurance claim received related to loss of stock

For the year ended	For the year ended
31 March 2024	31 March 2025
(42.14)	
(42.14)	





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

41 Income tax	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Tax expense comprises of:		
Current tax expense	547.15	506.93
Deferred tax expense/ (credit)	(74.63)	(8.00)
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)	(1.51)	(4.46)
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	471.01	494.47
The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expected tax expense based on the domestic e 25.168%) and the reported tax expense in profit or loss are as follows:	effective tax rate of the Company at 2	5.168% (31 March 2024:
Accounting profit before income tax	1,823.96	1,940.47
At India's statutory income tax rate of 25.168% (31 March 2024: 25.168%)	459.05	488.38
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
Difference in depreciation charged as per Income-tax Act, 1961 vis-á-vis depreciation as per books of accounts	9.62	3.13
Employee benefits	16.59	2.92
Expenses never allowed under Income- tax Act, 1961	7.79	6.15
Others items disallowed/(allowed) under Income-tax Act, 1961	54.10	6.35
State telle dilate red, (alle red) and allered and all	547.15	506.93
Deferred tax expense/ (credit) recognised in statement of profit and loss	(74.63)	(8.00)
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)	(1.51)	(4.46)
Income tax expense	471.01	494.47
42 Earnings per share	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Net Profit attributable to equity shareholders (Rs. in million)	1,352.95	1,446.00
Number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year (nominal value of equity share- Rs. 10 each) (31 March 2024: Rs. 10 each)	20,50,000	20,50,000
Effect of share split of 1 equity share of face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 equity shares of face value of Rs. 1 each (also refer note 21(f))*	2,05,00,000	2,05,00,000
Effect of bonus share issued (also refer note 21(f))*	8,20,00,000	8,20,00,000
Equity share issued during the year	73,05,805	-
Adjusted/Revised number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	10,98,05,805	10,25,00,000
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year for computing basic earnings per share	10,64,03,101	10,25,00,000
Effect of dilutive potential equity shares	1,044	-
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year for computing diluted earnings per share	10,64,04,145	10,25,00,000
	12.72	14.11
Basic earnings per share (in Rs.) (nominal value of equity share- Rs. 1 each) (31 March 2024; Rs. 1 each)**		
Diluted earnings per share (in Rs.) (nominal value of equity share- Rs. 1 each) (31 March 2024: Rs. 1 each)**	12.72	14.11

^{*}In accordance with provisions of Ind AS 33- Earnings per share

[&]quot;Also refer note 21(f)





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

43 Financial instruments and financial risk management

i) Financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amounts of financial instruments by category are as follows:

Financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss

Principal institutions incastice at tail value already promise a reco	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Particulars	Carrying value	Carrying value
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		
Investments	5.15	6.08
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		
Derivative contracts	0.84	7

aial agents and libilities measured at amortised cost

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025 Carrying value	As at 31 March 2024 Carrying value
Financial assets*	Sec Oler	27.45
Trade receivables	10,360.94	7,342.70
Loans	81.95	82.52
Cash and cash equivalents	534.13	393.04
Other bank balances	459.35	311.77
Other financial assets	2,773.57	1,860.80
Total financial assets	14,209.94	9,990.83
Financial liabilities*	NAS'A	
Borrowings	4,071.75	4,054.52
Lease liabilities	444.65	308.24
Supplier's credit	520.52	
Trade payables	8,736.78	6,020.73
Other financial liabilities	1,978.13	1,358.93
Total financial liabilities	15,751.83	11,742.42

^{*}There are no financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Investment in subsidiaries and joint venture are measured at cost as per Ind AS 27, 'Separate financial statements' and hence, not presented here.

ii) Fair value hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in the financial statements and are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical financial instruments.
- Level 2: Directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and
- Level 3: Inputs which are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). The input factors considered are Estimated cash flows and other assumptions.

Fair value of instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss

Fair value of instruments measured at fair value throug profit or loss for which fair value is disclosed is as follows, these fair values are calculated using Level 1 and Level 2 inputs:

		As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
Particulars	Fair value hierarchy	Carrying value Fair va	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Financial assets					
Investments	Level 1	5.15	5.15	6.08	6.08
Financial liabilities				- 1	
Derivative contracts	Level 2	0.84	0.84		

Significant inputs used in Level 2 fair value of derivatives measured at FVTPL is marked to market value as on balance sheet date of such derivative transaction.

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost for which fair value is disclosed is as follows, these fair values are calculated using Level 2 inputs:

	As at 31 M	Iarch 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
Particulars	Carrying value*	Fair value	Carrying value*	Fair value
Financial assets				
Trade receivables	10,360.94	10,360.94	7,342.70	7,342.70
Loans	81.95	81.95	82.52	82.52
Cash and cash equivalents	534.13	534.13	393.04	393.04
Other bank balances	459.35	459.35	311.77	311.77
Other financial assets	2,773.57	2,773.57	1,860.80	1,860.80
Total financial assets	14,209.94	14,209.94	9,990.83	9,990.83
Financial liabilities			11.2	
Borrowings	4,071.75	4,071.75	4,054.52	4,054.52
Lease liabilities	444.65	444.65	308.24	308,24
Supplier's credit	520.52	520.52		
Trade payables	8,736.78	8,736.78	6,020.73	6,020.73
Other financial liabilities	1,978.13	1,978.13	1,358.93	1,358.93
Total financial liabilities	15,751.83	15,751.83	11,742.42	11,742.42

^{*}Carrying value of these financial assets and financial liabilities represents the best estimated values.





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments, loans and other financial assets measured at amortised cost	Ageing analysis	Diversification of bank deposits and regular monitoring
Liquidity risk	Borrowings, lease liabilities and other financial liabilities	Cash flow forecasts	Availability of funds and credit facilities.
Market risk - foreign exchange	Future commercial transactions Recognised financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian rupee (INR)	Cash flow forecasting Sensitivity analysis	Forward foreign exchange contracts

A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial asset fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each financial asset. The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure. The Company monitors its exposure to credit risk on an ongoing basis.

a) Credit risk management

Credit risk rating

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets. The Company assigns the following credit ratings to each class of financial assets based on the assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

A: Low credit risk

B: Moderate credit risk

C: High credit risk

Company asserted for expected credit loss based on the following:

Asset groups	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments, loans, and other	Life time expected credit loss
777 7772 201	financial assets	

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Company. The Company continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. Recoveries made are recognised in statement of profit and loss.

Credit rating	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments, loans, and other financial assets	14,209.94	9,990.83

Cash and eash equivalents and other bank balances

Credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits is managed by only diversifying bank deposits and accounts in different banks. Credit risk is considered low because the Company deals with reputed banks.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers The Company monitors the economic environment in which it operates. The Company manages its credit risk through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring credit worthiness of the customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Company has also availed debtor insurance upto Rs. 800.00 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 500 million) to cover its risks of bad debts. The Company also uses an expected credit loss model to assess the impairment loss on such receivables. The Company uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables. The provision matrix takes into account available internal credit risk factors such as the Company's historical experience for customers.

Loans and other financial assets

Loans and other financial assets measured at amortized cost includes security deposits and other receivables. Credit risk related to these financial assets is managed by monitoring the recoverability of such amounts continuously. Credit risk is considered low because the Company is in possession of the underlying asset. Further, the Company creates provision by assessing individual financial asset for expectation of any credit loss basis expected credit loss model.

ii) Concentration of financial assets

The Company carries on the business of trading of security and surveillance equipments. Loans and other financial assets majorly represents loans to related parties and deposits given for business purposes.

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

b) Credit risk exposure

i) Provision for expected credit losses

The Company provides for 12 month expected credit losses for following financial assets:

As at 31 March 2025				
Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision	
Cash and cash equivalents	534.13	-	534.13	
Other bank balances	459.35	-	459.35	
Investments	89.68	3	89.68	
Loans	81.95		81.95	
Trade receivables	10,479.77	(118.83)	10,360.94	
Other financial assets	2,773.57		2,773.57	

As at 31 March 2024	0		
Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	393.04		393.04
Other bank balances	311.77		311.77
Investments	112.27		112.27
Loans	82.52	4	82.52
Trade receivables	7,394.83	(52.13)	7,342.70
Other financial assets	1,860.80	<u> </u>	1,860.80

ciliation of expected credit loss for other financials asset and trade receivables:

Reconciliation of loss allowance	Trade receivables	Investments	Loans
Loss allowance on 31 March 2023	52.13		
Allowance for expected credit loss (net)			
Loss allowance on 31 March 2024	52.13	-	
Allowance for expected credit loss (net)	66.70	-	
Loss allowance on 31 March 2025	118.83		

B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Further, the Company manages its liquidity risk in a manner so as to meet its normal financial obligations without any significant delay or stress. Such risk is managed through ensuring operational cash flow while at the same time maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalents position. The management has arranged for diversified funding sources and adopted a policy of managing assets with liquidity in mind and monitoring future cash flows and liquidity on a regular basis. Surplus funds not immediately required are invested in certain financial assets which provide flexibility to liquidate at short notice such as fixed deposits with Bank etc.

The Company has developed appropriate internal control systems and contingency plans for managing liquidity risk. This incorporates an assessment of expected cash flows and availability of alternative sources for additional funding, if required.





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities.

31 March 2025	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives	27.5	2022	1	4 074 75
Borrowings	3,921.86	149.89		4,071.75
Supplier's credit	520.52	-		520.52
Trade payables	8,735.25	1.53	-	8,736.78
	1,978.13	1.2	0.1	1,978.13
Other financial liabilities		151.42		15,307.18
Total	15,155.76	151.42	-	25,507.10

31 March 2024	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives	2 774 24	280.16	31	4,054.52
Borrowings	3,774.36	7.11		6,020.73
Trade payables	6,013.62	7.11		1,358.93
Other financial liabilities	1,358.93			
Total	11,146.91	287.27	-	11,434.18

The Company had access to following funding facilities:

Funding facilities	Total facility	Drawn	Undrawn*
As at 31 March 2025	5,390.00	3,907.50	1,482.50
As at 31 March 2025	4,840.00	3,570.34	1,269.66

^{*}As at 31 March 2025, the Company had made payment through issuance of cheques drawn on cash credit accounts, to various vendors aggregating to Rs. 1,423.51 million in the normal course of business (that got cleared subsequent to the year-end), against the undrawn facility of Rs. 1,482.50 million available to the Company. Such amounts have been presented as 'Book overdraft' under note 28.

C) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates - will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

a) Liabilities

The Company has been availing the borrowings on a floating rate of interest based on bank MCLR. These borrowings are carried at amortised cost. The borrowings on a fixed rate of interest basis are not subject to the interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor future cash flows will fluctuate because of change in market interest rates. The borrowings on a variable rate of interest are subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107.

Sensitivity of profit and loss due to change in interest rate with respect to variable rate borrowings:

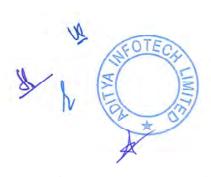
As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March	2024
0.5% increase	0.5% decrease	0.5% increase 0.5%	decrease
(20.01)	20.01	(22.50)	22.50

Impact on Statement of profit and loss

b) Assets

The Company's fixed deposits are carried at amortised cost and are fixed rate deposits. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

(ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future eash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency).

Particulars of unhedged foreign currency exposures as at the reporting date:		As at 31 M	larch 2025	As at 31 Ma	arch 2024
Particulars	Currency Symbol	Amount in foreign currency (in million)	Amount in Rs. (in million)	Amount in foreign currency (in million)	Amount in Rs. (in million)
(i) Receivable/Loans/or any other FC asset	USD	0.34	29.11	0.10	8.03
United States Dollar			11.19	1.18	11.19
Renminbi (Chinese Yuan)	RMB	1.18	40.55	1.28	19.22
Total		1.52	40.30	1.28	19.22
(ii) Payable/Borrowings/or any other FC liability			00.05	0.91	75.92
United States Dollar	USD	1.04	88.95		
Singapore Dollar	SGD			0.01	0.31
Total		1.04	88.95	0.92	76.23

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's profit before

Particulars	Currency	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
Particulars	Symbol	3% increase	3% decrease	3% increase	3% decrease
(i) Receivable/Loans/or any other FC asset	14.620		eo 073	0.24	(0.24)
United States Dollar	USD	0.87	(0.87)		
Renminbi (Chinese Yuan)	RMB	0.34	(0.34)	0.34	(0.34)
Total		1.21	(1.21)	0.58	(0.30)
n 4.47	Currency	As at 31 M	farch 2025	As at 31 M	arch 2024
Particulars	Symbol	3% decrease	3% increase	3% decrease	3% increase
(ii) Payable/Borrowings/or any other FC liability		G5.4	(2.67)	2.28	(2.28
United States Dollar	USD	2.67	(2.67)	0.01	(0.01
Singapore Dollar	SGD				
Total		2.67	(2.67)	2.29	(2.29)
Foreign exchange derivatives and exposures outstanding at the year end:				As at 31 M	b 2024
Particulars			March 2025		
		USD	Rs.	USD	Rs.
Hedging on account of underlying exposure		1,50	128.37	0.68	56.68
Hedged - Shipped		1.04	88.95	0.92	76.23
Unhedged - Open Exposure		1.04	00.23	17.72	, 5.45
Foreign exchange derivatives contracts at the year end:				Mat	
Foreign exchange derivatives conducts at the year char				Upto 6 months	More than o
As at 31 March 2025					
Foreign exchange forward contracts (highly probable forecast purchases)					
				1.50	100
					The last
Notional amount (USD)				86.49	
Notional amount (USD) Average forward rate				80.49	
Notional amount (USD) Average forward rate As at 31 March 2024					
Notional amount (USD) Average forward rate				0.68 83.95	3





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

44 Related party transactions

In accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 24, 'Related Party Disclosures', the names of the related party where control exists/able to exercise significant influence along with the transactions and year-end balances with them as identified and certified by the management are given below:

a) Details of related parties:

Description of relationship Names of related parties Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd. Subsidiary Company AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited (w.e.f. 18 September 2024)

Joint Venture Company

Key management personnel (KMP)

Chairman

Managing Director

Executive Director

Independent Director

Independent Director

Independent Director

Independent Director

Independent Director

Independent Director

Non Executive Director

Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Relative of Key management personnel

Relative of Key management personnel

Relative of Key management personnel

Enterprises having common KMPs/ in which KMPs are interested

AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited (upto 17 September 2024)

Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka

Mr. Aditya Khemka

Mr. Ananmay Khemka (w.e.f. 23 September 2024)

Ms. Ritu Khurana (till 01 November 2023)

Mr. Abhishek Dalmia(till 29 March 2025)

Ms. Ambika Sharma (w.e.f. 01 November 2023)

Mr. Manish Sharma (w.e.f. 01 November 2023)

Mr. Chetan Kajaria (w.e.f. 10 September 2024)

Mr. Himanshu Baid (w.e.f. 18 March 2025)

Mr. Atul Behari Lall (w.e.f. 12 September 2024)

Mr. Yogesh Sharma (w.e.f. 24 May 2024)

Ms. Roshni Tandon (w.e.f. 24 May 2024)

Mr. Rishi Khemka (Son of Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka)

Mr. Ananmay Khemka (Son of Mr. Aditya Khemka) (till 22 September 2024)

Mrs. Shradha Khemka (Wife of Mr. Aditya Khemka)

ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.

ARK Tech Innovation Pvt Ltd

Aditya Security & Safety LLP

Trend Setter Promoters LLP

Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust

YPO Delhi Chapter

YPO Gurgaon Chapter (w.e.f. 06 July 2023)

Aditya Colonizers LLP

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

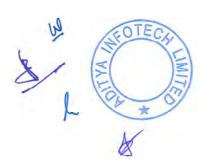
b) Statement of transactions with related parties -

rticular	ent of transactions with related parties -	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
(i)	Sale of goods		0.07
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	1.39	0.07
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	1.29	0.62
(ii)	Business support services provided to	1	6.00
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	6.00	6.00
(iii)	Purchase of goods (net of rebats/ discounts)	1,000,00	11,127.58
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	13,028.50	11,127.36
(iv)	Repayment of loan		12.50
	Hari Shanker Khemka		
	Aditya Khemka	3.1	10.00
	Rishi Khemka		300.00
(v)	Electricity and water charges paid/ payable (reimbursed)	1.1	0.98
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	0.43	0.26
(vi)	Loan given to		80.00
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.		
(vii)	Remuneration (short term benefits)*	41.23	34.80
	Hari Shanker Khemka	220.48	188.3
	Aditya Khemka	8.72	6.9
	Ananmay Khemka	16.50	_
	Mr. Yogesh Sharma (w.e.f. 24 May 2024)	6.09	
	Ms. Roshni Tandon (w.e.f. 24 May 2024)	0.09	
(viii)	Interest on loan taken	1 2	0.7
	Hari Shanker Khemka	10-1	0.6
	Aditya Khemka	1.3.1	4.9
	Rishi Khemka	1.35	1.3
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	,,,,,	
(ix)	Rent expense paid/ payable	7.50	7.5
	Aditya Khemka	6.88	7.5
	Hari Shankar Khemka	0.63	
	Shradha Khemka ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	5.45	1.5
(x)	Rental income		
(4)	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	1.13	2.4
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP	0.09	0.1
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	0.18	0.3
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	0.06	
	ARK Tech Innovation Pvt Ltd	0.15	
(xi)	Electricity and water charges paid/ payable		0.0
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	1.68	0.2
(xii)	Professional charges paid/ payable		13
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	1.80	1.

Trend Setter Promoters LLP

* Does not include provision made for gratuity and compensated absences, as the same is determined for the Company as a whole





articulars		For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
(xiii)	CSR Contribution		
	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust	29.70	19.6
(xiv)	Donation Paid		
	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust	0.58	0.3
(xv)	Vendor and logistic support charges paid/ payable		
	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	29.50	23.0
(xvi)	Membership and subscription charges paid/ payable		
	YPO Delhi Chapter	0.20	1.6
	VPO Gurgaon Chapter	0.20	1.0
(xvii)	Dividend paid	The state of the s	
	Hari Shanker Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	36.00	2.0
	Aditya Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	107.36	5.9
	Rishi Khemka	34.20	1.9
	Shradha Khemka	0.81	0.0
	Ananmay Khemka	1.63	0.0
(xviii)	Advertisement and business promotion expenses		
	YPO Delhi Chapter	0.65	0.0
(xix)	Interest Income on loan		
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	8.80	.2.5
(xx)	Sale of Leasehold Land and PPE		
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.		119.7
(xxi)	Director Sitting Fees		
	Abhishek Dalmia	0.74	0.2
	Ambika Sharma	0.70	0.
	Manish Sharma	0.88	0.7
	Ritu Khurana	3	0.3
	Chetan Kajaria	0.10	
(xxii)	Job work charges paid/ payable		
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	76.49	0.
(xxiii)	Share based payment expenses received/receivable	5	
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	0.41	19





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

_	nding balances at the year end	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
rticular	S	As at 31 match 2023	113 at 32 Maneta avail
(i)	Trade Payables		3334
	AII. Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	798.47	399.33
	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	18.05	18.55
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	0.29	
(ii)	Trade Receivables	1.7	220
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	1.45	2.26
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	1.46	
	ARK Tech Innovation Pvt Ltd.	0.03	19
(iii)	Investments		122
	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	11.19	11.19
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	2,581.31	95.00
(iv)	Borrowings	7.50	505
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	13.50	13.50
(v)	Interest Payable		- 0.20
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP		0.30
(vî)	Vendor claim receivable		244
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	1,174.96	246.4
(vii)	Remuneration Payable	350	2.0
	Hari Shanker Khemka	1.76 22.04	0.6: 13.1
	Aditya Khemka	0.35	0.2
	Ananmay Khemka	1.65	
	Yogesh Sharma	0.48	2
	Roshni Tandon	0.40	
(viii)	Loan to group companies (including accured interest)	2.02	:82.5
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	81.95	-02.3
(ix)	Reimbursement of share based payment expenses		
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt, Ltd.	0.41	•

Terms and conditions with related parties

All transactions with related parties are made on the terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and within the ordinary course of business. Outstanding balances at respective year ends are unsecured and settlement is generally done in cash.

The Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken as at each reporting (d) date.





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(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

The Company's capital management is to maximise shareholder value and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company have both long and short term borrowings.

Company's gearing ratio is:		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Long term borrowings	149.89	280.16
Short term borrowings (including current maurities of long term borrowings)	3,921.86	3,774.36
Supplier's credit	520.52	
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(534.13)	(393.04)
Net debt (a)*	4,058.14	3,661.48
Total Equity (b)	8,093.91	4,320.36
Equity and net debt $(c = (a) + (b))$	12,152.05	7,981.84
Gearing Ratio (d = a/c)	0.33	0.46

*Excludes impact of book overdaft (refer note 43B)

46 Employee benefits
The Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) - 19 for Employee Benefit as under:

Defined contribution plans

The Company makes contribution towards employee's provident fund and employee's state insurance. The Company has contributed Rs. 47.42 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 38.00 million) during the year ended 31 March 2025 as contribution towards these

Defined benefit plans

Gratuity

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee is entitled to gratuity as per the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The liability of Gratuity is recognized on the basis of actuardal valuation.

Salary increases	Actual salary increases will increase the plan's liability. Increase in salary increase rate assumption in future valuations will also increase the liability.
Investment risk	If plan is funded then assets liabilities mismatch and actual investment return on assets lower than the discount rate assumed at the last valuation date can impact the liability.
Discount rate	Reduction in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the plan's liability.
Mortality & disability	Actual deaths and disability cases proving lower or higher than assumed in the valuation can impact the liabilities.
Withdrawals	Actual withdrawals proving higher or lower than assumed withdrawals and change of withdrawal rates at subsequent valuations can impact plan's liability.

Amounts recognised in the balance sheet: Particulars As at 31 March 2024 As at 31 March 2025 127.21 104.75 Present value of the obligation 84.85 75.62 Fair value of olan asset 29.13 42.36 Net liability/(prepaid asset)

Amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss: Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Actuarial loss/ (income) recognised during the year	4.77	19.97

expenses recognised in statement of profit and loss Articulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
	17.07	11.61
current service cost		(1.33
ast service cost	1.53	0.57
nterest cost (net) Cost recognised during the year	18.60	10.85





ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED
CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Movement in the liability recognised in the balance sheet is as under:	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Particulars	104.75	74.41
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	17.07	11.61
Current service cost	17.07	(1.33
Past service cost	7.17	5.48
Interest cost		7.7
Actuacial (gain)/loss net	(1.36)	5.53
Actuarial loss on arising from change in demographic assumption	4.38	11.84
Actuarial loss on arising from change in financial assumption	1.38	2.23
Actuatial loss on arising from experience adjustment	(6.18)	(5.01
Benefits paid	127.21	104.75
Persons value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	127.21	104.7.

Movement in the plan assets recognised in the balance sheet is as under:	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Particulars	75.62	60.9
Present value of plan value assets at the beginning of the year	(0.15)	0.10
Fransfer in/(out) plan assets	5.64	4.9
Interest income	(0.37)	(0.3)
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest income	10.29	15.0
Contributions by Employer	(6.18)	(5.0
Benefits paid Present value of plan value assets at the end of the year	84.85	75.67

The Company expects to make a contribution of Rs. 18.56 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 16.01 million) to the defined benefit plans during the next financial year.

or determination of the liability of the Company the following actuarial assumptions were used:	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Particulars Particulars	6.60%	7.20
Discount rate	10.00%	10.00
Salary escalation rate	1600/4	
Withdrawal rate	14.00%	11.00
Less than 30 years	14.00%	11.00
From 30 to less 44 years	14.00%	11.00
44 years and above Weighted average duration of PBO (in years)	6.17	7.4

Manusing profile of defined benefit obligation:			
Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation.	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Particulars	6.17 years	7.44 years	
Weighted Average Duration (years) as at valuation date	0.17 years	7141 junto	

he Expected maturity analysis of discounted defined benefit liability is as follows:	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Particulars	14.79	9.9
Within next 1 year	49.31	35.50
Between 1-5 years	63.11	59.23
Over 5 years Total	127.21	104.70

Sensitivity analysis for gratuity liability:	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Particulars	127.21	104.75
Present value of obligation at the end of the year		
a) Impact of the change in discount rate	-2.89%	-3.38%
Impact due to increase of 0.5 %	3.05%	3.60%
Impact due to decrease of 0.5 %	3.0579	
b) Impact of the change in salary increase	2.08%	2.369
Impact due to increase of 0.5 %	-2.13%	-2.419
Impact due to decrease of 0.5 %		
c) Impact of the change in withdrawal rate	-0.84%	-0.419
Impact due to increase of 10 %	0.85%	0.369
Impact due to decrease of 10 %	0.000.0	

Sensitivities due to mortality is not material. Hence, impact of change is not calculated.

Sensitivities as to rate of inflation, rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement and life expectancy are not applicable being a lump sum benefit on retirement.





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ints are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

47. Employees Stock Options Plan

The Company formulated the "Aditya Inforech Ltd. ESOP Scheme 2034" which was duly approved by the shareholders through special resolution passed in their meeting held on 17 June 2024. The Nomination & Renumeration Committee of Company, during the year ended 31 March 2025:

(a) approved the grant of 2,591,200 stock options to the Company's eligible employees at an exercise price of Rs. 292.68 per option, on 17 June 2024.

(b) approved the grant of 63,359 stock options to the Group's eligible employees at an exercise price of Rs. 292.68 per option, on 18 March 2025.

The above stock options shall vest over a period of 4 years from the date of grant and are exercisable within a period of 4 years from the date of vesting.

Set out below is a summary of options granted under the plan:

	Grant	Grant date		
	17 June 2024	18 March 2025		
Particulars	Aditya Infotech Ltd. I	ESOP Scheme 2024		
W. A. S. Control of the Asset o	2,591,200	63,360		
Total options granted under the scheme (nos.)	Over a period of four years C	Over a period of four year		
Vesting period and percentage				
	17 June each year,	18 March each year,		
Vesting Date	commencing 17 June 2025	commencing 18 March 2026		
	292.68	292.6		
Exercise price	292.68	292.6		
Weighted average exercise prices (WAEP)	4 years from date of	* 1 years from date of		
Exercise period	Vesting	Vesting		
Outstanding options at the beginning of the year (nos.)				
Options granted during the year (nos.)	2,591,200	63,360		
Options vested during the year (nos.)*	11,950			
Options vested during the year (nos.)				
	48,150	1,140		
Options lapsed/cancelled (nos.)	2,531,100	62,220		
Outstanding options at the end of the year (nos.)	11,950			

ercisable options at the end of the year (nos.) *Options vested during the year represents options immediately vested on death of employee during the year as per stock option plan

The vesting of options granted to eligible employee(s) is conditional upon fulfillment of performance criteria by the Employee and/or any team or group of which he is a part and/or of the Company, as may be determined by the Committee.

The Company has recognized share based payment expense of Rs 117.74 million (31 March, 2024: Nil) during the year as proportionate cost, net off the cost charged to AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited, for options issued to employees of the subsidiary

	31 March 2025
Particulars	117.74
Expense arising from equity-settled share-based payment transactions	

The value of option has been determined by an independent valuer. The following assumptions were used for calculation of fair value of options in accordance with Black Scholes Model:

For employee stock options granted on 17 June 2024	1st Vesting	2nd Vesting	3rd Vesting	4th Vesting
Particulars		17 June 2026	17 June 2027	17 June 2028
Vesting Date	17 June 2025	6.65%	6.66%	6.67%
Risk free interest rate (%)	6.64%	4.00	5.00	6.00
Expected Life (In years)	3.00 50.00%	50.00%	55.00%	55.00%
Expected volatility (%)	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%
Dividend yield	0.0776	0.0174	0.07.1-1	

For employee stock options granted on 18 March 2025	1st Vesting	2nd Vesting	3rd Vesting	4th Vesting
Particulars	18 March 2026	18 March 2027	18 March 2028	18 March 2029
Vesting Date	6.28%	6.29%	6.31%	6.33%
Risk free interest rate (%)	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00
Expected Life (In years)	50.09%	50.71%	51.76%	52.98%
Expected volatility (%)	0.30%	0.30%	0.30%	0.30%

The expected price volatility is based on the historic volatility (based on the remaining life of the options), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility due to publicly available information.

48 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

A. Contingent liabilities

31 March 2025	31 March 2024		
59.89	50.17		
59.89	50,17		

(ii) Income-tax matters a) An Income Tax survey under section 133 A of Income- tax Act, 1961 was carried out at the Company's premises on 18 February 2019. During the course of the survey, the tax officials raised certain concerns and insisted on declaration of additional income amounting to Rs. 403.82 million. The Company's Board of Directors considered all the points raised by the survey team and were of the considered view that no additional income needs to be offered to tax as the actual income for the said assessment year has been correctly /duly accounted for in the books of accounts.

The Assessment proceedings for the said assessment year have got concluded by the Assessing Officer (AO), who vide order dated 30 September 2021 had raised tax demand of Rs. 189.59 million (31 March 2024; Rs. 189.59 million) and had also initiated The Assessment proceedings for the said assessment year have got concluded by the Assessing Officer (AO), who vide order dated 30 September 2021 had raised tax demand of Rs.189.59 million (31 March 2024; Rs.189.59 million) and had also instituted penalty proceedings. The Company had contested the said order before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) wherein the Company has contended that the AO has retred both on facts and in law, in making the additions, ignoring the sertled position of law that the statements recorded during the course of survey has no evidentiary value and cannot be regated as conclusive evidence and that the AO has made additions without bringing on record any contrary evidence in respect of the submissions made by the Company had deposited Rs. 88.00 million, under protest and the appeal in the matter is currently pending disposal. During the previous year 2022-23, the Company received an order u/s 154 dated 09 May 2022 raising the demand of Rs. 7.80 million on account of wrong calculation of interest u/s 234D in the order dated 30 September 2021. Further, during the financial year 2023-24, rejoinder to remand report has been filed on 16 June 2023, however, the final hearing before Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) is yet to be fixed. Subsequent to year end, again rejoinder to remand report dated 15 January 2025 has been filed on 25 April 2025 and final hearing before Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) is yet to be fixed.

Based on inputs by tax experts, the management believes that the chances of any liability devolving on the Company in the above matter is not probable and accordingly, no adjustment is currently necessary in these standalone financial statements at this





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(Ail amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

(iii) Indirect tax matters

	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(a) VAT matters	270	12.19
Demands mised under respective VAT Acts Amounts paid under protest	0.77	1.02
(b) GST matters*	15,28	4.95
Demands raised under GST regulations Amounts paid under protest	0.81	0.49
(c) Customs matters	130.17	26.89
Demands raised under Customs Act Amounts paid under protest	61.65	1.65

Based on inputs by tax expents, the management believes that the chances of any liability devolving on the Company in the above marrert is not probable and accordingly, no adjustment is currently necessary in these standalone financial statements at this

*The Company has received multiple show cause notices from Goods and Services Tax ("GST") authorities of the State of Tamil Nado, Rajasthan in relation to dues under the Goods and Services Tax Regulations (both Central and State Goods and Service Tax Acts and Rules thereunder), aggregating to Rs.7.23 million for the financial years 2023-2024 to 2024-2025, on account of difference in ITC claimed as per Form GSTR-3B vs ITC appearing in GSTR-2A, difference between tumover reported in GSTR 1 and GSTR 3B etc.

The Company has already filed appropriate replies against the above show cause notices, against which the authorities are yet to respond. As assessed by the management, issues raised in the above notices are arbitrary in nature and the Company's management believes that the likelihood of any liability devolving on the Company is not probable and hence, no adjustment is considered necessary in these standalone financial statements at this stage.

(iv) Claims by customers (alongwith interest) in the normal course of business may be payable as and when the outcome of the related matters are finally determined. Management based on the legal inputs and historic trends, believes that no material liability will devolve on the Company, in respect of such matters.

Estimated amount of contract remaining to be executed on capital and other commitments not provided for (net of advances) is Rs. 829.68 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 613.90 million). Apart from above mentioned amount, certain purchase orders issued to suppliers are for open quantities, during the normal course of business.

C. E- waste (Management)

Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change has issued E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2022, as amended ("E-waste Rules"), which requires the producers to obtain and implement extended producer responsibility targets as per Schedule III and Schedule IV of the said Rules. Basis management's internal assessment of E-waste rules, management believes that the Company has an obligation to fulfil the Extended Producer Responsibility targets, only if it is a participant in the market during a financial year. The obligation for the financial year are measured based on sales made in the preceding years.

During the current year and the previous year, as per the directions given by Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB), the Company has fulfilled its obligation for the current financial year and previous year. Basis management assessment and in accordance with Appendix B of Ind AS 37, "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets", the Company will have an e-waste obligation for funite years, only if it participates in the market in such years.

a)The Company's Board of Directors at their meeting held on 02 August 2024 recommended dividend on equity shares @ Rs. 1.76 per equity share for the financial year 2023-24 that was approved by the shareholders in their Annual General Meeting held on 13 August 2024. The total outgo as dividend to the shareholders during the year amounted to Rs. 180 million.

b)The Company's Board of Directors at their meeting held on 02 July 2025 have proposed final dividend on equity shares @ Rs. 1.64 per equity share for the financial year 2024-25 (total outgo being Rs. 180 million), subject to approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

50 Details of subsidiary companies and joint ventures with ownership and pure Particulars	As at 31	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	Ownership %	Place of business	Ownership %	Place of business	
Subsidiary companies				- m t -	Access
Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	100%	China	100%	China	At cost
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited*	100%	India			At cost
Joint venture*			700/	India	At cost
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited		7	50%	India	ALCOSE

*Also refer note 9.





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51 Corporate Social Responsibility	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	29.70	19.44
Amount of expenditure incurred	6.06	19.65
Shortfall at the end of the year	23.64	
Total of previous years shortfall	Refer Note 44	Refer Note 44
Details of related party transactions	Kelet Mole 44	Neier stote 44

ue of CSR activities includes domaion for promotion of education, animal welfare, ere. rhrough a related party. Such activities are covered under eligible CSR activities under Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

As per the Companies (Amendment) Act, 2019 effective 22 January 2021, the Company is required to transfer unspent CSR amount within a period of six months from the end of the financial year to a special account to be opened by the Company in that behalf for that financial year in any scheduled bank to be called the unspent corporate social responsibility account. Subsequent the year-end, the Company has deposited Rs. 4.00 million and Rs. 19.61 million in a separate bank account on 24 April 2025 and 28 April 2025 respectively.

52 Segment reporting

The Company has only one operating segment and is primarily engaged in the business of trading of security and survelliance equipments. Accordingly, the figures appearing in these standalone financial statements relate to the Company's single operating segment. The Board of Directors of the Company consider trading of security and survelliance equipments and related activities as the main business of the entity. Accordingly, there are no other separate reportable segments in terms of Ind AS 108 on 'Operating Segments'

(a) There are no major customers having revenue of more than 10% of the reportable segment.

(b) Information about geographical areas: The Company sells goods and provides services to customers which are domiciled in India as well as outside India. All the non-current assets of the Company are located in India. The amount of revenue from external customers broken down by the location of the customers is as follows:

Attributed to the Company's country of domicile, India Attributed to foreign countries

For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
30,558,06	27,737.20
100.11	87.06
30,658.17	27,824.26

53 Other disclosures

53.1 The Code on Social Security, 2020 (Code) relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment, received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India, however, the date on which the Code will come into effect is yet to be notified and final rules/ interpretation are yet to be issued. The Company will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code and the rules thereon becomes effective.

53.2 Details of assets pledged

ed as security against borrowines are as under

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	243.65	214.82
Right-of-use assets	162.64	18.47
Investment property	3.54	3.79
Total	409.83	237.08
Current assets		
Inventories	5,946.94	5,092.05
Trade receivables	10,360.94	7,342.70
Total	16,307.88	12,434.75

53.3 Research and development costs incurred during the year ended 31 March 2025 that have been capitalised, aggregates to Rs. 70.79 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 89.75 million). Research and development costs that were not eligible for capitalisation and have been expensed off during the year ended 31 March 2025, aggregates to Rs. 105.27 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 63.24 million).

54. Pursuant to Transfer Memorandum dated 12 June 2018, the New Okhla Industrial Development Authority ("Noida Authority") transferred the allotment and lease of the land located at 12A, Sector 135, Noida, Uttar Pradesh, that the Company has been carrying as "Right of use Asset" as per Ind AS 116. As per the terms of the transfer memorandum and the lease deed, the Company was required to undertake construction activity/ development activity on the said land within the prescribed timelines. The Noida Authority vide its order dated 11 March 2024 had granted further extension in such timeline upto 13 December 2024. The Company has been in advanced stages of construction and development on the said lease land and has alwayd incurred expenditure of Re 130.30 million as at 31 March 2025, that has been presented as "Capital work in progress' in these standalone financial statements. However, due to factors beyond management control like ban on construction activities in Delhi NCR region as per GRAP-4 guidelines to control pollution etc., as the construction activities could not be completed by the prescribed date, the Company had filed an application on 12 October 2024, requesting for further extension of one year for completion of construction and development activities on the said land, that is currently pending disposal by the Noida Authority. Authority.

Based on assessment by a legal expert and taking into consideration the past trends of being granted extensions from the Noida Authority in the matter, the management is confident of receiving the necessary approval and is confident of completing the construction and development activities on the said lease land within the timelines that may be prescribed by the authorities and accordingly, believes that no adjustment is necessary in these standalone financial statements at this stage.





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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

55 Financial ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	% Change	Reason for variance of more than 25%
			Ratio	Ratio	(31 March 2025)	(31 March 2025)
Current ratio	Current assets	Current liabilities	1.28	1.31	-3%	*
Debt-equity ratio	Total debt [Non-current borrowings + Current borrowings+ Supplier's credit]	Total equity	0.57	0.94	-40%	Refer note A below
Debt service coverage ratio	Earnings before depreciation and amortisation and interest. [Profit/loss after tax + Depreciation and amortisation expense + Finance costs (excluding interest on lease liabilities)]	Interest expense (including capitalised) + Principal repayment (including prepayments)	5.75	7.02	-18%	
Return on equity ratio	Profit after tax-preference dividend	Average shareholder's equity	0.22	0.40	-46%	Refer note B below
Inventory turnover ratio	Costs of goods sold	Average inventories	4.44	4.45	0%	-
Trade receivables turnover	Revenue from operations (net)	Average trade receivables	3.46	4.12	-16%	-
Trade payables turnover ratio	Purchases (net)	Average trade payables	3.44	3.00	14%	-1
Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue from operations	Working capital [Current assets - Current liabilities]	6.85	7.60	-10%	
Net profit ratio	Profit after tax	Revenue from operations (net)	0.04	0.05	-15%	50
Return on capital employed	Earnings before interest and tax — Profit/loss before tax + Depreciation and amortisation expense + Finance costs	Capital employed [l'otal assets - Current liabilities + current borrowings + Supplier's credit]	0.19	0.27	-30%	Refer note C below
Return on investment	Interest (Finance Income)	Investment (Bank deposits and loans given)	0.09	0.07	27%	Refer note D below

Notes- reasons for variances:

- A. Variance in ratios is attributable to increase in equity on account of issue of shares at premium and creation of share based payment reserve during the year.
- B. Variance in ratio is attributable to decrease in profit vis-a-vis increase in equity on account of issue of shares at premium and creation of share based payment reserve during the year
- C. Variance in ratio is attributable to increase in finance cost and depreciation and increase in equity on account of issue of shares at premium and creation of share based payment reserve during the year.
- D. Variance in ratio is attributable to proportionate decrease in fixed deposits during the year which is greater than proportionate increase in interest income.

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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

56 The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a new requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled.

The Company has used an accounting software for maintaining books of accounts which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that, the audit trail feature is not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes, used for maintaining accounting records. Further, there was no instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, as noted by the management. Further, except for consequential impact of audit trail feature not enabled at the database level, the Company has retained the audit logs as per stampered requirements for record retention.

57 Additional regulatory information not disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements

(a) The Company does not have any transactions with struck-off companies under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act 1956 except as mentioned below:

Sr. No.	Name of Struck off Company	Nature of Transactions with Struck-off Company	Balance as at 31 March 2025	Balance as at 31 March 2024	Relationship with Struck off Company, if any
1	Vectech IT Solutions Private Limited	Sale of Goods	102		Not related
2	Buckingham Industries Limited	Sale of Goods	2.1	12	Not related
3	Informatics E-Tech India Limited	Sale of Goods	0.02	(*)	Not related
4	Dooni Business Solutions Private	Sale of Goods			Not related

(b) The Company has not undertaken any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

(c) The Company has not been declared a 'Wilful Defaulter' by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.

(d) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules,

(e) The Company does not have any Benami property and no proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property, under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.

(f) The Company does not have any charge or satisfaction of charge which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period, except as mentioned below:

Description of charge	Location of Registrar	Period by which charge had to be registered	Reason for delay
First charge on land, building and all movable assets located at Plot no 12A, Sector 135, Noida, Uttar Pradesh		30 days, from 12 August 2024.	The delay in registration of charge is on account of pending disposal of application for extension of lease of Plot no. 12A Sector 135, Noida, Uttar Pradesh by Noida Authority [Also reference 54]

(g) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the current and previous financial year.

(h) The Company has not advanced or provided loan to or invested funds in any entity(is) including foreign entities (Intermediaries) or to any other person(s), with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(i) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(i) The Company has been sanctioned facilities from banks on the basis of security of current assets. The periodic returns filed by the Company with such banks are in agreement with the books of accounts of the Company.



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Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

58 Certain previous year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. Such reclassification did not have any impact on the current year standalone financial statements.

OTE

59 The figures have been rounded off to the nearest million of rupees upto two decimal places. The figure 0.00 wherever stated represents value less than Rs. 50,000/-.

In terms of our report attached of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepe with

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

CHANDIOK & CO

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman DIN:00514501

V.Pto

Yogesh Sharma Company Secretary

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025 Aditya Khemka Managing Director DJN:00514552

Ryshni Tandon Company Secretary

21st Floor, DLF Square Jacaranda Marg, DLF Phase II, Gurugram - 122 002 Haryana, India

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Aditya Infotech Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as 'the Group') and its joint venture, as listed in Annexure 1, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its joint venture, as at 31 March 2025, and their consolidated profit (including other comprehensive income), consolidated cash flows and the consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group, in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained together with the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in paragraph 11 and 12 of the Other Matters section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Chartered Accountants

Offices in Ahmedabad, Bengaluru

Mumbai, New Delhi, Noida and Pur

Jimited liab Senradun, Goa, Gurugram, Hyderabad, Indore, Kochi, Kolkata, Connaught

Information other than 'the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

4. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's Report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 5. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Holding Company's Board of Directors. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group and its joint venture in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are also responsible for ensuring accuracy of records including financial information considered necessary for the preparation of consolidated Ind AS financial statements. Further, in terms of the provisions of the Act the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its joint venture, and covered under the Act are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and its joint venture and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. These financial statements have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.
- 6. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its joint venture are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and its joint venture to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 7. Those respective Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the companies included in the Group and its joint venture.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.
- As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also
 responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal
 financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of
 such controls:
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its joint venture to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern;
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation; and
 - Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its joint venture, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements, of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by the other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion
- 10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Other Matters

11. We did not audit the financial statements of two subsidiaries, whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs. 6,202.32 million as at 31 March 2025, total revenues of Rs. 7,803.07 million and net cash outflows amounting to Rs. 70.85 million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit (including other comprehensive income) of Rs. Nil for the period 1 April 2024 to 17 September 2024, as explained in note 60B, in respect of the joint venture, whose financial statements has not been audited by us.

These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and joint venture, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries and joint venture, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

12. Further, of these subsidiaries, one subsidiary, is located outside India whose financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in its country and which have been audited by other auditor under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in its country. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial statements of such subsidiary located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in its country to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's management. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of such subsidiary located outside India, is based on the report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and audited by us.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, are not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done by and the reports of the other auditors.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

13. As required by section 197(16) of the Act, based on our audit, we report that the Holding Company, incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have paid remuneration to their respective directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act. Further, we report that the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act are not applicable to the subsidiary company incorporated outside India and other subsidiary incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, since none of such companies is a public company as defined under section 2(71) of the Act.



Accountants

14. As required by clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 of Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act based on the consideration of the Order reports issued by us and by the respective other auditors as mentioned in paragraph 11 above, of companies included in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 and covered under the Act, we report that following are the qualifications/adverse remarks reported by us and the other auditors in the Order reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 for which such Order reports have been issued till date and made available to us:

S No	Name	CIN	Holding Company / subsidiary / Associate / Joint Venture	Clause number of the CARO report which is qualified or adverse
1	Aditya Infotech Limited	U74899DL1995PLC066784	Holding company	3(i)(c), 3(vii)(a), 3(vii)(b)
2	AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	U32309UP2017PTC090189	Subsidiary company	3(vii)(a), 3(vii)(b), 3(ix)(d)

- 15. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and other financial information of the subsidiary incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements:
 - b) Except for the matters stated in paragraph 15(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors;
 - The consolidated financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
 - In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015;
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company covered under the Act, and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company respectively, and the report of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary company, covered under the Act, none of the directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary, are disqualified as on 31 March 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) The modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith with respect to the consolidated financial statements are as stated in paragraph 15(b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 15(j)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
 - g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company, and its subsidiary company covered under the Act, and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure A' wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and other financial information of the subsidiary, incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act:
 - (i) The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group, as detailed in Note 50A to the consolidated financial statements;
 - (ii) The Holding Company and its subsidiaries did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2025;
 - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiary company, covered under the Act, during the year ended 31 March 2025;
 - (iv) (a) The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiary, respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 59(h) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or its subsidiary, to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company, or any such subsidiary, ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary, incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiary, respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 59(i) to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or its subsidiary, from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company, or any such subsidiary, shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - (c) Based on such audit procedures performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries, as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our or other auditors' notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the management representations under subclauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
 - (v) (a) The final dividend paid by the Holding Company during the year ended 31 March 2025 in respect of such dividend declared for the previous year is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend;

- (b) As stated in note 51(b) to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company have proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2025 which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.
- (vi) As stated in Note 64 to the consolidated financial statements and based on our examination which included test checks and that performed by the respective auditors of the subsidiary, the Holding Company and its subsidiary, in respect of financial year commencing on 1 April 2024, have used an accounting software for maintaining their books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that the audit trail feature was not enabled at the database level for accounting software to log any direct data changes, used for maintenance of all accounting records by the Holding Company. Further, during the course of our audit, we and respective auditors of the above referred subsidiary, did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with other than the consequential impact of the audit trail feature not enabled at the database level for accounting software used by the Holding Company. Furthermore, except for audit trail feature not enabled at the database level, the audit trail has been preserved by the Holding Company and its subsidiary, as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner Membership No.: 503843

UDIN: 25503843BMLCQY8804

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025

Annexure 1

List of entities included in consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

1. Aditya Infotech Limited, Holding Company, India

Wholly owned subsidiary

- 1. AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited, India (w.e.f. 18 September 2024)
- 2. Shenzhen CP Plus International Limited, Shenzhen, China

Joint venture

1. AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited, India (till 17 September 2024)



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

1. In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as 'the Group') as at and for the year ended 31 March 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company, which are companies covered under the Act, as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

2. The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company which are companies covered under the Act, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company, as aforesaid, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matter paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company as aforesaid.



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the subsidiary company, the Holding Company and its subsidiary company, which are companies covered under the Act, have in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2025, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.



Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Aditya Infotech Limited on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

Other Matter

9. We did not audit the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements insofar as it relates to one subsidiary company, which is a company covered under the Act, whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs.6,181.36 million and net assets of Rs. (374.47) million as at 31 March 2025, total revenues of Rs.7,781.58 million and net cash outflows amounting to Rs.72.00 million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in so far as it relates to such subsidiary company have been audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us by the management and our report on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements for the Holding Company and its subsidiary company, as aforesaid, under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act in so far as it relates to such subsidiary company is based solely on the reports of the auditors of such company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done by and on the reports of the other auditors.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal Partner

Membership No.: 503843

UDIN: 25503843BMLCQY8804

Place: Noida

Date: 02 July 2025

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	1,317.95	214.82
Right of use assets	5	613.31	476.69
Capital work in progress	6	166.99	2.36
Investment property	7	3.54	3.79
Goodwill	8A	5,349.51	14
Other intangible assets	8A	112.27	7.75
Intangible assets under development	8B	134.60	152,64
Financial assets			
Investments	9	5.15	6.08
Others financial assets	10	119.37	46.59
Deferred tax assets (net)	11	183.00	79.58
Income tax assets (net)	12	29.44	8.03
Other non current assets	13	151.53	111.25
Other non eartern novem	-	8,186.66	1,109.58
Current assets	-		
Inventories	14	8,705.33	5,092.05
Financial assets	1.4	6,703.33	5,052.05
	15	10,392.59	7,342.70
Trade receivables		1,359.31	394.67
Cash and cash equivalents	16		311.69
Other bank balances	17	459.35	82.52
Loans	18	10110	
Other financial assets	19	1,964.25	1,814.48
Other current assets	20	677.89	294.07
Total current assets		23,558.72	15,332.18
Total assets	-	31,745.38	16,441.76
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			2000
Equity share capital	21	109.81	20.50
Other equity	22	10,066.86	4,221.59
Equity attributable to owners of Holding Company		10,176.67	4,242.09
Non-controlling interests		*	
Total equity	-	10,176.67	4,242.09
Non current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	23	149.89	280.16
Lease liabilities	.5	284.93	179.13
Others financial liabilities	24	76.03	*
Provisions	25	124.94	89.44
Total non current liabilities	-	635.79	548.73
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	26	3,978.55	3,774.36
Lease liabilities	5	159.73	129.11
Supplier's credit	27	520.52	
Trade payables	-		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	28	237.04	79.99
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	28	13,190.26	5,922.31
Other financial liabilities	29	2,086.79	1,359.96
	30	91.02	84.73
Provisions	31	115.06	26.07
Current tax liabilities (net)	32	550.95	274.41
Other current liabilities	34	20,932.92	11,650.94
Total current liabilities		31,745.38	16,441.76
Total equity and liabilities		31,745.38	10,441./6

Material accounting policy information

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

This is the Consolidated Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal Partner

Membership No.: 503843

CHANDION OF COLLEGE

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025



Roslini Tandon Company Secretary

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2025

	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Income:			
Revenue from operations	33	31,118.72	27,824,26
Other income	34	110.54	135.34
Total income		31,229.26	27,959.60
Expenses:			
Cost of materials consumed	35	7,038.30	
Purchases of stock-in-trade	36	18,031.57	22,698.63
Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress	37	(645.43)	.20.77
Employee benefits expense	38	2,033,26	1,338.57
Finance costs	39	418.12	309.09
Depreciation and amortization expenses	40	311.23	157.13
Other expenses	41	2,187.69	1,536.86
Total expenses		29,374.74	26,061.05
Profit before share of profit in joint venture and tax	-	1,854.52	1,898.55
Share of profit in joint venture (also refer note 63)			-
Profit before exceptional items and tax	100	1,854.52	1,898.55
Exceptional items	42		
Gain on account of fair valuation of previously held equity interest (also refer note 62)	(2,486.30)	
Share of loss in joint venture (also refer note 63)			294,50
Others	- 4		(42.14)
Profit before tax	- 1 2	4,340.82	1,646.19
Tax expense:	43		
Current tax expense		569.67	506.93
Deferred tax expense/(credit)		258.97	(8.00)
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)		(1.51)	(4.46)
Total tax expense		827.13	494.47
Profit after tax		3,513.69	1,151.72
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of defined employee benefit plans		(4.63)	(19.97)
Income tax effect of above		0.97	5.03
Share of other comprehensive income in joint venture			-
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations		0.38	(0.63)
Other comprehensive income	>	(3.28)	(15.57)
Total comprehensive income for the year	11	3,510.41	1,136.15
Profit after tax attributable to:		0.479/300	1,2,2
Owners of the Holding Company Non-controlling interests		3,513.69	1,151.72
Other comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Holding Company		(3.28)	(15.57)
Non-controlling interests			-
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Holding Company		3,510.41	1,136.15
Non-controlling interests			-
Farnings per equity share			
Earnings per equity share Basic (in Rs.) (Nominal value: Rs. 1 each)	4.4	33.02	11.24

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

This is the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Material accounting policy information

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner Membership No.: 503843 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH IMITED

Hari Snanker Khemka

Chairman DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025 Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025

Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year

Unwanding of discount on security deposit	(Lan	mounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated) Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Adjustments for Depreciation and amordisation expenses Depreciation and amordisation expenses Interest income on bank depoints Unwarding of discount on security depoint Unwarding of discount on security depoint Unwarding of discount on security depoint Labalisies no longer required written back (Daily) Loss on currency fluctuation and translation (neet) (Caily)/Loss on currency fluctuation and translation (neet) (Daily)/Loss on primer expense Restal income Allowance for expected restal loss Balances written off 3.27 2.55 Share of loss in pinst venture (Daily) Interest expense on lease labalities Gain on exclusing-inherent of loss Gain on account of fair valuation of previously held equity interest in joint venture (Goin on exclusing-inherent of loss Gain on account of fair valuation of previously held equity interest in joint venture (Goin on exclusing-inherent of loss Gain on account of fair valuation of previously held equity interest in joint venture (Goin on exclusing-inherent of loss Gain on exclusing-inherent of loss Gain on account of fair valuation of previously held equity interest in joint venture (Go) I loss (Cail) on measurement of investment at FVTPL Operating profit before working capital changes Movement in working capital (Increase) (Decrease in inventionics Increase in other current isabilities (Go) 1.14 Increase in other current isabilities (Go) 1.15 Increase in other current isabilities (Go) 1.24 (Go) 1.25 Increase in other current labalities (Go) 1.25 Increase in other fluxed payables (Go) 1.25 Increase in other fluxed payables (Go) 1.25 Increase in other current labalities	A	Cash flow from operating activities	South	
Depectation and smortastation expenses 31.124 175.15 Universiding of discount on security depoit (2.67) (1.55) Devided income (2.67) (1.55) Devided income (2.67) (2.67) (2.55) Liabilities no longer required written back (0.64) (0.62) (2.66) (1.65) Ciaih/Laon outcurrenty fluctuation and translation (net) (2.99) (0.07) (2.00) (Profit before tax	4,340.82	1,646.19
Depectation and smortastation expenses 31.124 175.15 Universiding of discount on security depoit (2.67) (1.55) Devided income (2.67) (1.55) Devided income (2.67) (2.67) (2.55) Liabilities no longer required written back (0.64) (0.62) (2.66) (1.65) Ciaih/Laon outcurrenty fluctuation and translation (net) (2.99) (0.07) (2.00) (Adjustments for:		
Interest income on bank deposits			311.23	157.13
Unreading of discours on security deposit			(93,42)	(104.98)
Devidend income (0.11) (0.05) (0.26) ((2.67)	(1.55)
Liabilities no longer required written back (Coiin)/Laso no currercy fluctuation and translation (net) (2.99) (90.07)			(0.11)	(0.06)
(Gain)/Loss on currency fluctuation and translation (net) (Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment (net) Share based payment expense (3.14) (4.22) Allowance for expected credit loss Balances written off 5.27 7.55 Share of loss in joint venture Finance costs Gain on excingaighment of lease Gain on oxcount of fair valuation of previously held equity interest in joint venture (do orfer note 42 and 62) Loss/ (Cain) or in measurement of investment at FVTPL Quit (Cain) or in measurement of investment at FVTPL Quit (Cain) or in measurement of investment at FVTPL Quit (Cain) or in measurement of investment at FVTPL Quit (Cain) or in measurement of investment at FVTPL (Go.3.14) Loss/ (Cain) or in measurement of investment at FVTPL Quit (Increase) (Decrease in inventionic applial (Increase) (Locease) in a inventionic applial (Increase) (Locease in inventionic applial (Increase) (Locease) in the creament assets and non current assets (Go.3.14) Increase in other current assets and non current assets (Go.49) Increase in other financial lastifities [Increase in other financial lastifitie		Liabilities no longer required written back	(0.61)	(6.25)
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment (net) (0.03) (2.05)			(2.99)	(9.07)
Shace based payment expense 117.85 (4.22) (4.22)			(0.03)	(2.02)
Allocauser for expected credit loss Balances withint of 527 7.55 Share of loss in joint venture 1 294.50 Share of loss in joint venture 297.50 Share of loss in joint venture 37.52 297.00 Interest expected configuration of lease (0.55) Interest expected on lease liabilities 36.24 20.00 Crist on extinguishment of lease (0.55) Interest expected of lease (0.58) Interest expected from (1.58) Interest expected from linesting activities (1.58) Interest			117.85	
Share of loss in joint venture 52,77 7.55 Share of loss in joint venture 294-50 Finance costs 37.65.2 279,09 Interest expense on lease liabilities 37.65.2 279,00 Interest expense on lease liabilities 0.055 1.82 Colin on account of fair valuation of previously held equity interest in joint venture (also refer not e2 and 62) 0.055 Colin on exclusion for a constant of fair valuation of previously held equity interest in joint venture (also refer not e2 and 62) 0.98 0.98 Coperating profit before working capital changes 2,277-38 Movement in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in inventiones 0.981,4 18.45 Increase in other current assets and non current assets 0.049 0.192,20 Increase in other funancial assets 0.049 0.192,20 Increase in other funancial liabilities 551,30 1.965,7 Increase in other funancial liabilities 551,30 1.965,7 Increase in other funancial liabilities 551,30 1.965,7 Increase in other current liabilities 57,08 79,93 Increase in provisions 5,70 43,03 Increase in provisions 5,70 43,03 Increase in provisions 1,576,64 0,906,70 Increase in provisi		Rental income	(3.14)	(4.22)
Share of loss in joint venture		Allowance for expected credit loss	69.07	•
Finance costs 376,52 279,06 Interest experse on lease liabilities 36,24 26,06 Coint on extingishment of lease (0.55) (1.82) Coperating profit before working capital changes (2.486.30) Coperating profit before working capital changes (0.98) Coperating profit before working capital changes (0.98) Movement in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in inventories (0.93.14) (1.84.52) Increase in other current assets and non current assets (0.49) (192.29) Increase in other francial alsates (0.49) (192.29) Increase in other francial liabilities (0.95.14) (1.98.52) Increase in other francial liabilities (0.95.14) (1.98.52) Increase in other current labilities (0.95.14) (1.98.52) Increase in other current assets and non current assets (0.49) (1.92.29) (2.98.80) Increase in other current labilities (0.95.16) (0.95.50) Increase in provisions (0.95.16) (0.95.16) (0.95.50) Increase in provisions (0.95.16)		Balances written off	5.27	7.56
Interest capense on lease liabilities		Share of loss in joint venture	2	
Cain on extinguishment of lease Cain on account of fair valuation of previously held equity interest in joint venture (dato refer not ext 2 and 62) Loss (Gain) on measurement of investment at FVTPL Operating profit before working capital changes Movement in working capital (Increase) (Decrease in inventionis Increase in tande receivables Increase in other current assets (603.14) Increase in other famorial assets (604.9) Increase in other famorial assets (602.25) Increase in other famorial liabilities Increase in other famorial liabilities Increase in other current liabilities Increase in other current liabilities Increase in other famorial liabilities Increase in other current liabilities In		Finance costs	376.52	279.09
Cash flow from investing activities Cash flow from investing activities post working capital changes Cash flow from investing activities Cash flow from financing activities C		Interest expense on lease liabilities	36.24	26.06
(also refer note 42 and 62) Loss / (Gain) on measurement of investment at FVTPL Operating profit before working capital changes Movement in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in inventories Increase in rated receivables Increase in rated receivables Increase in other current assets and one current assets (603.14) (12.20) (12.20) (12.20) (10		Gain on extinguishment of lease	(0.55)	(1.82)
Loss Gain on measurement of investment at FVTPL 2,668.12 2,279.58		Gain on account of fair valuation of previously held equity interest in joint venture		
Movement in working capital changes		(also refer note 42 and 62)	(2,486.30)	-
Movement in working capital (Increase) / Decrease in inventionies (19314) 18.45		Loss/ (Gain) on measurement of investment at FVTPL	0.94	(0.98)
Clarcase Decrease in inventories (693.14 18.45 16.222 16.20.66 16.222 16.20.66 16.222 16.20.66 16.20 1		Operating profit before working capital changes	2,668.12	2,279.58
Clarcase Decrease in inventories (693.14 18.45 16.222 16.20.66 16.222 16.20.66 16.222 16.20.66 16.20 1		Y		
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Increase in other financial liabilities				
Increase in other current liabilities				
Increase in provisions 36,70 43,03 Increase (Decrease) in trade payables 1,376.64 3,096.79 Cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities post working capital changes 781.74 (1,294.69 Income tax paid(net) (1,294.69 1,294.69 1,270.80 1,270.80 1,270.80 Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities (A) 272.08 (1,804.05 B Cash flow from investing activities Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible under development 2.44 124.63 Sale of property, plant and equipment 2.44 124.63 Loan given to related party (80.00 1,199.74 Rental income 3.14 4.22 Dividend income 3.14 4.22 Dividend income 3.14 4.22 Dividend income 93.42 104.98 Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities (B) (11.98) 1,164.88 C Cash flow from financing activities (0.30) (273.93 1,164.88 C Cash flow from financing activities (12.84,03) (197.04, 1,164.88 1,164.88 1,164.88 C Cash flow from investing activities (12.84,03) (197.04, 1,164.88 1,164.88 1,164.88 1,164.88 1,164.88 C Cash flow from financing activities (12.84,03) (197.04, 1,164.88 1				
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Income tax paid(net)		Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables		
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Cash flow from investing activities Additions to property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress, other intangible assets and intangible under development 2.44 124.63				(1,804.05)
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Loan given to related party 70		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.44	124.63
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Dividend income			3.14	4.22
Interest received Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities (B) C Cash flow from financing activities Repayment of loans to related party Proceeds from long-term borrowings Repayments of long-term borrowings Repayment of short-term borrowings Repayment of short-term borrowings Proceeds from short-term borrowings Proceeds from short-term borrowings Proceeds from short-term borrowings Supplier's credit availed (net) Finance cost paid Dividend paid during the year Principal payment of lease liabilities Interest payment of lease liabilities Interest payment of lease liabilities Net cash used in financing activities (C) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) Cash acquired on acquisition of subsidiary company (Refer note 62) Repayment of lease in financing activities (C) 10.30 (273.93 (197.05 (184.03) (197.07 (189.54.76 (21,985.00) (17,054.76 (279.05 (279.05 (370.52) (370.52) (279.05 (370.52) (370.52) (279.05 (370.52)				0.06
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Repayment of loans to related party Proceeds from long-term borrowings Repayments of long-term borrowings Repayment of short-term borrowings Repayment of sh				
Proceeds from long-term borrowings Repayments of long-term borrowings Repayment of short-term borrowings Repayment of short-term borrowings Proceeds from short-term borrowings Supplier's credit availed (net) Finance cost paid Dividend paid during the year Dividend paid during the year Principal payment of lease liabilities Interest payment of lease liabilities Net cash used in financing activities (C) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) Cash acquired on acquisition of subsidiary company (Refer note 62) Repayments of long-term borrowings (184.03) (197.06 (21,985.00) (17,054.76 (22,985.00) (17,054.76 (21,985.00) (17,054.76 (21,985.00) (17,054.76 (21,985.00) (17,054.76 (21,985.00) (17,054.76 (279.05 (180.00) (10.06 (180.00) (10.06 (180.00) (10.06 (180.00) (10.06 (180.00) (10.06 (180.00) (10.06 (180.00) (10.06 (1.081.78 (C	No. of the state o	(0.30)	(273 93)
Repayments of long-term borrowings Repayment of short-term borrowings Proceeds from short-term borrowings Supplier's credit availed (net) Finance cost paid Dividend paid during the year Principal payment of lease liabilities Interest payment of lease liabilities Net cash used in financing activities (C) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) Cash acquired on acquisition of subsidiary company (Refer note 62) (197.0% (21,985.00) (17,054.76 (22,049.48 17,426.24 (279.05 (376.52) (180.00) (10.00 (10.00 (10.00 (128.79) (77.30 (36.24) (26.00 (189.54) (189.54) (1.081.78 (1.				
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Proceeds from short-term borrowings Supplier's credit availed (net) Finance cost paid Dividend paid during the year Principal payment of lease liabilities Interest payment of lease liabilities Net cash used in financing activities (C) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) Cash acquired on acquisition of subsidiary company (Refer note 62) Proceeds from short-term borrowings 17,426.24 (279.05 (180.00) (10.00 (180.00) (10.00 (189.54) (189.54) (1442.61				
Supplier's credit availed (net) Finance cost paid Dividend paid during the year (180.00) Principal payment of lease liabilities (128.79) Interest payment of lease liabilities (36.24) Net cash used in financing activities (C) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) Cash acquired on acquisition of subsidiary company (Refer note 62) Supplier's credit availed (net) (376.52) (180.00) (10.00) (10.00) (128.79) (128.79) (128.79) (128.79) (1442.61) (1442.61)				
Finance cost paid Dividend paid during the year (180.00) (10.00 Principal payment of lease liabilities (128.79) (77.30 Interest payment of lease liabilities (36.24) (26.00 Net cash used in financing activities (C) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) Cash acquired on acquisition of subsidiary company (Refer note 62) (376.52) (279.05 (180.00) (10.00 (128.79) (77.30 (128.79) (77.30 (128.79) (77.30 (128.79) (77.30 (128.79) (77.30 (189.54) (26.00 (189.54) (26.00 (189.54) (26.00 (189.54) (279.05 (180.00) (10.00 (10.00				.,,
Dividend paid during the year (180.00) (10.00 Principal payment of lease liabilities (128.79) (77.30 Interest payment of lease liabilities (36.24) (26.00 Net cash used in financing activities (C) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) Cash acquired on acquisition of subsidiary company (Refer note 62) (180.00) (10.00 (128.79) (77.30 (128.79				(279.09)
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Interest payment of lease liabilities (36.24) (26.00 Net cash used in financing activities (C) (189.54) (442.61 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) (Cash acquired on acquisition of subsidiary company (Refer note 62) 894.08				(77.36
Net cash used in financing activities (C) (189.54) (142.61) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) Cash acquired on acquisition of subsidiary company (Refer note 62) (189.54) (1,081.78) (1,081.78)				(26.06
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) Cash acquired on acquisition of subsidiary company (Refer note 62) 70.56 894.08		- CONTRACT		(442.61)
Cash acquired on acquisition of subsidiary company (Refer note 62)				14 Km2 = 11
Cash acquired on acquisition of substitutal company (rester note only		iver increase, (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (x)		(1,081.78
				1 476 45



394.67

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Components of cash and cash equivalents:
Balances with banks
- In current accounts
- In cash credit account
Cash in hand
Cheques in hand
Fixed deposits with original maturity of less than three months
Total cash and cash equivalents (refer note 16)

31 March 2024	31 March 2025	
2.14	24.83	
7.09	2.06	
1.17	1.49	
77.82	1,257.88	
306.45	73.05	
394 67	1 350 31	

Also refer note 23 for changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

Note: The above consolidated statement of cash flows has been prepared under the "Indirect method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS-7) Statement of Cash flows.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

OIDNA

This is Consolidated statement of cash flows referred to in our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Hari Shanker Khemka

Chairman

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025 Roskni Tandon Company Secretary

Managing Director

DIN:00514552

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity share capital (refer note no. 21)

Current Reporting Period

Particulars	Opening balance as at 1 April 2024	Issue during the year*	Changes in equity share capital during the year**	Balance as at 31 March 2025
Equity share capital	20.50	7.31	82.00	109.81

Previous reporting period

Particulars	Opening balance as at 1 April 2023	Issue during the year	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2024
Equity share capital	20.50	90.	1-	20.50

*Refer note 62 **Refer note21(f)

B Other saming (enfer ages an 27)

Particulars		Reserv	es and Surplus		Foreign	Capital	Shaere based		Total
	Retained earnings	General reserve	Securities Premium	Capital reserve	translation reserve	Redemption Reserve	reserve	attributable to owners of the Holding Company	
Balance as at 31 March 2023	2,916.05	170.42		0.06	4,41	4.50	-	3,095.44	3,095.44
Profit for the year	1,151.72	-			- 20	-	-	1,151.72	1,151.72
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax impact)	(14.94)		1.5	11.7	1.0			(14.94)	(14.94)
Share of other comprehensive income in joint venture		- 3	1,31	-	- 4	02		3:0	10.80
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations	2	-	- 2	9.	(0.63)		- 2	(0.63)	(0.63)
Dividend paid during the year	(10.00)					5-	-	(10.00)	(10.00)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	4,042.83	170.42		0.06	3.78	4.50		4,221.59	4,221.59
Profit for the year	3,513.69	-	-		9	14	~	3,513.69	3,513.69
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax impact)	(3.66)	30				9	~	(3.66)	(3.66)
Bonus share issued*	1 20	(77.50)	14	4.		(4.50)		(82.00)	(82.00)
Share issued towards purchase consideration of subsidiary company (refer note 62)			2,479.01	1		14.		2,479.01	2,479.01
Employee stock options granted during the year (refer note 49)	0.00	1	- 4	1.	(-)	1.0	117.85	117.85	117.85
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations	2.1	-	-	2.0	0.38	- 1	-	0.38	0.38
Dividend paid during the year (refer note 51(a))	(180.00)							(180.00)	(180.00)
Balance as at 31 March 2025	7,372.86	92.92	2,479.01	0.06	4.16	1	117.85	10,066.86	10,066,86

*Refer note21(f)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

This is Consolidated statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Deepak Mittal

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025

Partner Membership No.: 503843

CHANDIOR RED ACCO

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida Date: 02 July 2025

OTEC

DIN:00314552

CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

1 Group Overview

The consolidated financial statements comprise financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ("the Holding Company" or "the Company"), its subsidiary company (collectively referred as "Group") and joint venture for the year ended 31 March 2025. The Company is a Public limited Company having CIN no. U74899DL1995PLC066784 and was incorporated on 27 March 1995 with Registrar of Companies, New Delhi. The Company's registered office is situated at F-28, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase-1, New Delhi - 110020 and corporate office is situated at A-12, Sector-4, Noida - 201301. The Group is engaged in manufacturing / assembly and trading of security and surveillance equipment and components under 'CP Plus' brand. Further, the Holding Company is also engaged in trading of security and surveillance equipment and components manufactured by Dahua Technologies Group.

2 Basis of preparation of Consolidated financial statements

(a) These consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities

- a) Certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value; and
- b) Defined benefit plans-plan assets measured at fair value

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared and presented in INR, which is the Group's functional currency. All financial information presented in INR has been rounded to the nearest million upto two decimal unless, except when otherwise indicated.

Assets and liabilities are classified as current and non-current as per Holding Company's normal operating cycle which is based on the nature of business of the Holding Company. Current assets do not include elements which are not expected to be realised within 1 year and current liabilities do not include items which are due after 12 month, the period of 12 months being reckoned from the reporting date.

The consolidated financial statements were approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 02 July 2025.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in estimates are reflected in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Basis of consolidation

Subsidiar

Subsidiary is a entity controlled by the Company. The Company controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiary is included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control is acquired until the date on which control ceases to exist.

The Group combines the financial statements of the holding company and its subsidiary line by line, by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiary have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiary are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated balance sheet respectively.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred, the Group re-assesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognised at the acquisition date.

If the reassessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognised in OCI and accumulated in equity as capital reserve. However, if there is no clear evidence of bargain purchase, the Group recognises the gain directly in equity as capital reserve, without routing the same through OCI.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units

(c) Joint venture

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. The considerations made in determining joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over the subsidiary. The Group's investments in joint venture are accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in a joint venture is included at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the joint venture since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the joint venture is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment individually. The consolidated statement of profit and loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the joint venture. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint venture. The aggregate of the Group's share of profit or loss of a joint venture is presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

(d) Foreign currency translation

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee, which is the functional and presentation currency and include the financial position and results in respect of foreign operations, initially measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates (i.e. their functional currency) and translated as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates;
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income;

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.







CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

3 Material accounting policy information

(a) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made.

Revenue is measured at the transaction price for each separate performance obligation taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government. The transaction price is net of estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

(i) Sale of security and surveillance equipment and components

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised goods to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which Group expects to receive in exchange of those goods. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control is transferred to the customer, based on the terms of contract with customers which generally coincides with dispatch of products to the customers in case of domestic sales and on the basis of bill of lading in the case of export sales.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the control of the product is transferred, the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- . The Group has a present right to payment for the asset;
- The Group has transferred physical possession of the asset, whereby the customer has the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from, the asset or to restrict the access of other entities to those benefits.

Provision for contractual warranty is recognised as per the principles defined under Ind AS 37 Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets.

When the consideration is received, before the Group transfers goods to the customer, the Group presents the consideration as contract liability.

(ii) Rendering of services including business support, survelliance, cloud storage and technical training services

- (a) Revenue from business support services, survelliance services and cloud storage services is recognised over a period of time when the services are rendered as per the terms of the respective contracts with the customers.
- (b) Revenue from other services including technical training services are recognised at a point in time as and when the services are rendered as per the terms of the respective contracts with the customers.

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend is recognised when right to receive the payment is established.

(iv) Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised and accrued using effective interest rate method.

(v) Insurance and other claims

Revenue in respect of claims is recognized when no significant uncertainty exists with regard to the amount to be realized and the ultimate collection thereof.

Assets and liabilities arising from rights of return:

(i) Right of return assets

Right of return asset represents the Holding Company's right to recover the goods expected to be returned by customers. The asset is measured at the former carrying amount of the inventory, less any expected costs to recover the goods, including any potential decreases in the value of the returned goods. The Holding Company updates the measurement of the asset recorded for any revisions to its expected level of returns, as well as any additional decreases in the value of the returned goods.

(ii) Refund liabilities

A refund liability is the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from the customer and is measured at the amount the Holding Company ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Holding Company updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period.

(b) Inventories

a. Raw materials, stores and spare parts, and packing materials are considered to be realisable at cost, if the finished products, in which they will be used, are expected to be sold at or above cost. The cost is computed on using 'First In First Out (FIFO)". Cost includes expenditure incurred for acquiring inventories like purchase price, import duties, taxes (net of tax credit) and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

b. Finished goods and work in progress: Such inventories are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity but excludes borrowing costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The cost of finished goods and work-in-progress is computed on FIFO basis.

c. Traded goods and others: Such inventories are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes freight, taxes and duties net of GST input tax credit, wherever applicable, and is determined on weighted average cost basis. Customs duty payable on material in bonded warehouse is added to the cost of the material.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Property plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost can be measured reliably. Property, Plant and Equipment which are significant to the total cost of that item of Property, Plant and Equipment and having different useful life are accounted separately. Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment (other than related to manufacturing / assembly facility) is provided using written down value method on depreciable amount. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except in respect of certain categories of assets as mentioned below in respect of which the useful life has been assessed based on technical assessment.





Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

The estimates of useful life of Property, Plant and Equipments are as follows:

Particulars	Useful life as per management assessment	Useful life as per Schedule II of the Act
Building	60 years	60 years
Computers and Peripherals		
- Computers	3 years	3 years
- Servers	6 years	6 years
Office Equipment	5 years	5 years
Furniture, Fixture and Fittings	10 years	10 years
Motorcycles and scooters	10 years	10 years
Motor cars	8 years	8 years
Plant and machinery-moulds	5 years	8 years
Plant and machinery	15 years	15 years

For property, plant and equipment at manufacturing / assembly facility, depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives, using straight-line method as per the useful life as mentioned in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except in respect of certain categories of assets as below, in whose case the life of the assets has been assessed as under based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers warranties and maintenance support, etc.

Particulars	Useful life as per Management Assessment	Useful life as per Schedule II of the Act
Factory buildings	10 years	30 years
Plant and machinery	15 years	15 years
Dies and moulds	15 years	15 years.
Furniture and fixtures	10 years	10 years
Electrical Installations	10 years	10 years
Office equipment	5 years	5 years
Computers and Peripherals		
- Computers	3 years	3 years
- Servers	6 years	6 years
Vehicles	8 years	8 years

De-recognition of Property, plant & equipment

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

Capital Work in Progress

Capital work-in-progress is recorded at its cost, which encompasses expenses incurred during the construction period. This cost also includes interest on the amount borrowed for the acquisition of qualifying assets and other expenses related to project implementation, to the extent that these expenses pertain to the period before the commencement of commercial production/ use.

(d) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development costs are expensed as incurred unless technical and commercial feasibility of the project is demonstrated, future economic benefits are probable, the Group has an intention and ability to complete and use or sell the product and the costs can be measured reliably. The costs, which can be capitalized include the cost of material, direct labor, overhead costs that are directly attributable to prepare the asset for its intended use.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

Intangible assets	Amortisation period
Computer Software	6 years
Trademark	10 years
Technology Platform	3 - 6 years
Technical know how	4 - 5 years
Customer Relationship	5 years

De recognition of Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gain or loss arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in consolidated profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

(e) Intangible assets under development

Intangible assets under development represents expenditure incurred in respect of intangible assets under development and are carried at cost less accumulated impairment loss, if any. Cost includes related acquisition expenses, development costs, borrowing costs and other direct expenditure.





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(f) Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation, or both. Investment properties are measured initially at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost, if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in consolidated statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Investment properties are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation on investment properties is provided on the written down value method computed on the basis of useful lives as prescribed in the Schedule II of the Act:

Investment property	Useful life as per Schedule II of the Act
Building	60 years

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at the end of each financial year.

De-recognition

Investment properties are de-recognized either when they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in consolidated profit or loss in the period of de-recognition.

(g) Impairment of non-financial assets- property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generated unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of consolidated cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand, cheques in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

(i) Statement of Cash flows

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the year is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Group are segregated.

(j) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as share split, fresh issue, bonus issue that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

(k) Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets

(i) Provision

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

(ii) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is recognised for:

- · Possible obligation which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Group.
- Present obligation arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation cannot be made.

(iii) Contingent assets

Contingent assets are not recognised in the consolidated financial statements. Contingent assets are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements to the extent it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Group from such assets.

(l) Leases: Right-of-use asset and Lease liabilities

The Group's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for land and buildings- warehouse and office premises, IT equipments and vehicles. The Group assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Group has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases), and low value leases. For these short-term, and low value leases, the Group recognises the lease rentals as an operating expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss account.

(i) Right-of-use assets

At the commencement date, the right of use assets is measured at cost. The cost includes an amount equal to the lease liabilities plus adjusted for the amount of prepaid or accrued lease payments. After the commencement date, the right of use assets is measured in accordance with the accounting policy for property, plant and equipment i.e. right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- * any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- · any initial direct costs, and
- · restoration costs.

(ii)Lease liabilities

The lease liability is initially measured at amortised cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Group changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the consolidated Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows. The Group has used a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental horrowing rate is used.

(iii)Lease term

At the commencement date, the Group determines the lease term which represents non-cancellable period of initial lease for which the asset is expected to be used, together with the periods covered by an option to extend or terminate the lease, if the Group is reasonably certain at the commencement date to exercise the extension or termination option.

(iv)Short term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis which is more representative of the pattern of use of underlying asset.





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(v)Others

The following is the summary of practical expedients elected on initial application:

- (i) Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with a similar end date.
- (ii) Applied the exemption not to recognise right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term on the date of initial application and low value asset.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Payments associated with short-term leases and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

(m) Foreign Currencies

The Group's Financial Statements are presented in INR which is also the Group's functional currency. Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency, using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities outstanding at the year-end are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the year-end and the gain or loss, is recognised in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

(n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an Group incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

(o) Retirement and other employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as employees' state insurance, labour welfare fund, superannuation scheme, employee pension scheme etc. are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. Group's provident fund contribution, in respect of certain employees, is made to a Government administered fund and charged as an expense to the consolidated statement of profit and loss. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Group has no further defined obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

(ii) Defined benefit plan

Gratuity

Gratuity is a post-employment benefit and is in the nature of a defined benefit plan. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. The defined benefit obligation is determined by actuarial valuation as on the balance sheet date, using the projected unit credit method. Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to consolidated profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in consolidated profit or loss on the earlier of

- . The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- The date that the Group recognises related restructuring costs.

The Group recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss:

- · Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and nonroutine settlements; and
- Net interest expense or income.

(iii) Other long-term employee benefits (compensated absences)

Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed within one year from the balance sheet date is recognised on the basis of undiscounted value of estimated amount required to be paid or estimated value of benefit expected to be availed by the employees. Liability in respect of compensated absences becoming due or expected to be availed more than one year after the balance sheet date is estimated on the basis of an actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from past experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are credited or charged to the consolidated Statement of profit and loss in the year in which such gains or losses are determined.

(iv) Short-term employee benefits

Expense in respect of other short-term benefits is recognised on the basis of the amount paid or payable for the period during which services are rendered by the employee.

(p) Taxes

Current tax

Current income tax, assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the Income Computation and Disclosure Standards (ICDS) enacted in India by using tax rates and the tax laws that are enacted as at the reporting date.

Cuttent income tax telating to item recognized outside the consolidated statement of profit and loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or equity). Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transactions either in OCI or directly in equity.

The Group's management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in consolidated financial statements, except when the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill, an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Indirect taxes

GST input tax credit on materials purchased/ services availed for production/ input services are taken into account at the time of purchase and availing services. GST input tax credit on purchase of capital items wherever applicable are taken into account as and when the assets are acquired. The GST input tax credit so taken is utilised for payment of GST on supply of goods and services. The unutilised GST input tax credit is carried forward in the books of accounts as 'balance with government authorities'.

(q) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial asset or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction cost directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Assets except trade receivables are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of Financial Assets, which are not at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of Financial Assets are recognised using trade date accounting. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price.

B. Subsequent Measurement

a) Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost (AC)

A Financial Asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A Financial Asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual each flows and selling Financial Assets and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

A Financial Asset which is not classified in any of the above categories is measured at FVTPL. Financial assets are reclassified subsequent to their recognition, if the Group changes its business model for managing those financial assets. Changes in business model are made and applied prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of immediately next reporting period following the changes in business model in accordance with principles laid down under Ind AS 109 – Financial Instruments.

C. Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

ECL is the weighted-average of difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate, with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. When estimating the cash flows, the Group is required to consider—

- · All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- * Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms

(i) Trade receivables

In respect of trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach of Ind AS 109, which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

(ii) Other financial assets

In respect of its other financial assets, the Group assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since mitial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

When making this assessment, the Group uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial asset. To make that assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Group neither transfers nor retains subsequently all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for the amount it may have to pay.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in consolidated profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in consolidated profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset.



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Financial liabilities

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Liabilities are recognized at fair value and in case of borrowings, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost.

B. Subsequent Measurement

Financial Liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and borrowing

This is the category most relevant to the Group. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and transactions costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is due within 12 months after reporting period. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(r) Fair value measurement

The Group measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- · In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- · In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- + Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- · Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

(s) Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the consideration transferred measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The Group determines that it has acquired a business when the acquired set of activities and assets include an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The acquired process is considered substantive if it is critical to the ability to continue producing outputs, and the inputs acquired include an organised workforce with the necessary skills, knowledge, or experience to perform that process or it significantly contributes to the ability to continue producing outputs and is considered unique or scarce or cannot be replaced without significant cost, effort, or delay in the ability to continue producing outputs.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired, and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their acquisition date fair values. For this purpose, the liabilities assumed include contingent liabilities representing present obligation and they are measured at their acquisition fair values irrespective of the fact that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable. However, the following assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination are measured at the basis indicated below:

- ▶ Deferred tax assets or liabilities, and the liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with Ind AS 12 Income Tax and Ind AS 19 Employee Benefits respectively.
- Potential tax effects of temporary differences and carry forwards of an acquiree that exist at the acquisition date or arise as a result of the acquisition are accounted in accordance with
- Liabilities or equity instruments related to share based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with Ind AS 102 Share-based Payments at the acquisition date.
- ► Assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with Ind AS 105 Non-rurrent Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that Standard.
- ▶ Reacquired rights are measured at a value determined on the basis of the remaining contractual term of the related contract. Such valuation does not consider potential renewal of the reacquired right.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

If the business combination is achieved in stages, any previously held equity interest is re-measured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss or OCL as appropriate.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss in accordance with Ind AS 109. If the contingent consideration is not within the scope of Ind AS 109, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate Ind AS and shall be recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not re-measured at subsequent reporting dates and subsequent its settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred, the Group re-assesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognised at the acquisition date. If the reassessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognised in OCI and accumulated in equity as capital reserve. However, if there is no clear evidence of bargain purchase, the entity recognises the gain directly in equity as capital reserve, without routing the same through OCI.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquired are assigned to those units.

A cash generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted through goodwill during the measurement period, or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognized at that date. These adjustments are called as measurement period adjustments. The measurement period does not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

(t) Share Based Payment

Employees of the Group also receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions under Group's Employee Stock Option Scheme.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model. That cost is recognized, together with a corresponding increase in share Options outstanding reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefits expense. The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest.

The Statement of Profit and Loss expense or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period and is recognized in employee benefits expense.

When the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognized is the expense had the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognized for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification. Where an award is cancelled by the entity or by the counterparty, any remaining element of the fair value of the award is expensed immediately through profit or loss.

(u) Derivative financial instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any gains or losses from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to consolidated statement of profit and loss.

(v) Government grants and subsidies

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.

When the Group receives grants of non-monetary assets, the asset and the grant are recorded at fair value amounts and released to profit or loss over the expected useful life in a pattern of consumption of the benefit of the underlying asset i.e. by equal annual instalments.

When loans or similar assistance are provided by governments or related institutions, with an interest rate below the current applicable market rate, the effect of this favourable interest is regarded as a government grant. The loan or assistance is initially recognised and measured at fair value and the government grant is measured as the difference between the initial carrying value of the loan and the proceeds received. The loan is subsequently measured as per the accounting policy applicable to financial liabilities.

(w) Exceptional items

Items which are material by virtue of their size and nature are disclosed separately as exceptional items to ensure that financial statements allows an understanding of the underlying performance of the business during the year and to facilitate comparison with prior year.

(x) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM").

Identification of segments

In accordance with Ind AS 108 Operating Segments, the operating segments used to present segment information are identified on the basis of information reviewed by the Group's management to allocate resources to the segments and assess their performance. An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it earns revenues and incurs expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components.

Results of the operating segments are reviewed regularly by the Chief Operating Decision Maker, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(y) Significant estimates and judgements

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

- Recognition and estimation of tax expense including deferred tax Note 3(p), Note 11 and Note 43
- * Impairment testing of financial assets and non-financial assets Note 3(g), Note 3(q) and Note 8A
- Impairment testing of goodwill and intangible assets acquired on business combination- Note 3(s), Note 8A and Note 62
- * Assessment of useful life of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets Note 3(c), (d), (f) and Note 4, Note 7 and Note 8A
- · Estimation of assets and obligations relating to employee benefits Note 3(o) and Note 49
- · Valuation of inventories Note 3(b)
- Recognition and measurement of contingent liabilities Note 3(k) and Note 50
- · Leases Note 3(1) and Note 5
- Fair value measurement Note 3(r) and Note 45
- Provision for warranty Note 3(a) and Note 25 and 30
- * Expected credit loss Note 3(q) and Note 15
- . Share based payments Note 3(t) and Note 49
- * Business combination Note 3(s) and Note 62

(z) Recent accounting pronouncements

1. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') vide its notifications dated 12 August 2024 and 09 September 2024 has issued Companies (India Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2024 and Companies (India Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2024, which introduced amendments in certain Indian Accounting Standards that are effective from 1 April 2024:

(i) Ind AS 117 – Insurance contracts - MCA notified Ind AS 117, a comprehensive standard that prescribe, recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements, to avoid diversities in practice for accounting insurance contracts and it applies to all companies i.e., to all "insurance contracts" regardless of the issuer. However, Ind AS 117 is not applicable to the entities which are insurance companies registered with IRDAI.

(ii) Ind AS 116- The amendments require an entity to recognise lease liability including variable lease payments which are not linked to index or a rate in a way it does not result into gain on right-of-use asset it retains.

The Group has reviewed the new pronouncements and based on its evaluation has determined that these amendments do not have a significant impact on the consolidated financial

II. New Standards/Amendments notified but not yet effective: - Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. As at 31 March 2025, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Group that are not yet effective.

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

4 Property, plant and equipment											1
Particulars	Land	Building (Other than factory building)	Factory Building	Plant and machinery	Dies and moulds	Electrical Installation	Computers (including servers)	Office equipment	Vehicles	Furniture and fixtures	Total
As at 31 March 2023	50.04	162.16		2.39	i	•	25.49	11,53	60.82	20.33	332.76
Additions	.1		À	2.45	i.		23.06	16'9	56.21	7.78	95.41
Disposals		108.04		1.81		ŀ	2.43	96'9	8.88	11.09	139.21
As at 31 March 2024	50.04	54.12		3.03		1	46.12	10.48	108.15	17.02	288.96
Addition on acquisition of subsidiary (refer note 62)	v	10.	345.81	745.11	24.85	37.64	78.09	20.52	4.58	21.34	1,277.94
Additions	- 1	'n.	5.56	108.48	21.50	ı	35.05	6.12	1.44	3.53	181.68
Disposals	-3	à		0.92	c		4.04	5.82	1.06	2.13	13.97

2.13 39.76

5.82 31.30

155.22

37.64

46.35

855.70

351.37

54.12

50.04

As at 31 March 2025

Disposals

1,734.61

113.11

Accumulated depreciation											
As at 31 March 2023	÷	22.74	c	1.12	1.	,	14.52	3.62	15.78	10.71	68.49
Charge for the year	1	5.48		0.21	T	1	12.45	3.20	20.47	2.93	44.74
Disposals	. 1	18.23	7	96.0	Y	ï	1.81	5.06	5.61	7.42	39.09
As at 31 March 2024	4	66.6	5	0.37	i		25.16	1.76	30.64	6.22	74.14
Addition on acquisition of subsidiary (refer		i	21.68	152.95	5.72	6,74	35.06	7.03	1.66	4.94	235.78
note 62)											
Charge for the year	- 1	2.15	5.63	35.98	4.97	1.95	32.74	6.39	24.48	4.01	118.30
Disposals				0.84	ì	3	3.82	4,46	0.82	1.62	11.56
As at 31 March 2025	á	12.14	27.31	188.46	10.69	8.69	89.14	10.72	55.96	13.55	416.66
Net block as at 31 March 2024	50.04	44.13	ř	2.66	ŧ	4	20.96	8.72	77.51	10.80	214.82
Net block as at 31 March 2025	50.04	41.98	324.06	667.24	35.66	28.95	80.99	20.58	57.15	26.21	1,317.95

(i) Contractual obligations

Refer note 50B for contractual commitments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

(ii) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

(iii) Property, plant and equipment pledged as security for borrowings

Property, plant and equipment have been pledged as security for borrowings, refer note 23 for details.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

5 Leases
a) Right of use assets

	Leasehold land*	Building [Office, Warehouse and Experience centres]	IT equipment	Vehicles	Total
Particulars					
As at 31 March 2023	213.95	232,70	5.09	14,35	466.09
Additions		233.21	4.0	4.25	237.46
Deletions	(27.27)				(27.27)
As at 31 March 2024	186.68	465.91	5.09	18.60	676.28
Addition on acquisition of subsidiary (refer note 62)	12.74	=08	1	3.1	12.74
Additions	0.1	281.78		1,26	283.04
Deletions		(38.26)		(1.11)	(39.37)
As at 31 March 2025	199.42	709.43	5.09	18.75	932,69
Accumulated depreciation				7.4	
As at 31 March 2023	9.03	83.85	1.27	3.42	97,57
Charge for the year	2.85	98.71	1.70	3.28	106.54
Disposals	(4.52)		-	-	(4.52
As at 31 March 2024	7.36	182.56	2.97	6.70	199.59
Addition on acquisition of subsidiary (refer note 62)	0.24			-	0.24
Charge for the year	2.66	139.35	1.70	3.32	147.03
Disposals	-	(27.07)	1.2	(0.41)	(27.48
As at 31 March 2025	10.26	294.84	4.67	9.61	319.38
Net Block as at 31 March 2024	179.32	283.35	2.12	11.90	476.69
Net Block as at 31 March 2025	189.16	414.59	0.42	9.14	613.31

^{*}Also refer note 57

b) Lease Liability

Particulars	Total
As at 31 March 2023	172.70
Additions	237.46
Accretion of interest	26.06
Payments	(103.42)
Gain on extinguishment and modification of lease	(1.82)
Deletions	(22.74)
As at 31 March 2024	308.24
Additions	278.06
Accretion of interest	36.24
Payments	(165.03)
Gain on extinguishment and modification of lease	(0.55)
Deletions	(12.30)
As at 31 March 2025	444.66

Lease liability	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Current	159.73	129.11
Non-current	284.93	179.13
	444.66	308.24

c) Group as a lessee

The Group has leases for land, office building, warehouse facilities, experience centres, IT equipment and vehicles. With the exception of short term leases and leases of low-value underlying assets, each lease is reflected on the balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. The Group classifies its right-of-use assets in a consistent manner to its property, plant and equipment.

Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Group to sublease the asset to another party, the right of use asset can only be used by the Group. The Group is prohibited from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as security without prior permission of the lessor. Further, the Group is required to pay maintenance fees in accordance with the lease contracts.

i) The amounts recognized in consolidated statement of profit and loss:-

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets (refer note 40)	147.03	106.54
Interest expense on lease liabilities (refer note 39)	36.24	26.06
Expense relating to short term leases (refer note 41)	34.43	38.08
Gain on extinguishment /modification of lease (refer note 34)	(0.55)	(1.82)
Net impact on consolidated statement of profit and loss	217.15	168.86

ii) Amounts recognized in the consolidated cash flow statement

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Payment of lease liabilities- principal and interest	165.03	103.42

iii) Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in consolidated statement of profit and loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office furniture.

The Group has recognised Rs. 34.43 million pertaining to 31 March 2025 and Rs. 38.08 million pertaining to 31 March 2024 in respect of short term leases entered into by the Group.





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iv) The table below describes the nature of the Group's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised in consolidated balance sheet:

Right of use asset	31 Mar	31 March 2025		
	No. of right of use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)	No. of right of use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)
Office building	70	1-5	37	2-6
Warehouse facilities	8	1-4	8	2-3
Experience centre	5	0-6	4	1-7
Vehicles	18	1-5	17	2-4
Land	3	32-75	2	50-76
IT Equipment	2	0.25	2	1-2

v) Maturity of lease liabilities

The lease liabilities are secured by the related underlying assets. Future minimum lease payments were as follows:

31 March 2025		Minimum lease payments due				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
Lease payments	148.80	147.07	133.90	92.96	522.7	

31 March 2024		Minimum lease payments due					
	Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years						
Lease payments	139.66	86.70	61.70	80.18	368.24		

vi) Information about extension and termination options

Right of use assets	Number of leases	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term (in years)	Number of leases with extension option	Number of leases with purchase option	Number of leases with termination option
Office building	70	1-5	3.00	1000	-	70
Warehouse facilities	8	1-4	2.50 -		4	8
Experience centre	5	0-6	2.80	-		5
Vehicles	18	1-5	3.00	-		18
Land	3	32-75	53.50	-		3
IT Equipment	2	0.25	0.25	-		2

31 March 2024

Right of use assets	Number of leases	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term (in years)	Number of leases with extension option	Number of leases with purchase option	Number of leases with termination option
Office building	37	2-6	4.00	-		37
Warehouse facilities	8	2-3	2.50			8
Experience centre	4	1-7	3.80		-	4
Vehicles	17	2-4	3.00	- 4		17
Land	2	50-76	63.00	-		2
IT Equipment	2	1-2	1.50	4.		2





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

6 Capital Work in Progress

	Amount
Gross block	
Balance as at 31 March 2023	1.83
Additions	0.53
Capitalised	4
Balance as at 31 March 2024	2.36
Addition on acquisition of subsidiary (refer note 62)	0.28
Additions	164.35
Capitalised	4
Balance as at 31 March 2025	166.99

(i) Ageing of capital work in progress:

As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	Amou	Amount in capital work in progress for a period of					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years			
Project in progress	164.63	0.53	1.83		166.99		

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Amou	Amount in capital work in progress for a period of					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years			
Project in progress	0.53	1.83		(-	2.30		

- (ii) Capital work in progress, whose completion is overdue or exceeded its cost compared to its original plan: Nil (31 March 2024: Nil)
- (iii) Capital work in progress represents costs incurred on construction/development activities for the Noida property, Kolkata office and assets at manufacturing / assembly facility at Kadapa, Andhra Pradesh (also refer note 57).
- (iv) Refer note 50B for contractual commitments for acquisition of capital work in progress as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.
- (v) The borrowing costs amounting to Rs 3.37 million have been capitalised during the year ended 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: Rs. Nil). The rate used to determine the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation was 8.75%, which is the effective interest rate of the specific borrowing.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

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7 Investment property

Particulars	Non factory Building	Total
Balance as at 31 March 2023	5.36	5.36
Additions		
Disposals	9	
Balance as at 31 March 2024	5.36	5.36
Additions		
Disposals	4.5	-
Balance as at 31 March 2025	5.36	5.36
Accumulated depreciation		
Balance as at 31 March 2023	1.28	1.28
Charge for the year	0.29	0.29
Disposals	The second secon	
Balance as at 31 March 2024	1.57	1.57
Charge for the year	0.25	0.25
Disposals	•	-
Balance as at 31 March 2025	1.82	1.82
Net block as at 31 March 2024	3.79	3.79
Net block as at 31 March 2025	3.54	3.54

(i) Amount recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss for investment property

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Rental income	1.26	1.39
Less: direct operating expenses that generated rental income*		
Less: direct operating expenses that did not generate rental income*		-
Profit from leasing of investment property before depreciation	1.26	1.39
Less: depreciation expense	(0.25)	(0.29)
Profit from leasing of investment property after depreciation	1.01	1.10

^{*}Direct operating expenses attributable to investment property cannot be specifically identified with property, although management does not expect them to be material.

(ii) Fair value of investment property

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Office space at Janki Centre, Andheri, Mumbai	33.05	30.84
Total	33.05	30.84

The Group has appointed a registered valuer in accordance with Rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuer and Valuation) Rules, 2017 for the valuation of investment property. The fair value of investment property has been determined by external, independent property valuers, having appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued. The Company obtains independent valuation for its investment property at least annually and are considered to be a fair representation at which such properties can be sold in an active market. The fair value measurement of the investment property has been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used. Fair value has been determined using combination of market approach and cost approach. The market approach provides an indication of value by comparing the asset with identical or comparable (that is similar) assets for which price information is available whereas cost approach provides an indication of value using the economic principle that a buyer will pay no more for an asset than the cost to obtain an asset of equal utility, whether by purchase or by construction, unless undue time, inconvenience, risk or other factors are involved.

(iii) Contractual obligations

There are no contractual obligations outstanding as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

(iv) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.



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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

8A Intangible Assets

Particulars	Technical know how	Technology Platform	Computer Software	Trademark	Customer Relationship	Total intangible assets (excluding goodwill)	Goodwill	Total intangible assets
						(excluding goodwill)		
Gross block								
Balance as at 31 March 2023			13.59	11.55	41	25.14		25.14
Additions	-	-	1.98		-	1,98	÷.	1.98
Disposals	-	U.	-	2				- 21
Balance as at 31 March 2024	-		15.57	11.55	-	27.12		27.12
Addition on acquisition of subsidiary (refer note 62)	-	-	91	20	63.00	63.00	5,349.51	5,412.51
Additions	53.89	30.66	2.63		-	87.18		87.18
Disposals			-	(-)				
Balance as at 31 March 2025	53.89	30.66	18.20	11.55	63.00	177.30	5,349.51	5,526.81
Accumulated amortisation								
Balance as at 31 March 2023	-	-	8.86	4.95	8	13.81	0	13.81
Charge for the year	-	-	3.91	1.65	91	5.56		5.56
Disposals	-		100	- 2	à-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2024			12.77	6.60		19.37		19.37
Charge for the year	19.09	15.66	2.53	1.65	6.73	45.66	-	45.66
Disposals		7.				-		-
Balance as at 31 March 2025	19.09	15.66	15.30	8.25	6.73	65.03		65.03
Net block as at 31 March 2024	-	-	2.80	4.95		7.75	- 2	7.75
Net block as at 31 March 2025	34.80	15.00	2.90	3.30	56.27	112.27	5,349.51	5,461.78

(i) Contractual obligations

Refer note 50B for contractual commitments for acquisition of intangible assets as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

(ii) Capitalised borrowing costs

No borrowing cost have been capitalised for the year ended 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: Rs Nil).

(iii) Goodwill and Impairment Testing

1. Goodwill Arising on Business Combination

During the current financial year, the Group acquired AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited effective from 18 September 2024 that has been accounted for as business combination in accordance with Ind AS 103 – Business Combinations. As a result of the acquisition, the Group recognised goodwill amounting to Rs. 5,349.51 million in the Consolidated Financial Statements. The goodwill represents the future economic benefits that shall arise from manufacturing / assembly facility that is not capable of being individually identified and separately recognised.

2. Impairment Testing Methodology

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired on business combination is allocated to the Cash Generating Units ("CGU") that are expected to benefit from the business combination. A CGU is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets. The goodwill arising from the acquisition of AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited has been allocated to the subsidiary company as a whole, as a single CGU.

The Group's evaluation of goodwill for impairment involves the comparison of the recoverable value of cash generating unit to its carrying value in accordance with Ind AS 36, Impairment of Assets. The recoverable amount is determined based on the higher of the fair value less cost of disposal or the value in use. Value-in-use is determined by discounting the future cash flows to be generated from the continuing use of the CGU. Key assumptions on which the Group has based its determination of value-in-use include:

(a) Key Assumptions

The following key assumptions were used in estimating the recoverable amounts of CGU:

Particulars	31 March 2025		
(i) Discount rate	16.2		
(ii) Long term growth rate (used for determining terminal value)	5.00%		

- (b) The calculations use cash flow projections over a period of five years based on internal management budgets and estimates.
- (c) Terminal value has been arrived at using fifth year's forecasted cash flows to perpetuity using a constant long-term growth rate. This long-term growth rate takes into consideration external macroeconomic data.
- (d) The discount rates used are based on the Group's weighted average cost of capital of a comparable market participants, which is adjusted for specific risks.

Based on the assessment, the management has concluded that there is no impairment of goodwill in respect of the CGU's. The management believes that any reasonably possible further change in key assumptions on which recoverable amount is based would not cause the carrying amount of the goodwill to exceed its recoverable amount.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

8B Intangible assets under development

Particulars	Intangible assets under development	Total
Balance as at 31 March 2023	63.79	63.79
Additions	90.83	90.83
Capitalised	1.98	1.98
Balance as at 31 March 2024	152.64	152.64
Additions	88.01	88.01
Capitalised	106.05	106.05
Balance as at 31 March 2025	134.60	134.60

(i) Ageing of intangible asset under development:

As on 31 March 2025

Particulars	Amount in	Total			
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years	
Intangible assets under development	88.02	46.58	-		134.60

As on 31 March 2024

Particulars	Amount in	Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 Years			
Intangible assets under development	88.85	22.12	41.67		152.64		

(ii) Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or exceeded its cost compared to its original plan: Nil (31 March 2024: Nil)

(iii) Contractual obligations

(Refer note 50 for contractual commitments for acquisition of intangible assets as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

(iv) Capitalised borrowing costs

There were no borrowing costs capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.



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ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED
CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784
Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

9 Investments	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
9A Investment in equity instrument	No of shares	No of shares	Amount	Amount
Investment in Joint venture accounted for using the equity method Investment -AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited, Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each (also refer note 62 and 63)	-	9,500,000	-	
Total				
9B Others Investments				
Quoted Investments				
Investment in equity instruments measured at fair value through profit & loss				
Tamilnad Mercantile Bank Limited, Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	12,525	12,525	5.15	6.08
Total			5.15	6.08
Total			5.15	6.08
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof			5.15	6.08
			5.15	6.08
10 Other financial assets (non-current)			As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Fixed deposit with remaining maturity of more than 12 months*			65.74	20.39
Security deposits (carried at amortised cost)			53,63	26.20
Annual Park Contract			119.37	46.59

*includes deposits aggregating to Rs. 65.65 million (31 March 2024; Rs. 20.30 million) held as margin money and Rs. 0.09 million (31 March 2024; Rs 0.09 million) pledged with government authorities

11 Deferred tax assets (net)	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) on account of :-		
Allowance for expected credit losses/ doubtful balances	476.74	14.49
Employee benefits	54.76	17.14
Warranty provision	31.09	26.70
Lease liabilities	111.91	77.58
Other temporary differences	43,16	16.21
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets	(71.07)	3,82
Right of use assets	(106.75)	(74.83)
Fair value adjustment on business combination	(355.54)	-
Investment carried at FVTPL	(1.30)	(1.53)
	183.00	79.58

(i) Movement in deferred tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	Acquisition of Subsidiary (refer note 62)	Recognised/ (reversed) through profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2025
Assets/(Liabilities)		1 1			
Allowance for expected credit losses/ doubtful balances	14.49	445.46	16.79	(A)	476.74
Employee benefits	17.14	1.26	35.42	0.97	54.76
Lease liabilities	77.58	8	34.33	-	111.91
Warranty provision	26.70		4.39	· ·	31.09
Other temporary differences	16.22		26.94		43.16
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets	3.82	(85.27)	10.38	1.21	(71.07
Right of use assets	(74.84)		(31.91)	8	(106.75
Fair value adjustment on business combination	(c)		(355,54)		(355.54
Investment carried at FVTPL	(1.53)	-	0.23		(1.30
Total	79.58	361.45	(258.97)	0.97	183.00

Particulars	As at 1 April 2023	Acquisition of Subsidiary (refer note 62)	Recognised/ reversed through profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2024
Assets/(Liabilities)					100
Allowance for expected credit losses/ doubtful balances	14.49	750			14.49
Employee benefits	10.66	190	1.45	5.03	17.14
Lease liabilities	43.46		34.12		77.58
Warranty provision	23.92	140	2.78	(9)	26,70
Other temporary differences	16.18	19.	0.04	181	16.22
Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets	0.28	10 (20)	3.54	l è l	3.82
Right of use assets	(41.17)		(33.67)	2	(74.84)
Investment carried at FVTPL	(1.28)		(0.25)		(1.53)
Total	66.54	4	8.00	5.03	79.58





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

12 Income tax assets (net)

Advance tax paid (net of provision for taxation)

13 Other Non-current Assets

Capital advances

Amounts paid under protest with statutory authorities

As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
29.44	8.03
29.44	8.03

As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
26.73	- 9
124.80	111.23
151.53	111.25

14 Inventories

(Valued at lower of cost or net realisable value, unless otherwise stated)

Raw Materials

Work in progress

Traded goods and Finished Goods

Others

As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
2,512.13	-
300.76	
5,802.76	5,040.82
89.68	51,23
9 705 33	5 092 05

Notes

(i) Inventories of traded goods include goods in transit amounting to Rs. 159.50 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 44.47 million)
(ii) Inventories are net off of Rs. 329.44 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 208.69 million) representing write down of inventories to net realisable value, as assessed by the management.

(ii) Raw materials includes raw material in transit Rs. 1,346.77 million (31 March 2024 : Rs. Nil) (iv) Refer note 62 for inventory acquired on business combination.

15 Trade receivables

Secured, considered good

Unsecured - considered good - from others

- considered good - from related parties

- which have significant increase in credit risk

Provision for doubtful debts

Less: Allowance for expected credit loss Total

As at	As at
31 March 2025	31 March 2024
10,398.88	7,363.75
1.93	2.26
112.98	28.82
10,513.79	7,394.83
121,20	52.13
10,392.59	7,342.70

Ageing schedule As at 31 March 2025

Particulars Unbilled di	Unbilled dues		Outstan	ding for following pe	riods from due da	te of payment		Total
		Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	1.08	5,895.06	4,143.81	251.33	92.30	- 10.77	6,46	10,400.81
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk		-		-	2.37	-	*	2.37
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired		-	-	2				
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good	51			- 40	-	1.5		
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	1.5	0.08	8.08	6.39	65,99	17.53	12,54	110.61
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	543	- 4			-	-		· ·
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	.541				-	14		(121.20)
Total	1.08	5,895.14	4,151.89	257.72	160.66	28.30	19.00	10,392.59

Ageing schedule

Particulars	Unbilled dues	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total	
		Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good		3,351.54	3,733.83	223.49	47.15	8.19	1.81	7,366.01
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	•	-			1			
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired			+	+	-			
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good		-		3	7	100	*	
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit tisk	1	1	0.17	0.33	4.98	3.37	19.97	28.82
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired				12				
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debrs	-		No.	12-11	3461			(52.13)
Total		3,351.54	3,734.00	223.82	52.13	11.56	21.78	7,342.70





ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

16 Cash and cash equivalents	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Balances with banks		
In current accounts	24.83	2.14
In cash credit account	2.06	7.09
Cash in hand	1.49	1.17
Cheques in hand	1,257.88	77.82
Fixed deposits with original marurity of less than three months	73.05	306.45
	1,359.31	394.67
17 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Earmarked balances	0.08	
Fixed deposit with original maturity of more than three months and upto twelve months*	459.27	311.69
	459.35	311.69

"includes fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 458.62 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 511.69 million) held as margin money with bank as collaterals and Rs. 0.65 million (34 March 2024: Rs Nil) pledged with government authorities

18 Loans	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
(Unsecured good) Loans to related parties (refer note 46 and note 62)*		82.52
some to stated parties (test into to and into only		82.52
*Loan was repayable within 1 year and carried interest rate of 11% p.a.	-	

Details of loans given, inter corporate given, investments made and guarantee given covered u/s 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Name of party	Business relationship	Purpose of loan	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited	Joint venture company	General corporate purpose	-	82.5

19 Other financial assets	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Security deposit	3.09	2.55
Vendor claim receivable	948.21	587.71
Fixed deposits with remaining maturity upto 12 months*	525.63	872.44
Incentive from Andhra Peadesh Government (refer note 58)	7.83	
Other receivable from customers	479.49	351.78
	1,964.25	1,814.48

*includes deposits aggregating to Rs. 524.51 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 670.29 million) held as margin money and deposits aggregating to Rs. 1,20 million (31 March 2024: Rs 0.11 million) pledged with government authorities

20 Other current assets	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Prepaid expenses	49.30	30.56
Balances with statutory authorities	284.30	134.11
Advance to employees	5.00	3.24
Advances to vendors	116.90	37.24
Initial public offer related transaction costs *	85.32	- × .
Right to Rerum asset	137.07	88.92
Other recoverable**		
Considered doubtful	30,89	30.89
Less: Allowance for impairment (net)	(30.89)	(30.89)
	677.89	294.07

*As at 31 March 2025, the Holding Company has incurred an expenditure of Rs. 85.52 million (31 March 2024: Nil) rowards proposed initial public offer which has been classified as other current financial assets. The Holding Company expects to recover certain amount from existing shareholders (as per the arrangement) and balance amount would be adjusted against securines premium account, in accordance with section 52 of the Companies Act 2015, upon the shares being issued.

**During the financial year 2015- 16, the Holding Company had reported an instance of misappropriation of funds/ current assets by certain employees and accordingly, a provision amounting to Rs. 30.89 million (31 March 2024; Rs. 6.95 million) from the alleged perpetrators is being carried as as 31 March 2025. A criminal complaint and recovery suit was filed in relation to the said matter and the criminal complaint is pending before District Court, Suraipur and the recovery proceedings are pending before the Honourable High Court of Delhi, for disposal.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025-

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

21 Equity Share capital

Authorized Share Capital (refer note (f) below)

Equity share of Rs. 1 each (31 March 2024: Rs. 10 each) with voting rights

Issued, subscribed and fully paid up

Equity share capital of nominal value of Rs 1 each (31 March 2024: Rs. 10 each)

a. Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Balance at the beginning of the year Increase on account of split of nominal value of equity shares during the year (refer note (f) below)

some or county states during the year (refer note (r) below)
Issued during the year (refer note 62)
Balance at the end of the year

b. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Holding Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 1 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Holding Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors in any financial year is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except interim dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Holding Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining asserts of the Holding Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. The equity shares be transferable subject to the provisions contained in the Articles of Association and in the agreements entered/ to be entered into with the investors/ shareholders from time to time.

c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Holding Company Name of the equity shareholder

Hari Shanker Khemka Rishi Khemka Aditya Khemka Dixon Technologies (India) Limited

	CI.	As a	
31 Mar	ch 2025	31 March	The second secon
Number	% shareholding	Number	% shareholding
1,97,19,150	17.96%	3,94,385	19.24%
1,47,16,649	13.40%	3,89,500	19.00%
6,11,14,850	55.66%	12,22,209	59.62%
73,05,805	6.65%	211	

As at 31 March 2025

As at 31 March 2025

Amou

Number

15,00,00,000

15,00,00,000

10 98 05 805

10,98,05,805

Number

20,50,000

2,05,00,000

8,20,00,000

10,98,05,805

73,05,805

As at 31 March 2024

As at 31 March 2024

Amount

Amo

50.50

20.50

20,50

20.50

20.50

Number

Number

50,50,000

50,50,000

20.50.000

20,50,000

20,50,000

20,50,000

150.00

150,00

109.81

109.81

20.50

20.50

82.00

109.81

7.31

As per the records of the Holding Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders/ members regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership

d. Shareholding of promoters* As at 31 March 2025

	Shares held by promoters at the end of the year (nominal value of Rs. 1 each)				
S. No.	Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	the year	
1	Hari Shanker Khemka	1,97,19,250	17.96%	-1.28%	
2	Aditya Khemka	6,11,14,950	55.66%	-3.97%	
3	Rishi Khemka	1,47,16,749	13.40%	-5.60%	
- 4	Ananmay Khemka	9,25,400	0.84%	-0,06%	
Total		9,64,76,349	87.86%		

	Shares held by promoter group at the end of the year (nominal value of Rs. 1 each)			
S. No.	Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	the year
1	Hari Shanker Khemka (HUF)	7,80,350	0.71%	-0.05%
2	Aditya Khemka (HUF)	21,050	0.02%	0.00%
3	Sharddha Khemka	4,64,000	0.42%	100.00%
4	Ruchi Khemka	47,58,251	4.33%	100.00%
Total		60,23,651	5.49%	

Ac at 21 March 2024

Shares held by promoters at the end of the year (nominal value of Rs. 10 each)				% of change during
S. No.	Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	the year
1	Hari Shanker Khemka	3,94,385	19.24%	0.00%
2	Aditva Khemka	12,22,299	59.62%	0.00%
3	Rishi Khemka	3,89,500	19.00%	0.00%
4	Ananmay Khemka	18,500	0.90%	100.00%
Total		20,24,684	98.76%	

	Shares held by promoter group at the end of the year (nominal value of Rs. 10 each)				
S. No.	Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	the year	
1	Hari Shanker Khemka (HUF)	15,607	0.76%	0.00%	
2	Aditya Khemka (HUF)	421	0.02%	0.00%	
Total		16,028	0.78%		

^{*} Promoter here means promoter as defined under the Companies Act, 2013.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

e. Buy back of shares

c. Buy back of snares

During the earlier year, the Board of directors in its meeting held on 04 January 2023, had approved a proposal of buyback of 450,000 Equity shares (representing 18% of total paid up Equity shares capital of the Holding Company) at price of Rs. 1,443/- (Indian Rupees One Thousand Four Hundred Foury-three only) per Equity shares which opened on 23 February 2023, for fifteen days and settlement of buyback offer date was 24 February 2023. Accordingly, the Holding Company had bought back and extinguished a total of 450,000 Equity shares at a buyback price of Rs. 1,443/- (Indian Rupees One thousand four hundred forty-three only) per Equity share. The buyback resulted in a Cash outflow of Rs. 800.62 million plus buyback as amount Rs. 151.27 million under section 1150A of the Income Tax Act 1961. Other than the above buy back of shares during the previous year, the Group has not undertaken any buy back of shares transaction during the fast five years immediately preceeding the current year.

E The Board of Directors of the Holding Company at its meeting held on 12 June 2024 approved the following:
(a) Increase in the authorised share capital from existing 5,050,000 equity shares to 15,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each, which was subsequently approved by the shareholders through ordinary resolution passed in their Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 17 June 2024;

(6) Sub-division of the existing authorised share capital of the Company from 15,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each into 150,000,000 equity shares of Re. 1 each and existing paid- up capital from 2,050,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each into 150,000,000 equity shares of Re. 1 each, which was approved by the shareholders through an ordinary resolution passed in their Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 17 June 2024;
(c) For sub-division of the existing authorised and issued share capital as above, the Board had approved the bonus issue of four new equity shares for every one share held on record date, which was subsequently approved by the shareholders through an ordinary General Meeting held on 17 June 2024. Consequently decompany allotted 82,000,000 equity shares of Rs. 1 each by way of bonus issue to its shareholders in the ratio of 1:4 on 17 June 2034. The Holding Company utilised capital redemption reserve of Rs. 4.50 million and general reserve of Rs. 77.50 million for issue of bonus shares, as per section 63 of the Companies Act, 2013.

g. Agreement dated September 27, 2024 ("Inter-se Agreement"), entered amongst Aditya Khemka, Shradha Khemka, Ananmay Khemka, Aditya Khemka (HUF), Hari Khemka Business Family Trust, Aditya Khemka Business Family Trust, Hari Shanker Khemka, Hari Shanker Khemka (HUF), Rishi Khemka, Ruchi Khemka and ARK Business Frosperity Trust (collectively, "Parties")

The Parties have executed the Inter-se Agreement to record certain inter-se rights and obligations of the Company and other related matters, including, (i) appointment of Aditya Khemka as authorised representative to exercise any and all rights to participate and vote on behalf of each of the other Parties; (ii) right to f Aditya Khemka to nominate directors on the Board and on the board of absidiary) joint ventures in which the Company has a right to nominate board or directors, subject to certain conditions mentioned in the Inter-se Agreement; (iii) certain transfer related rights, including tog along rights with respect to Equity Shares that are proposed to be transferred to third parties by either of the Parties from the date of listing of the Equity Shares on the recognised Stock Exchange until the completion of the lock-in as defined in the Inter-se Agreement; and (iv) an understanding between the parties in relation to any sale of shares until listing.

The Company is not a party to the Inter-se Agreement and the same shall terminate automatically upon either by way of the munual written consent of Aditya Khemka and Rishi Khemka or when either Hari Shanker Khemka or certain of the other Parties cease to hold any Equity Shares in the Company.

Subsequent to the year- end, in terms of the Inter-se Agreement, the individual Promoters, Hari Shanker Khemka, Aditya Khemka and Rishi Khemka transferred 19,719,150 Equity Shares of face value of Rs.1 each to Hari Khemka Business Family Trust, 100 Equity Shares of face value of Rs.1 each to Aditya Khemka Business Family Trust and 100 Equity Shares of face value of Rs.1 each to ARK Business Prosperity Trust, respectively on 23 April 2025.

(This space has been intentionally left blank)





CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784 Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

22 Other equity	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Foreign exchange translation reserve		
Opening balance	3.78	4.41
Add: Addition/ (deletion) during the year	0.38	(0.63)
Less: Deletion during the year	-	Joseph
Closing balance (A)	4.16	3.78
Chosing Datatice (cs)	4.10	3.10
Capital reserve		
Opening balance	0.06	0.06
Less: Deletion during the year		
Closing balance (B)	0.06	0.06
	\	
General reserve		
Opening balance	170.42	170.42
Add: Addition during the year	and a second	
Less: Bonus share issued (refer note 21(f))	(77.50)	
Closing balance (C)	92.92	170.42
Capital Redemption Reserve		
Opening balance	4.50	4.50
Add: Addition during the year		-
Less: Bonus share issued (refer note 21(f))	(4.50)	-
Closing balance (D)		4.50
Security Premium Reserve		
Opening balance		
Add: Addition during the year (refer note 62)	2,479.01	
Closing balance (E)	2,479.01	
Salarie (L)	2,477.02	
Shared based payment reserve		
Opening balance		+1
Add: Addition during the year (refer note 49)	117.85	10 -
Closing balance (D)	117.85	-11
Retained earnings		
Opening balance	4,042.83	2,916.05
Add: Profit for the year	3,513.69	1,151.72
Add: Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax impact)	(3.66)	(14.94)
Less: Dividend paid during the year (refer note 51)	(180.00)	(10.00)
Closing balance (E)	7,372.86	4,042.83
Total (A+B+C+D+E)	10,066.86	4,221.59

Nature and purpose of reserves

General reserve

Ochiesa reserve

It represents appropriation of profits of the Group and is available for distribution as dividend and issue of bonus shares as per Companies Acr, 2013. During the current year, the Holding Company utilised the capital redemption reserve for issuance of bonus shares as per provision of Section 63 of the Companies Acr. 2013.

Capital Reserve

It is not available for distribution to the shareholders.

Foreign currency translation reserve

Foreign currency translation reserve represents exchange differences on translation of foreign operations which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings is used to record balance of consolidated statement of profit and loss and other equity adjustments.

Capital Redemption Reserve

The same has been created in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to buy-back of equity shares. During the current year, the Holding Company utilised the capital redemption reserve for issuance of bonus shares as per provision of Section 63 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Share Based Payment Reserve

The share based payment reserve represent the expense recognised at fair value on the grant date, on issue of employee stock options to the employees of the Group.

Security Premium Reserve

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.





CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784
Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

23. Borrowings	Non	-current	Current maturities	
	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Secured				
Term loans				
Indian rupee loan from banks*	126.32	237.55	225.13	132.50
Vehicle loans				
Indian rupee loan from banks	23.57	42.61	19.04	18,20
Indian rupee loan from financial institutions	4	-		1.52
Deferred payment liability				
Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation Ltd. (APIIC)	Y	-	38.00	
	149.89	280,16	282.23	142.22
Amount disclosed under Short-term borrowings as "Current maturities of long-term borrowings" under note 26	÷	4	282.23	142.22
	149.89	280.16		

23A. Details of Borrowings

Particulars	Interest rate	Type of asset secured	Terms of repayments
Term loans Tamilnad Mercantile Bank loan-I Rs.Nil million, Current Maturity Rs. 62.50 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 62.55 million, Current Maturity Rs. 62.50 million)	8.25%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Noida and Mumbai; collateral in form of bank fixed deposits and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company.	Repayable in 48 monthly installments commencing from April 2022
Tamilnad Mercantile Bank loan-II Rs. 115.07 million, Current Maturity Rs. 60.00 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 175 million, Current Maturity Rs.60 million) million)	8.25%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Noida and Mumbai; collateral in form of bank fixed deposits and personal guarantee of the Promoters who are directors in the Company.	Repayable in 48 monthly installments commencing from March 2024
Axis Bank Ioan -I Rs. 11.25 million, Current Maturity Rs. 84.00 million (31 March 2024: Rs Nil, Current Maturity Rs Nil.)	8,75%	Secured by charge on immoveable property at Plor No 12 A, Sector 135, Noida, Uttar Pradesh	Repayable in 65 monthly installments commencing from 28 February 2025
Axís Bank -subsidiary company Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 18:38 million (31 March 2024: Rs Nil, Current Maturity Rs Nil.)	8.75%	Exclusive Charge on machinery purchased out of proceeds from term loan. First pari passu charge on moveable fixed assets other than those exclusively charge to other lenders	Repayable in 10 monthly instalments from April 202 to January 2026.
Vehicle loans			
Axis Bank- vehicle loan-II Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 8.11 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 8.11 million, Current Maturity Rs. 8.17 million)	8.50%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased.	Repayable in 36 monthly installments commencing from February 2023
Axis Bank- vehicle loan-III Rs 820 million, Current Maturity Rs. 331 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 11.52 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.04 million)	8.70%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased.	Repayable in 60 monthly installments commencing from June 2023
Axis Bank- vehicle loan-IV Rs. 12-62 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.79 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 16.40 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.48 million)	8.80%	Exclusive change on underlying vehicle purchased	Repayable in 60 monthly installments commencing from February 2024
HDFC Banks vehicle loan-1 Rs. 2.75 million, Current Maturity Rs. 3.83 million (31 March 2024: Rs.6-58 million, Current Maturity Rs.3.51 million)	8.80%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased.	Repayable in 39 monthly installments commencing from September 2023
Daimler Financial Services Private Limited-vehicle loan Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. Nil (31 March 2024: Rs. Nil, Current Maturity Rs. 1.52 million)	7.40%	Exclusive charge on underlying vehicle purchased.	Repayable in 36 monthly installments commencing from September 2021

ii) Deferred payment liability
On 16 July 2022, the subsidiary company entered into an agreement with APIIC (Andhra Pradesh Industrial Infrastructure Corporation) for a land comprising of 4 sheds, located at Plot No. 65A in YSR, EMC, Kopparthy. The initial lease term of 10 years which can be extended upto 99 years, and the total land area measures 30,966.63 square meters for an allotment value of Rs. 202.12 million against which the subsidiary company made an upfront payment of Rs. 101.60 million is to be paid over a period of 3 years starting and last instalment to be paid in financial year 2025-26 and the interest is being levied at 7% p.a.of the allotment price. For deferred payment liability, no assets have been pledged or mortgaged against the deferred payment allowed by the authority.

Year wise details of repayment is given as below:

Financial year	As at 31 March 2025
2025-26	38.06
	38.06





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

23B. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The changes in the Company's liabilities arising from financing activities can be classified as follows:

The changes in the Company's liabilities arising from briancing activities can be classified as follows:	The state of the s		
Particulars Balance as at 31 March 2023	Long term borrowings*	Short term borrowings	Supplier's Credit ^a
	575.21	3,520.79	
Cash flows:			
- Proceeds	49.42	17,426.24	_
- Repayment	(197.08)	(17,328.69)	-
- Interest accured on borrowings		8.64	- V
Non cash adjustments/ movements**			
Balance as at 31 March 2024	427.55	3,626.98	*
Addition on account of acquisition of subsidiary (refer note 62)	62.43		
Cash flows:			
- Proceeds	131.34	22,041.83	520.52
- Repayment	(189.46)	(21,985.30)	
Non cash adjustments/ movements**		12,82	
Balance as at 31 March 2025	431.86	3,696.33	520.52

*Long term borrowings include current maturities of long term borrowings

** Includes accrued interest

^Represents net proceeds, outstanding as at balance sheet date. Also, refer note 26.

For changes in lease liability, refer note 5 (b)

23.C Subsequent to year end, Holding Company's credit rating for its borrowing facilities was revised from CARE A-Stable and CARE A2 to CARE BBB+ Stable and CARE A2 respectively. In terms of the sanction letters, the Group could be liable for additional interest in case of downward revision of credit rating, however, till date, no such interest has been charged/ demanded by the respective lenders. As per management, the adjustment in this regard is not expected to be material, requiring any adjustment in these consolidated financial statements and further, the management has assessed this event to be non-adjusting event for financial year 2024-25.

24. Other Financial Liabilities

24. Other Financial Liabilities		
	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Non Current		
Capital creditors	76.03	
	76.03	
25 Provisions- non-current		
	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity (refer note 48)	27.50	13.12
Compensated absences	40.76	31.77
Other provisions		
Provision for warranty (also refer note 30)	56.68	44.55
	124.94	89.44
26 Current borrowings	As at	As at
20 Cantell Bollowings	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Secured		
Current maturities of long term debts (refer note 23)	282 23	142.22
Working capital demand loan [refer note (ii) below]	3,682.82	3,618.34
	3,965.05	3,760.56
Unsecured		
Loan from related parties [refer note (iii) below]*	13.50	13.80

Terms and conditions of short-term borrowings

*includes interest accrued amounting to Rs. Nil million (31 March 2024; Rs.0.30 million)

(i) The Group has availed cash credit facilities from banks that are repayable on demand. (also refer note 45B). However, such facilities remain undrawn as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

(ii) The Group has availed working capital demand toans from banks aggregating to Rs. 3,682.82 million (31 March 2024; Rs. 3,618.34 million) carrying interest rates ranging from 7.50% -8.60% that are repayable on demand

(iii) Unsecured loans from Related Parties

Particulars

Interest rate
Type of asset secured
Terms of repayments

Inter-corporate deposits
10.00%
Unsecured
Repayable on demand as per the munual agreements between the parties

27 Supplier's credit

Supplier's credit

Total

	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2025
		520.52
-		520.52

13.50

3,978.55

13.80

3,774.36

Supplier's credit represents the arrangement where suppliers of goods and services are initially paid by A.TReDS Limited and settlement with the A.TReDS Limited is normally effected within a period of 90 days.





ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784 Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

28 Trade payables

Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note (i) below)

Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises

As at	As at
31 March 2025	31 March 2024
237.04	79.99
13,190.26	5,922.31
13,427,30	6,002,30

(i) Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act, 2006"):

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
i) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year	237.04	79.99
ii) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	0.05	0.03
iii) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act;		
iv) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and	0.47	0.05
v) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act. 2006	0.47	0.05

(ii) Ageing disclosure:

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Micro, small and medium enterprises	229.54	7.38	-	-		236.92
(ii) Others	3,459.82	8,654.84	86.19	0.34	1.75	12,202.94
(ii) Disputed dues – MSME		0.06	0.06	(4-)	THE RESERVE	0.12
(iv) Disputed dues - Others				× 1		-
(v) Unbilled	987.32			2		987.32
Total	4,676,68	8,662,28	86.25	0.34	1.75	13,427.30

(ii) Ageing disclosure: As at 31 March 2024:

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Micro, small and medium enterprises	65.76	14.23	3-3	-	-	79.99
(ii) Others	2,430.48	3,431.90	5.41	0.50	1.20	5,869.49
(ii) Disputed dues - MSME					-	
(iv) Disputed dues - Others			-	-		-
(v) Unbilled	52.82		2.10	-	-	52.82
Total	2,549.06	3,446.13	5.41	0.50	1.20	6,002.30

29 Other Financial liabilities-current

	As at 31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Security deposits	0.54	1.10
Payable to employees	224.93	121.36
Derivative contracts fair valued through profit or loss	39.91	
Other liability- customer refund*	157.10	105.86
Book overdraft (also refer note 45)	1,423.56	927.03
Other payable		1.73
Capital creditors	103.84	2.86
Other acceptances	136.91	200,02
	2,086.79	1,359.96

^{*}A refund liability is the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from the customer and is measured at the amount the Group ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Group updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period

Provision for employee benefit
Granuity (refer note 48)
Compensated absences
Other provisions

Provision for warranty

30 Provisions - current

As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
18.60	16.01
8.57	7.18
66.85	61.54
94.02	84.73

Movement in provision for warranty

Opening balance Provision created during the year Provision utilised during the year Closing balance

As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
106.09	95.04
78.08	67.85
(61.54)	(56.80)
123.53	106.09

Provision for warranty

Non-current Current

As at	As at
31 March 2025	31 March 2024
56.68	44.55
66.85	61.54
123.53	106.09





ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED
CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784
Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

31 Current tax liabilities (net)

in for income tax

Provision for income tax (net of advance tax)

32 Other current liabilities

Contract liability (Refer not 33(i)) Advance from customers Deferred revenue Statutory dues payable - TDS and TCS payable - GST payable - Others

As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
115.06	26.07
115.06	26.07

As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	100
97.26	16.05
11.64	3
71.66	66.74
362.17	147.08
8,22	44.54
550.95	274.41

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CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

	For the year ended	For the year ended
33 Revenue from operations	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Sale of goods-security and surveillance equipments and components	31,073.97	27,798.60
Service revenue	35.00	17.32
our records.	31,108.97	27,815.92
Other operating revenue		
Business support services	2.78	6.00
Sale of Scrap	3.89	8
Technical training services	3.08	2.34
	9.75	8.34
	31,118.72	27,824.26
(i) Assets and liabilities related to contract with customers:		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Contract liabilities (refer note 32)		
Advance from customers	97.26	16.05
Deferred revenue	11.64	-
	1.08	
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15)	1.08	7,342.70
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15)		7,342.70
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities		
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities	10,392.59	As a
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars	10,392.59 As at	As a 31 March 2024
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars Right to return asset (refer note 20)	10,392.59 As at 31 March 2025	As a 31 March 2024 88.92
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars Right to return asset (refer note 20) Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (refer note 29) (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115:	10,392.59 As at 31 March 2025 137.07 157.10	As a 31 March 2024 88.92 105.86
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars Right to return asset (refer note 20) Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (refer note 29) (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115:	10,392.59 As at 31 March 2025 137.07	As a 31 March 2024 88.92 105.86 For the year ended
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars Right to return asset (refer note 20) Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (refer note 29) (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service	10,392.59 As at 31 March 2025 137.07 157.10 For the year ended 31 March 2025	As a 31 March 2024 88.92 105.86 For the year ender 31 March 2024
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars Right to return asset (refer note 20) Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (refer note 29) (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods	As at 31 March 2025 137.07 157.10 For the year ended 31 March 2025 31,073.97	As a 31 March 202 88.92 105.86 For the year ender 31 March 202 27,798.60
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars Right to return asset (refer note 20) Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (refer note 29) (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services	As at 31 March 2025 137.07 157.10 For the year ended 31 March 2025 31,073.97 35.00	As a 31 March 2024 88.92 105.86 For the year ender 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars Right to return asset (refer note 20) Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (refer note 29) (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue	As at 31 March 2025 137.07 157.10 For the year ended 31 March 2025 31,073.97 35.00 9.75	As a 31 March 2024 88.92 105.86 For the year ender 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32 8.34
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars Right to return asset (refer note 20) Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (refer note 29) (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers	As at 31 March 2025 137.07 157.10 For the year ended 31 March 2025 31,073.97 35.00 9.75 31,118.72	As a 31 March 2024 88.92 105.86 For the year ender 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32 8.34 27,824.26
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars Right to return asset (refer note 20) Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (refer note 29) (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India	As at 31 March 2025 137.07 157.10 For the year ended 31 March 2025 31,073.97 35.00 9.75 31,118.72 31,018.61	As a 31 March 2024 88.92 105.86 For the year ender 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32 8.34 27,824.26 27,737.20
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars Right to return asset (refer note 20) Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (refer note 29) (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India Outside India	As at 31 March 2025 137.07 157.10 For the year ended 31 March 2025 31,073.97 35.00 9.75 31,118.72 31,018.61 100.11	As a 31 March 2024 88.92 105.86 For the year endec 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32 8.34 27,824.26 27,737.20 87.06
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars Right to return asset (refer note 20) Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (refer note 29) (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India Outside India	As at 31 March 2025 137.07 157.10 For the year ended 31 March 2025 31,073.97 35.00 9.75 31,118.72 31,018.61	As a 31 March 2024 88.92 105.86 For the year ender 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32 8.34 27,824.26 27,737.20 87.06
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars Right to return asset (refer note 20) Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (refer note 29) (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India Outside India Total revenue from contract with customers	As at 31 March 2025 137.07 157.10 For the year ended 31 March 2025 31,073.97 35.00 9.75 31,118.72 31,018.61 100.11	As a 31 March 2024 88.92 105.86 For the year endec 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32 8.34 27,824.26 27,737.20 87.06
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars Right to return asset (refer note 20) Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (refer note 29) (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India Outside India Total revenue from contract with customers Timing of revenue recognition	As at 31 March 2025 137.07 157.10 For the year ended 31 March 2025 31,073.97 35.00 9.75 31,118.72 31,018.61 100.11	As a 31 March 2024 88.92 105.86 For the year ender 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32 8.34 27,824.26 27,737.20 87.06 27,824.26
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars Right to return asset (refer note 20) Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (refer note 29) (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India Outside India	As at 31 March 2025 137.07 157.10 For the year ended 31 March 2025 31,073.97 35.00 9.75 31,118.72 31,018.61 100.11 31,118.72	As a 31 March 2024 88.92 105.86 For the year endec 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32 8.34 27,824.26 27,737.20 87.06 27,824.26
Unbilled revenue for passage of time (refer note 15) Trade receivables (refer note 15) (ii) Right to return assets and refund liabilities Particulars Right to return asset (refer note 20) Refund liabilities arising from rights of return (refer note 29) (iii) Disaggregated revenue information under Ind AS 115: Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India Outside India Total revenue from contract with customers Timing of revenue recognition Goods transferred at a point in time Services transferred at a point in time Services transferred over the period of time	As at 31 March 2025 137.07 157.10 For the year ended 31 March 2025 31,073.97 35.00 9.75 31,118.72 31,018.61 100.11 31,118.72	As a 31 March 2024 88.92 105.86 For the year ender 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32 8.34 27,824.26 27,737.20 87.06 27,824.26
Disaggregation by Type of goods/service Sale of goods Sale of services Other operating revenue Total revenue from contract with customers India Outside India Total revenue from contract with customers Timing of revenue recognition Goods transferred at a point in time	As at 31 March 2025 137.07 157.10 For the year ended 31 March 2025 31,073.97 35.00 9.75 31,118.72 31,018.61 100.11 31,118.72 31,073.97 21.98	As a 31 March 2024 88.92 105.86 For the year ended 31 March 2024 27,798.60 17.32

(iv) Performance obligation

The Group's primary performance obligation under contract with customers for sale of goods and services is satisfied as the goods are delivered/ control is transferred to the customers and services are rendered.

(v)	Reconciliation of	transaction	price to	revenue	from	contract	with customers	é.
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Particulars			For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Contract price	NANDION	(A)	36,066.27	30,456.47
Rebates/ discounts	(R	(B)	4,947.55	2,632.21
Net revenue recognised	May E	(C=A-B)	31,118.72	27,824.26







CIN: U74899DL1995PLC066784

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

34 Other income	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Interest income:	-	
on bank deposits	93.12	104.98
- loan given (refer note 46)	4.11	2.91
Unwinding of discount on security deposits	2.67	1,55
Dividend income	0.11	0.06
Provisions/Liabilities no longer required written back	0.61	6,25
Gain on currency fluctuation and translation (other than considered as finance cost)(net)	2.99	9.07
Rental income	3.14	4.22
Gain on investment measured at FVTPL		0.98
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	0.03	2.02
Gain on extinguishment and modification of lease [refer note 5(c)(i)]	0.55	1.82
Miscellaneous income	2.91	1.48
	110.54	135.34
35 Cost of materials consumed	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Inventory at the beginning of the year		
Add: On acquisition of subsidiary (refer note 62)	2,502.87	4
Add: Purchases	7,047.56	£1
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	2,512.13	4
	7,038.30	
36 Purchase of Stock -in -trade	For the year ended	For the year ended
50 I dichase of Stock -III -trade	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Purchase of products and components	18,031.57	22,698.63
	18,031.57	22,698.63
37 Changes in inventories of finished goods, Stock-in-trade and work-in-progress	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Inventory at the beginning of the year	5,040.82	5,061.59
Add: On acquisition of subsidiary (refer note 62)	417.27	
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	(6,103.52)	(5,040.82)
A STATE OF S	(645.43)	20.77





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

38 Employee benefits expense

Salaries, wages and bonus Contribution to provident and other funds Gratuity expense (refer note 48) Share based payment expense (refer note 49) Staff welfare expenses

39 Finance costs

Interest expense

-Credit facilities/loans from banks

-Withholding tax and goods and service tax

-Delayed payment of income tax

-Loan from related parties (refer note 46)

-Supplier's credit

-Others

Other finance and bank charges

Interest on lease liability (refer note 5)

Less:Amount transferred to Capital work in progress (refer note 6)

40 Depreciation and amortization expense

Depreciation and amortization expense (refer note 4 and 8A) Depreciation on right- of- use assets (refer note 5) Depreciation on investment property (refer note 7)



For the year ended	For the year ended
31 March 2024	31 March 2025
1,253.69	1,818.37
38.00	50.69
10.85	19.49
	117.85
36.03	26.86
1,338.57	2,033.26
For the year ended	For the year ended
31 March 2024	31 March 2025
260.74	345.49
0.16	0.43
3.95	8.29
7.74	1,35
-	15.02
0.65	2.66
9.79	12.01
26.06	36.24
309.09	421.49
21	(3.37)
309.09	418.12
For the year ended	For the year ended
31 March 202	31 March 2025
50.30	163.95
106.54	147.03
0.29	0.25
157.13	311.23



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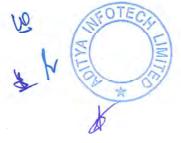
Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

	For the year ended	For the year ended
41 Other expenses	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Rent (also refer note 5)	35.34	39.08
Rates and taxes	30.07	3.16
Insurance	35.98	28.99
Travelling and conveyance expenses	130.88	88.28
Legal and professional expenses	73.54	74.51
Fees and subscription	28.67	19.34
Telephone and internet charges	10.26	7.78
Payment to auditors*	9.18	5.92
Electricity and water expenses	54.30	10.98
Repair and maintenance-building	9.59	6.42
Repair and maintenance- others	29.05	29.39
Advertisement and business promotion expenses	922.00	656.21
Freight, cartage and handling charges	234.45	201.51
Product service and warranty expenses	148.39	94.52
Charity and donation	0.78	0.83
Corporate social responsibility expenses (also refer note 52)	30.00	19.65
Loss on sale/write off of property, plant and equipment (net)	2.05	2.11
Warehouse handling charges	66.73	59.74
Technical testing and certification fees	45.10	31.59
Web and IT Services	115.71	55.45
Allowance for expected credit losses	69.07	0.20
Balances written off	5.27	7.56
Vendor and logistic support	8.01	
Recruitment expenses	8.07	5.23
Office maintenance	0.16	-
Vehicle running and maintenance	5.70	5.93
Printing and stationery	9.35	8.98
Security expenses	11.03	2.89
Training expenses	6.78	5.41
Postage and courier charges	1.58	1.07
Loss on investment measured at fair value through profit or loss	0.94	2
Director's Sitting Fees (refer note 46)	2.49	0.73
E- waste management (also refer note 50C)	4.79	7.06
Miscellaneous expenses	42.38	58.65
	2,187.69	1,536.86

*Excludes remuneration for services in connection with the Initial Public Offering (IPO), including reimbursement of expenses, amounted to Rs. 11.45 million during the year ended 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: Nil) that has been included in the "Initial public offer related transcation costs" under "Other current assets".





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

42 Exceptional items	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Gain on account of fair valuation of previously held equity interest in joint venture (refer note 62)	(2,486.30)	
Share in loss of joint venture (refere note 63)		294.50
Insurance claim received related to loss of stock		(42.14)
	(2,486.30)	252.36
43 Income tax	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Tax expense comprises of:	all a second	5000
Current tax expense	569.67	506.93
Deferred tax expense/(credit) (refer note 11)	258.97	(8.00)
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)	(1.51)	(4.46)
Income tax expense reported in the consolidated statement of profit and loss	827.13	494.47
The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expected tax expense based on the domestic e 25.168%) and the reported tax expense in consolidated statement of profit or loss are as follows:	effective tax rate of the Group at	25.168% (31 March 2024:
Accounting profit before income tax	4,340.82	1,646.19
At India's statutory income tax rate of 25.168% (31 March 2024: 25.168%)	1,092.50	414.31
The second of th	13072.00	111101
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
Difference in depreciation charged as per Income-tax Act, 1961 vis-à-vis depreciation as per books of accounts	9.62	3.13
Employee benefits	16.59	2.92
Expenses never allowed under Income- tax Act, 1961	7.67	6.16
Fair value adjustment on business combination, at lower rate	(270.21)	2.
Earlier years tax adjustments (net)	(1.51)	(4.46)
Others items disallowed/(allowed) under Income-tax Act, 1961	(27.53)	72.41
Income tax expense	827.13	494.47
WWW. Inc. of Co.		
44 Earnings per share	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Holding Company (Rs.in million)	3,513.69	1,151.72
Number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year (nominal value of equity		
share- Rs. 10 each) (31 March 2024: Rs. 10 each)	2,050,000	2,050,000
Effect of share split of 1 equity share of face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 equity shares of face value of Rs. 1 each (also refer note 21(f))*	20,500,000	20,500,000
Effect of bonus share issued (also refer note 21(f))*	82,000,000	82,000,000
Equity share issued during the year	7,305,805	- 3
Adjusted/Revised number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	109,805,805	102,500,000
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year for computing basic earnings per shares	106,403,101	102,500,000
Effect of dilutive potential equity shares	1,044	
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year for computing diluted earnings per shares	106,404,145	102,500,000
Basic earnings per share (in Rs.) (nominal value of equity share- Rs. 1 each) (31 March 2024: Rs. 1 each)*#	33.02	11.24
Diluted earnings per share (in Rs.) (nominal value of equity share- Rs. 1 each) (31 March 2024; Rs. 1 each)*#	33.02	11.24
*In accordance with provisions of Ind AS 33- Earnings per share		
The state of the s		

^{*}In accordance with provisions of Ind AS 33- Earnings per share

[&]quot;Also refer note 21(f)



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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

45 Financial instruments

i) Financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amounts of financial instruments by category are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
inancial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	Carrying value	Carrying value	
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss			
Investments	5.15	6.08	
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss			
Derivative contracts	39.91	12	

Financial assets and labilities measured at amortised cost

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025 Carrying value	As at 31 March 2024 Carrying value
Financial assets*		
Trade receivables	10,392.59	7,342.70
Cash and cash equivalents	1,359.31	394.67
Other bank balances	459.35	311.69
Loans		82.52
Other financial assets	2,083.63	1,861.07
Total financial assets	14,294.88	9,992.65
Financial liabilities*		
Borrowings	4,128.44	4,054.52
Lease liabilities	444.66	308.24
Supplier's credit	520.52	
Trade payables	13,427.30	6,002.30
Other financial liabilities	2,122.91	1,359.96
Total financial liabilities	20,643.83	11,725.02

^{*}There are no financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

ii) Fair value hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in the consolidated financial statements and are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments.

Level 2: Directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and

Level 3: Inputs which are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). The input factors considered are Estimated cash flows and other assumptions.

Fair value of instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss

Fair value of instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss for which fair value is disclosed is as follows, these fair values are calculated using Level 1 and 2 inputs:

Particulars	Fair value	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
Financial assets	hierarchy	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Investments	Level 1	5.15	5.15	6.08	6.08
Financial liabilities					
Derivative contracts	Level 2	39.91	39.91	34.01	*1

Significant inputs used in Level 2 fair value of derivatives measured at FVTPL is marked to market value as on balance sheet date of such derivative transaction.

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost for which fair value is disclosed is as follows, these fair values are calculated using Level 1 and 2 inputs:

Particulars	As at 31 Ma	rch 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
	Carrying value*	Fair value	Carrying value*	Fair value
Financial assets			7 (24)	
Trade receivables	10,392.59	10,392.59	7,342.70	7,342.70
Cash and cash equivalents	1,359.31	1,359.31	394.67	394.67
Other bank balances	459.35	459.35	311.69	311.69
Loans	~		82.52	82.52
Other financial assets	2,083.63	2,083.63	1,861.07	1,861.07
Total financial assets	14,294.88	14,294.88	9,992.65	9,992.65
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	4,128.44	4,128.44	4,054.52	4,054.52
Lease liabilities	444.66	444.66	308.24	308.24
Supplier's credit	520.52	520.52		-
Trade payables	13,427.30	13,427.30	6,002.30	6,002.30
Other financial liabilities	2,122.91	2,122.91	1,359.96	1,359.96
Total financial liabilities	20,643.83	20,643.83	11,725.02	11,725.02

^{*}Carrying value of these financial assets and financial liabilities represents the best estimated values.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Financial risk management

The Group's activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Group's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the consolidated financial statements.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, loans and other financial assets measured at amortised cost	Ageing analysis	Diversification of bank deposits and regular monitoring
Liquidity risk	Borrowings, lease liabilities and other financial liabilities	Cash flow forecasts	Availability of funds and credit facilities.
Market risk - foreign exchange	Future commercial transactions Recognised financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian rupee (INR)	Cash flow forecasting Sensitivity analysis	Forward foreign exchange contracts

A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial asset fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each financial asset. The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure. The Group monitors its exposure to credit risk on an ongoing basis.

a) Credit risk management

i) Credit risk rating

The Group assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets. The Group assigns the following credit ratings to each class of financial assets based on the assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

- A: Low credit risk
- B: Moderate credit risk
- C: High credit risk

The Group provides for expected credit loss based on the following

Asset groups	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other bank balances, loans and other financial assets	Life time expected credit loss

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Group. The Group continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. Recoveries made are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Credit rating	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other bank balances, loans and other financial assets	14,294.88	9,992.65

Cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances

Credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits is managed by only diversifying bank deposits and accounts in different banks. Credit risk is considered low because the Group deals with reputed banks.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers. The Group monitors the economic environment in which it operates. The Group manages its credit risk through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring credit worthiness of the customers to which the Group grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Group has also obtained debtor insurance upto Rs. 800.00 million (31 March 2024; Rs. 500 million) to cover its risks of bad debts. The Group also uses an expected credit loss model to assess the impairment loss on such receivables. The Group uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables. The provision matrix takes into account available internal credit risk factors such as the Group's historical experience for customers.

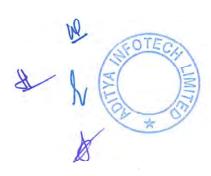
Loans and other financial assets

Loans and other financial assets measured at amortized cost includes security deposits and other receivables. Credit risk related to these financial assets is managed by monitoring the recoverability of such amounts continuously. Credit risk is considered low because the Group is in possession of the underlying asset except for loan given to joint venture company. Further, the Group creates provision by assessing individual financial asset for expectation of any credit loss basis expected credit loss model.

ii) Concentration of financial assets

The Group carries on the business of manufacturing / assembly and sale of security and surveillance equipments and related activities. Loans and other financial assets represents deposits given for business purposes and other receivables arising in normal course of operations.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

b) Credit risk exposure

i) Provision for expected credit losses

The Group provides for 12 month expected credit losses for following financial assets:

As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	1,359.31		1,359.31
Other bank balances	459.35		459.35
Loans			15 .
Investments	5.15	14	5.15
Trade receivables	10,513.79	(121.20)	10,392.59
Other financial assets	2,083.63		2,083.63

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	394.67	P+	394.67
Other bank balances	311.69		311.69
Loans	82.52	3	82.52
Investments	6.08		6.08
Trade receivables	7,394.83	(52.13)	7,342.70
Other financial assets	1,861.07	200	1,861.07

Reconciliation of expected credit loss for other financials asset and trade receivables:

Reconciliation of loss allowance	Trade receivables	Investments	Lonas
Loss allowance on 31 March 2023	52.13		-
Allowance for expected credit loss (net)	1.5	-	-
Loss allowance on 31 March 2024	52.13		-
Allowance for expected credit loss (net)	69.07		
Loss allowance on 31 March 2025	121.20		

B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Further, the Group manages its liquidity risk in a manner so as to meet its normal financial obligations without any significant delay or stress. Such risk is managed through ensuring operational cash flow while at the same time maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalents position. The management has arranged for diversified funding sources and adopted a policy of managing assets with liquidity in mind and monitoring future cash flows and liquidity on a regular basis. Surplus funds not immediately required are invested in certain financial assets which provide flexibility to liquidate at short notice such as fixed deposits with Bank etc.

The Group has developed appropriate internal control systems and contingency plans for managing liquidity risk. This incorporates an assessment of expected cash flows and availability of alternative sources for additional funding, if required.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity proupings based on their contractual maturities.

31 March 2025	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Borrowings	3,978.55	149.89		4,128.44
Supplier's credit	520.52	*		520.52
Trade payable	13,427.30	10.5	-	13,427.30
Other financial liabilities	2,046.89	76.03		2,122.92
Total	19,973.26	225.92		20,199.18

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities.

31 March 2024	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Borrowings	3,774.36	280.16	100	4,054.52
Trade payable	6,002.30	4	12.1	6,002.30
Other financial liabilities	1,359.96	- 4	2	1,359.96
Total	11,136.62	280.16		11,416.78

The Group had access to following funding facilities:

Funding facilities	Total facility	Drawn	Undrawn*
As at 31 March 2025	5,390.00	3,907.50	1,482.50
As at 31 March 2024	4,840.00	3,570.34	1,269.66

As at 31 March 2025, the Holding Company had made payment through issuance of cheques drawn on cash credit accounts, to various vendors aggregating to Rs. 1,423.51 million (31 March 2024; Rs.927.03 million) in the normal course of business (that got cleared subsequent to the yearend), against the undrawn facility of Rs. 1,482.50 million (31 March 2024; Rs. 1,269.66 million) available to the Holding Company. Such amounts have been presented as 'Book overdraft' under note 29.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates - will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

a) Liabilities

The Group has been availing the borrowings on a floating rate of interest based on bank MCLR. These borrowings are carried at amortised cost. The borrowings on a fixed rate of interest basis are not subject to the interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor future cash flows will fluctuate because of change in market interest rates. The borrowings on a variable rate of interest are subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107.

Sensitivity of profit and loss due to change in interest rate with respect to variable rate borrowings:

	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 Marc	h 2024
	0.5% increase	0.5% decrease	0.5% increase	0.5% decrease
Impact on statement of profit and loss	(20.01)	20.01	(22.50)	(22.50)

The Group's fixed deposits are carried at amortised cost and are fixed rate deposits. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency).

Particulars of unhedged foreign currency exposures as at the reporting date:

		As at 31	March 2025	As at 31 M	March 2024
Particulars	Currency Symbol	Amount in foreign currency (in	Amount	Amount in foreign currency	Amount
		millions)	(in Rs. millions)	(in millions)	(in Rs. millions)
(i) Receivable/Loans/or any other FC asset					
United States Dollar	USD	0.34	29.11	0.10	8.03
Total		0.34	29.11	0.10	8.03
(ii) Payable/Borrowings/or any other FC liability					
United States Dollar	USD	7.96	681.04	0.91	75.92
Singapore Dollar	SGD			0.01	0.31
Japan Currency	JPY	185.10	105.05		- C
Total		193.06	786.09	0.92	76.23

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Group's profit before tax/equity is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities. Sensitivity due to unhedged foreign exchange exposures is as follows:

Particulars	Currency Symbol		As at 31 Ma	irch 2025	As at 31 March	1 2024
			3% increase	3% decrease	3% increase	3% decrease
(i) Receivable/Loans,	or any other FC asset					
United States Dollar	W. Calmard Ch. I.	USD	0.87	(0.87)	0.24	(0.24)
Total			0.87	(0.87)	0.24	(0.24)
Particulars	Currency Symbol		As at 31 Ma	arch 2025	As at 31 March	h 2024
			3% decrease	3% increase	3% decrease	3% increase
(ii) Payable/Borrowin	ngs/or any other FC liabili	ty	4.5	7.74		
United States Dollar		USD	20.43	(20.43)	2.28	(2.28)
Singapore Dollar		SGD		-	0.01	(0.01)
Japan Currency		JPY	3.15	(3.15)		-
Total			23.58	(23.58)	2.29	(2.29)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	USD	Rs.	USD	Rs.
Hedging on account of underlying exposure				
Hedged (in millions)	54.70	4,681.30	0.68	56.68
Unhedged - Open Exposure (in millions)	7.96	681.04	0.92	76.23

Foreign exchange derivatives contracts at the year end:	_
	Upto 6 months
As at 31 March 2025	
Foreign exchange forward contracts (highly probable forecast purchases)	
Notional amount (USD) (in millions)	
Average forward rate	
As at 31 March 2024	
Foreign exchange forward contracts (highly probable forecast purchases)	
Notional amount (USD) (in millions)	
Average forward rate	



Maturity

More than 6 months



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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

46 Related party transactions

In accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 24, 'Related Party Disclosures', the names of the related party where control exists/able to exercise significant influence along with the transactions and year-end balances with them as identified and certified by the management are given below:

a) Details of related parties:

Description of relationship	Names of related parties
Subsidiary Company	Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.
	AII. Dixon Technologies Private Limited (w.e.f 18 September 2024)
Joint Venture Company	AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited (upto 17 September 2024)
Key management personnel (KMP)	
Chairman	Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka
Managing Director	Mr. Aditya Khemka
Executive Director	Mr. Ananmay Khemka (w.e.f. 23 September 2024)
Independent Director	Ms. Ritu Khurana (till 01 November 2023)
Independent Director	Mr. Abhishek Dalmia(till 29 March 2025)
Independent Director	Ms. Ambika Sharma (w.e.f. 01 November 2023)
Independent Director	Mr. Manish Sharma (w.e.f. 01 November 2023)
Independent Director	Mr. Chetan Kajaria (w.e.f. 10 September 2024)
Independent Director	Mr. Himanshu Baid (w.e.f. 18 March 2025)
Non Executive Director	Mr. Atul Behari Lall (w.e.f. 12 September 2024)
Chief Financial Officer	Mr. Yogesh Sharma (w.e.f. 24 May 2024)
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	Ms. Roshni Tandon (w.e.f. 24 May 2024)
Relative of Key management personnel	Mr. Rishi Khemka (Son of Mr. Hari Shanker Khemka)
Relative of Key management personnel	Mr. Ananmay Khemka (Son of Mr. Aditya Khemka) (till 22 September 2024)
Relative of Key management personnel	Mrs. Shradha Khemka (Wife of Mr. Aditya Khemka)
Enterprises having common KMPs/ in which KMPs are interested	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.
	ARK Tech Innovation Pvt Ltd
	Aditya Security & Safety LLP
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP
	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust
	YPO Delhi Chapter
	YPO Gurgaon Chapter (w.e.f. 06 July 2023)
	Aditya Colonizers LLP



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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

articula	ars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
(i)	Sale of goods		
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	1.39	0.07
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd. (upto 17 September 2024)**	0.71	0.62
(ii)	Business support services provided to		
()	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd. (upto 17 September 2024)**	2.78	6.00
(iii)	Purchase of goods		
(111)	All. Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd. (upto 17 September 2024)**	5,709.53	11,986.93
(iv)	Repayment of loan		
6.7	Hari Shanker Khemka		12.50
	Aditya Khemka		10.00
	Rishi Khemka	5	300.00
	Nou Sicha	111 31	300.00
(v)	Electricity and water charges paid/ payable (reimbursed)		
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	0.43	0.98
(vi)	Loan given to		
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd. (upto 17 September 2024)**	- 1	80.00
(vii)	Remuneration (short term benefits)*		
	Hari Shanker Khemka	41.23	34.8
	Aditya Khemka	220.48	188.3
	Ananmay Khemka	8.72	6.99
	Mr. Yogesh Sharma (w.e.f. 24 May 2024)	16.50	The state of the s
	Ms. Roshni Tandon (w.e.f. 24 May 2024)	6.09	7
(viii)	Interest on loan taken		
	Hari Shanker Khemka	¥ 1	0.7
	Aditya Khemka		0.63
	Rishi Khemka		4.90
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	1.35	1.3
(ix)	Rent expense paid/ payable		
7.5	Aditya Khemka	7.50	7,5
	Hari Shankar Khemka	6.88	7.5
	Shradha Khemka	0.63	4
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	5.45	1.5
(x)	Rental income		
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	1,13	2.4
	Aditya Safety & Security LLP	0.09	0.1
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	0.18	0.1
	ARK Tech Innovation Pvt Ltd	0.15	-
(si)	Electricity and water charges paid/ payable		
	ARK Infosolution Pvt. Ltd.	1.68	0.2
(xii)	Professional charges paid/ payable		
-	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	1.80	1.8

^{*} Does not include provision made for gratuity and compensated absences, as the same is determined for the Group as a whole

^{**} Also refer note 62





ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED
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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025
(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

articula	rs	For the year ended For the ye 31 March 2025	
(xiii)	CSR Contribution		
, ,	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust	29.70	19.65
(xiv)	Donation Paid		
	Seth Parmanand Khemka Charitable Trust	0.58	0.30
(xv)	Membership and subscription charges paid/ payable		
	YPO Delhi Chapter	0.20	1.65
	YPO Gurgaon Chapter	0.20	1.00
(xvi)	Dividend paid		
	Hari Shanker Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	36.00	2.00
	Aditya Khemka (along with Hari Shanker Khemka HUF)	107.36	5.90
	Rishi Khemka	34.20	1.90
	Shradha Khemka	0.81	0.0
	Ananmay Khemka	1.63	0.0
(xvii)	Advertisement and business promotion expenses		
	YPO Delhi Chapter	0.65	0.0
(xviii)	Interest Income on loan		
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt, Ltd. (upto 17 September 2024)**	4.10	2.9.
(xix)	Sale of Leasehold Land and PPE		
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	- 1	119.74
(xx)	Director Sitting Fees		
	Abhishek Dalmia	0.74	0.2
	Ambika Sharma	0.77	0.1
	Manish Sharma	0.88	0.1
	Ritu Khurana		0.20
	Chetan Kajaria	0.10	
(xxi)	Job work charges paid/ payable		
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd. (upto 17 September 2024)**	68.48	0.3

^{**} Also refer note 62





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

b) Outstanding balances at the year end

articul	ars.	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
(i)	Trade Payables		
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	0.29	
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt Ltd.**	11	399.3
(ii)	Trade Receivables		
	ARK Infosolution Pvt Ltd.	1.46	
	ARK Tech Innovation Pvt Ltd.	0.03	4
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.**	-	2.2
(iii)	Borrowings		
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	13.50	13,5
(iv)	Interest Payable		
	Trend Setter Promoters LLP	2	0.3
(v)	Remuneration Payable		
	Hari Shanker Khemka	1.76	- 0.0
	Aditya Khemka	22.04	13,1
	Ananmay Khemka	0.35	0.2
	Yogesh Sharma	1.65	è
	Roshni Tandon	0.48	1.2
(vi)	Loan to group companies (including accrued interest)		
	AIL Dixon Technologies Pvt. Ltd.**		82.5

^{**} Also refer note 62

(c) Terms and conditions with related parties

All transactions with related parties are made on the terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and within the ordinary course of business. Outstanding balances at respective year ends are unsecured and settlement is generally done in cash.

(d) The Group has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken as at each reporting date.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

47 Capital management

The Group's capital includes issued share capital and all other distributable reserves. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maximise shareholder value and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Group has both long and short term borrowings.

Group's gearing ratio is:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Long term borrowings	149.89	280.16
Short term borrowings (including current maturities of long term borrowings)	3,978.55	3,774.36
Supplier's credit	520.52	7
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(1,359.31)	(394.67
Net debt (a)*	3,289.65	3,659.85
Total Equity (b)	10,176.67	4,242,09
Equity and net debt $(c = (a) + (b))$	13,466.32	7,901.94
Gearing Ratio ($d = a/c$)	0.24	0.46

*Excluding the impact of book overdaft (refer note 45B)

48 Employee benefits

The Group has adopted Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) - 19 for Employee Benefit as under:

Defined contribution plans

Defined contribution towards employee's provident fund and employee's state insurance. The Group has contributed Rs. 50.69 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 38.00 million) during the year ended 31 March 2025 as contribution towards these schemes.

Defined benefit plans

Gratuity (unfunded)

The Group has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee is entitled to gratuity as per the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The liability of Gratuity is recognized on the basis of actuarial valuation.

Salary increases	Actual salary increases will increase the plan's liability. Increase in salary increase rate assumption in future valuations will also increase the liability.	
Discount rate	Reduction in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the plan's liability.	
Mortality & disability Actual deaths and disability cases proving lower or higher than assumed in the valuation can impact the liabilities.		
Withdrawals	Actual withdrawals proving higher or lower than assumed withdrawals and change of withdrawal rates at subsequent valuations can impact plan's liability.	

mised in the balance sheet:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
Present value of the obligation	130.95	104.75	
Fair value of plan assets	84.85	75.62	
Net liability/(prepaid assets)	46.10	29.13	

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024	
Actuarial loss recognised during the year	4.63	19.9	

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Current service cost	17.84	11.61
Past service cost		(1.33)
Interest cost (net)	1.65	0.57
Cost recognised during the year	19.49	10.85





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated) Movement in the liability recognised in the balance sheet is as

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	104.75	74.41
Acquisition of Subsidiary (refer note 62)	3.29	
Current service cost	17.84	11.61
Past service cost	0.0	(1.33
Interest cost	7.29	5.48
Actuarial (gain)/loss net		
Actuarial loss on arising from change in demographic assumption	(1.36)	5.52
Actuarial loss on arising from change in financial assumption	4,42	11.84
Actuarial loss on arising from experience adjustment	1.20	2.23
Benefits paid	(6.49)	(5.01
Present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	130.94	104.75

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Present value of plan value assets at the beginning of the year	75.62	60.94
Transfer in/(out) plan assets	(0.15)	0.16
Interest income	5.64	4.91
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in	(0.37)	(0.38
Contributions by Employer	10.29	15.00
Benefits paid	(6.18)	(5.01)
Present value of plan value assets at the end of the year	84.85	75.62

The Group expects to make a contribution of Rs. 20.76 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 16.01 million) to the defined benefit plans during the next financial year.

For determination of the liability of the Group, the following actuarial assumptions were used:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Discount rate	6.60%to 6.93%	7.20%	
Salary escalation rate	6.00% to 10.00%	10.00%	
Withdrawal rate			
Less than 30 years	3.00% to 14.00%	11.00%	
From 30 to less 44 years	2.00% to 14.00%	11.00%	
44 years and above	1.00% to 14.00%	11.00%	
Weighted average duration of PBO (in years)	6.17	7.44	

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Weighted Average Duration (Years) as at valuation date-Holding company	6.17 years	7.44 years
Weighted Average Duration (Years) as at valuation date- subsidiary company	20.22 years	
The Expected maturity analysis of discounted defined benefit liability is as follows:		
The Expected maturity analysis of discounted defined benefit liability is as follows:		
Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Particulars Within next 1 year	31 March 2025 14.83	31 March 2024 9.97
Particulars		
Particulars Within next 1 year	14.83	9.97

Sensitivity analysis for gratuity liability:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	130.95	104.75
a) Impact of the change in discount rate		
Impact due to increase of 0.5 %	-2.89%	-3.38%
Impact due to decrease of 0.5 %	3.05%	3.60%
b) Impact of the change in salary increase		
Impact due to increase of 0.5 %	2.08%	2.36%
Impact due to decrease of 0.5 %	-2.13%	-2.419
b) Impact of the change in withdrawal rate		
Impact due to increase of 10 %	-0.84%	-0.419
Impact due to decrease of 10 %	-0.85%	0.36%

Sensitivities due to mortality is not material. Hence impact of change is not calculated.

Sensitivities as to rate of inflation, rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement and life expectancy are not applicable being a lump sum benefit on retirement.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

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49 Employees Stock Options Schemes

The Holding Company formulated the "Aditya Infotech Ltd. ESOP Scheme 2024" which was duly approved by the shareholders vide their special resolution dated on 17 June 2024.

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee of Company, during the year ended 31 March 2025.

(a) approved the grant of 2,591,200 stock options to the eligible employees at an exercise price of Rs. 292.68 per option, on 17 June 2024.

(b) approved the grant of 63,359 stock options to the eligible employees at an exercise price of Rs. 292.68 per option, on 18 March 2025.

The above stock options shall vest over a period of 4 years from the date of grant and are exercisable within a period of 4 years from the date of yesting.

Set out below is a summary of options granted under the plan:

Grant date

Particulars	17 June 2024 18 March	2025
	Aditya Infotech Ltd. ESOP Schem	e 2024
Total options granted under the scheme (nos.)	2,591,200	63,360
Vesting period and percentage	Over a period of four Over a period years years	
Vesting Date	17 June each year, commencing 17 June 2025 18 March eac commencing 1 2026 2026	18 March
Exercise price	292.68	292.68
Weighted average exercise prices (WAEP)	292.68	292.68
Exercise period	4 years from date of 4 years from Vesting Vesting	
Outstanding options at the beginning of the year (nos.)	A	
Options granted during the year (nos.)	2,591,200	63,360
Options vested during the year (nos.)*	11,950	4.1
Options exercised during the year (nos.)		46.0
Options lapsed/cancelled (nos.)	48,150	1,140
Outstanding options at the end of the year (nos.)	2,531,100	62,220
Exercisable options at the end of the year (nos.)	11,950	- 5

^{*}Options vested during the year represents options immediately vested on death of employee during the year as per stock option plan

The vesting of options granted to eligible employee(s) is conditional upon fulfillment of performance criteria by the Employee and/or any team or group of which he is a part and/or of the Group, as may be determined by the Committee.

The Group has recognized share based payment expense of Rs 117.85 million (31 March, 2024: Nil) during the year as proportionate cost.

Particulars	31 March 2025
Expense arising from equity-settled share-based payment transactions	117.85

The value of option has been determined by an independent valuer. The following assumptions were used for calculation of fair value of options in accordance with Black Scholes Model:

Particulars	1st Vesting	2nd Vesting	3rd Vesting	4th Vesting
Vesting Date	17 June 2025	17 June 2026	17 June 2027	17 June 2028
Risk free interest rate (%)	6.64%	6.65%	6.66%	6.67%
Expected Life (In years)	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00
Expected volatility (%)	50.00%	50.00%	55.00%	55.00%
Dividend yield	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%	0.07%

Particulars	1st Vesting	2nd Vesting	3rd Vesting	4th Vesting
Vesting Date	18 March 2026	18 March 2027	18 March 2028	18 March 2029
Risk free interest rate (%)	6.28%	6,29%	6.31%	6.33%
Expected Life (In years)	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00
Expected volatility (%)	50.09%	50.71%	51.76%	52.98%
Dividend yield	0.30%	0.30%	0.30%	0.30%

The expected price volatility is based on the historic volatility (based on the remaining life of the options), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility due to publicly available information.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

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50 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

A. Contingent liabilities

(i) Inlan	d bank	guarante	ees	
(ii)Bond	given	to custon	n department under AEO	

31 March 2025	31 March 2024
59.89	50.17
750.00	
809,89	50.17

(ii) Income-tax matters

(a)An Income Tax survey under section 135 A of Income- tax Act, 1961 was carried out at the Holding Company's premises on 18 February 2019. During the course of the survey, the tax officials raised certain concerns and insisted on declaration of additional income amounting to Rs. 403.82 million. The Holding Company's Board of Directors considered all the points raised by the survey team and were of the considered view that no additional income needs to be offered to tax as the actual income for the said assessment year has been correctly /duly accounted for in the books of accounts.

The Assessment proceedings for the said assessment year have got concluded by the Assessing Officer ("AO"), who vide order dated 30 September 2021 has raised tax demand of Rs.189.59 million (31 March 2024; Rs.189.59 million) and has also initiated penalty proceedings. The Holding Company has contested the said order before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) wherein the Holding Company has contended that the AO has erred both on facts and in law, in making the additions, ignoring the settled position of law that the statements recorded during the course of survey has no evidentary value and cannot be regarded as conclusive evidence and that the AO has made additions without bringing on record any contrary evidence in respect of the submissions made by the Holding Company. The Holding Company had deposited Rs. 38.00 million, under protest and the appeal in the matter is currently pending disposal. During the previous year 2022-23, the Company received an order u/s 154 dated 09 May 2022 taising the demand of Rs. 7.80 million on account of wrong calculation of interest u/s 234D in the order dated 30 September 2021. Further, during the financial year 2023-24, rejoinder to remand report has been filed on 16 June 2023, however, the final hearing before Commisioner of Income Tax (Appeals) is yet to be fixed. Subsequent to year end, again rejoinder to remand report dated 15 January 2025 has been filed on 25 April 2025, final hearing before Commisioner of Income Tax (Appeals) is yet to be fixed.

Based on inputs by tax experts, the management believes that the chances of any liability devolving on the Group in the above matter is not probable and accordingly, no adjustment is currently-necessary in these consolidated financial statements at this stage.

(iii) Indirect tax matters		
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(a) VAT matters		
Demands raised under respective VAT Acts	2.70	12.19
Amounts paid under protest	0.77	1.02
S. 100 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(b) GST matters*		
Demands raised under GST regulations (other than matters under*)	346.53	4.95
Amounts paid under protest	0.81	0.49
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(c) Customs matters		
Demands raised under Customs Act	145.52	26.89
Amounts paid under protest	69.16	1.65

Based on inputs by tax experts, the management believes that the chances of any liability devolving on the Group in the above matters is not probable and accordingly, no adjustment is currently necessary in these consolidated financial statements at this stage.

*The Holding Company has received multiple show cause notices from Goods and Services Tax ("GST") authorities of the State of Tamil Nadu, Rajasthan in relation to dues under the Goods and Services Tax Regulations (both Central and State Goods and Service Tax Acts and Rules thereunder), aggregating to Rs.7.23 million for the financial years 2023-2024 to 2024-2025, on account of difference in ITC claimed as per Form GSTR-3B vs ITC appearing in GSTR-2A, difference between turnover reported in GSTR 1 and GSTR 3B etc.

The Holding Company has already filed appropriate replies against the above show cause notices, against which the authorities are yet to respond. As assessed by the management, issues raised in the above notices are arbitrary in nature and the management believes that the likelihood of any liability devolving on the Group is not probable and hence, no adjustment is considered necessary in these consolidated financial statements at this stage.

(iv) Claims by customers (alongwith interest) in the normal course of business may be payable as and when the outcome of the related matters are finally determined. Management based on the legal inputs and historic trends, believes that no material liability will devolve on the Group, in respect of such matters.

B. Commitments

Estimated amount of contract remaining to be executed on capital and other commitments not provided for (net of advances) is Rs. 855.50 million (31 March 2024; Rs. 613.90 million). Apart from above mentioned amount, certain purchase orders issued to suppliers are for open quantities, during the normal course of business.

C. E- waste (Management)

Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change has issued E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2022, as amended ("E-waste Rules"), which requires the producers to obtain and implement extended producer responsibility targets as per Schedule III and Schedule IV of the said Rules. Basis management's internal assessment of E-waste rules, management believes that the Holding Company has an obligation to fulfil the Extended Producer Responsibility targets, only if it is a participant in the market during a financial year. The obligation for the financial year are measured based on sales made in the preceding years.

During the current year, as per the directions given by Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB), the Holding Company has fulfilled its obligation for the current financial year. Basis management assessment and in accordance with Appendix B of Ind AS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets', the Group will have an e-waste obligation for future years, only if it participates in the market in such years.





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

51 Dividend

(a) The Holding Company's Board of Directors at their meeting held on 02 August 2024 recommended dividend on equity shares @ Rs. 1.76 per equity share for the financial year 2025-24 that was approved by the shareholders in their Annual General Meeting held on 13 August 2024. The total outgo as dividend to the shareholders during the year amounted to Rs. 180 million.

(b)The Holding Company's Board of Directors at their meeting held on 02 July 2025 have proposed final dividend on equity shares @ Rs. 1.64 per equity share for the financial year 2024-25 (total outgo being Rs. 180 million), subject to approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

52 Corporate Social Responsibility

	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Amount required to be spent by the Group during the year	30.00	19.44
Amount of expenditure incurred	6.36	19,65
Shortfall at the end of the year	23.64	a specie
Total of previous years shortfall		
Details of related party transactions	Refer Note 46	Refer Note 46

Nature of CSR activities includes donation to education institutions, hospitals etc. through a related party. Such activities are covered under eligible CSR activities under Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

As per the Companies (Amendment) Act, 2019 effective 22 January 2021, the Holding Company is required to transfer unspent CSR amount within a period of six months from the end of the financial year to a special account to be opened by the Holding Company in that behalf for that financial year in any scheduled bank to be called the unspent corporate social responsibility account. Subsequent the year-end, the Holding Company has deposited Rs. 4.00 million and Rs. 19.64 million in a separate bank account on 24 April 2025 and 28 April 2025 respectively.

53 Segment information

The Group has unly one operating segment and is primarily engaged in the business of manufacturing / assembly and trading of security and surveillance equipments. Accordingly, the figures appearing in these consolidated financial statements relate to the Group's single operating segment. The Board of Directors consider manufacturing / assembly and trading of security and surveillance equipments and related activities as the main business of the Group. Accordingly, there are no other separate reportable segments in terms of Ind AS 108 on 'Operating Segments'.

(a) There are no major customers having revenue of more than 10% of the reportable segment.

(b) Information about geographical areas: The Group sale goods and provides services to customers which are domiciled in India as well as outside India. The amount of revenue from external customers broken down by the location of the customers is as follows:

	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Attributed to the Holding Company's country of domicile, India	31,018.61	27,737,20
Attributed to foreign countries	100.11	87.06
	31,118.72	27,824.26

54 Other disclosures

The Code on Social Security, 2020 (Code) relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment, received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India, however, the date on which the Code will come into effect is yet to be notified and final rules/ interpretation are yet to be issued. The Group will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code and the rules thereon becomes effective.

55 Details of assets pledged

The carrying values of assets pledged as security against borrowings are as under:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	1,317.95	214.82
Right-of-use assets	162.64	18.47
Investment property	3.54	3.79
Total	1,484.13	237.08
Current assets		
Inventories	5,946.94	5,092.05
Trade receivables	10,360.94	7,342.70
Total	16,307.88	12,434.75

56 Research and development costs

Research and development costs incurred during the year ended 31 March 2025 that have been capitalised, aggregates to Rs. 70.79 million (31 March 2024; Rs. 89.75 million). Research and development costs that were not eligible for capitalisation and have been expensed off during the year ended 31 March 2025, aggregates to Rs. 105.27 million (31 March 2024; Rs. 65.24 million).

57. Pursuant to Transfer Memorandum dated 12 June 2018, the New Okhla Industrial Development Authority ("Noida Authority") transferred the allotment and lease of the land located at 12A, Sector 135, Noida, Uttar Pradesh, that the Holding Company has been carrying as "Right of use Asset" as per Ind AS 116. As per the terms of the transfer memorandum and the lease deed, the Holding Company was required to undertake construction activity/ development activity on the said land within the prescribed timelines. The Noida Authority vide its letter dated 24 March 2022 had granted extension for completion of construction till 31 December 2022. The Noida Authority vide its order dated 11 March 2024 had granted further extension in such timeline upto 31 December 2024. The Holding Company has been in advanced stages of construction and development on the said lease land and has already incurred expenditure of Rs. 139.30 million as at 31 March 2025, that has been presented as "Capital work in progress" in these consolidated financial statements. However, due to factors beyond management control like ban on construction activities in Delhi NCR region as per GRAP-4 guidelines to control pollution etc., as the construction activities could not be completed by the prescribed date, the Holding Company had filed an application on 12 October 2024, requesting for further extension of one year for completion of construction and development activities on the said land, that is currently pending disposal by the Noida Authority.

Based on assessment by a legal expert and taking into consideration the past trends of being granted extensions from the Noida Authority in the matter, the management is confident of receiving the necessary approval and is confident of completing the construction and development activities on the said lease land within the timelines that may be prescribed by the authorities and accordingly, believes that no adjustment is necessary in these consolidated financial statements at this stage.





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58 Incentives from Andhra Pradesh Government

The Government of Andhra Pradesh vide Order No, GO(MS) No. 170 dated 16 December 2016 and GO(MS) No. 37 dated March (13, 2017 has announced certain fiscal incentives to the subsidiary company for setting up industries in the positive first Manufacturing (PMCs) of the Salar

company for setting up industries in the notified Electronics Manufacturing Clusters (EMCs) of the State.

Further, the activities of the group fall under the scheme of Information Technology, Electronics & Communication (Promotions) department 2014-2020, based on the scheme and order passed the Company is eligible for 100% re-imbursement of the Stamp Duty, Transfer Duty and Registration Fee paid on sale/ lease deeds on the first transaction and 50% thereof on the second transaction, trught subsidy, transport subsidy interest subsidy etc.

Movement in the Incentive recoverable from Andhra Prudesh Government is given below:

Particulars	31 March 2025 31 March 2024
Opening Balance	
On acquisition of Subsidiary (refer note 62)	7.83
Add: Incentive recognised during the year	
Less: Amount received during the year	
Closing Balance	7.83

59 Additional regulatory information not disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements

(a) The Group does not have any transactions with struck-off companies under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956 except as mentioned below:

Sr. No.	Name of Struck off Company	Nature of Transactions with Struck-off Company	Balance as at 31 March 2025	Balance as at 31 March 2024	Relationship with Struck off Company, if any
1	Veetech IT Solutions Private Limited	Sale of Goods	-		Not related
2	Buckingham Industries Limited	Sale of Goods	17.60		Not related
3	Informatics E-Tech India Limited	Sale of Goods	0.02	-	Not related
4	Dconi Business Solutions Private Limited	Sale of Goods		Y	Not related

- (b) The Group has not undertaken any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961).
- (c) The Group has not been declared a 'Wilful Defaulter' by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.
- (d) The Group has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- (e) The Group does not have any Benami property and no proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property, under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.

(f) The Group does not have any charge or satisfaction of charge which is ver to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period except as mentioned below:

Description of charge	Location of Registrar	Period by which charge had to be registered	Reason for delay
First charge on land, building and all movable assets located at Plot no 12A, Sector 135, Noida, Uttar Pradesh	ROC Delhi	30 days, from 12 August 2024	The delay in registration of charge is on account of pending disposal o application for extension of lease of Plot no. 12A, Sector 135. Noida, Utta Pradesh by Noida Authority [Also refer note 57]

- (g) The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the current and previous financial year-
- (h) The Group has not advanced or provided loan to or invested funds in any entity(ies) including foreign entities (Intermediaries) or to any other person(s), with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (i) The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall-
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on hehalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (j) The Group has been sanctioned facilities from the banks on the basis of security of current assets. The periodic returns filed by the Group with such banks are in agreement with the books of accounts of the Group.

60A Information about subsidiaries and joint venture

Name of the Company	Relationship with the Holding Company	Nature of busines	Country of incorporation	Proportion of ownership inte	
Subsidiaries				31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Shenzhen CP Plus International Limited	Wholly owned subsidiary	Business Consultancy service	China	100.00%	100.00%
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited*	Wholly owned subsidiary	Manufacturing of goods	India		
Joint Venture					
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited®	Joint venture	Manufacturing of goods	India	50.00%	50.00%

^{*}Also refer note 62





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

60B Summarised financial information for joint venture (also refer note 62)

The table below provides summarised financial information for joint venture that was material to the Holding Company upto 17 September 2024. The information disclosed reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the relevant joint venture and not Aditya Inforech Limited's share of those amounts. They have been amended to reflect adjustments made by the entity when using the equity method, including fair value adjustments made at the time of acquisition and modifications for differences in accounting policies, if any.

Summarised balance sheet

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents		836.20
Other assets	1	4,505.66
Total current assets		5,341.86
Property, plant and equipment	× 1	952.59
Capital work-in-progress		10.97
Right -of-use asset	77	105.91
Other non-current assets	161	20.57
Total non-current assets		1,090.04
Current liabilities		
Financial liabilities		5,480,48
Other liabilities		5.50
Total current liabilities		5,485.98
Non-current liabilities		
Financial liabilities		162.51
Other liabilities		41.91
Total non-current liabilities		204.42
Net assets		741.50

Summarised statement of profit and loss

Particulars	For the period 1 April 2024 to 17 September 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Revenue	6,156.54	12,652.52
Other income	52.06	1.68
Total income	6,208.60	12,654.20
Cost of goods sold	5,634.63	11,761.54
Employee benefits expense	111.43	170.94
Finance costs	13.68	35,04
Depreciation and amortisation	41.88	70.61
Other expenses	260.94	474.55
Profit/(loss) before tax	146.04	141.52
Tax expense	45.09	55.62
Profit for the period / year	100.95	85.90
Other comprehensive income	0.77	(0.42)
Total comprehensive income	101.72	85.48

Reconciliation to carrying amount of investment

Particulars	As at 17 September 2024	31 March 2024
Opening net assets	(971.43)	713.04
Profit/ (loss) for the period / year*	100.95	(1,684.05)
Other comprehensive income	0.77	(0.42)
Closing net assets	(869.71)	(971.43)
Group's share in %	50%	50%
Group's share in Indian Rupees**	2-1	2
Less: Unrealised profit on upstream and downstream transactions**		
Carrying amount		

^{**} Unrecognised share of loss of the Group in the joint venture as at 31 March 2025: Rs. Nil million (31 March 2024 due to fire (also refer note 63)

** Unrecognised share of loss of the Group in the joint venture as at 31 March 2025: Rs. Nil million (31 March 2024: Rs. 590.47 million)





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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

61 Additional disclosure required under Schedule III of the Act of the entities consolidated as subsidiary and joint venture

As at 31 March 2025

Name of the entity	Net assets i.e. total assets minus total liabilities		Share in statement of profit and loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of	Amount	As % of	Amount	As % of Amount Consolidated other comprehensive income Amount (Rs. in million)	Amount	As % of	Amount
	Consolidated net assets	(Rs. in million)	Consolidated profit/(loss) after tax	(Rs. in million)		Consolidated total (Rs. in million) comprehensive income		
Holding Company								
Aditya Infotech Limited	79.53%	8,093.91	38.51%	1,352.95	108.84%	(3.57)	38.44%	1,349.38
Subsidiary								
Foreign								
Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	0.19%	19.31	0.02%	0.79	-11.59%	0.38	0.03%	1.17
Indian					+			
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited (also refer note 62)	-3.68%	(374.47)	3.04%	106.90	2.74%	(0.09)	3.04%	106.81
Joint Venture								
Indian								
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited (also refer note 60B and note 63)	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	i F	0.00%	- \$
Eliminations and consolidation adjustments	23.96%	2,437.92	58.43%	2,053.05	0.00%	-	58.49%	2,053.05
Total	100.00%	10,176.67	100.00%	3,513.69	100.00%	(3.28)	100.00%	3,510.4

Name of the entity	Net assets i.e. total assets minus total liabilities		Share in statement of profit and loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of	Amount	As % of	Amount	As % of Consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount (Rs. in million)	As % of Consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount (Rs. in million)
	Consolidated net assets	(Rs. in million)	Consolidated profit/(loss) after tax	(Rs. in million)				
Holding Company								
Aditya Infotech Limited	101.85%	4,320.36	125.55%	1,446.00	95.98%	(14.94)	125.96%	1,431.00
Subsidiary								
Foreign								
Shenzhen CP Plus International Ltd.	0.43%	18.13	0.02%	0.22	0.00%		0.02%	0.22
Joint Venture								
Indian								
AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited (also refer note 60B and note 63)	0.00%	- 3	-25.57%	(294.50)	0.00%		-25.92%	(294.50)
Eliminations and consolidation adjustments	-2.27%	(96.40)	0.00%	-	4.02%	(0.63)	-0.06%	(0.63
Total	100.00%	4,242.09	100.00%	1,151.72	100.00%	(15.57)	100.00%	1,136.1

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

62 Business combinations

(a) On 8 July 2024, the Holding Company entered into Share Subscription and Purchase Agreement ("SSPA") with Dixon Technologies India Limited ("Dixon") and AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited ("AIL Dixon") for acquiring 95,00,000 fully paid up equity shares of Rs. 10 each representing balance 50% equity share capital of AIL Dixon- the joint venture company, for consideration other than cash through and in exchange of issuance of additional 7,305,805 equity shares of Rs. 1 each representing 6.65% equity share capital (6.50% equity share capital on a fully diluted basis), of the Holding Company.

On 18 September 2024, the Holding Company discharged the purchase consideration for the aforesaid transaction amounting to Rs. 2,486.31 million by way of issue of 7,305,805 equity shares of the Holding Company having a face value of Rs. 1, at security premium of Rs. 339.32 per share.

On AIL Dixon becoming subsidiary, the Group has undertaken Provisional Purchase Price Allocation (PPA) based on management's estimates and fair valuation of assets and liabilities, as per Ind AS 103. Consequently, the Group has recognized intangibles (refer details below) and fair value impact of Rs. 2,486.30 million under the head "Exceptional items" on revaluing its previously held equity interest in AIL Dixon as at the date of acquisition, as part of accounting for such business combination in these consolidated financial statements. Initial recognition and measurement of the assets and liabilities as on acquisition date has been determined on the basis of available facts and information, such provisional amounts are subject to change within the measurement period as provided under Ind AS 103.

(b) Assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The purchase price of Rs. 2,486.31 million as on the date of acquisition had been allocated to the acquired assets and liabilities as follows:

Particulars	Amount (in Rs. Million)
Property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use asset)	1,054.67
Intangible assets	63.00
Capital work-in-progress	0.28
Deferred tax assets (net)*	361.45
Cash and cash equivalents	894.08
Inventories	2,920.14
Trade receivables	1,968.17
Borrowings	(142.43)
Trade payables	(7,820.54)
Current tax liabilities (net)	(9.10)
Other net working capital	333.38
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	(376.90)
Fair value of previously held equity interest in AIL Dixon (refer note (c) below)	(2,486.30)
Goodwill arising on acquisition (non-tax deductible)	5,349.51
Net assets acquired, through issue of shares	2,486.31

The identifiable property, plant and equipment and intangible assets have been determined basis independent valuation.

(c) Prior to the acquisition as mentioned in note (a) above, the Group held 50% equity interest in AIL Dixon. The Group acquired the remaining equity interest resulting in total ownership interest of 100%. Accordingly, as per the provision of Ind AS 103 - Business Combinations, the Group has re-measured its previously held equity interest in AIL Dixon at fair value of Rs 2,486.30 million and resultant gain has been presented as "exceptional item" in these consolidated financial statements (refer note 42).

(d) Analysis of cash flows on acquisition:

Net cash acquired with the subsidiary (including margin money with banks)

894.08

Net cash flow acquired on acquisition of subsidiary company

894.08

(e) Useful life of intangibles recognised on acquisition

The table below shows the values and lives of intangibles recognised on acquisition:-

Life Amount
5 years 63.00
63.00

Customer relationships
Intangibles recognized on acquisition

(f) Acquired receivables

No adjustments have been made to acquired trade receivables and cash and bank balances.

(g) Revenue and profit contribution

From the date of acquisition till year ended 31 March 2025, AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited has contributed Rs. 7,781.58 million of revenue and Rs. 133.43 million to the profit before tax of the Group. If the combination had taken place at the beginning of the year, revenue would have increased by Rs. 6,156.54 million and the profit before tax for the Group would have been increased by Rs. 146.04 million for the year ended 31 March 2025.

(h) Due to above business combination, the current year consolidated financial statements are not comparable with the previous financial year ended at Marcel 2



^{*} includes deferred tax liability assumed on fair valuation of Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

ADITYA INFOTECH LTD.

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts are in Indian Rupees millions, unless otherwise stated)

63 In January 2024, the joint venture entity- AIL Dixon Technologies Private Limited ("AIL Dixon") (subsidiary w.e.f 18 September 2024) had suffered loss of stock due to fire at the custom bonded warehouse resulting in destruction of stock of Rs. 1,769.94 million. The management of AIL Dixon promptly filed the claims with the warehouse owner and the insurance provider for recovery of such loss and had assessed full recovery of the loss upon conclusion of the insurance procedures.

As at 31 March 2023, the Holding Company held investment in AIL Dixon at a carrying value of Rs 294.50 million, and on the basis of audited financial information of AIL Dixon, its share of profit and share of other comprehensive loss for the year ended 31 March 2024 amounted to Rs 42.94 million and Rs. 0.21 million, respectively.

However, during the process of compiling of consolidated financial statements of Aditya Infotech Limited ("AIL") for the previous year, the Group management reassessed the claims towards loss of stock filed by AIL Dixon and taking into consideration factors like the warehouse owners net worth/ financial capability and insurance cover held vis-à-vis the value of goods stored, concluded that full recovery of loss was not probable. Consequently, the Group management on prudent basis, had recognised its proportionate share in such loss equivalent to the amount of opening carrying value of its investment in AIL Dixon i.e. Rs. 294.50 million and presented such loss as 'exceptional item' in the Consolidated Statement of profit and loss for the previous year ended 31 March 2024.

64 The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a new requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled.

The Holding Company and subsidiary company have used an accounting software for maintaining books of accounts which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that, for the Holding Company, the audit trail feature is not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes, used for maintaining accounting records. Further, there was no instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, as noted by the management. Further, except for consequential impact of audit trail feature not enabled at the database level at Holding Company, the Holding Company and subsidiary company have retained the audit logs as per statutory requirements for record retention.

- 65 Certain previous year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. Such reclassification did not have any impact on the current year consolidated financial statements.
- 66 The figures have been rounded off to the nearest million of rupees upto two decimal places. The figure 0.00 wherever stated represents value less than Rs. 50,000/-.

In terms of our report attached of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

ANDIO

Deepak Mittal

Place: Noida

Date: 02 July 2025

Partner

Membership No.: 503843

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of ADITYA INFOTECH LIMITED

Tari Shanker Khemka

Chairman

DIN:00514501

Yogesh Sharma Chief Financial Officer

Place: Noida

Date: 02 July 2025

Adirya Khemka Minaging Director DIN:00514552 OTE

Rosini Tandon Company Secretary